"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Snow, warmer to-day; probably snow to-morrow; north-easterly winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 14.

.VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,474. ... NEW YORK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1914.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

MEXICAN WOUNDS AMERICAN OFFICER

Assassin Fires Point-Blank at Lieut. Cook in Vera Cruz Street.

WOMEN'S LIVES IN PERIL

Mrs. Cook and a Friend in the Same Carriage—Assailant Escapes—Cook Little Hurt.

BLUEJACKETS GUARD LIND

Eight Enlisted Men on Duty at Consulate—Warships Held in Port.

VERA CRUZ, Feb. 12.—An attempt was made late last night to assassinate Lieut. Arthur B. Cook, flag lieutenant to Rear Admiral Mayo of the United States battleship Connecticut.

Lieut. Cook, although struck by a bullet, was only slightly hurt. His assailant was not seen.

The Lieutenant, accompanied by his wife and Miss Ethel McKenzie of Philadelphia, had been dining with Admiral Mayo aboard the flagship. Returning to the landing place, the party took a carriage to drive to the steamer Morro Castle, on which Mrs. Cook and Miss McKenzie were to sail to-day.

The two women occupied the rear seat of an open victoria. Lieut. Cook, conspicuous in full dress white uniform, with gold epaulets and heavy gold cords, denoting his rank as Flag Lieutenant, sat facing them, with his back to the driver.

Shortly after 10 o'clock the members of the party, proceeding down the Avenida de la Independencia, were greeted by a group of naval officers and correspondents going toward the main plaza of the city. Their carriage proceeded about a block further, when, as it was passing a side street, a sharp but not loud report was heard, and Lieut. Cook felt a smart shock on the left hip, which provoked surprise, but aparently was not associated at the time with what seemed to be a shot.

Whoever fired the shot must have made off immediately, and the few loungers who happened to be in that neighborhood, noting that the report was not attended by any disturbance or outcry, paid no further attention to the matter.

The carriage reached the wharf at which lay the Morro Castle, and, on alighting, Lieut. Cook found a small object on the seat where he had been sitting. It proved to be a steel-jacketed .25 calibre bullet, of the type used in pocket automatic pistols. Further investigation showed that the bullet had inflicted a bruise on his hip.

Assassin Fired at Close Range.

Beyond doubt the bullet, which was fired at a very short distance, as evidenced by the sharp report, was spent, having lost its velocity by passing through some part of the woodwork of the carriage or in some other way.

Both Mrs. Cook and Miss McKenzie were greatly agitated by the discovery of the bullet. Having seen them to their stateroom, Lieut. Cook returned aboard the flagship and reported the attack to the Admiral, who this morning communicated with John Lind, President Wilson's representative, and the American Consul, W. W. Canada. They notified Gen. Maass, Military Commandant at Vera Cruz, without, however, making any formal complaint.

Later Mr. Lind will officially inform Gen. Maass that the mere arrest of persons assaulting or attempting to assault American officers or civilians is a matter of small consequence compared with the personal responsibility of the General for such outrages. It will be made clear of Gen. Maass that he personally will be held to the strictest accountability for failure to prevent such attacks.

Street Brilliantly Lighted.

The avenue in which the attack on Lieut. Cook was committed is the principal thoroughfare of the city. It is a wide and brilliantly illuminated street, lined for the most part with wholesale and retail stores and banks, the upper floors of which are used as high-class residences. At the hour of the attack the street was almost deserted, except for the frequenters of some saloons and a gambling house which the carriage had just passed.

It is not believed that the attack was the result of a deliberate plot, but of the sudden impulse of some desperado, who, seeing Lieut. Cook in a brilliant uniform, mistook him for an American naval officer of high rank, fired the shot, apparently point-blank, and fled.

Recently quiet arrangements were made to secure the personal safety of Mr. Lind. Until a few days ago he was in the habit of taking long walks alone, not only in the city but in the outlying country. At the consulate no guard was maintained, but three signal boys were brought from the fleet to act as messengers and keep up communication with the nearest ship by wigwags and night signals.

Bluejackets Guard the Consulate.

In consequence of information reaching the consulate, the character of which has not been divulged, the signal boys were replaced by eight stalwart bluejackets, of whom four are constantly on duty in the day and four at night. They have orders to scrutinize closely all persons entering the consulate, to permit no one to approach Mr. Lind's room uninvited, and to admit no one after dark without proper identification.

Mr. Lind, whenever he leaves the consulate now is followed by a big bluejacket, keeping ten paces to the rear. The sailor is unarmed, but within immediate striking distance.

Mr. Lind was opposed to these precautionary measures, but finally was persuaded that conditions demanded them.

The United States battleships Connecticut, Ohio, and Minnesota were to have sailed for Tampico to-day, but the order was rescinded. The ships will

Continued on Page 3.

ORDERED TO VISIT WILSON.

Home Government Suggested Carden's Trip to Washington.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 12.—That Sir Lionel Carden, the British Minister here, would go to Washington to confer with President Wilson on his way to London was admitted to-night by Sir Lionel.

His call at Washington will not be entirely voluntary, however, as it was suggested by the British Foreign Office.

Sir Lionel probably will not leave Mexico for two weeks.

Rumors of changes in the Cabinet continue to circulate, the most persistent being that Foreign Minister Moheno will take the Ministry of Finance when Adolfo de la Lama returns from Europe, and the formalities of accepting his resignation are completed, and José Lopez Portillo y Rojas, who recently resigned the Governorship of the State of Jalisco, is installed as Foreign Minister.

WINKED AT THE DUCHESS.

Sentry, Flirting on Duty, Did Not Recognize the Kaiser's Daughter.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Feb. 13.—The Berlin correspondent of The Daily News says that a soldier, bored by sentry-go outside the ducal palace at Brunswick, looked around for diversion and presently saw a charming young woman, very plainly dressed, approaching. He decided that he would pass the time of day with her, and gave her a wink, to which she paid no heed. Then he whistled, but the young woman passed quietly on toward the palace. Finally the sentry became desperate and called softly after her; but still she declined conversation and presently disappeared into the palace. A few minutes later Duke Ernst came out, summoned the terrified sentry, and demanded what he meant by insulting a lady.

"This time you are let off with a warning," said the Duke, "because it so happens that it was just my wife; but if it had happened to be any other Brunswick lady—well, you would have caught it!"

The Brunswickers are delighted with the anecdote, which has rapidly gone the rounds.

DETROIT IDLE MEN RIOT.

Result of Demonstration to Warn Unemployed Away from Ford Plant.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Feb 12.—To make a demonstration and warn laboring men not to come to Detroit to seek work at the Ford plant, leaders of the American Federation of Labor, the Industrial Workers of the World, and several Socialist and radical organizations, this morning mobilized 8,000 unemployed in front of an employment association office here, with the temperature below zero. It is estimated that Detroit's unemployed ranks have been augmented by several thousand men who have come here since the Ford announcement, expecting to find it easy to get work. Thus Ford's employment of 4,000 additional men has not decreased the number of jobless.

The police to-day kept the crowd moving. Some one threw a brick at a policeman. The latter attempted chastisement and a riot ensued, in which several men were clubbed and sent to the hospital. Red flags and banners inscribed "Bread of Revolution" were flung out. Hundreds of policemen, including a mounted squad, were rushed to the place.

Desultory rioting lasted until after midday. Every time trouble started the police charged with drawn revolvers, wielding their clubs right and left. Finally the mob was thinned out. Some of the unemployed regathered on Washington Boulevard, but a mounted police squad cleared them out.

WOMAN ARTIST A SUICIDE.

Miss Beck-Brondun Shoots Herself in Her Apartment.

Miss Hjilva Beck-Brondun, 37 years old, an artist, who lived in a studio apartment on the top floor of 578 Madison Avenue, killed herself some time yesterday by firing a bullet from a .32-calibre revolver through her brain. The body was found at 11:30 o'clock last night by her brother-in-law, J. Dahlerup, an author and playwright, who lives at New Rochelle. Dr. Akin of Flower Hospital said that Miss Beck-Brondun had been dead about ten hours. She had put the muzzle of the revolver in her mouth and had then pulled the trigger.

According to Mr. Dahlerup, Miss Beck-Brondun had plenty of money, and so far as he knew had no reason for committing suicide. A photograph of a man, on the margin of which was scribbled in Swedish some endearing words, was found on a bureau, but the brother said that he knew of no love affair which might have made the artist despondent. A note was also found on a table which read: "Please call Dr. Hoving, 233 Lenox Avenue."

Mr. Dahlerup said that his sister-in-law had not been feeling well for some time.

Miss Beck-Brondun, it was said last night, had done some portrait painting for prominent families in this city and had obtained high prices for her work. She had lived in this country for ten years.

Dahlerup said that his sister-in-law had planned to go to New Rochelle yesterday for the week end. When she did not appear last night and all efforts to get into communication with her apartments failed, he became alarmed and came to this city. The door of Miss Beck-Brondun's apartment was locked and he obtained entrance with a pass key. He found the body lying across a bed.

$20 TO BUY RAILROADS.

Enthusiast for Government Ownership Sends Money to Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—A popular subscription for the purchase of railways and their transfer to the Government was started to-day when the White House received four $5 gold pieces in an envelope addressed to President Wilson with a statement that they were intended for the purpose mentioned. The typewritten letter accompanying the money was signed "X Y Z" and was postmarked San Francisco.

The anonymous sender of the gold pieces explained that he or she was "a poor stenographer receiving $600 a year."

The four $5 gold pieces were inserted in a piece of corrugated pasteboard enclosed in an ordinary envelope of note paper size. Joseph P. Tumulty, the secretary for the President, sent the money and letter to Postmaster General Burleson with the request that an effort be made in San Francisco to find the sender, and, if the search were successful, to return the coins to him or her. If the sender of the contribution is not found, the money will be turned over to the United States Treasury.

FLORIDA—SUPERIOR SERVICE via Atlantic Coast Line, "N. Y. & Florida Special," leaves 12:38 noon Daily. 3 other Trains Daily: 9:15 A. M., 3:34, 9:30 P. M. 1218 B'way.—Adv.

ANOTHER FLIER FOR ATLANTIC CONTEST

Raygorodsky to Seek $50,000 Prize with Gigantic Machine of 800 Horse Power.

THREE MEN TO MAKE TRIP

May Try to Reach Paris — Wing Spread of 120 Feet—August Picked for Flight.

Abram Raygorodsky, a graduate of the Farman flying school in Paris, who is now living at Mineola, called at the Aero Club of America yesterday to ask for details as to the proper manner of entering an aeroplane in the transatlantic flight for Lord Northcliffe's prize of $50,000.

Mr. Raygorodsky brought with him plans for the aeroplane he proposes to enter. It is a gigantic affair with two propellers and a tractor, and four 200-horse-power motors.

At first officials of the Aero Club who heard of the gigantic proportions of Raygorodsky's machine were inclined to laugh at him as one more of the numerous "bugs" who have aviatorial dreams that never can be made to come true.

But President Hawley of the Aero Club recalled that in a news dispatch from Russia he had read about a giant biplane with four engines, built by a Russian aviator named Sikorosky, which was so big that it could not be put in any hangar at the St. Petersburg flying field. He also recalled reading that this big machine had flown for an hour and fifteen minutes with ten passengers aboard and a load amounting to a ton more.

"Have you ever heard of Sikorosky's machine?" President Hawley asked the young aviator from Mineola, while most of the other experts on flying present tried to keep expressions of sober attention on their faces.

"Indeed I have heard of Sikorosky's machine," Mr. Raygorodsky replied. "This machine I propose to use on the transatlantic expedition is similar to Sikorosky's machine. Sikorosky knows all about my plans to enter such a machine in the transatlantic race.

Sea Captain as Navigator.

"More than that, Alexander Adler, who was Sikorosky's chief designer, the man who made his giant biplane in which he has lifted such great weights, is coming to this country to design my own machine. He, with myself, will be aboard it when we make the flight, and there will be a third man also, a man older than either Adler or myself. He is a retired sea captain, who will go along as navigator."

Mr. Raygorodsky produced photographs of the giant Sikorosky machine with cabins in it, containing sleeping apartments, and its four engines mounted for a flight.

"Besides the flight with ten passengers of which you have heard," said Mr. Raygorodsky, "this machine has carried fifteen passengers on one flight lasting for over an hour."

When Mr. Raygorodsky suggested that he wanted to attempt the transatlantic flight as soon as he could get his four motors ready, Aero Club officials inquired about his financial backing and whether he could actually finance so expensive an undertaking as a transatlantic trip.

"Oh, that is all taken care of," the young aviator said. "I have three backers, whose names I am not at liberty to mention. That is, they have refused to let me tell who they are, and I have to respect their wishes. They have given me $50,000 for the project.

"I do not want any money from them for my services, and neither does Mr. Adler, for we both expect a great future for this giant type of load-lifting machine and both are interested in it. With the $50,000 I expect to have money enough, for the motors ought not to cost over $20,000, and that gives me a working margin of $30,000 to prepare the ship and get it to the coast of Newfoundland."

To Carry Four Tons of Gasoline.

Mr. Raygorodsky named a staggering amount of gasoline and oil as the fuel for his trip.

"I will carry," he said, "four tons of gasoline."

Those who smiled at this statement were referred to issues of a periodical in which flights of the Sikorosky machine were described, indicating that the machine alone weighed three and one-half tons.

"You know our machine will not be a duplicate of the Sikorosky machine now in existence," he said, "for it will have a wing spread of 120 feet, which is a foot less than Sikorosky's latest model, and it will carry four 200-horse power motors instead of four 100-horsepower motors, which Sikorosky's machine carries. The only doubtful element in our plan at present is the element of the motors. We have asked Curtiss to build four 200-horsepower motors for us. Curtiss replied that he wanted a large deposit before he would commence with the motors, and also told us that he could not make delivery to us before June. I have an appointment to meet Mr. Curtiss to-morrow morning, and also another member of his company, and put up the deposit he asks for.

"I hope he will accept, as I favor American motors over European for the reason that they are more economical in fuel and especially in oil consumption. And it is the heavy oil that counts on a long trip such as this.

Motor to Run Thirty Hours.

"Mr. Curtiss guarantees that the motor he proposes to furnish me, if he accepts the order, will run for thirty hours without stopping. If the motors will do that there is no reason why I should not fly much further than merely to the Irish coast. I could even go on to Paris, as I would have fuel enough, if only the motors would keep going.

"I do not expect to be able to use all the motors at once. Ordinarily two motors would be utilized, one on each side of the cabin, each driving one propeller. A tractor blade would be located in the centre in front of the wings, which I would only use when all conditions were at their best for rapid flight. Sikorosky once had one of his engines go wrong and everybody thought he was lost, but by a quick shifting of the rear rudder far to one side he was able to fly with the single propeller—a tractor to the left of the centre of his planes.

"I will have two boat-like devices, eighty feet apart, below the bottom plane so that the big machine will not sink if it should be compelled to alight on the water."

Mr. Raygorodsky asked the Aero Club of America to consider him an entrant for the transatlantic flight. He said that he would cable his formal application to the Royal Aero Club of Great Britain, with the $500 required as an entrance fee, as soon as Mr. Adler arrived from Russia, and he was assured that he could obtain the four engines he wished Curtiss to build. He said that he had picked out August as the best month in which to attempt the flight, and that he would fly further south

Continued on Page 2.

Lily Drinking Cups are inexpensive. Write Public Service Cup Co., B'klyn, for samples and prices.—Adv.

Bronte Letters Tell Her Idolatry of Thackeray.

Remarkable literary romance revealed in correspondence now in this city—not a love affair, but an intellectual obsession.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

TWO BIG SCANDALS AGITATE CANADA

$40,000,000 Spent Needlessly on Railroad—Three Legislators Caught in Graft Trap.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Feb. 12.—"We find that the Transcontinental Railway Company, the Grand Trunk Railway, and those having charge of the construction of the Pacific Coast extension did not practice economy, and that, without including the money unnecessarily expended in building the railway east of the St. Lawrence River, $40,000,000 at least was needlessly expended."

This is the conclusion which F. P. Gutelius and J. Lynch Staunton, the Commissioners appointed by the Government to investigate the transcontinental railway, have reached. Their report, placed on the table of the Commons to-day, caused a sensation. They found that the estimate of the late Government for the road was $61,415,000, whereas the cost to date was $161,300,000, and eventually would reach $237,651,521.

The Commissioners found that a straight rake-off of $750,000 was obtained by M. P. and J. T. Davis on two contracts, that some work was paid for twice, that contracts were not let to the lowest tenderers, that profits of $8,800,000 were made by contractors who sublet their contracts, and that there were numerous other irregularities. The Commissioners say that the Transcona shops at Winnipeg, which are to cost $4,500,000, are not authorized by law and are twice as large as required. In their opinion, large sums have been lost by the premature construction of the New Brunswick section, built, they assert, to placate the supporters of the Government east of Quebec.

Special to The New York Times.

QUEBEC, Que., Feb. 12.—Three resignations from the Legislature under charges of giving and receiving bribes for legislation are among the results of the trap manipulated here by a quartet of the Burns Detective Agency of New York. Alfred Beck, a newspaper man, told Lorne McGibbon, a broker largely interested in a Montreal traction company, that corruption was rampant among members of the Legislature. McGibbon authorized Beck to investigate and look to him for the cost.

One story freely circulated is that Premier Borden of Ottawa or some of his leading supporters were behind the plot which, the rumor goes, was intended not to reach private members of the Legislature alone, but to overthrow the Liberal administration of Sir Lomer Gouin at Quebec.

Burns's agency was communicated with and a Mr. Sampson came to Montreal and under the name of S. C. Maloney opened an office for the fictitious firm of Martin & Co. T. C. Casgrain of Montreal, Premier Borden's right-hand man, was retained to draft a bill seeking the incorporation of a fictitious company called the Montreal Fair Association with special powers as to race courses, sale of liquor, &c. Associated with Sampson, alias Maloney, were a detective, Guy B. Biddinger, General Manager of the Burns Agency, alias F. Hyland; Appleby, a chauffeur, and Edward Keyes, a stenographer and detectaphone operator. The detectaphone played important parts in the plot, first of all in Sampson's office, Montreal, and then in Château Frontenac, Quebec. In each case it was concealed in the wall of the room in which, it is said, graft was openly talked and bribes were given and received in cold cash while witnesses in the next room heard distinctly all that passed, and the stenographer carefully noted everything that was said, Beck being present with the stenographer and also taking notes.

J. Octave Mousseau, member of the Assembly, it is charged, asked and received $4,150 for himself and other members of the Legislature and received a promise of much more when the bill passed. L. A. Bergevin and J. Berard, both members of the Legislative Council, when openly charged with taking bribes resigned their seats. Mousseau did the same. Before a committee of investigation Berard and Bergevin declined to answer for fear of incriminating themselves. Mousseau is a physical and mental wreck and cannot appear before the committee. The doctors said he may die.

PALMER IS READY TO QUIT.

Will Yield to Osborn if State Committee Desires It.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—George M. Palmer, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, in all likelihood will surrender his present place at the head of that body to William Church Osborn, the Wilson-Glynn candidate for that post, without a fight. This became known after a conference between the Governor and Mr. Palmer to-day.

In return, it is understood that Mr. Palmer will be appointed to some post in the State service—just what is not known. The Democratic State Chairman has been a candidate for one of the places on the up-State Public Service Commission, but it is not believed that he will obtain any of the three that are vacant.

Neither Gov. Glynn nor Mr. Palmer was willing to discuss the conference, but it is known that Mr. Palmer agreed to call a meeting of the State Committee after he had been informed that those intent upon the reorganization of the committee had already obtained the signatures of a majority of that body to a petition which would compel the State Chairman to issue the call, whether he wished to do so or not.

"See the Governor," said Mr. Palmer when he emerged from Gov. Glynn's private office in the Capitol after their talk.

"I saw Mr. Palmer. We had a very pleasant talk. That is all I care to say about it now," said Gov. Glynn.

"Was it a satisfactory talk from your point of view," the Governor was asked.

"Yes, I think so," was the reply.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages. Made of the tender meat of dairy fed young porkers, daintily seasoned with selected spices. Try a 2-pound package. Beware of imitations. New York store, 173 Chambers St. Tel. 3932 Cortlandt.—Adv.

BIG CUNARD LINERS OMIT QUEENSTOWN

Saturday Steamers Will Sail Direct from Liverpool to New York After Feb. 28.

The agents of the Cunard Line said yesterday that beginning with the sailing of the Lusitania on Feb. 28 the express liners will leave Liverpool for New York direct at 2:30 P. M. on Saturdays. By omitting the Queenstown call ten hours will be saved on the voyage, and the Lusitania and Mauretania can dock in New York late on Thursdays over the long route in fine weather, and about noon on Thursday over the short route which they follow after Sept. 1.

The Cunard Line has been trying to eliminate the westbound Queenstown call with express liners for the last three years, but the change was opposed by the British Postmaster General and the Irish members of Parliament. Twice recently the Lusitania has been unable to call at Queenstown because of bad weather, and has been compelled to carry her pilots to New York. The White Star liner Olympic has had a similar experience. The Captains of the respective liners asserted that it was a great risk to take big liners into Queenstown Harbor in stormy weather.

The example of the Cunard Line probably will be followed by the White Star's Wednesday mail service steamships, and will mean a serious loss in business to the vendors of Irish lace, blackthorn sticks, green stone ornaments, and shillalahs and bog oak pipes at that port. Before the big ships were built the New York lines entered the inner harbor and the passengers went ashore while the vessel waited for the mails. Later the big ships anchored in the outer harbor by the breakwater and the itinerant merchants, mostly Irish women, went on board with their baskets and spread their wares on the ships' decks. On a big Cunarder like the Lusitania they would do a good business, as it enabled passengers to buy souvenirs for friends they had forgotten to provide for while ashore.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The Postmaster General has sanctioned the arrangement by which the Cunard Line's Saturday mail steamships will cut out Queenstown as a port of call.

In a letter to the Town Clerk of Queenstown he explains that he cannot refute the Cunard Line's contention that risk is incurred in entering Queenstown Harbor with its largest ships, and adds that no penalties could be recovered from the Cunard Company for failure to embark the mails owing to stress or weather. Therefore, as it would be highly inconvenient for some of the Cunarders to call and others not to do so, he is reluctnatly forced to the conclusion that all should sail direct.

HEDGES OUT FOR GOVERNOR

Republican Candidate in 1912 Wants to be Nominated Again.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Feb. 12.—Job E. Hedges, candidate for Governor on the Republican ticket in 1912, was in Buffalo to-day and made the announcement that he was a candidate for nomination again on the same ticket. He was on his way to Utica, where he spoke at a Lincoln dinner to-night.

"Upon the theory that a candidate for nomination for office should make his ambitions known early," said Mr. Hedges, "I am taking the same course that I did in 1912. The differences that exist between the rank and file of the Republican and Progressive parties are not so great as leaders try to make them appear. In view of conditions in the State as shown to exist under Democratic rule, I consider the chances for Republican success very good.

"I believe there should be an informal convention of Republicans to designate a primary ticket. If there is no such convention, at which the party from all sections of the State can be represented, I believe there is great danger that a few men may get together and put through a ticket that will not be representative of the wishes of the rank and file. There should be no secrecy in the selection of candidates."

Mr. Hedges believes that he will be elected if nominated.

BIG JERSEY SCHOOL BURNS.

Three Houses Destroyed Also by a Fire in North Bergen.

Three frame houses were destroyed and a fourth was damaged early last night by a fire which started in Public School 5, at Smith and Robert Streets, North Bergen, N. J. The school, which was the largest in that part of New Jersey, was burned to the ground. The flames, fanned by the fierce gale that was blowing, spread to a two-story frame dwelling near by, and the occupants of this had narrow escapes from death.

The fire apparatus of North Bergen was unable to cope with the fire and emergency calls were sent for assistance to West Hoboken, West New York, Weehawken, Union Hill and Guttenberg. Across the street from the school was another two-story frame building, occupied as a store and dwelling house. Blazing brands from the school building rained down upon the roof, and soon this house was on fire also, as was a third on the same side of the street, but several hundred feet away. The fourth house, on the Boulevard, about a block away, was kindled by sparks from the other burning buildings.

At 6,066 Boulevard Charles Englert lay dead and his family became so alarmed at the spread of the fire that they ordered Undertaker Sharp, of North Bergen, to remove the body to his undertaking chapel. Several firemen were overcome by inhaling smoke.

Asked to Quit Church Federation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12.—The Rev. Charles F. Aked, pastor of the First Congregational Church, announced to-day that he would resign from the Presidency of the San Francisco Church Federation Monday night. The announcement followed his recent statement from the pulpit that he did not believe in the Biblical story of Christ's birth.

Where to Take Lunch
And drink the best American wines. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., N. Y.—Adv.

BOOM ROOSEVELT NOW FOR GOVERNOR

Van Dusen of Elmira Starts Movement, Which Ex-Chairman Hotchkiss Indorses.

FOR FULL STATE TICKET

Progressives Will Not Fuse with the Republicans—Bull Moose Committeemen Delinquent in Dues.

The possibility of Col. Roosevelt being the Bull Moose candidate for Governor next Fall was discussed yesterday at a meeting of the Progressive State Committee in the Washington Square headquarters. Several of the 100 or so State Committeemen present said they were in favor of nominating the Colonel. These enthusiasts intend to work to that end and surprise him upon his return from South America by showing him that there is a unanimous demand in the party that he become the candidate.

The Roosevelt boom was started by John S. Van Dusen of Elmira, a manufacturer of sewer pipe. He did not mention the ex-President by name, but referred to him as "The gentleman in South America," and every reference brought forth wild applause. Van Dusen said Mr. Roosevelt would not refuse the nomination because of his desire to aid the cause, and that his acceptance would mean a sweeping Progressive victory in the State as well as a victory in the Presidential election in 1916.

Ex-State Chairman William H. Hotchkiss said he was strongly in favor of nominating Mr. Roosevelt.

"It has been suggested," he said, "that the conditions resulting in the failure of the two old parties to follow the will of the people might make it inevitable that the people will insist upon Mr. Roosevelt leading us out of the wilderness."

"What do you think of the proposition personally?" was asked.

"Personally, I am strongly in favor of his nomination."

"Will the Colonel accept?"

"I don't know," replied Mr. Hotchkiss, reflectively. "He has not been communicated with on the subject, because it has been impossible to get into communication with him."

When Theodore Douglas Robinson, the present State Chairman, and nephew of the Colonel, was asked if he thought the Colonel would run, he replied with a laugh:

"Yes, he would run for anything, from constable up. But, seriously speaking, I don't know if he would run or not. It has been impossible to get in touch with him. I do not care to say at this time if I am in favor of his nomination."

Elias Marks, leader of the Sixth Assembly District, in Kings, strongly urged the Colonel's nomination. He said there was an evergrowing sentiment in favor of him, and that he was the only man who could lead the party to victory.

The committee unanimously voted to put a straight Progressive ticket from top to bottom in the field this Fall. This means that the party will have not only its own candidate for Governor and United States Senator, but also candidates for Congressmen, State Senators, Assemblymen, county officers, and delegates to the constitutional convention. There will be no fusion with other parties. The resolution providing for this was introduced by County Chairman Francis W. Bird, and it went through with a rush.

There were two sessions of the State Committee yesterday, and besides the members there were present County Chairmen from all parts of the State. At the morning session it was decided to do away with the Executive Committee of the State Committee on the ground that its deliberations behind closed doors were not in accord with Progressive principles and ideals. It was decided to amend the rules of the State Committee to provide for an Advisory Committee, which is to do the work of the Executive Committee in the future.

There was a long wrangle at the afternoon session over the question of whether or not the committee would favor the calling of a convention in April to choose delegates to the constitutional convention to be held next year. Several strongly opposed the project on the ground that the law under which delegates to the constitutional convention are to be chosen was framed against the interests of the Progressive Party, as a minority party.

Jacob A. Lesser said there are certain proposed amendments to the law now before the Assembly which would favor the minority and that the committee should go slow. Finally it was discovered that the party had favored the calling of such a convention in its Syracuse State platform and Mr. Hotchkiss introduced a resolution that the committee reaffirm the action of the State Convention. This resolution was adopted, as was another which stated emphatically that there should be no fusion with "anybody" in the election of delegates to the Constitutional Convention.

More trouble came when Charles S. Aronstam, successor to Timothy L. Woodruff as Progressive leader of Kings County, suggested that the party hold a State conference or unofficial convention such as the Republicans propose for the discussion of candidates prior to the primaries. Frederick M. Davenport, the Progressive candidate for Lieutenant Governor in 1912, and others objected to the plan on the ground that such a conference was tantamount to a regular State Convention, which the party was opposed to and would be ill-advised and reactionary. It was a hard nut for the committeemen to crack, and they decided to let the matter go over to the next meeting.

It developed at the meeting that the Progressive Party in the State is in a bad way financially. Fifty-six of the 175 committeemen are behind in their annual dues of $10.

"How can we raise money when our own committeemen won't pay up?" excitedly shouted a member.

Merrill Gates of Westchester County presented a resolution which requires the Finance Committee to report at the next session of the State Committee as to the ways and means of financing the coming campaigns. It was admitted by all present that the methods now in use for collecting money had been sadly inefficient. The committeemen from Albany, Columbia, and Rockland Counties pledged themselves to raise at least $5 an election district in their own counties. The other committeemen said they would attempt the same plan.

The selection of a negro to head the colored wing of the party went over to the next meeting. William H. Child of Kings was elected member at large to succeed the late Timothy L. Woodruff, and Paul Bloch of New York to fill that caused by the resignation of Controller Prendergast. Other vacancies filled were: Charles Lowry, Thirty-second District, the Bronx; Albert Temeling, Eighteenth, Kings; Alvah N. Fairle, Schenectady County; Abraham Bailey, Fourth; Dr. S. T. Silvermann, Tenth, and Joseph L. Kleiner, Sixth, New York. On the recommendation of Miss Anne Rhodes the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mrs. R. H. Bulley of the Fifth Judicial District was filled by the appointment of Mrs. Theodore

Continued on Page 3.

$1,000,000 FROM INCOME TAX

Pittsburgh Collector's Estimate of That City's Contribution.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Feb. 12.—Internal Revenue Collector C. G. Llewellyn has arrived at the figures Pittsburgh's rich folks and moderately rich folks will contribute in income tax this year toward the National Government's upkeep. He has decided that this city's share of the income tax must be $1,000,000 after a careful survey of the local field and an accounting of the married and single men who fall within the provisions of the law.

More than 1,000 corporations have already filed statements of their profits with Chief Collector Llewellyn, and nearly 3,000 individuals have made written confessions in detail about their big incomes—and the work is but begun. Upward of 30,000 tax blanks either have been called for by or sent to prospective contributors.

MAYOR GOES ON STRIKE.

Illinois Executive Objects to 16 Cents a Day—Wants $300 a Year.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—Mayor Charles Rogers of Mendota, Ill., has gone on strike because his pay has been fixed at 16 cents a day. Besides threatening to leave the city of 5,000 population to take care of itself as best it can without a Chief Magistrate, Mayor Rogers talks of suing the city unless he gets $300 a year.

Mr. Rogers is wealthy and the Aldermen contend that he needs no salary. In the meantime all city business is held up.

PRINCE OF WALES'S TOUR.

Australia to be Visited First, Then Canada and This Country.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Preliminary plans have been drafted for the tour of the British Empire to be made by the Prince of Wales in 1915, which is to include a visit to the United States on the return journey.

It is said in official circles to be possible that Prince Albert, the second son of King George, will accompany the Prince of Wales.

As at present arranged the Prince will go first to Australia and New Zealand, returning to England by way of Canada and the United States. His visit to India has been reserved for a later date.

MRS. ROCKEFELLER'S TRIP.

She Leaves Cleveland for Tarrytown to Join Her Husband.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 12.—Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, looking very pale and weak, left here this afternoon over the Lake Shore Railroad for Tarrytown, N. Y., to join her husband, who went a week ago. The Rockefellers usually go to Tarrytown early in the Winter, but were detained this year on account of Mrs. Rockefeller's illness.

Secretary Sims and four attendants accompanied Mrs. Rockefeller.

NEGROES AT RECEPTION.

Ex-Furnaceman of Berlin Embassy One of Ambassador Gerard's Guests.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—Two of the most conspicuous if not the most distinguished of the Americans who attended Ambassador and Mrs. Gerard's reception in honor of Lincoln's Birthday were a couple of colored men.

One of them towered head and shoulders above the 500 other guests who thronged the handsome new embassy drawing rooms. He turned out to be a negro from Florida, who until his recent discharge took care of the furnace at the embassy. He thought Lincoln Day a peculiarly suitable occasion on which to foregather with his countrymen, and turned up for the purpose with a friend.

There was nothing in the character of his reception by the Gerards to indicate that relations between the Ambassador and his ex-furnaceman were ever strained.

LIQUOR MEN SUE GOVERNOR.

Ack $8,000 Damages for Oregon Militia's Seizure of Stock.

SALEM, Ore., Feb. 12.—Gov. Oswald West and Col. B. K. Lawson of the Oregon militia to-day were served with papers in damage suits filed against them by H. Stewart, Anton Warner, and William Wiegand, Copperfield saloon keepers. They allege that Gov. West and Col. Lawson, while Copperfield recently was under martial law, confiscated their stock of liquor. They ask damages aggregating $8,000.

The liquor is alleged to have been seized by Col. Lawson, in charge of the militia sent to Copperfield, after a report had been made to the Governor by Miss Fern Hobbs, the latter's private secretary. Miss Hobbs, unaccompanied, went to Copperfield, where she investigated alleged violations of the State law governing the sale of liquor.

WILSON IN BED WITH A COLD.

Jersey Men, Invited for Reception, Hope to See Him To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Washington hotels are thronged with New Jersey people who are here to attend a special "Jersey Day" celebration at the White House to-morrow. They are worried to-night over the prospect that President Wilson's indisposition will prevent him welcoming them at the reception for which he and Mrs. Wilson issued several hundred invitations; but most of them take comfort in a firm belief in the Wilsonian tradition that Friday, the 13th, is the President's lucky day, and are confident that he will be able to receive them to-morrow evening.

Gov. Fielder, most of the State officers of New Jersey, and many personal friends of the President and Mrs. Wilson are here for the function.

Mr. Wilson spent to-day in bed nursing a cold. All his engagements were canceled, and he received only Gov. Fielder.

A dinner which was to be given for the President to-night by Postmaster General Burleson was postponed.

Dr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. N., the President's physician, said the President's cold was only a slight one, but that he thought it best to keep his patient indoors as a precaution.

The President is susceptible to colds, and the changing weather of late has been too much for him.

THE ALLTOGETHER POUCH
Holds pipe and tobacco. At Schulte's Stores.—Adv.

COLD KILLS SIX; BLIZZARD COMING

Thousands Suffer Intensely in Bitter Gale as Mercury Sinks to Zero.

SNOW EXPECTED TO-DAY

Weather Bureau Says a Heavy Storm Is on the Way Here from Texas.

HOMELESS SEEK SHELTER

City Lodging House and Charitable Institutions Besieged by Those Needing a Place to Sleep.

TEMPERATURES RECORDED YESTERDAY:

12:00 midnight	3 above
1:00 A. M.	2 above
2:00 A. M.	2 above
3:00 A. M.	3 above
4:00 A. M.	2 above
5:00 A. M.	1 above
6:00 A. M.	1 above
7:00 A. M.	1 below
8:00 A. M.	Zero
9:00 A. M.	Zero
10:00 A. M.	Zero
11:00 A. M.	Zero
12:00 noon	3 above
1:00 P. M.	5 above
2:00 P. M.	7 above
3:00 P. M.	7 above
4:00 P. M.	10 above
5:00 P. M.	9 above
6:00 P. M.	8 above
7:00 P. M.	7 above
8:00 P. M.	6 above
9:00 P. M.	5 above
10:00 P. M.	4 above
11 P. M.	2 above
12 midnight	Zero

Six deaths from the cold were reported in this city and its vicinity yesterday. Four of those who lost their lives were killed within the city limits. Scores were overcome by the bitter wind that swept the town, and thousands of those who lacked adequate clothing or homes in which to keep warm suffered intensely.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the thermometer registered 10 degrees above zero, and it was thought for a time that the worst of the cold spell had passed. But this hope was short-lived, for at 5 o'clock the mercury began to drop again at the rate of 1 degree an hour, so that at 10 o'clock last night it was only 4 degrees above zero, and the Weather Forecaster expected the thermometer to show 5 degrees below zero by this morning.

The National Weather Bureau in Washington reported last night that the cold weather would continue at least for to-day, and that some time to-day, perhaps this morning, a snow storm, approaching a blizzard in violence, was due from the Southwest. This snow storm originated in Texas and is being blown toward the East by heavy northwest winds. The storm is expected to cover the entire East, from the upper Mississippi Valley to the New England Coast.

High Wind Adds to Suffering.

With the cold in this city, particularly in the morning, there came a wind out of the northwest that at one time attained a velocity of fifty-four miles an hour. From all parts of the city came reports of persons who had succumbed to exposure. In the night the municipal lodging house had taxed its maximum capacity of 768 persons early, and by 1 o'clock yesterday morning the annex in Twenty-fourth Street, the Charities Pier, at the foot of Twenty-sixth Street and the East River, and the department steamboats Lowell and Brennan were all housing homeless men and women. Some 1,771 persons were cared for in this way.

The first death reported was that of the baby boy of Pasquale Garamona of 97 Ninth Avenue. The father found the baby uncovered in his crib yesterday morning. He sent for a doctor, who said the baby had frozen to death.

Robert Wilson, 70 years old, who for the last three years had lived in a little two-room apartment on the top floor of the three-story building at 157 Forsyth Street, was found dead on the floor of his room yesterday morning. Dr. Gamble of Bellevue, who examined the body, said that death was due to the bitter cold. Wilson was a well-known figure in the district where he lived, and was noted as a sort of literary hermit. He was apparently well educated, and his rooms were littered with manuscripts and well-fingered books. The history of the old man was unknown to his neighborhood acquaintances. The body was removed to the Morgue.

An unidentified woman about 40 years old, five feet three inches in height, and weighing 115 pounds, with brown hair and gray eyes, was found lying on the pavement in front of 81 Columbus Street last night. She was unconscious. She died from exposure before the arrival of an ambulance. In a muff, found near the body, was a purse containing $2.04 and a key. The body was removed to the Union Market Station.

The fourth death reported in New York City was that of John Clark of 188 Wyckoff Street, Brooklyn. He staggered into a butcher shop at 126 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, where he collapsed. He died before a doctor arrived.

Two deaths were reported in New Jersey towns near this city. In Elizabeth, Henry Schnicker, a laborer, succumbed in the street while on his way to work and died. Mrs. Barbara Walsh of 55 Bridge Street, Paterson, staggered into the home of Peter Di Genso, at 4 Garrison Street, that city, and, falling to the floor, died in five minutes. Both deaths, it was said, were due to exposure.

Asks Help for Freezing Child.

Many cases of frozen faces, hands and feet, and of persons falling to the street as the result of exposure were reported by the police. One of the cases, more pathetic than the others, was that of Mrs. Anna Stanhora and her 7-months-old baby, Michael. At 9 o'clock yesterday morning the woman, carrying her thinly-clad child in her arms, walked into the Fifth Street Police Station. She was shivering and told Lieut. Wheeler, who was in charge, that her baby was dying, and that she had been unable to find a doctor.

Lieut. Wheeler sent in a call for an ambulance from Bellevue and sent out for hot coffee and food for the mother. Dr. Wallington of Bellevue when he came said that the baby was almost dead from exposure. The baby was removed to Bellevue. The mother said she had been working as a seamstress for $8 a week, out of which she had to pay rent and support three small children in addition to her baby.

Policeman Allen of the Central Park Squad found John Bussman of 707 East Seventh Street unconscious from cold on the East Drive, near 108th Street, yesterday morning. The man's ears and feet were frozen, and he was removed to the Knickerbocker Hospital. Frank Pasquale, a city lamplighter, was overcome while making his rounds in Jerome Avenue and intersecting streets yesterday morning, and he was taken to the Fordham Hospital, where his condition was said to be serious.

Frank Lynch, 21 years old, of 225 East Ninety-sixth Street, a driver for the Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity, was overcome by the cold as he was driving one of the department's wagons by 1,991 Lexington Avenue yesterday afternoon, and he fell from his seat to the pavement. Dr. Cilano, who was called from the Harlem Hospital, removed him there suffering from exposure and concussion of the brain.

The cold weather was responsible for the loss of an arm suffered by Daniel Mulvaney, a chauffeur of Manhattan, who is in the Flushing Hospital. Mulvaney was alighting from a trolley car at Forty-seventh Street and Jackson Avenue in Corona when he slipped on the ice in the street and fell. As he did so he rolled partly under the trolley car, which had started to move, and the rear truck passed over his left arm.

City Lodging House Thronged.

At 11 o'clock last night Supt. Yorke of the Municipal Lodging House said that more than 1,650 persons had applied up to that hour for shelter and food. Of this number forty-five were women and fifteen small children. All who came would be cared for it was asserted. In January of this year the City Lodging House gave shelter and food to 50,012 persons, of whom about 1,600 were women and girls.

At the private missions and lodging houses it was said last night that those places were crowded with homeless men and women. At the Bowery Mission nearly 600 persons were being cared for, more than 400 were sheltered by the Salvation Army at its mission at 225 Bowery, and the University Settlement at Rivington and Eldridge Streets, took care of 250 more, while about 200 were sheltered by the Volunteers of America.

In Newark, Jersey City, and other near-by cities in New Jersey much suffering on the part of the homeless was reported. Charitable institutions in those cities were taxed far beyond their capacity.

Throughout Sussex and Warren Counties ice men are harvesting the third crop of the season, and Spring is likely to see the biggest yield in years from the ponds of those places. On the park lakes of the county system outside of Newark the red ball has gone up for skating.

COLD GRIPS THE NATION.

Zero Temperatures Reported from All Parts of the Country.

The coldest weather of the Winter was experienced throughout the eastern part of the United States yesterday.

As to yesterday's weather, reports from different parts of the country showed that the extreme cold was pretty general throughout most of the country. In New England zero temperatures were reported, and bitter cold was experienced throughout this State.

For the second time this Winter the thermometer registered 20 degrees below zero in Syracuse yesterday, while at Pompey, a little town in the central part of the State, it registered 37 degrees below. In Utica, where the temperature has not been above zero for the last forty-eight hours, the thermometers registered as low as 30 degrees below zero in the early hours of yesterday, while the official weather report from Gloversville showed a minimum temperature of 25 degrees below zero yesterday morning.

From Albany came reports of delayed trains. In some cases the trains from Northern and Western points were from one to six hours late, while telephone and telegraphic communication was interfered with seriously. The thermometer at Albany registered 18 degrees below zero.

In some parts of Herkimer County the thermometers showed 37 degrees below. In Schenectady 22 degrees below was attained early yesterday, and in fighting a fire that started when the weather was coldest several firemen were sent to hospitals suffering from frozen hands and faces. On the mountain roads in Orange County thermometers recorded as low as 18 below zero, while in Rochester 12 degrees below zero was reported, which was the lowest figure recorded in that city in the last eleven years.

From Geneva it was reported that Seneca Lake was frozen from shore to shore. The coldest weather reported from anywhere in New York State was from Big Moose, in the Adirondacks. Up there the thermometer registered 50 degrees below zero.

In Buffalo at 8 o'clock yesterday morning the Government reports showed a temperature of 8 degrees below zero, while at different points along Lake Chautauqua, which was frozen over, the mercury ranged all the way from 28 to 34 degrees below zero. At Watertown the thermometers recorded 28 below zero on Wednesday night and yesterday morning. At Rome the mercury stood at 30 degrees below zero just before daylight, and at Auburn, where the thermometer registered 17 degrees below, Lake Owasco was frozen over for the first time this Winter, and ice harvesting will begin next week.

In Boston the thermometer stood at 11 degrees below zero at one time yesterday morning. Much suffering was reported from all over the city, and to add to the general discomfort a northwest gale prevailed most of the day. In Springfield, Mass., the thermometer showed 20 degrees below zero yesterday morning, the lowest temperature of the present Winter. One death, that of Miss Sarah McGill, 70 years old, occurred in Springfield from the bitter cold.

Other New England temperatures were 16 degrees below zero in Worcester, Mass.; 20 degrees below in Pittsfield, Mass.; 20 degrees below in Winsted, Conn., and 32 degrees below in the hill sections of the western part of that State. At Hartford it was 10 degrees below zero.

At Northfield, Vt., it was 24 degrees below zero; at Burlington it was 20 below, at Concord, N. H., it was 16 below, and it was 20 degrees below zero at Eastport, Me.

Reports from the New England coast showed that few vessels were caught in exposed places off shore in the gale, as a warning had been sent out from Washington in time for the ships to make harbors.

There was considerable anxiety regarding the four-masted schooner Dustin G. Cressy, which rode out the gale on Wednesday night within 100 yards of the outer bay off the Pamet River life saving station. The schooner was leaking, and her crew had the assistance of the Pamet River life savers, who went on board yesterday afternoon. It was believed that the revenue cutter Gresham would tow her to Provincetown later in the day.

From Pennsylvania reports showed temperatures ranging from zero to 30 degrees below. At Ellenton the register was 30 below, and in and around Hazelton, the highest point in the anthracite region, the mercury varied from 15 to 22 degrees below zero all yesterday.

The Middle West was in the grip of bitter cold weather yesterday. In Michigan the temperatures were as low as 26 degrees below zero in several parts of the State. In Chicago, Milwaukee, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and the other great cities of the West, temperatures far below zero were reported.

FISHERMAN CASED IN ICE.

Oil Ship Saves Unconscious Sailor Adrift in a Dory.

Capt. Kort of the tank steamer Gulfoil sent a wireless message yesterday to the office of the Gulf Refining Company, 21 State Street, announcing that he had rescued a fisherman from a dory in a storm off Nantucket on Wednesday night who w[illegible] [illegible]ous from cold in [illegible] the bo[illegible].

The [illegible] her way from Be[illegible] [illegible]rly, [illegible] Arthur, Texas, a[illegible] sighted the dory about 8:30 o'clock ten miles east of Great Round Shoal, which is eight miles southeast of Nantucket Island. It was a moonlight night and the dory was painted white, so that it was easily discerned by the man in the crow's nest. The temperature was 2 degrees below zero. When the steamer got close to the boat the Captain, looking down from the bridge, saw a man lying in the bottom of it. Two of the crew who went down into the dory found the man covered with ice from the seas which had broken over the boat. They had to chop the ice away before a rope could be made fast around the man's waist to haul him on board the Gulfoil. His clothes were frozen stiff. After he had regained consciousness the fisherman said that his name was Joseph Rogus of 344 Summer Street, East Boston, and that he had put out from the schooner Teceemisha in his dory early that morning off Cape Cod. In an hour the gale had driven him out of sight of the schooner, he lost his sail and oars, and his hands were frozen so that he was helpless. Several steamers passed in the day, but Rogus said he was numbed with cold and unable to signal for help.

FROM THE TROPICS TO ZERO.

The Arcadian Passes from Balmy Breezes Into a Blizzard in One Day.

Capt. F. H. M. Custance of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Arcadian which arrived yesterday from Bermuda with her forward decks and rigging covered with ice, said that the ship had passed through a blizzard on Wednesday night. In the Gulf stream in the early morning the temperature was 65 and at 11 o'clock the same night the Arcadian was fighting a northwest gale, with heavy driving snow, which attained a velocity of eighty miles in the squalls.

"The snow changed into ice as it fell," the Captain said, "and the temperature went down to zero."

Owing to the high wind and the exceptionally low tide it took forty-five minutes and six tugs to dock the Arcadian at her pier at the foot of Morton Street in the North River. The White Star steamer Oceanic, which was due yesterday morning from Southampton, Cherbourg, and Queenstown, will not arrive until late to-day or early tomorrow. This is a very long passage for the Oceanic, which can still average twenty knots in good weather.

EARL OF KINTORE SAILS.

Pleased with the Outlook for the Anglo-American Exposition.

Before sailing for Plymouth on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria yesterday the Earl of Kintore, who has been here a month as a Commissioner for the Anglo-American exposition, said that he was sorry to have to cut short his visit on account of his parliamentary duties.

"I came to bring a message of good-will to the American people," he went on to say. "It has been very gratifying to find that these duties could be performed under circumstances so full of encouragement. The performance of these duties has been a genuine pleasure because of the nature of my mission and the sympathetic response it has called forth.

"In the coure of my rather hurried tour in visiting Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Hartford, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati there has not been much opportunity for observation apart from the immediate object of my visit, but I have had a new impression of this country's great resources, industrial enterprise, and general prosperity. My contact with the people in these cities has more than ever convinced me of the natural kinship of spirit that makes the exposition a most reasonable and significant event.

"I was particularly glad to be able to come to a happy understanding with the officials of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, whereby they and the officials of the Anglo-American Exposition are pledged to do their utmost to help the work of the other. I was fortunate in being able to clear up some misunderstanding regarding Government participation which has no real bearing upon the importance of our exposition in London next Summer as a popular undertaking to celebrate an occasion of mutual interest."

GIRL DANCER HAS PISTOL.

Police Arrest Her After Searching Guests at a Masked Ball.

The report that guests attending a masked ball in the Wakefield Casino, at 228th Street and White Plains Road, on Wednesday night would come heavily armed led to a careful search of the guests by the police, and, whereas the men were found weaponless, one revolver was found—in a girl's stocking. This girl said she was Edna Freund of 59 Garfield Street, Yonkers, and that the gun had been handed to her by one "Tony" while they were dancing together.

In the West Farms Court yesterday morning she pleaded guilty to a violation of the Sullivan law and was held for trial. The gun was unloaded, and she explained that she had put it in her stocking lest it should destroy the fit of her gown.

ANOTHER FLIER FOR ATLANTIC CONTEST

Continued from Page 1.

than the proposed flight of the Rodman Wanamaker expedition.

"I will make for the steamship lanes," he said, "and fly above them. I do not need to save fuel so much as the Rodman Wanamaker expedition, and I would rather take a longer distance in order to get the advantage of being near the regular transatlantic steamship lanes."

Work on the giant machine Raygorodsky intends to fly has begun at Mineola. Raygorodsky left Russia, he said, because they would not let him fly there on account of the fact that he was a Jew. He said he had taken out his citizenship papers here and would fly the American flag on his craft.

PICK SEPTEMBER FOR FLIGHT.

Weather Conditions Best Then for Atlantic Crossing, Says Aero Club.

After making a detailed study of weather maps of the North Atlantic Ocean for the last ten years, the Water Flying Committee of the Aero Club of America decided yesterday to recommend the month of September to aviators as the best month in which to attempt a transatlantic flight.

Henry A. Wise Wood, Chairman of the committee, announced the results of the study of wind and weather conditions in each month of the year.

"We find that aviators following the route selected for the Rodman Wanamaker expedition," he said, "will practically be out of touch with the regular steamship lanes. If they head for the extreme south of Ireland, they may pick up the steamship lanes just before finishing the flight. But for the route itself the aviators must depend upon warships and private yachts to do patrol duty.

"The flying boat being built for Rodman Wanamaker is not designed to start from the water if it should once be compelled to alight. A ship patrol of the course is important for the reason that the Atlantic currents would carry the boat away from the steamer lanes instead of toward them, if it should alight on the water after covering the first fourth of the distance. Up to that point it would be carried by the Labrador Current toward the steamship lanes.

"We have found that June is a bad month for the flight, because at St. John's, N. F., the proposed starting point, about two-thirds of the month is habitually foggy, and the fog extends out from the Grand Banks for a distance a fourth of the way across the Atlantic. Over the North Atlantic in general about 25 per cent. of the June [illegible] foggy. [illegible] July the foggy days at New[illegible] drop from 65 per cent. to 50 [illegible] while the ocean conditions in general are twice as good as in June. In both June and July there are winds blowing due east, but there are many calm days and the winds are light.

"In August the percentage of foggy days at Newfoundland drops to 40 per cent., while the winds freshen and are toward the southeast. There are also some contrary winds which would be very awkward for the fliers.

"September is the month of all the months to look to, because the winds take on an Autumn freshness and the fog at Newfoundland is only present for 30 per cent. of the month. Over the course in general the foggy days amount to 5 per cent., while over the Irish coasts all the days are clear, on the average, except ten out of the month. The September fogs, too, are not the thick, impenetrable fogs of the early Summer. October is so cold as to make the risk of disaster, in case of alighting on the water, more serious than in September. But the wind conditions and fog conditions in October are good. In September most of the private yachts go out of commission. There are important races off the English coast early in September, and if the aeroplane flight should be made just after these races, we would have a maximum number of yachts available for patrol duty and for making a search of the ocean if the aeroplane should have to be searched for."

WHO WILL PUT UP $250,000?

Hawley Thinks World Flight May Be Won in Three Years.

In reply to those who have urged that it would be folly to sanction an aeroplane race around the world at this time on account of the improbability that such a race would ever be won, officials of the Aero Club of America made a suggestion yesterday that any one with sporting proclivities and some money who had such a belief should back it up by offering a prize of $250,000 for the first aeroplane to break the present around-the-world record of 35 days and 21 hours, held by Henry Mears.

President Alan R. Hawley said he fully believed that if such a prize were offered it would be won before the expiration of three years.

"There was a time," he said, "when large prizes were offered by people who believed they never would be won—prizes for the first aeroplane to fly over a captive balloon ninety feet up in the air—prizes for the first flight to be made for a mile over a circular route, and the like. Aviators have stepped right up and taken practically every prize offered. I recall dozens of these prizes that were laughed to scorn at the time they were offered as being beyond the wildest dreams of the imagination. Now we look back upon the achievements by which the prizes were won as being so commonplace that we wonder how the world ever could have become excited about them. Who, for instance, to-day would think of offering a $10,000 prize for the first aeroplane to fly around the Eifel Tower or even to fly across the American continent?"

The advertising rate of The New York Times, 40 cents per agate line, with circulation Sunday and daily exceeding 200,000, makes the cost less than one cent a line for each 5,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, newspaper advertising in the world.—Adv.

$8,000,000 SAVING IN CITY INCINERATOR

Mrs. Spiegelberg Advocates a Municipal Plant for Ash and Garbage Disposal.

MODEL OF SANITARY WAGON

Film Showing Health Menace in Present System on View at Woman's Industrial Show.

Why not cut $8,000,000 off the city's annual budget with one sweep and make several hundred thousand dollars in addition? That is a very easy thing to do, according to Mrs. Flora Spiegelberg of 67 Riverside Drive, economic investigator, traveler, and friend of the garbage man. Mrs. Spiegelberg told all about her scheme last night at the Woman's Industrial Show in the Grand Central Palace.

Mrs. Spiegelberg's project, of course, has to do with the subject which has been uppermost in her mind for years—how to make New York a healthier, cleaner city. The collection of ashes and garbage was the particular theme of the evening, and it is this system that Mrs. Spiegelberg would change. It is through this change that she would cut off $8,000,000 from the budget and make enough money additional, perhaps, to pay for the running of the Board of Aldermen.

To comprehend fully Mrs. Spiegelberg's scheme one must see her film called "A Menace to Public Health," and her slides of representative incinerating plants in model cities in Europe. One must also see the little brass box which Mrs. Spiegelberg holds under her arm while she lectures, a little box as shiny as gold.

The film explains what Mrs. Spiegelberg means when she says that the ash and garbage collection system in New York is the "most terrible in existence." The film was made by the Edison Company and presented to Mrs. Spiegelberg for her health campaign. It shows how the fly nuisance grows into a pest, how germs are born and how they are spread, how thousands of poor street cleaners and garbage men, the particular friends in whose interests Mrs. Spiegelberg is working, are sacrificing health for the gains of refuse contractors.

By means of her slides the lecturer was able to fly all over Europe at her ease and then come back to the hollows of the east side by way of comparison. Through the slides Mrs. Spiegelberg also tried to show that New York needed a municipal incinerating plant as a substitute for the scows and the Barren Island soap factories. This plant, she said, would boil all the garbage and ashes together into one mess.

It would then provide enough energy to run a big electrical plant, and the power could be used for running electric trucks. These trucks would supplant all the horse carts which now carry away the city's refuse. The residue in the furnaces, moreover, would be suitable for bricks and pavements. All this, and more, the slides showed, had been accomplished through incinerators in Europe. The incinerator, of course, is the money maker in Mrs. Spiegelberg's scheme.

The little brass box under Mrs. Spiegelberg's arm is nothing but a model of an ideal ash-garbage wagon which has the approval of many European cities, but is foreign to New York. This wagon, Mrs. Spiegelberg explained, should be adopted here immediately. Because of its closed top it would do away with the spreading of dust and germs.

The sailcloth which now covers the one-horse carts would be replaced by solid iron covers, airtight, and sanitary. Such wagons, she asserted, could be emptied from the bottom in a sanitary fashion. With the use of special ash and garbage cans adapted to these wagons, Mrs. Spiegelberg explained, there would be no more lame backs, no over-lifting, and one man could do the work that two men are doing under the present system.

"The first thing that we must learn," said Mrs. Spiegelberg, "is that it is more sanitary to mix ashes with the garbage than to keep them in separate receptacles. The lye in the ashes is a disinfectant for the garbage. The incinerator would utilize this mixture and the whole would become fuel for the furnaces. Our trouble is that we are tied up with contracts. The contractors are making all kinds of money at the expense of sanitary and up-to-date conditions."

"Would you say that there was graft in the present system?" Mrs. Spiegelberg was asked.

"I never use that word," she replied.

HOUSTON FOR BANK BOARD.

Agriculture Secretary May Get the Ten-Year Term.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Although President Wilson has expressed unwillingness to have Secretary Houston leave the Cabinet to become a member of the Federal Reserve Board, which will manage the new reserve banking and currency system, it is the expectation in well-informed circles that Mr. Houston will retire from the office of Secretary of Agriculture early next month to accept appointment on the board. There is no official authority for the report, but it appears to be accepted by those in a position to know.

By the terms of the new currency law the Secretary of Agriculture became a member of the Organization Committee empowered to put the reserve system in operation, but was not a member ex-officio of the Federal Reserve Board, as provided in the original draft of the Glass-Owen Monetary bill. The other members of the Organization Committee are the Secretary of the Treasury and the Controller of the Currency. Secretary Houston is now touring the country with Secretary McAdoo, obtaining information to enable them to designate the cities where Federal reserve banks shall be located. John Skelton Williams, the new Controller of the Currency, left here last night to join them in Atlanta. They will be back in Washington on Feb. 19.

In addition to the Secretary of the Treasury and the Controller of the Currency, there are to be five members of the Federal Reserve Board to be appointed by the President for terms of two, four, six, eight, and ten years respectively. It is the expectation that Mr. Houston, if appointed, will get the ten-year term. The President will designate one of the appointive members as Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, but it is not known that he has Mr. Houston in mind for that position. The salary of each member will be $12,000, the same as that received by a Cabinet officer.

President Wilson has said that he expects to be able to nominate the members of the Federal Reserve Board by the end of February.

An official most frequently mentioned for a Federal Reserve Board appointment is George E. Roberts of Iowa, the present Director of the Mint, who is a Republican. He has been President of the Commercial National Bank of Chicago, and is regarded as an authority on financial matters.

CASH TO SIEGEL DEPOSITORS

Payment of 18 Cents on Dollar Promised—Another Offer Considered.

The depositors of the failed bank of Henry Siegel & Co., at a meeting yesterday afternoon in the temporary offices of the bank at 48 West Thirteenth Street, were notified of the formation of a corporation to take charge of the immediate distribution of a partial cash payment. The actual distribution of the money, the depositors were told, would begin about Feb. 20.

John P. Munch, Chairman of the Depositors' Committee, read a letter from Coudert Brothers, the attorneys for the depositors, in which was inclosed another letter from a firm of attorneys for the new corporation. This company, known as the Depositors' Realization Corporation, was incorporated in Albany on Wednesday, with a capital stock of $500,000. Of this, $450,000 was contributed by friends and relatives of Henry Siegel and Frank E. Vogel, the partners of the banking firm, for the immediate relief of the depositors.

That sum would mean a repayment of about 18 cents on the dollar. In addition, according to John P. Murray of the law firm of Coudert Brothers, a payment of 12 cents on the dollar would come from the $100,000 cash bond of the bank filed with the Controller at Albany and from $250,000 which it has been suggested the mercantile creditors of the failed Siegel firms would be willing to contribute in return for a general release by the depositors of claims on the various stores.

This last condition, however, the depositors were advised not to accept, inasmuch as the $250,000 would be but a payment of 10 per cent. of the outstanding deposit liabilities of $2,500,000, and the lawyers for the depositors felt that was not enough. Messrs. Siegel and Vogel have offered to pay the remaining 70 cents on the dollar in notes running over a period of five years.

To adjust the differences over the amount to be collected for the depositors by the mercantile creditors, there will be a meeting of attorneys representing the two interests later in the week.

ICEMAN JOKES JOHN D.

Offers to Sell Him Watered Stock from His Own Pond.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 12.—George Ferguson, John D. Rockefeller's iceman, who often drops in of an evening to swap jokes with the oil man, thinks that he has a great joke on his neighbor. Last Winter was very mild, and the icemen cut no ice. Mr. Rockefeller, along with others, had to pay 70 cents a hundred. He laughingly told Ferguson it was the highest-priced watered stock he had ever bought.

After he arrived in Cleveland last Summer he wrote on and told Ferguson that he was going to bust the Pocantico Hills Ice Trust by building an ice plant of his own capable of making 1,000 pounds a day. Ferguson realized that the joke was on him and he had lost a good customer. When Mr. Rockefeller returned here the other day he twitted Ferguson good naturedly about trusts and said he did not believe in them, especially ice trusts.

Ferguson rents one of Mr. Rockefeller's ponds. He got one crop early in the season, and the cold snap yesterday and to-day insures him getting another and filling his icehouses. He is now in a position to sell Mr. Rockefeller ice from his own pond cheaper than Mr. Rockefeller can make it, and he believes the joke is on his neighbor. Ferguson and Mr. Rockefeller are very friendly, and the iceman smiled to-day when he said he was going to offer Mr. Rockefeller a chance to buy some more watered stock.

It was so cold that Mr. Rockefeller gave up his game of golf and remained indoors most of the day.

W. C. ROE'S HOME BURNED.

Defective Heating Apparatus Destroys House in Great Neck.

The home of William Clarke Roe, lawyer, banker, and yachtsman, of Great Neck, L. I., was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon while the family was at luncheon, at 1 o'clock. The fire started in the attic and was caused by a defect in the heating apparatus.

The Roe house in the new Hyde Park Road was one of the handsomest dwellings in Great Neck. The volunteer firemen from the Manhasset and Great Neck Station fire districts responded, but before they arrived the fire was beyond control.

OLD WOMAN IN FLAMES.

Bluecoat's Mother, 78, Burned Fatally on Wedding Anniversary.

Mrs. Elizabeth McGinnis, the mother of Patrolman Joseph L. McGinnis of the Clinton Street Station, was trying to light a gas stove in the kitchen of her home at 50 King Street last night, when the match head flew flaming to the table cloth, set it ablaze and so spread flames to the old woman's dress. Neighbors hurried to her aid, but not before she had been burned so badly that she died later in St. Vincent's Hospital.

Mrs. McGinnis is 78 years old and yesterday was the fifty-third anniversary of her wedding.

Watchman Killed in Elevator Shaft.

Fred Schiel, a watchman, was found dead yesterday morning at the bottom of the shaft of the employes' lift in Bloomingdale Brothers' store. The first to see his body thought they saw him breathing and he was taken to Flower Hospital but there all efforts at resuscitation proved vain. Schiel was 35 years old and lived at 410 East Sixty-fifth Street. It is supposed he fell into the shaft, but how and when the police were unable to learn.

WILSON WELCOMES AID ON TRUST BILLS

Pending Measures Not Administration Proposals, Says Brandeis—Advice of All Wanted.

SPEAKER CRITICISES THEM

Other Speakers at Chamber of Commerce Convention Think They Have Grave Faults.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—At the annual convention of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States to-day men prominent in public life and the business world discussed the anti-trust bills which are now being considered by committees of Congress.

Secretary Redfield was the Government's representative, while speakers for the business interests included Frederick P. Fish, formerly President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and Victor Morawetz of New York, who opposed the "five brothers"; and Guy E. Tripp, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, who favored just regulation of industry.

President Charles R. Van Hise of the University of Wisconsin and Prof. Henry R. Seager of Columbia University, represented academic opinion. Louis D. Brandeis of Boston appeared as a citizen interested in the subject.

Mr. Brandeis told the delegates that the measures now being considered by House and Senate committees represented only the groundwork of the Administration programme, and that in the work of perfecting them along lines suggested by President Wilson aid from the outside would be welcomed.

"These bills are not Administration bills," he said. "They are the bills of those members who introduced them. I find much in them that I would see amended or corrected, and I have found the greatest desire among their authors to get suggestions from you business men that will aid them in carrying out the President's programme."

Free and unrestricted competition was not the President's object, Mr. Brandeis said, but rather regulated competition. Absolute divorce of transportation from industries, he continued, was essential to any legislative action that would set business free. Every great monopoly had been built up on privilege and preference and discrimination in its favor by transportation companies, he believed, and while great strides had been made toward curbing this, the small manufacturer was still at a disadvantage.

In his address Mr. Fish said:

"I do not believe that there is a single particle of evidence that prices to the consumer are now greater because of the existence of large business organizations than they would have been if all business had been carried on by small units. In fact, it seems to me that the evidence is all to the contrary.

"It seems to me that no forward action by way of legislation is safe and that whatever we may do is likely to be done on wrong lines. And we must not, can not, afford to jeopardize our industries. Our whole future prosperity depends upon their sound development."

Mr. Tripp thought better results would be accomplished if the proposed trust measures were enacted one at a time. Their purposes were sound in the main, he thought, but he doubted the effect if the business of the country was compelled to accustom itself to them all at once.

"Monopoly is not in itself objectionable," he went on; "in fact, it is often the most effective way of dealing with industrial affairs. But I believe that our political institutions and the temper of our people are not adapted to monopolistic methods that are in restraint of trade and that fair competition in business will make a more contented public, a more secure Government, and in the end give greater protection to property."

Strong Opposition to Morawetz.

Mr. Morawetz declared himself against the proposed trust measures, now under consideration by Congress, asserting that "they impose additional prohibitions which would give rise to additional uncertainty and litigation." He advocated, however, the establishment of a Federal Interstate Trade Commission "under an act carefully defining its functions, powers, and duties."

"The anti-trust act prohibits in the broadest language restraints of trade and monopolizing," he continued, "and it is now settled that the purpose and policy of the act cannot be avoided by any disguise or subterfuge. I doubt if any statute can be drawn that would really make the act more definite and certain, except either by limiting the scope of the act and defeating its purpose or by subjecting commerce to a set of cast-iron rules that would cripple it. Certainly neither the so-called 'bill to define the Sherman law' or the so-called 'trade relations bill,' or any of the other bills, make the law more definite."

Prof. Seager told the convention that he regarded the proposed creation of an Interstate Trade Commission as worthy of unqualified support. In urging the creation of the commission, he said, President Wilson voiced the mature judgment of students of the trust problem.

"The bill was drawn," said Mr. Seager, "to give the broadest powers to the commission without, in any degree, weakening the responsibility of Attorney General McReynolds for enforcing, or the authority of the courts for interpreting, the anti-trust act."

President Van Hise proposed that the Sherman law be supplemented by an act that would forbid only combinations and contracts in restraint of trade that were detrimental to the welfare of the people. He charged that for political reasons laws against monopolies and restraints of trade were enforced only against "big business," the small dealer, the farmer and the laborer being permitted to combine and monopolize at will.

"Under the enforced competitive system," President Van Hise said, "we are recklessly skimming the cream of the natural resources of a virgin continent, with no concern for the future."

AS NEW YORKERS VIEW BILLS.

H. R. Towne, G. C. Rogers, R. R. Reed, and L. Chamberlain Testify.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Henry R. Towne, ex-President of the Merchants' Association of New York City, and Gustavus C Rogers of the same city, testified to-day on the Administration trust bills before the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee.

Discussing the proposed Interstate Trade Commission, Mr. Towne argued that the anti-trust laws should not be enforced against corporations until the courts had interpreted those laws, wherever there was any doubt as to their meaning.

Mr. Towne also suggested that the committee amend the Trade Commission bill on the lines of the Canadian Trade Relations act. He said he thought it would not be proper to prohibit any trade practice until its fairness or legality had been determined in the courts.

Mr. Rogers suggested that the committee act along the lines of a bill which he filed empowering the courts by injunction to maintain fair practices in business conducted by interstate corporations in dealing with their customers.

Mr. Rogers also proposed to amend the Clayton bill by providing that persons engaged in selling goods in interstate commerce, whether patented or unpatented, should not arbitrarily refuse the same to any responsible purchaser.

Robert R. Reed of New York City, testifying before the House Judiciary Committee to-day, said the pending trust bills would burden business without touching the real evils of monopoly.

"Monopoly," said Mr. Reed, "is an institution, not an accident. It never has been and never will be created by unfair competition. It will not be prevented by punishing unfair competition.

"The administration bills," continued Mr. Reed, "are fraught with peril to the individual and to the States. They recognize the trusts and seek to make them, and all the people of the country, good, instead of proceeding directly by adequate laws to destroy the trusts and leave business and the individual free."

Mr. Reed also criticised the interlocking directorate bill, saying it would make a corporation guilty of a crime if one of its Directors accepted office in a competing company, although without its knowledge or assent.

Lawrence Chamberlain urged the committee to drop the Interlocking Directorate bill entirely. He said that the principal objection of the average investment banker to the bill was that he considered himself and was considered by his clients and the public as morally responsible for the welfare of corporations whose securities he had floated. The only adequate method, said the bankers, by which a banker could control the welfare of the corporation was by being a Director.

Mr. Chamberlain said that legislation could easily safeguard the contracts and other acts of corporations having common Directors beyond the degree to which they were now safeguarded by common law, without hurting corporations by depriving them of experienced advisers. To drive proved men off boards by a numerical test, he said, would tend either to lower the quality of guidance or to encourage still further the substitution of dummy Directors.

PRESIDENT WARFIELD OUT.

Resigns After Two Years of Friction at Lafayette College.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., Feb. 12.—When the Trustees of Lafayette College met today in midwinter session, the Rev. Dr. Ethelbert D. Warfield presented his resignation as President, and it was accepted. This action was the result of troubles which had affected the college for two years and which were marked last Fall by a falling off in the number of new men entering college.

Dr. Warfield's letter of resignation was brief. He said he had been informed that he could not depend upon the co-operation and support of a large number of Trustees, and added that no institution could flourish under such conditions.

The Trustees, in accepting the resignation, expressed high respect for Dr. Warfield. The resignation is effective June 30 next. The Trustees voted Dr. Warfield two years' extra salary. He has been President twenty-two years.

Last year there was an open break between Dr. Warfield and the graduating class over the Mecklin-Warfield controversy, and the students refused to make the usual gift of the graduating class to the college. The seniors at that time demanded the resignation of the President. Recently the students refused to sing at chapel or to perform other routine duties of college life.

BOOM ROOSEVELT NOW FOR GOVERNOR

Continued from Page 1.

Douglas Robinson, wife of the State Chairman.

Michael Schaap, Progressive Assemblyman, told the committee that the proposed investigation of State departments would be wide. A resolution was adopted urging the investigating committee to "probe without fear or favor and without regard to political advantage."

Before the passage of the resolution George W. Perkins made a short address, in which he said that the situation throughout the United States today seemed to point to Progressive success. The situation, he said, looked splendid. He prophesied that Hiram Johnson would be re-elected Progressive Governor of California and that Victor Murdock would be elected Senator from Kansas. Mr. Perkins said he believed Louisiana would elect two Progressive Congressmen, and he urged all Progressives in the State to support Mr. Schaap in his fight to have the Assembly Investigating Committee perform its duties.

INVITES PROGRESSIVES BACK.

Cummins Says Bull Moosers Are Being Absorbed Rapidly.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 12.—Senator Cummins of Iowa, in a speech at the Lincoln Day banquet of the Colorado Republican Committee to-night, invited the Progressives to return to the Republican fold. This was considered as the Senator's opening gun in his campaign for the Presidency in 1916.

"The Republican Party will 'come back,'" said the Senator, but "not by amalgamation, but by absorption. We extend an invitation to all who deserted in 1912 to return to the fold on terms of 'peace and honor.'"

Asked if Roosevelt would be invited to return, the Senator said there was no one to invite him.

He asserted that the Republicans already were absorbing the Progressives so fast that they were overtaking the Democrats. Senator Cummins predicted that the new tariff would bring specific, although not general disaster. He said he expected the chief complaint to come from the farmers, especially those west of the Mississippi River.

GARFIELD FOR GOVERNOR.

Announces His Candidacy in a Speech to Ohio Progressives.

LIMA, Ohio, Feb. 12.—Ohio Progressives, who gathered here to-night at a banquet, heard James R. Garfield of Cleveland proclaim himself a candidate for the Progressive nomination for Governor and the announcement of the candidacy of Arthur L. Garford of Elyria for the nomination for United States Senator on the same ticket.

Humanitarian legislation and strict regulation of Big Business, in accord with the Progressive platform of 1912, were the principal themes of a speech made by Mr. Garford. He warmly indorsed the entire national Progressive platform

Mr. Garfield said the liquor question was a national problem and must be finally dealt with by the nation.

"If the nation has not sufficient power under the Federal Constitution," he added, "then we should amend the Constitution."

CLARK'S WISH FOR COLONEL.

Conveys Hope to Flinn That an Anaconda Might Swallow Roosevelt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—William Flinn of Pittsburgh, the Progressive Party leader in Pennsylvania, was telling Champ Clark to-day that the Progressives would carry everything in Pennsylvania this year with the help of Col. Roosevelt, who, he said, would stump the State when he returned from South America.

"What would happen if an anaconda swallowed Teddy down there?" asked the Speaker of the House.

"Oh, then I'd vote the Democratic ticket," responded Mr. Flinn.

"More power to the snakes," exclaimed the Speaker fervently.

Full Moose Ticket in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 12.—The Progressives of Kansas will put a full State ticket in the field, with Henry J. Allen of Wichita as the candidate for Governor. This was decided at a State conference of the party to-day.

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RAILROAD OFFICIAL DEFIES U. S. SENATE

Vice President Mapother of L. & N. Throws Out Agents Sent to Examine Records.

HAVE TO 'LICK' HIM, HE SAID

Senate Will Now Appoint Its Own Committee and Take Possession of Files.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—When two Interstate Commerce officials called at the office of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, in Louisville, Ky., recently to examine some of the company's records, Wible L. Mapother, Vice President of the road, swore at them and threw both of them out of the office, according to a letter from Commissioner Meyer, received to-day by Senator John Sharp Williams. The examiners were carrying out a Senate resolution offered by Mr. Lea of Tennessee, directing an investigation of the Louisville & Nashville's affiliations, and its issues of passes.

"We have refused files to you people before," Mr. Mapother is quoted as saying to the commission's examiners, "and we are not in jail yet."

Senator William said to-day that the Committee on Audit and Control would report another resolution by Senator Lea directing an investigation by a select committee of five members. This committee could take possession of the desired files without delay.

In his letter Mr. Meyer said:

"Information from our examiners has been to the effect that Wible L. Mapother, First Vice President of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, was the official under whose directions any of the subscriptions or expenditures contemplated by Section 12 of the resolution would be made, and that date in regard thereto, especially records of subscriptions not yet paid, would most probably be found in Mr. Mapother's files. On account of the peculiar manner in which the requests for passes have been recorded by this company I am advised that the same officer would have to be consulted to secure the information desired under Section 13 of the resolution.

"Our examiners have reported that Mr. Mapother refused to permit an inspection of the files under his charge before they were examined either by himself of his chief clerk, claiming that they might contain private or privileged communications which he wished to remove before the examiners made their inspection.

"Following this action on the part of Mr. Mapother our examiners were instructed to keep a close watch in the files under his jurisdiction to ascertain if possible to what extent they were altered. It soon developed, according to their report, that entire files were being removed and substantial portions of other files extracted. Two of the examiners endeavored to remain in the file room during the course of the revision, apparent secretion and destruction of these records, when Mr. Mapother, with an oath, forcibly ejected each of our representatives.

"I am advised that this official of the principal railroad company against which the Senate resolution is directed, referred to our examination as 'police surveillance,' denounced our examiners as 'spies,' and, in a threatening manner, warning our representaives that they would have to 'lick him' before they could obtain his files he refused access to them. He also denied them access after regular working hours in the building containing the files, and boasted that his company had hitherto refused to furnish files to the commission without serious consequences, saying, 'We refused files to your people before and are not in jail yet.'"

"I hope the press of the country," said Senator Williams, as he gave out the letter, "will ventilate this example of railroad arrogance and attempted defiance of constituted authority."

UNION CALLS MRS. BELMONT

She Will Go to Washington to Fight for Suffrage on Political Lines.

The Congressional Union of Washington, whose plans for suffrage work on purely political lines have given rise to a controversy with the National Woman Suffrage Association, has a new ally in Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont.

Mrs. Belmont became a member of the Executive Committee of the Congressional Union yesterday afternoon and has promised to give it her warm support. Mrs. Belmont has given to the union $5,000 to use in its work, and has promised to give more. She will act as Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements for a big ball which the union will give in Washington after Lent.

Mrs. Belmont will go to Washington in a few days to begin her work there.

To Report Burnett Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Senate Immigration Committee to-day decided to report without delay the Burnett Immigration bill, already passed by the House. There had been intimations that it might be delayed.

SIX GUNMEN HOLD UP CAFE.

Get $1,400 from Patrons of Tripoli—Three Caught.

Six gunmen invaded the Tripoli Restaurant, an Italian café at 341 Broome Street, early yesterday morning and robbed the proprietor and five of his patrons of money and jewelry amounting in all to about $1,400. The proprietor is Romeo Lolla of 153 West Forty-fifth Street. The group of diners consisted of Antonio Selentino, a violinist, of 57 Kenmare Street, and his wife, Catherine; Guidio Vitrone, a reporter on The Italian Journal, living at 367 Broome Street; Pietro Vinceprova, city editor of The Italian Journal, who lives at 253 Grand Street, and two youths named Carlo Deril Nevini and Tony Dominick.

While they were seated about a large table in the rear of the café, three strangers entered and ordered something to eat and drink. While the proprietor was filling their orders, the trio suddenly arose and stationed themselves at the rear door of the restaurant. Then three other men entered the front door with drawn revolvers. The first three also produced pistols and ordered the diners and the proprietor to line up against the wall on the right side of the room.

The gunmen got from Vitrone a diamond scarfpin and $10 in cash, Lolla surrendered a gold watch and chain and about $230 in money, Selentino lost $500 and his wife a diamond ring, earrings, and lavalliere. When a robber was taking the diamond studs worn by Selentino from his shirt bosom, Mrs. Selentino with a cry of rage fell upon him. Her screams sent the other bandits into the street. The remaining robber seized a carving knife from a table and plunged it into Selentino's side. The thief turned to escape, only to run into the arms of Policeman Callahan. He said he was Antonio Santini, 20 years old, a barber, living at 348 East Thirteenth Street.

Policemen O'Gorman and Carlin caught two other robbers running at Bowery and Prince Street. They were Leo Belanca, 20, an ornament maker, of 504 East Thirteenth Street, and Silvia Togagumbia, 21, of 741 Park Avenue, Brooklyn. They were identified by Lolla and his customers. They had thrown away two revolvers in their flight, and the policemen recovered them.

Selentino, the wounded musician, was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital by Ambulance Surgeon Baldwin. The police are looking for the three robbers who escaped.

FINDS BURGLAR AT WORK.

Thief Escapes After Threatening Hauser with a Pistol.

When Emil Hauser, the son of Arnold E. Hauser, got to his home last evening at 7 o'clock, he found the house at 663 Ocean Avenue, Flatbush, in darkness, and he made his way up the stairs to the second floor before he heard any one moving. Then there was a step audible from the front room.

"Is that you, Pop?" the young man called out.

It was not "Pop," but a burglar, and a very sizable one, who hurried out into the hall and put the muzzle of a revolver against Hauser's side. Having him thus at a disadvantage, the burglar backed the young man into a corner and bade him stay there for three minutes with his mouth shut. The young man did not move until he heard the front door shut behind the departing burglar, and by the time the police were called, much time had been lost. Two gold watches, some jewelry, and several odds and ends were taken by the burglar, but his departure had been so hasty that he did not have time to take the silverware, which was found packed and ready for removal in the dining room. Mr. Hauser is a manufacturer of stove supplies at 74 Beekman Street, Manhattan.

CHARGES MURDER BY UNION.

Detective the Victim, Witness Tells Committee Sifting Colorado Strike.

DENVER, Feb. 12.—A direct charge that George W. Belcher, a detective, was murdered in Trinidad by United Mine Workers of America at the instigation of A. B. McGary, an Organizer of the union, was made to-day by A. C. Feltz, Superintendent of a detective agency. The killing of Belcher took place Nov. 20 last. Feltz, the first witness of the day before the House committee investigating the Colorado coal mine strike, said that Louis Zancanelli had confessed the murder.

The "death special," an armored automobile used by mine guards, greatly interested the committee. Feltz testified that at least one machine gun and some ammunition were paid for by Vice President Babcock of the Rocky Mountain Fuel Company. This gun, he said, was sent to him from the West Virginia coalfields, where it had figured in the Federal investigation of the strike there. Other machine guns, besides rifles and ammunition, he said, were purchased by him for the mine operators.

HANCOCK, Mich., Feb. 12.—Two copper miners testified at the Congressional inquiry to-day that they had worked full months under the contract system and at the end of that time found they owed the company money after balancing their accounts for supplies, benefits, rents, and other things. Nine mine workers were examined to-day and all declared the average wages were poor.

City Brevities.

Forty-eight families in the Francis Court apartments at 145 West 141st Street were told yesterday that Samuel Fox, the negro elevator operator, who had gone home sick on Sunday, had been found to be down with smallpox. Before nightfall six Health Department physicians had vaccinated sixty members of the families living in the house. Fox himself was sent to the Kingston Avenue Hospital in Brooklyn.

Charles H. Lord, a floorwalker employed in the O'Neill-Adams store, presumably attacked by heart disease, fell upon a showcase yesterday, and the broken glass, cutting his jugular vein, caused him to bleed to death.

Upon what basis shall
ASIATICS
BE ADMITTED?

THE OUTLOOK publishes today a frank answer to this question by Representative Hayes of California and an equally frank editorial which is a reply to Mr. Hayes and which sets forth the view of THE OUTLOOK on the immigration problem in relation to the admission of Asiatics to the United States.

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MOOSE TAUGHT G.O.P. LESSON, SAYS BORAH

Tells Republican Club at Lincoln Dinner He Believes It Has Been Learned.

OLCOTT THINKS OTHERWISE

He Welcomes Back Those Who "Strayed in Error," and ex-Gov. Stokes Raps Roosevelt.

At its twenty-eighth Lincoln's Birthday dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria last night the Republican Club took account of the grievous wounds that had been dealt it by the third party in the last national election, and took comfort to itself that in the light of more recent Congressional elections in various States of the country those wounds seemed to be healing fast.

Throughout the country, the club was told, Progressives were coming back to the Republican fold; and the club welcomed back those of its members who had "strayed into error," though the speakers asserted at the same time that not for the most illustrious of them would it yield one jot of the principles which it called its own and Lincoln's.

There were not many noted Progressives present. In the keynote speech of the evening, however, delivered by William E. Borah, United States Senator from Idaho, one of the faithful Progressive Republicans, emphasis was laid on the lesson which had been taught to the Grand Old Party in the recent bitter defeat. That lesson, the Senator said, was the need of bringing itself into close and truer relationship with the great body of voters it represented, and he thought it had been learned.

A Notable Gathering.

President J. Van Vechten Olcott of the Republican Club was toastmaster. With him at the speakers' table, under the draped national colors and a portrait of Abraham Lincoln, were former Gov. Edward C. Stokes of New Jersey, United States Senators Borah of Idaho and Nathan Goff of West Virginia, Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the New York County Republican Committee, and William Barnes, Chairman of the State Republican Committee; Commissioner John H. Finley of the State Education Department, Gen. Horace Porter, Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, the Rev. Dr. William Carter, Louis Stern, and Samuel W. Fairchild.

Among those present were Lynn J. Arnold, George B. Agnew, Robert Bonynge, Philip Bloch, Charles L. Bernheimer, Marcus Braun, Edward F. Brush, Grant Burns, George P. Benjamin, William S. Bennet, Henry D. Brewster, William M. Calder, James G. Cannon, Robert C. Clowry, William W. Cocks, Howard Duffield, Henry C. Davis, John A. Dutton, Henry D. Estabrook, William Einstein, Frank A. Ferris, Ralph Folks, Simon Guggenheim, Abraham Gruber, Samuel Goldsticker, Henry Heide, Thomas W. Hubbard, Clarence J. Housman, Charles D. Hilles, John S. Kennedy, Thomas E. Kirby, Luther B. Little, Edward Lauterbach, Aaron J. Levy, J. Edgar Leaycraft, William Loeb, Jr., Chester S. Lord, Marcus M. Marks, James E. March, Henry Melville, Gen. Anson G. McCook, Ramsey Penguet, Admiral Robert E. Peary, Dr. William H. Porter, Percy A. Rockefeller, Theodore P. Shonts, Richard Sutro, William J. Sigsbee, Rear Admiral Charles D. Sigsbee, John A. Sleicher, Frank V. Strauss, Elbridge G. Snow, Leslie M. Shaw, Isaac N. Seligman, H. H. Topakyan, Henry W. Taft, Augustus J. Van Amringe, William G. Ver Plank, George W. Wickersham, William W. Wilcox, William Williams, George W. Whiteside, Cabot Ward, Henry Wollman, Wm. E. Werner, Wilbur F. Wakeman, William H. Wadhams, Frank D. Waterman, William Young, and Lorenz Zeller.

"We're Coming Back," Says Olcott.

In opening the oratory of the evening President Olcott said the purpose of the Republican Club was "to prove positively that the Republican Party exists as a fighting force," and that though temporarily under defeat it could never suffer defeat permanently. He read a letter from Robert T. Lincoln, son of the martyred President, regretting his inability to attend the dinner, but congratulating the club on standing for those institutions which, he said, his father had died to perpetuate.

"Gentlemen," said Mr. Olcott, "never apologize because you are Republicans. We are coming back, never fear. The recent election in that Iowa Congressional district, where the Progressive vote of last year fell from 10,000 to 3,000, is the best sign of the way the wind is shifting back. Those who followed Roosevelt blindly have come to realize that that was the only way any one could follow him. I want you to go away feeling that though the Republican Party has made mistakes it is based on principles as strong and sound as Gibraltar itself."

Former Gov. Stokes of New Jersey, introduced as "the gentleman who last year should have been elected but accidentally wasn't, owing to a third party," was the first speaker. He, too, had a word to say about "our so-called Progressive friends," whose very name, he said, was a misnomer, inasmuch as the Republican Party had been the progressive party of the land ever since the days of John C. Fremont. Ex-Gov. Stokes took the life and character of Lincoln as his subject. Telling of his early hardships, the speaker said:

Criticises Wilson, Raps Roosevelt.

"We to-day are passing many laws forbidding the employment of children under 16 or 18 years of age until we are rearing a race of veritable hothouse darlings. This man was working on a boat at the age of eight."

He described the scant but sound reading of Lincoln's early days and contrasted it with the abundance of vice literature of to-day.

"If I had power to pose as a reformer," he said, "I would strike out of the newspaper all references to crime and vice, bigamy and divorce, which with all other evils of this land are now advertised out of all proportion to their frequence. If a man does wrong to-day his picture is featured on the front pages of all newspapers; if he does right, never.

"Our business men as a rule are honest. Yet we have been passing laws as though the business men of this country were not to be trusted with the affairs of the nation. I wish the American busines man could be treated with the same consideration as we show the Mexicans," he exclaimed, amid an outburst of Republican applause, "that is, that American business men as well as the Mexicans might be left alone to settle their own affairs."

Returning to Lincoln, he used these words, which to some suggested a reference to Roosevelt:

"There was nothing of the demagogue in his productions, nothing of the gallery appeal in his utterances. He never struggled to be in the public eye, and he never made subservient agreement with his views the test of Presidential favor."

Senator Goff's Notes from Lincoln.

Alexander V. Campbell, one of the veterans of the Republican Club, read to the 500 members present the Gettysburg Address. He was followed by Senator Nathan Goff of West Virginia, who told how he came to meet President Lincoln. A Virginian by birth, he said, his loyalty to the flag made him at the outbreak of the war a traitor to Virginia and caused him to enlist in the Union Army. A Major there, he was forced to surrender and was imprisoned in Libbey Prison with the prospect of learning very shortly how Virginia treated traitor sons. It happened, however, that a Confederate Major General was captured and convicted as a spy, and Major Goff was made a hostage for this man.

"Weeks and months went by without hope of release," said Senator Goff, "for exchange of prisoners had been suspended. One morning there came a flag of truce note. It read: 'Young man, be cheerful. You are not forgotten. The men in charge at Washington do not forget their soldiers.' And it was signed by Abraham Lincoln. A second note added: 'Boys like you are worth more to the Federal Army than all the Confederate traitors that were ever caught.'"

Borah Calls It Evolution.

Senator Borah, whose topic was "The Republican Party," was the last speaker of the evening. He admitted that the third-party ballots had caused a lot of wreckage in the last election, but insisted that the process within the Republican Party was "evolution, not dissolution." "The terrible wreck last Fall," he said, "proved that political parties, regardless of their traditions and past achievements, must be kept and conducted on a high plane and held in touch with the demands and needs of the hour."

The revival of party strength he professed to see in the more recent elections in Michigan, Maine, New Jersey, Maryland, and other States, he said, showed that "those who had dared to tear down had dared to rebuild, and to do so upon broad lines and in harmony with the true historic bent of the organization; with past achievements and future obligations.

"There is no mistaking what all this means," said Senator Borah. "It means that the voters of the party are too independent to condone what they conceive to be a mistake or a wrong, and too wise to abandon permanently the name, the traditions, the prestige, and honor that they and their forbears have established and built up through fifty years of relentless political warfare.

"It means that no man or class of men can turn the Republican Party from its true course and drag it down from its exalted station among the great political factors of modern times, and it means, moreover, that no man or class of men can wreck or destroy it. If every assumed leader and every committeeman of the party from ocean shore to ocean shore should resign to-night and announce that the hour of dissolution was at hand, before the sun had set upon another day the rank and file would seize the banner where it fell and straightway intrust it to loyal hands."

Mr. Borah said he had been one of those who entertained the opinion, after the Chicago convention, that "the majority of the voters were one way and the organization another." Sincere men differed, he said, as to the policy best to pursue.

Voters to Control Next Convention.

"It seemed to some," said Mr. Boran, "that it was wiser to get out and fight from the outside. It seemed to others who were equally sincere, that it was lacking in strategy and effectiveness if not in courage to give up the vantage of name and prestige, of honor and achievement, when the sole fault was one of organization and not in the membership or policies. I do not criticise those who chose the former method. For, whatever charge may be made as to the ambitions of individuals, no honest man would doubt the high purpose and patriotism of the 4,000,000 voters. But I do say that every obstacle which stood in the way of success of the cause as we viewed it has been completely removed. There has never been a time when the machinery of the party was so completely subject to the direction of the voters."

The reduction of Southern representation in the party convention; the recognition of the credentials of primary elected delegates, and the removal of certain other subjects of dissension, already assured by the action of the National Commitee of the party, will do away with the "shameless scenes of Chicago and Baltimore," according to the speaker, and result in platforms embodying the convictions and aspirations of the people, and candidates who will receive their nominations without obligations or pledges to any interest or power other than the people themselves.

"I do not want a platform of expediency, a platform adopted in a formal manner, even if it reads right," said Mr. Borah. "I want to know where the Republican Party in fact stands and is going to stand on these great issues. I do not want a platform drawn by bosses, or even by anointed leaders, weeks in advance of the convention, and carried like a stuccoed and perfumed Egyptian mummy to the place of meeting, with which to conjure the multitude for another season, but a living, breathing platform, voicing the purposes and hopes of men and women who have rubbed against the realities of life and the actual conditions of to-day.

"The next Republican National Convention will be in the hands and under the control of the voters of the party, those who believe in the Republican Party, who respect its traditions, and have helped to make its history. I am not one of those who believe that the Republican Party has made no mistakes, but I am one of those who have no doubt that under a full and free expression of the voters it will again become a powerful instrument for good."

JOHNS HOPKINS'S FUTURE.

Alumni at Dinner Cheer Promises of Trustee's President.

Introduced by the toastmaster, Abraham Flexner as "the greatest individual asset any university has," R. Brent Keyser, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Johns Hopkins University, aroused enthusiasm among the diners at the annual alumni dinner of Johns Hopkins men of New York and New Jersey last night in the Winter garden of the Hotel McAlpin, by pledging the maintenance, amid expanding activities, of the high standards which have won the Baltimore university an international fame.

Chairman Keyser said that while postgraduate work always would remain a distinctive feature of Johns Hopkins, a larger undergraduate body now was sought. He said that he could not announce, as had been expected, the name of the new President of the university, but said that no efforts were being spared to obtain a man who should lead it in the desired paths.

Johns Hopkins, he said, had been handicapped in one way, because most of its alumni had gone into professional work, winning their rewards in service, rather than in wealth, and for that reason the university had not been able to get the ample funds which had come to other universities whose men had gone into Wall Street and the industries.

The toastmaster entertained the diners with reminiscences of President Woodrow Wilson, who was a student at Johns Hopkins in his own days there. He said he had run across the future President reading in the library, and that he had established on the wreck of a moribund debating society a lively body known as the Hopkins House of Commons, with a responsible Ministry, which went out of office when its propositions were defeated. He said in this way Dr. Wilson, who is now "putting into practice the book on 'Congressional Procedure' he wrote in his Hopkins days," showed "that constructive political genius which some Progressives believe to be of such recent origin."

Mr. Flexner aroused laughter by saying that he was fond of remarking that he and Wilson had been students at Johns Hopkins together, omitting to add that Wilson probably did not know of his presence there and that he had only a casual knowledge of the future President.

Others present included ex-Commissioner of Accounts Raymond B. Fosdick of the General Education Board, which recently made a substantial addition to the resources of the university; Dr Simon Flexner, Walker D. Hines, Dr. Rufus Cole, Prof. Arthur O. Lovejoy, Dr. Albert E. Shaw, Frederick H. Getman, Prof. James H. Hyslop, Benjamin Tuska, and Dr. E. R. L. Gould.

BECKER DECISION TO-DAY?

Rumor at Albany That Court of Appeals Is Ready to Hand It Down.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—It is generally believed here that a decision in the case of Charles Becker, who was convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, will be handed down to-morrow morning by the Court of Appeals, when the court term ends. It was said when the case was argued in December that a decision probably would be reached some time during February.

There have been many rumors about the outcome of the appeal. One of the most persistent is that a new trial will be granted Becker. Becker's attorneys sought a reversal of the verdict and dismissal of the indictment against him.

It is barely possible that a decision in the appeals of the four gunmen convicted in the Rosenthal case will be handed down with the decision in the Becker case.

Spring Fashion Number, The New York Times, March 15. Illustrations and descriptions of latest gowns and hats by the world's greatest dress designers. Order in advance.—Adv.

CHEER THE COLONEL AT LINCOLN DINNER

Eight Hundred Progressives Hear Perkins Attack Wilson Policies.

JANE ADDAMS A SPEAKER

National Chairman Says "The New Freedom" Should Be Called "The Old Bondage."

More than 800 members of the Progressive Party—the national organization—who seemed to lack none of the enthusiasm which marked the last Presidential campaign, attended the second annual Lincoln Day dinner last night in the Hotel Astor. There were fully as many women as men at the dinner.

Any apparent desire to return to the fold of the Republican Party was lacking. In fact, the Republican Party was labeled as a thing of the past, and was held up to ridicule. President Wilson was toasted as "the man of surpassing intellectual attainments," and there was generous applause.

An uproar followed when William Hamlin Childs, the toastmaster, said: "To the one who has done more to awaken the moral conscience of the American people than any man since the days of Abraham Lincoln—our absent leader, Theodore Roosevelt."

The diners rose to their feet and the Bull Moose calls were heard from every corner of the room.

George W. Perkins, National Chairman of the party, made the principal address, which consisted in large measure of an attack upon President Wilson's policy toward big business. The attack was cordially received. Mr. Perkins started off with a few words about the Republicans. He said he couldn't help doing it.

"There is an organization dining at the Waldorf," he said, "some 400 people, and all men. I hold the dinner card in my hand. Carefully appended to it is a list of women, segregated as guests. They are the guests of the Republican Club of the City of New York. But next we come to the President's table, and there are thirteen names in the list at that table. To make it more certain, the numbers are placed alongside each name on the left side, and each number is encased with a heavy black line. You see, they are getting used to it. At last they have seen into the future. And to make things more certain. I see they have put my friend Sam Koenig, the County Chairman, at the head of the list and put the number 13 alongside his name. There is absolutely no subject for discussion indicated. I agree with that, they have no subject worthy of discussion."

There was no speakers' table at the Progressive dinner, and the addresses were delivered from a rostrum at one side of the hall. John M. Parker of New Orleans, a former Democratic leader of Louisiana, was the first to be called on. He said the Republican Party had built up in the South the most corrupt political machine ever organized and one to which no Southerner could ever swear allegiance. The Southerners, he said, also felt that the Democratic Party had outgrown its days of usefulness and that the leaders had become arrogant. The Progressive Party, he said, had sprung up as the only one in which people from all sections of the country could join to fight for justice.

Miss Jane Addams of Hull House spoke next, and her appearance on the rostrum was greeted with prolonged cheering. To Miss Addams had been given the topic "Social Justice Through National Action." Miss Addams said that the politicians had too long been in sole control of the situation.

Mr. Perkins said the trouble with our lawmakers was that they were browsing around among musty law books looking for precedents and fearing to act in the absence of precedents. It was inevitable, he said, that any effective regulation of business concerns having interstate and international dealing must ultimately come through Federal control. Business, he said, should not be left to grope and flounder as best it can or to the personal judgment of some State or Government official who happened to be temporarily in office.

"The Republican Party offered dissolution as a solution of the problem of how to handle business that is National in its scope, and no greater fiasco has ever been witnessed," he said. "The Democratic Party, as we understand it at this moment, in their proposed trust legislation, is merely adding to the already complicated legal machinery that clogs and thwarts a solution of this question."

"We are told by the present Administration," Mr. Perkins continued, "that we are to be given a 'new freedom'; that this 'new freedom' is to be a return to old competitive methods in business; that the chief object at the moment is to restore us to the freedom enjoyed by our forefathers; but no statement is made, no programme or policy mapped out, to show what this really would mean. And yet it is undeniable that the conditions under which our fathers did business caused the sweatshop, child labor, long working hours for men and women in industry, unsanitary conditions for labor, adulteration in food, and almost every immoral practice known to the business world.

"Are we going to re-establish this condition and call it the new freedom? A much more appropriate name would be the old bondage. We need not have much concern about a lack of competition, for if our present tariff and corporation policies are persisted in, the rest of the world will give us all the competition we want, both at home and abroad."

"While this industrial revolution is going on," Mr. Perkins said later, "our Government is fast asleep. The German Government is wide awake. Yesterday, out of the air across the ocean, came the message: 'Wireless links United States with Germany,' and our answer went back, 'Impossible: Seven Sisters and Five Brothers object.'"

Everett Colby of New Jersey spoke on "National Growth of the Progressive Party." Frank A. Munsey, who not long ago came out in favor of a reunion of the Progressive and Republican Parties, did not speak. Francis W. Bird, County Chairman, said a few words in introducing the toastmaster. Among the diners were Bainbridge Colby, Richard Harding Davis, Dr. Henry Moscowitz, Frederick M. Davenport, Elon H. Hooker, and John A. Kingsbury.

BLACKBURN LAUDS LINCOLN.

Ex-Confederate Soldier Turns First Sod for National Memorial.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Ex-Senator Joseph C. S. Blackburn, a veteran of the Confederate Army, turned the first spadeful of sod for the memorial to Abraham Lincoln in West Potomac Park to-day.

Only a small group of persons gathered to witness the significant event. With uncovered head Mr. Blackburn spoke in high praise of the memory of the President against whom he fought half a century ago.

"This memorial will show that Lincoln is now regarded as the greatest of all Americans," said Senator Blackburn, "and that he is so held by the South as well as the North. To-day we let the country know that this great work has been begun and will be carried on steadily until its completion."

M. F. Comer of Toledo, Ohio; Col. W. W. Harts, Lieut. J. A. O'Connor, U. S. A.; H. A. Vaile, John F. Bethune, and Henry Bacon sought turns with the spade for the honor of helping to break ground for the memorial.

In the Senate to-day it was a Southerner who made the motion to adjourn out of respect to the memory of Lincoln. [illegible] was made without [illegible] by Senator Overman of North Carolina, following the reading of Lincoln's Gettysburg address by Senator [illegible] Kentucky.

INCOME TAX RULING.

All Classes of Public Securities Non-Taxable.

The Investment Bankers' Association calls attention to the fact that the new decision of the Treasury Department, reversing decision 1,910, excludes from the operation of the income tax law practically every form of public security. Under the former decision, rendered on Dec. 4, 1913, both the strictly assessment obligations of organized municipalities and the general or assessment obligations of special taxing districts were held not to be the obligations of political subdivisions and would be taxable.

As it is impossible from an inspection of the coupon to know the law as to its payment, the result would have been chaotic in the deduction at the source, practically compelling banks to make the deduction on all municipal coupons pending a decision as to their taxation. The Investment Bankers' Association, through its counsel, obtained a suspension of this ruling on Dec. 24, and headed a delegation to Washington of bankers and State and municipal representatives protesting against the decision.

The department held to the ruling, but continued the suspension while the queston was referred to the Attorney General, with briefs of counsel for the association. Briefs were also filed on behalf of several States and municipalities, including the States of California and Missouri and the City of Chicago. A number of Senators and Congressmen joined in the protest.

The decision now made entirely reverses the original decision and leaves incomes from all classes of public securities non-taxable. The association was also instrumental, with Congressman Cordell Hull, in preventing the department from requiring the inclusion of income from municipal bonds in the form of individual return. Despite the broad language used on the individual returns, such income is not intended to be included, and new forms are said to be in preparation which will make this fact more clear.

AIM TO CURB PARCEL POST.

Senate Committee Against Burleson Increasing Weight and Cutting Rates

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Senate Committee on Post Offices has adopted an amendment to the Post Office Appropriation bill intended to curtail the plan of Postmaster General Burleson to increase the weight limit of parcel post packages and prevent a probable reduction in the parcel post rates. The amendment provides that no change be made in the existing weight limits, rates of postage or zones of fourth class mail matter until authorized by law.

The amendment is bound to meet with opposition on the ground that it prevents the Postmaster General from meeting cuts in rates or changes in zone limits by the express companies. The express companies may make such changes by merely giving sufficient notice.

Senator Bankhead of Alabama, Democrat, Chairman of the committee; Senator Bryan of Florida, Democrat, and Senator Bristow of Kansas, Republican, advocated the amendment. Several members voted against the proposal.

It was asserted by Senators who voted for the amendment that the parcel post was being operated at a loss and that it was necessary to check reduction in rates or increases in the weight of packages.

LORD ST. LEDGERS LOOKS FOR VICTORY

England's Polo Sponsor Will Have His Team Fit Leaving Home.

WILL BRING GOOD PONIES

Westminster's Famous Energy to be Among the Mounts of Challenging Polo Team.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Lord Ashby St. Ledgers, who has arranged to take a team to the United States this year in an attempt to recover the International Polo Cup, has just returned from Madrid, where his team had several practice games. King Alfonso, who is keen on polo, is very much interested in the coming international matches, played in a practice game in Madrid last month, and has provided suitable accommodations for the Englishmen's ponies, which number about sixty-four head. Good grounds are at the disposal of the Englishmen in Madrid.

During the present month Lord St. Ledgers returns to Spain, taking the following players with him: Major B. Mathew Lannowe, Capts. F. W. Barrett, H. A. Tomkinson, E. W. E. Palmes, Vivian Lockett, C. F. Hunter, and H. G. M. Railston. These are the eight ployers who will go the United States with Lord St. Ledgers, expecting to arrive about ten days before the first international match, which is to be played June 9, at Westbury, L. I. Lord St. Ledgers when interviewed to-day said: "The chief point of difference between the plans for my team and those followed by other English sides which have played for the International Cup is that instead of waiting until we get to the States before definitely completing the side I shall hope to have a team ready made before I leave home, and this is why we are availing ourselves of the privileges of getting practice in Spain. The ponies will leave for the States May 16. I expect to send about thirty.

"I have heard it said that the Americans hope to have an advantage in ponies, but I don't think that this will be so. The Duke of Westminster has been kind enough to lend us his famous pony Energy, and my idea is to build up the side slowly and carefully, so as to allow it to grow in strength. Until we arrive at this really homogeneous combination it will be impossible to secure the necessary fast practice games in the States prior to the international games, but as the result of our play in Madrid and London I am hopeful that the team will arrive fit for work almost at once."

MILITANTS BURN LIBRARY.

Destroy a Carnegie Institution—Returning to the Use of Bombs.

BIRMINGHAM, Feb. 12.—The Carnegie Library at Northfield, Worcestershire, six miles south of Birmingham, was to-day destroyed by fire set by an "arson squad" of militant Suffragettes. All the books were burned and only the shell of the building was left standing.

Papers were found strewn around the place bearing the words: "To start your new library" and "Give women the vote."

A tube charged with high explosives was found to-day on a window sill of Moor Green Hall, Highbury, near here, the residence of Arthur Chamberlain, brother of the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain.

A fuse attached to the bomb was connected with a photographer's lamp in which a candle had been burning. The flame, however, was extinguished before it reached the fuse.

A postcard addressed to Reginald McKenna, the Home Secretary, was found near by. It bore the words, "Militancy is not dead, but if you are not already you soon will be." A quantity of suffrage literature was left near by.

BROKER FENNER CAUGHT.

Absconding London Dealer Is Under Arrest in Paris.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Feb. 13.—The Paris correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says he is officially informed by the police that the missing London stock broker, Charles Edward Fenner, was arrested yesterday morning in Paris. He admitted his identity and is now held awaiting extradition.

Fenner was concerned in the Marconi shares affair, and was later charged with fraudulent conversion.

CONVICTS ACT AS GUARDS.

1,400 Auburn Prisoners March to Chapel Under Their Own Captains.

AUBURN, Feb. 12.—Fourteen hundred convicts, observing Lincoln's Birthday, marched from cells to chapel to-day in charge of convict Captains elected by the prisoners several weeks ago as their representatives in the Mutual Welfare League. The convict officers relieved the regular officers of their usual duties and maintained excellent discipline.

The holiday entertainment included an oration on Lincoln by a prisoner. Addresses were made by Thomas Mott Osborne, Prof. E. Stagg Whitin, and Prof. Henry T. Mosher.

COMMONS REJECT LABOR AMENDMENT

Colonial Secretary Cautions Against Interference with Dominions' Autonomy.

LORDS DEMAND AN ELECTION

Vote on Motion on Home Rule Question Follows Party Lines—Outlook Regarded as Improving.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—"You could easily smash the British Empire in a day's debate in Parliament if you tried to interfere with the autonomy granted to its various parts," was the gist of the reply given to-day by Lewis Harcourt, Secretary for the Colonies, to the amendment moved by the Labor members in the House of Commons to the Address in Reply to the King's Speech.

The Laborites suggested that the Government withhold its assent to the bill introduced by Premier Botha of South Africa indemnifying the South African Government for its act in deporting the strike leaders after the recent general strike there.

Without defending the action of the South African Government, Mr. Harcourt pointed out that there were only 1,250,000 whites to 5,000,000 South African natives, who, when work had ceased at the mines, became hungry and dangerous. He added:

"That is the sort of volcano on which every one was sitting in South Africa."

Mr. Harcourt declined to advise the King to withhold his sanction from the bill if it passed, and he declared that such advice would be entirely unjustifiable. He urged the speakers during the debate to be careful of the sensitiveness of the self-governing dominions and to refrain from saying a word derogatory to autonomous government.

The Laborite amendment was defeated by 214 votes to 50.

The House of Lords to-day adopted an amendment to the Address in Reply to the Speech from the Throne demanding a general election on the question of Home Rule.

Two hundred and forty-three peers voted for the amendment and 55 against it. The vote followed strict party lines.

The Irish loan advanced a point on the London Stock Exchange to-day. This, with the jump in consols, creates the belief that the Home Rule outlook is improving

AGAIN REFUSES TO EXHIBIT.

British Decision Regarding Fair Not Changed, Says Asquith.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Premier Asquith to-day again refused British official participation in the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco.

When asked in the House of Commons by Waldorf Astor to reconsider the matter, Mr. Asquith said:

"The British Government recently reconsidered the question of participation in the exposition at San Francisco, but regrets that it does not feel able to modify its previous decision."

MEXICAN WOUNDS AMERICAN OFFICER

Continued from Page 1.

now await the return of Admiral Fletcher's ship from Tampico and the arrival of the first division of dreadnoughts, probably Feb. 16.

Mrs. Cook and Miss McKenzie sailed to-day on the Morro Castle. Among the other passengers were Mrs. Henderson and two other American women, refugees from Zacatecas, who say they were compelled to flee because the Governor of Zacatecas announced that he was unable to guarantee them further protection, giving as his reason the removal of the embargo on arms, as a result of which, he said, the neighborhood was filled with armed insurgents.

FEDERAL RECRUITS ESCAPE.

More Than 200 Across the Border—Villa Captures Eleven.

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 12.—The Federal recruits who made a successful dash across the Rio Grande at Ysleta last night apparently were safe from pursuers to-day, although Gen. Villa, at Juarez, said that detachments of his men were scouring the country southeast of here.

Eleven prisoners, including José Maria Martinez, were brought into Juarez. Reports that twenty-seven had been shot across the river from Ysleta were not confirmed. Martinez is said to be a relative of the Federal General, Pascual Orozco.

Four Mexicans rounded up by Capt. Davidson of the Thirteenth Cavalry last night were ordered kept under close surveillance to-day. Juan Rodriguez, one of the number, said that before the arrival of the American troops the Mexicans made off with twenty-seven horses. This statement corroborates that of a Corporal of the Fifteenth Cavalry, who, while secreted in a ditch, saw three small detachments of Mexicans, all mounted, leave a corral in the direction of the river. Rodriguez said he was employed to care for the horses by the Mexican Federal Consul at El Paso, Alfredo Musquiz, but this allegation was denied by that official.

Nobody could be found to claim the horses saved by the arrival of the troops last night. Meanwhile, Gen. Hugh L. Scott, in command at Fort Bliss, instructed his officers to have nothing to do with the animals, lest the army be put to the labor and expense of caring for them.

There are about 200 of them, or, with the twenty-seven with which the Mexicans got away, almost enough to mount the whole force, which is said to have numbered 258 men.

The failure of any unquestioned owner to-day to appear led to the conclusion that the first suspicion that the horses and saddles had been secretly collected at the corral where they were found as a part of a plot was correct.

As the incident constitutes a violation of the neutrality laws of the United States the investigation devolves upon Robert T. Neill, the United States District Attorney stationed here. Gen. Scott turned over to the prosecutor the information gathered by his men, but the attorney said he had been unable to get an investigation really under way to-day, although he was making preliminary inquiries.

It is probable that a search warrant will be issued for certain buildings in Ysleta, to ascertain if any munitions of war were left behind, or to obtain evidence which may implicate persons suspected of having aided the plot from this side.

It appears to be the purpose of the recruits to join another Federal force in the vicinity of Ojua Agua, a hamlet not far from the railroad betwen here and Chihuahua. Villa's spies reported that it was the purpose of this force to wreck the railroad in the vicinity of Villa Ahumada. Attached to one of the saddles captured last night by the Americans was a box of dynamite fuses, which is regarded as indicating that the railroad was, and probably still is, the objective of the band.

The advertising rate of The New York Times, 40 cents per agate line, with circulation Sunday and daily exceeding 200,000, makes the cost less than one cent a line for each 5,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, newspaper advertising in the world.—Adv.

CUT OFF TAMPICO WATER.

Rebels Also Said to Have Darkened a Lighthouse Near the City.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Feb. 12.—Col. Alberto Fuentes, Chief of Staff for Gen. Pablo Gonzales of the Constitutionalist forces, has wired a San Antonio newspaper from Aldamas, Mexico, that the Constitutionalists have cut off the water supply of the City of Tampico and have put out the light of the Altamira lighthouse in order to oblige the Federals to come out and fight.

"Gen. Villareal," the message continues, "took possession of the Government of this State, (Tamaulipas.) Gen. Gonzales came to be present at the ceremony, as well as Gens. Jesus Carranza and Francisco Murgia, Cols. Herberto Jara of Vera Cruz, Alberto Fuentes of Aguascalientes, Atillano Barrea of Coahuila, Antonio de la Paz Guerra of Nuevo Leon, Lieut. Col. J. Hernandez Garcia, Lieut Col. J. Ramirez Quintanilla of the State of Queretaro, and many other officers, representing several States. The ceremony was simple and imposing. The people of the town cheered it with 'vivas' for the Constitutionalists."

VILLA FRIENDLY TO NEUTRALS.

Gives Safe Conduct to Two Spaniards Who Have Not Aided Huerta.

JUAREZ, Feb. 12.—An object lesson which Gen. Villa desires shall be made public as illustrating his attitude toward Spaniards resident in rebel territory was given at the General's headquarters today when he received José Marin, a Spanish mine owner of Chihuahua, and José Muslera, a Spanish merchant of the same city.

Villa has repeatedly declared his intention of executing every Spaniard convicted of political activity in behalf of the Federal Government, although efforts have been made by his agents in Washington to give a milder interpretation to his utterances.

The friendly note of to-day's interview, therefore, is regarded as an indication that the General's enmity does not extend to all Spaniards.

"What do you want?" inquired Villa as he squared around in his little combination office and bedroom and faced his visitors.

"We wish merely to return to our homes and conduct our business," replied Marin, who acted as spokesman.

"I will give you both guarantees of safety, for I understand that you have maintained a neutral attitude as subjects of the crown of Spain. You may tell Spain, however, that any expulsion of Spaniards who assisted an assassin in overthrowing the Madero Government was intended as a lesson to them and to all others. Neutrals have nothing to fear. As you have lost much by the revolution, I will permit you to take $20,000 worth of supplies to your places of business without imposing an import tax."

After the interview Gen. Villa delegated Dr. Lyman Raschbaum, his physician, to report the interview to the press as correctly defining his attitude.

Having received no confirmation of a telegram saying that Maximo Castillo, the bandit who fired the Cumbre Tunnel, had been executed, Gen. Villa today admitted that the report was probably untrue.

The telegram was signed "Constitutionalist Officers," and on its receipt Villa expressed doubt as to its authenticity.

6,000 IN EL PASO CAMP.

More Mexican Refugees Every Day—Forty Babies Have Been Born.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The number of Mexican refugees being fed and housed by the United States Army steadily increases from day to day. The total is now more than 6,000. Up to today, when a report was received from Brig. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, commanding at El Paso, there have been forty babies born in the refugee camps. Every baby is still living and doing well, Gen. Scott says, and the mothers and fathers, so far as known, are quite content with their surroundings.

None of the refugees seems to want to be sent back to Mexico except a few men of San Diego, who were what are known as "line guards" along the international boundary. These men were not in the army, but were civilian rangers, and they insist that they are illegally detained. The War Department acquiesces in this view and will take the matter up with the State Department in a few days and endeavor to have the line guards sent back to Mexico.

The Huerta Government has communicated to this Government its willingness to pay the cost of feeding a portion of the refugees held by the army, but there has been no remittance as yet of funds for that purpose.

REBELS DESTROY A TRAIN.

Kill All the Guards and Many Passengers and Cut the Line.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 12.—The rebels to-day again cut off the oil supply from Tampico over the railroad into San Luis Potosi, this time emphasizing their work by the total destruction of a passenger train, wiping out the military escort and killing and wounding many passengers.

At Las Canoas, twenty-five miles south of Cardenas, dynamite mines were exploded beneath a passenger train from Tampico. A battle between the Federal escort of fifty and the rebels ensued, in which all the Federals were killed.

Most of the passengers who were in the rear cars fled to the brush, and some of them succeeded in reaching near-by stations.

The train was destroyed by fire, after which the rebels tore up almost a mile of track. A military train has been dispatched to the scene from Cardenas.

Mexican officials have so far made no efforts at retaliation against American residents here since the lifting of the embargo on arms from the United States, but it is no secret that the close personal relations formerly existing between Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American Chargé d'Affaires, and President Huerta are somewhat strained. They have not seen each other since the day the embargo was lifted, although Mr. O'Shaughnessy has sent to the President a note protesting against the animus displayed in the editorials published by the newspaper El Imparcial. The President did not answer the note, but the Foreign Office to-night sent an order to El Imparcial to cease its editorial attacks upon President Wilson.

There have been no developments in the general military situation; but the residents of the capital anticipate some action at an early date in the region around Torreon. Should the rebels gain a decided victory there, it is feared by many foreigners that trouble in the capital may be precipitated by rebel sympathizers.

The members of the European colonies, particularly the English, have resumed their efforts at organization for defense. Rifles and machine guns have been moved to the British Legation, and it is said that the British Government will be asked to grant permission for the transfer to the capital of a sufficient number of marines from the cruiser Essex to handle the machine guns. To avoid raising the question of establishing a legation guard, it is proposed that only five or six marines be landed in an unofficial capacity.

What the War Department regards as a serious reverse to the movement by the Sierra Indians in the State of Puebla was administered to-day at Zacatlan, according to official reports made public to-night. These reports said that after six hours of fighting 84 rebels were killed and the town of Zacatlan was reoccupied by the Federal forces. The Federal loss was not given. Both sides used cannon in the fighting.

IMPARCIAL'S INSULTS STOP.

But the Manner of Their Stopping Is Not Courteous.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 12.—The result of Nelson O'Shaughnessy's note to Foreign Minister Moheno, in which he remonstrated against the editorials of El Imparcial, was that this morning the paper published no article, editorial or otherwise, which could give offense to President Wilson or Americans generally. It is understood that the Government ordered El Imparcial not to repeat its abuse of President Wilson, although the reason given for this order—that it is "offensive to the American colony, which is not responsible for the actions of President Wilson"—can hardly be taken as a courteous acknowledgment of Mr. O'Shaughnessy's protest.

Señor Moheno refused to comment on the note to-day, although he admitted that he had received it. It is not believed that he answered it, although the Embassy refuses to talk regarding either the note or the answer to it.

An attempt made to-day to ascertain whether the note was written in accordance with orders from Secretary Bryan or on Mr. O'Shaughnessy's own responsibility elicited no answer.

The property of Vicente Segura, the millionaire ex-bullfighter, who lives in Hidalgo and recently engaged in revolutionary activity, has been confiscated by President Huerta, according to reliable advices received here. The confiscation was carried on quietly and the action was not generally known here.

It is thought possible that similar action will be taken with regard to the property of other Mexicans who are with the rebels or are known to be rebel sympathizers.

AVENGE AMERICAN SOLDIER.

Federals Execute Two Men Accused of Killing Negro.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Feb. 12.—John Lind has received a wireless dispatch from Admiral Fletcher, telling of the summary execution at Tampico of the Federal Lieutenant and Sergeant responsible for the killing of the discharged American negro soldier, Fred Martin, whom they waylaid and robbed.

Rodolfo Reyes sailed on the Navarre for Havana this afternoon. He was a prisoner all the time here, the secret police refusing to allow him to hold any conversation with his political followers here. His brothers in Mexico City are said to be held under strict surveillance by the police to guarantee Rodolfo's good behavior away from home.

Several correspondents here tried to get interviews with Reyes, but failed, as the Inspector of Police would not let him make any statements. When asked by THE TIMES correspondent for some political information, the ex-Minister refused to talk on the interesting subject.

Keeping Informed

Our service bulletins are valuable to investors and prospective ones.

A system of records maintained by our Department of Service enables us to keep a client fully and continuously informed upon developments in matters that interest him.

Your name and address will permit us to tell you about it.

F. S. Smithers & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1857
44 Exchange Place
MEMBERS OF NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

The Briggs
Air-O-Player
PIANO

IS absolutely and unequivocally the finest type of pneumatic "*player-piano*" in the world—both in principle and in construction.

The Air-o-Player is constructed of the very finest materials, scientifically assembled and adjustable to the nicety of watch regulation, and is covered by an *unlimited* guarantee. Think what this means to you as a possible purchaser.

We also carry
The Artistone
PLAYER-PIANO

This attractive instrument is the only complete piano on the market that contains a Player mechanism which is *thoroughly reliable* and at the same time sold at a *popular price*. This style is especially adapted for homes, studios and the like, and is a very desirable piano in every respect.

Sold on Easy Payments.

Allow us to demonstrate these instruments for you.

CHAS. H. DITSON & CO.,
8-10-12 East 34th St.

DESIRABLE OFFICES
At Reasonable Rental

Because of the removal to New York of my New Haven offices, necessitating new and much larger quarters in the Cuyler Building, my present New York offices at 315 Fourth Avenue will soon be vacated. These offices consist of about 1,200 sq. feet and are divided into five rooms with handsome partitions, lighting fixtures, etc. The offices are all ready for a firm to step in and start business without spending a cent for fixtures or alterations. Could be used by three firms, providing a private office for each and a large general office, together with extra private consulting room. Offices were first fitted up for Good Housekeeping Magazine. Excellent location for any sort of business, particularly textiles, publishing, advertising, etc. Will make rental concession based on three years' lease.

Charles W. Hoyt
Advertising and Sales Management.
315 Fourth Avenue, New York

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34 PAINTINGS
BY
FRAGONARD
In Aid of the Artist Fund Society
the French Benevolent Society
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E. GIMPEL
& WILDENSTEIN
Specially Selected Galleries for this Exhibition.
673 Fifth Avenue (at 53rd St.)
From Jan'y 31st to Feb. 14th.
Entrance Fee 50c

Smoky Fireplaces
Made to Draw
Cooking Odors
Carried Out of the House
Payment Conditional on Success.
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Heating--Ventilating--Air Filtration

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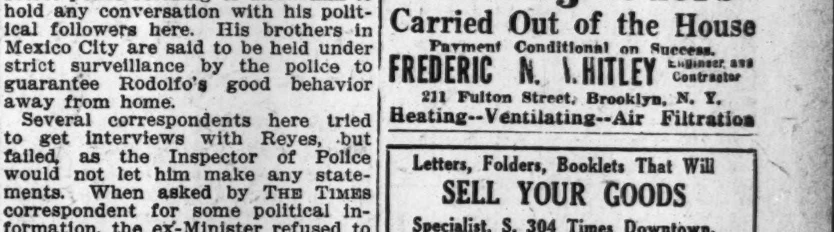
SELL YOUR GOODS
Specialist, S. 304 Times Downtown.

Omega Oil
for
Cold in Head
and Catarrh

Put a teaspoonful of Omega Oil in a cup of boiling water, then inhale the steam which goes through the passages of the nose and throat. This simple treatment usually gives quick relief.



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Second Avenue and Tenth Street
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With the first New York engagement of
Mr. Jack Haskell
AND
Miss Angie Wiemers

The sensational American dancers who have been so popular and successful at the Palace Theatre, London; Cerio's, Paris; Winter Garden, Berlin; Apollo, Vienna, and who will be pleased to instruct the patrons.

REAL FUN AND A GOOD TIME

Exceptional food and service, both having the personal attention of Mr. Troy Alexander, previously of "Old Rector's."

Formerly Cafe Boulevard
'Phone—Orchard—4040.

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The Oldest State Bank in New York. The Largest Bank of its age in the United States

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114 Years at 40 Wall Street

The Forester's Daughter

A Story of Youth for Youth by Hamlin Garland

"Play fair with the public," writes Mr. Garland. "Tell the intending purchaser just what my story is about and let *him* supply the adjectives. I'm tired of superlatives and no doubt the reader is also." Therefore, we say this latest book of Hamlin Garland's is a love story of Colorado and concerns Berea (daughter of Supervisor McFarlane of Bear Tooth Forest) and the men who try to win her hand. She has a grip like a steel trap and is entirely competent on the trail. She is attracted by a young Eastern "tourist," "Mothers" him, defends him, and—but that is the heart of the story and we can't give you that. We merely say it is in the author's lighter vein, and has no problem—an idyll of the high country.

FOR SALE
At All Book Stores
Harper & Brothers
New York City

Dobbs & Co Hatters
242 Fifth Ave. between 27th & 28th Sts.

Proper derbies and soft hats for gentlemen in Dobbs & Co's Fifth Avenue Hats—$5.

Knapp-Felt, $4.
Knapp-Felt De Luxe, $6.

CHICAGO LIMITED
Leave New York 2 P. M. Arrive Chicago 8 P. M. via Lackawanna—Michigan Central.

Lackawanna Railroad

All-Steel Electric Lighted Sleepers.

TICKET OFFICES:
Broadway " Cor. Wall St.
" Howard St.
" 28th St.
" 42nd St.
Brooklyn, 505 Fulton St.

Printed Persuasion.
Ask on your letterhead for my unique method of convincing you of the power of my circular letters. E. M. DUNBAR, 1 Rowena St., Boston, Mass.

The advertising rate of THE NEW YORK TIMES, 40 cents per agate line, with circulation Sunday and daily exceeding 200,000, makes the cost less than one cent a line for each 5,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, newspaper advertising in the world.—Adv.

DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

BERGSON ELECTED TO FRENCH ACADEMY

Becomes One of the Forty "Immortals," Succeeding the Late Emile Ollivier.

'REDISCOVERY OF THE SOUL'

One Feat with Which He Is Credited—MM. Capus and De la Gorce Also Enter the Academy.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Prof. Henri Bergson, the philosopher; Alfred Capus, the novelist and playwright, and Pierre de la Gorce, the historian, were to-day elected members of the French Academy.

It was over forty years since the Academy had been called upon to fill three vacancies in one day.

Léon Bourgeois, the veteran Radical-Socialist statesman and ex-Premier, one of the candidates, obtained three votes fewer than M. Capus.

Prof. Bergson succeeds the late Emile Ollivier as one of the forty "Immortals."

At the end of the year 1912 one of the London daily newspapers asked a number of more or less eminent persons what they regarded as having been the most important event of the year that was just closing. Most of the replies were of the expected character, mentioning the conquest of the air, radium, and other obvious triumphs of mankind over matter.

One notability, however, was original. He placed among the most important events of 1912 the "Rediscovery of the soul by Bergson."

It was in the year in question that M Bergson first came prominently into the notice of the English-speaking peoples. He visited London and afterward came to the United States, lecturing on his system of philosophy and on philosophical subjects generally. In England his works created what can only be described as a furor, and though his admirers in America are not apparently as numerous as in England, they are equally enthusiastic.

Bergson has not escaped without harsh criticism. The writer in an English review accused him of violating many of the fundamentals rules of logic and of ignorance of some of the first axioms of philosophy; but he emerged triumphantly from all this criticism, and is now regarded as the leading metaphysician of Europe.

The curious thing about Bergson's philosophy is that, like the philosophy of Schopenhauer, it is no more original than Buddhism or Vedantism could be claimed as original if now taught for the first time in the Occident. Schopenhauer obtained his ideas from that inexhaustible reservoir of metaphysic, India, though he never admitted it. Bergson has done the same thing, though he is more honest. His doctrine, in a sentence, is that the vital principle manifests itself through matter; and he thus comes sharply into conflict with the Monists and other products of the Darwinian-Haeckelian schools.

'WILTON DIPTYCH' FOR SALE.

Lord Pembroke to Part with an Heirloom Over 500 Years Old.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Feb. 13.—The Daily Graphic announces that the "Wilton Diptych," one of the most famous works of art in England, is in the market.

The diptych is of the period of King Richard II., and accordingly between 500 and 600 years old, but who the artist was is not known.

The first undoubted mention of the diptych was when it was in the collection of Charles I. at the Palace of Whitehall. The diptych came, about two centuries ago, into the possession of the eighth Earl of Pembroke, and has remained the property of the family ever since.

The late Lord Pembroke, who died last March, declined to lend it for exhibition, on various grounds, among others that changes of temperature might be harmful to it.

A well-known connoisseur yesterday described the diptych as "one of the most interesting and rarest things in England." It had already been the subject of large offers, made before Lord Pembroke's resolution to part with it became known.

In 1630 Abraham Van der Doort, who catalogued King Charles's pictures, thus described the diptych:

"An altar piece with gilded doors, wherein is painted on one side Richard II, kneeling in his golden robes to our Lady. Beside him is standing St. John the Baptist with a white lamb, and King Edward the Confessor with a ring on his left hand, is standing by, and St. Edmund, with an arrow in his left hand.

"And upon the other door our Lady and Christ, and some eleven angels all in blue, with garlands of roses upon their heads and badges of white hung upon their left shoulders."

B. Altman & Co.

are showing in the Silk Department New Importations of

Silk Taffetas, Moire Silks and Silk Poplins

in generous assortments of the leading colors.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

WOMAN TELLS OF CAPTIVITY

Mme. Sempere Was Held Seven Months by Moors—Cruelly Treated.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The adventures of a Frenchwoman, Mme. Eleonore Sempère, wife of a colonist in Morocco, who was captured by bandits and held prisoner for seven months, were recounted in the criminal court at Oujda yesterday, when one of the bandits was sentenced to a long term of imprisonment with hard labor.

Mme. Sempère stated that after the camp was attacked and six white men were killed she was seized by Moors and thrown across the crupper of a horse. For hours the party galloped with her across country. Next morning she learned that she was destined for the harem of Chenguiti, son of the rebel chief at Taza.

After two months in captivity Mme. Sempère gave birth to a son. She was treated with great cruelty by the Moorish women, who refused to give her even a glass of water and at times even threatened to run pins into her baby's eyes.

At the end of seven months her captors decided to surrender her, and she was taken to Melilla, where she was received by the Spanish authorities.

SMALL MUSTACHE BARRED.

"Toothbrush" Variety Forbidden to the Kaiser's Guards.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—War on the so-called English, or "toothbrush," style of mustache in the German Army has been officially declared by Gen. von Plettenberg, commander of the Guards Corps, who has issued a decree reading:

"Non-commissioned officers and men are to be instructed that the modern fashion of wearing the mustaches as a trifling tuft of hair under the nose is unsuitable for Prussian soldiers and irreconcilable with the true German character."

The Lokalanzeiger observes that the soldiers' women admirers will be truly grateful to Gen. von Plettenberg.

KAISER WANTS LESS SPEED.

Narrow Escape from Motor Accident Causes Orders to Police.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—The Tageblatt learns that in consequence of his narrow escape from an accident yesterday the Kaiser has ordered the police authorities to promulgate regulations to check the speed of motor cars.

The Tageblatt refers to the debate in the Prussian Diet yesterday, when one speaker said: "The members of our royal house drive their motor cars at a speed perilous for those who find it necessary to cross their paths."

FORCED KOKOVTZOFF OUT.

M. Krovoshein Likely to be Russian Premier Before Long.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 12.—The resignation of Premier Kokovtzoff was the direct outcome of a prolonged struggle between him and M. Krivoshein, the Minister of Agriculture, who is considered a masterful statesman.

M. Krivoshein is now abroad for the ostensible purpose of consulting physicians, but it is generally understood that he desired to be absent during the transition stage, leaving to others the task of deposing M. Kokovtzoff, who is popularly regarded as a bulwark against reaction.

The chief figure in the changes which are now going on is ex-Premier Goremykin, who acted a similar part during the period between the sudden departure of Count Witte and the accession of Premier Stolypin. Incidentally M. Goremykin had then to dissolve the insubordinate first Duma, but it is not likely that such a measure will be necessitated in the case of the quiet and obedient fourth Duma.

It is believed that a few months hence M. Krivoshein will assume the Premiership. Meanwhile no changes are expected in the internal and foreign policies.

Rumors were current to-night of the possible resignation of other Ministers, notably of Sergius Sazonoff, who holds the portfolio of Foreign Affairs. It is thought that he is likely to be succeeded by N. Schebeko, the Ambassador at Vienna.

OIL TRUST OBTAINS CHINESE CONCESSION

Gets Right to Work Valuable Fields—Our Legation Said to Have Aided.

BUT WASHINGTON DENIES IT

Japanese Also Sought the Concession Details of the Agreement Not Divulged.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Feb. 13.—The Morning Post's Peking correspondent cables:

"The Standard Oil corporation has concluded an agreement with the Chinese Government by which it acquires the right to explore the oil deposits of Northern China, particularly in Shen-Si.

"Should the deposits justify exploitation, the corporation will form a Chino-American company, in which the Chinese Government will have a share, and Chinese investors be allowed to acquire an interest, provided the corporation retains a controlling interest in it."

By Associated Press.

PEKING, Feb. 12.—With the assistance of the American Legation here, the Standard Oil Company, after long negotiations, to-day concluded with the Chinese Government an agreement which is considered of high importance.

The oil fields of the Province of Shen-Si and of the northern part of the Province of Chi-Li will be explored, and, if they prove sufficiently valuable, of which there seems to be no doubt, a Chinese-American company will be formed.

The Standard Oil Company will have a controlling interest in it, and the Chinese Government will receive a certain percentage of the shares.

Representatives of the Standard Oil Company and officials of the American Legation refused to divulge details of the transaction to-night, saying that the Chinese were unwilling to make a public announcement.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The State Department has been advised of the efforts of American oil interests to obtain control of Chinese oil concessions by officials at the American Legation at Peking.

The department itself has taken no part in the negotiations, and the American oil concern made the fight alone against powerful foreign competitors. Japanese particularly were deeply interested.

The oil fields are located at Yen-Chang, in the Province of Shen-Si, the third province inland from the coast and on a great bend of the Yellow River, with which the oil fields have connection through a considerable tributary. They are of large extent and have been worked in a small and crude native way for a long time.

Japanese at present operate the wells, which are piped with bamboo, and otherwise are of primitive construction.

A Belgian-owned railway is now being run into that country. This will afford an easy means of marketing the oil.

The After-Holiday Rush.

EXCHANGE BUFFET E.B. 1885 RESTAURANTS

Save time for your extra work by getting an "E. B." lunch. In and out in ten minutes, if you like. A wide choice of good, wholesome, well-cooked, savory dishes. Everything ready to be served. Put before you at once. No waiting. No frills. Moderate prices for the best food in the market. Try the special to-day—Fried Filet of Sole Tartar Sauce with Creamed Potatoes, 25c.

Good Cigars, No Liquors

EXCHANGE BUFFET RESTAURANTS

22 New Street
37 Broad Street
74 Broad Street
36 Beaver Street (cor. Broad)
90 Beaver Street (cor. Pearl)
19 Pine Street
15 John Street
Hudson Term. Bldg., on the Concourse
15 Dey Street
15 Liberty Street
11 Murray Street
354 Broadway
78 Walker Street
625 Broadway
740 Broadway (cor. Astor Place)
222 Fourth Av. (18th St.)
828 Broadway
26th Street (B'way to 5th Av.)
Broadway (S. E. cor. 33d St.)
5 West 35th Street
108 Park Avenue (cor. 41st Street)

"A Restaurant for Business Men"

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564, 566, 568 Fifth Avenue at 46th St.

Sports Coats for Spring

In smartness of cut the new Coats excel the styles of previous seasons, providing a silhouette in pleasing accord with the radical departures of the latest styles.

The new "Bell" Coat, "Tokio" models, the "Channel" Cape-Coat, Belted and English tailored styles, the Envelope Coat, and new models adapted from the Paris creations of Cheruit, Lanvin and other couturiers, in such splendid materials as golfine, wool-delaine, striped vicuna, waffle-checks and block-plaids; in white, begonia, tangerine, putty, amber, gold, reseda, and other new shades are among the features of this representative showing.

New Spring Suits

Two and Three-piece effects of silk and cloth are already assembled in extensive variety, presenting not merely the styles introduced by one or two designers, but the *best* ideas of ALL the noted *couturiers* of Paris.

PAQUIN TO EXHIBIT HERE.

Announcement Causes Resentment Among American Buyers in Paris.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The firm of Paquin has sprung a surprise on the American buyers who are here to obtain new fashion models by announcing to-day that it intends to give its own exhibition in America next month. month.

Mme. Joiré, sister-in-law of Mme. Paquin, will sail on Feb. 21 with six mannequins and 100 models. She will begin the exhibitions at the Ritz-Carlton in New York, and afterward go to Boston, Philadelphia, and Chicago.

The announcement has caused great resentment among the American buyers, who declare that they will now have nothing to do with the Paquin opening here, because, by taking the exhibition to America, Paquin is competing against his own customers. It is declared that the American exhibition will conflict with the exhibitions at American stores resulting from the buyers' trip here, attracting attention from them because it is a new departure.

Another cause of resentment is the fact that M. Paquin can pass his models through the customs as samples provided he takes them out in six months, while the American buyers must pay duty on their models. The Paquin firm's announcement reads, in part:

"The Messieurs Paquin wish to call attention to the fact that the exhibition is purely artistic and that in no case will orders be taken from any private customer. Buyers favoring them with their selections here will find the same models at the New York exhibition."

Japanese Budget Adopted.

TOKIO, Feb. 12.—The House of Representatives to-day adopted the Budget, which provides an appropriation of $62,000,000, spread over five years, for the expansion of the Navy.

PARIS WOMEN DEFIANT.

Prefect's Edicts Against Unprotected Hatpins Disregarded.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The police are beginning to believe that the Paris women are invincible. Twice has the Prefect issued stern edicts against unprotected hatpins, yet Parisiennes still cheerfully disobey them.

The Prefect to-day issued orders to guards and conductors to refuse admission to public vehicles to all women carrying unprotected hatpins. Inquiries at the headquarters of omnibuses and railways show that not a single report for such exclusion was made to-day, though there was hardly an omnibus in which a deadly hatpin was not plainly to be seen.

A passenger who pointed out one offending hatpin to the conductor of an omnibus received the reply: "Bother the Prefect's order! Passengers must be their own policemen."

HELD FOR BOY'S MURDER.

Tailor Arrested in Connection with the Crime Near Kieff.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—A Central News dispatch from St. Petersburg to-day reports the arrest of Pashkoff, a Jewish tailor at Fastoff, forty miles from Kieff, in connection with the murder last Dec. 9 of a boy known as Yoshel Pashkoff, supposed hitherto to have been his son.

The boy was found murdered and was buried after a post-mortem examination. Rumors of "ritual murder" were then spread, and the exhumation of the body was ordered. At the second examination this week, The Central News says, it was found that the boy was a Christian.

A woman called as a witness stated that the lad was really the son of a Christian law-court official named Taranthevitch employed at Vitomir, from which place the boy had fled. The arrest of Pashkoff followed.

It was said after the exhumation that thirteen wounds had been found in the boy's neck, between the ears.

CARSTAIRS RYE
FIRST AND LAST SINCE 1788

WCMAN SPEAKS NINE HOURS

Mrs. Warham Her Own Lawyer in British Court of Appeal.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Mrs. Katherine Warham, acting as her own advocate, to-day finished a remarkable speech of nine hours, extending over two days, in the Court of Appeal, from which she seeks an order for a new trial of an action which she fought unsuccessfully against a big London store which accused her of stealing three toy chickens and small articles of clothing.

Mrs. Warham's speech was marked by outbursts of indignation, sarcasm, and pathos. It was delivered in vibrant, passionate tones, with considerable elocutionary power, and apparently made a deep impression on the Judges, who permitted her every latitude.

Toward the end of her appeal one of the Judges asked her not to extend the case unduly, whereupon she concluded with: "I'm keeping back a lot, because I'm very sorry for you, my lord."

Goethals Exonerates Two by Cable.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Col. George W. Goethals, in a cablegram to-day to the Isthmian Canal Commission offices here, completly exonerated Lieut. Col. Eugene T. Wilson from any connection with the alleged transactions which led to the suspension of John Burke, manager of the Commissary Committee. Col. Goethals likewise declared that W. F. Shipley, chief clerk of the subsistence department, was "not involved" in the Burke suspension.

DROPS FROM AEROPLANE.

French Engineer Descends Safely in Parachute of His Invention.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—A young engineer named Orf succeeded to-day by means of a parachute of his own invention in dropping safely from an aeroplane in flight.

The experiment took place at Juvisy. Orf secured himself and the parachute underneath the aeroplane, between the two landing wheels. The pilot, Lemoine, then rose to a height of 900 feet. When he was ready he gave a sign to Orf, who then cast himself loose. He took forty seconds to reach the ground, and landed quite gently.

The pilot maintained the balance of the aeroplane without difficulty.

SWEDISH CRISIS CONTINUES.

Baron de Geer Unable to Form Cabinet—King Sends for M. Lindman.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 12.—The refusal of the Liberals to accept office has compelled Baron de Geer to withdraw from the task of attempting to form a Cabinet.

The King to-night invited the Conservatives to take control, and it is expected that M. Lindman, ex-Premier and Minister of Marine, will assume the Premiership.

The dissolution of the Riksdag will follow immediately.

J. B. GREENHUT. PRES.
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.

GREENHUT'S--The Store That Delights the Real Bargain Seeker

Most stores offer periodic "bargains" to tempt people to come and buy other things, on which profits are larger.

At "The Big Store" our whole business is done on daily bargains. We advertise them, because we want to sell them; for plenty more are always coming. It is part of our daily work to find bargains for our customers—genuine underprice offerings of good, reliable, most-wanted merchandise. And the thousands who depend upon us for them are never disappointed.

Every day is ECONOMY DAY at "The Big Store."

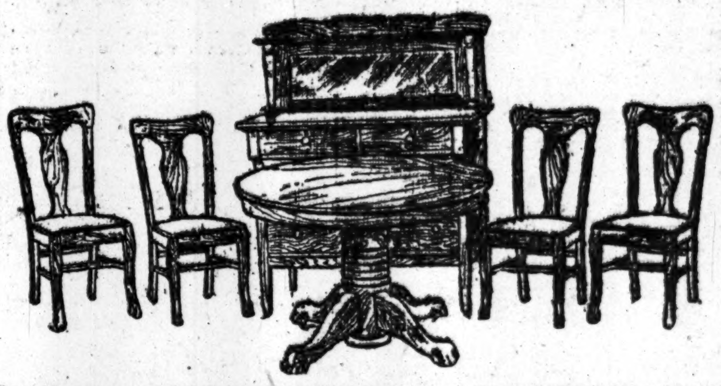
The Greatest Convenience of Shopping Is a Charge Account

We'll make it very easy for you to become a CHARGE CUSTOMER of "The Big Store," if you will call at our Department of Accounts, Balcony, MAIN Building.

GREENHUT BUILDING

You'll Pay a Lot More for This

Excellent Furniture *When Our February Sale Is Over*



And, of course, the sale will end when all these special lots are sold. Hundreds of homes are today enjoying the splendid furniture that has already been secured AT THE LOWEST PRICES OF THE YEAR. And every piece is of the SOUND, DEPENDABLE GREENHUT QUALITY. Nothing less can get into this store, no matter how little its price.

But, IF YOU WANT ANY FURNITURE AT ALL, this spring, COME NOW, while prices are away down—for EVERY PIECE OF FURNITURE ON OUR FLOORS is REDUCED—Some as much as 45%. Here's a specimen value, today:

$36.50 Six-Piece Golden Oak Dining Room Suites—as illustrated; consists of a $16 Buffet with large drawer, two small drawers, and large mirror; $13.50 Extension Table, 42 inches round, 6-ft. extension; four $1.75 Chase Leather Box Seat Dining Room Chairs; complete for $26.50

Separate Pieces—Buffet...$12.50—Table...$9.00—Chairs each...$1.25

MAIN BUILDING

$6.50 to $10 **Mantel Clocks** $3.95

On Sale Here, Today, at .....

IN DECORATED CHINA, MARBLEIZED IRON, MAHOGANY CABINET AND GRAY STEEL IRON, AS WELL AS A NUMBER OF "ODD" CLOCKS, INCLUDING TRAVELING CLOCKS, TO BE CLOSED OUT IN THIS SALE.

Really, this is a splendid collection of fine clocks which we are closing out at a fraction of their original price.

They are of the finest workmanship. Included are:

Eight-Day Clocks.

Cathedral-Gong-Strike Clocks (hour and half hour).

Clocks with 5-Inch Porcelain or Celluloid Dials, Etc., Etc.

The average size of these clocks is 11 inches high by 9½ inches wide.

Most of these are of the famous "Ansonia" and New Haven movements.

Your choice, today, of these $6.50 to $10 mantel clocks, at $3.95

GREENHUT BUILDING

A Small But Choice Collection of

Tapestry Brussels Rugs

Very Considerably Reduced In Price for Today

Only 250 in the lot. So you will perceive the necessity for coming EARLY to make your choice.

The designs are unique—the colorings are such as will go with any decorative scheme. Originating from one of the best mills in the country, they will be found to be durable and worthy.

Size 9x12; reg. $19.50; today, at... $13.75
Size 9x12; reg. $17.50; today, at... $11.75
Size 7.6x9; reg. $13.50; today, at..... $9.25

MAIN BUILDING

$1.50 Hand Bags, at 85c

Fine goat seal, crepe seal, pin Morocco, fine roan grained leather; silk- and leather-lined; chic pannier style; double top and double side handles; some have watch ornaments; these are mounted on rich, plain and fancy metal frames; many of them have the secure, pickpocket-proof "Duplex" safety catch.

$2 Hand Bags, at $1.35
$3 Hand Bags, at $1.70

GREENHUT BUILDING

The Name Tells the Story of Quality in This Great Sale of

"Wear-Ever" Aluminum Ware

The Lowest Prices Ever Quoted in the History of Our Housefurnishing Store For This Ware.

50c Lipped Sauce Pans—1-qt. capacity at 25c
75c Lipped Sauce Pans—2-qt. capacity; at 50c
60c Lipped Sauce Pans—1½-qt. capacity; at 30c
85c Lipped Sauce Pans—2½-qt. capacity at 60c
$1.10 Berlin Sauce Pans—3-qt. capacity; long handle and cover; at 85c
$1.70 Berlin Sauce Pans—6-qt. capacity; long handle and cover; at...... $1.30
$1.35 Berlin Sauce Pans—4-qt. capacity; at $1
$1.75 Preserving Kettles—ball handle; 6-qt. capacity; at $1.40
$1.85 Double Rice or Cereal Boilers — 2-qt. capacity; at... $1.45
$3.50 Tea Kettles—5-qt. capacity; sheet aluminum; at.. $2.65
Berlin Kettles—cover and ball handle; 4-qt. capacity; reg. $1.35; at............. $1
6-qt. capacity; reg. $1.70; at... $1.30
8-qt. capacity; reg. $1.95; at... $1.55
10-qt. capacity; reg. $2.30; at... $1.80
$1 Frying Pans—10-inch; at.......... 75c
Reg. $1.15, 10½-inch, 90c
Reg. 85c, 8½-inch....65c
Berlin Sauce Pots—with cover and side handles; 4-qt. capacity; reg. $1.35; at.......... $1
6-qt. capacity; reg. $1.70; at.. $1.30
8-qt. capacity; reg. $1.95; at... $1.55
60c Bread Pans—9¼x5¾ inches; at............. 45c
35c Jelly Cake Pans—9¼ inches in diameter; at............. 25c
65c Corn Cake Pans—six-cake size; at............. 50c
40c Pie Plates—8½ inches in diameter; at............. 30c

"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.-18TH TO 19TH ST.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

Double Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

WIRELESS TO BERLIN A SPLENDID SUCCESS

German Newspapers Send Messages in Reply to Greetings from America.

FIRST SENT TO THE TIMES

Official Thinks It Will Be Possible to Receive Six Messages Simultaneously at Sayville.

The exchange of greetings by direct wireless between the morning newspapers of New York and Berlin was completed before noon yesterday when the Sayville, L. I., tower of the Atlantic Communication Company received from the Berlin newspapers replies to the wireless messages sent them just before and after midnight on Wednesday. The first direct wireless messages between the United States and Germany were sent and received as a test of the huge new Telefunken tower at Sayville.

The transmission of the messages from the New York newspapers to the Berlin papers was finished about 12:15 A. M. yesterday. When the transmission was completed the Sayville station caught the first wireless message. It was addressed to THE NEW YORK TIMES and was received at 12:30:35 A. M. It contained greetings from First Burgomaster Wermuth of Berlin to Mayor Mitchel. Following this message came greetings from Ambassador James W. Gerard.

Just before 3 o'clock the Sayville station got into touch with the tower at Nauen, Germany, and picked up a message from one of the Berlin newspapers replying to the wireless greetings from New York. This message, however, was undecipherable. Several other attempts were made to get better connection with Nauen, but this was imposible, it was said, because California and Arlington had begun transmission. For two hours the operators at Sayville vainly tried to catch the Berlin messages that were being flashed over a distance of more than 4,000 miles, and the Nauen operators were equally as persistent.

A little before 9 o'clock efforts again were made to get in touch with Nauen, and the wireless operators this time had more success, notwithstanding the fact that conditions for long-distance communication are much better at night than in the daytime. At 9:10 o'clock the transatlantic wireless between this country and Germany was working very satisfactorily, and at 9:14 this message was received:

Berlin, Feb. 12, 1914.

Via Naun,
Times, New York:
Der Funke der in Freiheit verbindet was in Freiheit zeneiht mit Kollegialem Gruss.
VOSSISCHE ZEITUNG.

The message translated reads:

The spark binds in freedom what grows in freedom. Greetings from a colleague.

First Message to The Times.

Replies were received in turn for other New York morning newspapers from their Berlin contemporaries. In view of the fact that certain messages from Berlin purporting to be wireless messages received at Sayville appeared in newspapers sold on the streets before those messages were received at Sayville and transmitted to New York City, this statement was obtained from N. A. Boehme, United States manager of the Atlantic Communication Company, and L. Babbermann, supervisor, who personally conducted the transmission and receipt of the first international messages:

Telefunken Station,
Sayville, L. I., Feb. 12, 1914.

This is to certify that the first direct wireless press message transmitted to the United States from Germany by the Telefunken system was addressed to THE NEW YORK TIMES and received at the Sayville station at 12:35 A. M. to-day. The message was one of greeting from the Burgomaster of Berlin to Mayor John Purroy Mitchel of New York.
N. A. BOEHME,
Manager of Plant of A. C. Co.
L. BABBERMANN, Supervisor.

A message was received Wednesday night from Nauen and transmitted to the Telefunken station at Cartagena addressed to the President of Colombia. His reply last night is the following:

Radio Station, Nauen:
The President of Colombia sends greetings to great radio station, Nauen, wishing prosperity and thanking you for last night's courteous salutation.

This message was retransmitted by wireless to the wireless station at Nauen.

The Telefunken tower of the Atlantic Communication Company is about three-quarters of a mile west of Sayville, on an almost barren 100-acre tract of land. The tower rises about 500 feet above a small square house, where the generating, transmitting, receiving and other wireless apparatus is installed. The tower is of steel and is triangular, its sides being braced by single braces instead of the cross-brace usually seen in steel supports. The base of the tower is brought to what is practically a point, having a ball and socket at the bottom. The entire weight of the tower rests on a large glass insulator, and the tower is maintained in its proper place entirely by guy wires, made fast to six huge concrete anchorages, planted in a circle, with a radius 430 feet

The main antenna is of the umbrella type, and consists of twelve wires, radiating from the top of the tower in two segments of six wires, each segment covering an arc of about 120 degrees. The ends of each antenna wire are connected through large bell-shaped insulators to steel wire ropes, and these ropes are attached to the top and to the lower end of wooden poles about thirty feet high, the poles being set up so that they form a circle of approximately 2,300 feet in diameter about the tower.

The small building, looking almost like a pancake at the foot of the lofty tower, is divided into four principal compartments. One houses the generating apparatus, another contains 120 large storage batteries, from which the entire station draws its current; a third, subdivided, is used for the transmitting equipment, and a fourth, also subdivided, consists of the operating rooms.

How Messages Are Sent.

Messages are transmitted automatically by the Sayville station much in the same way that a musical selection is produced on a piano player. On receiving a message for transmission the operator there uses a key that looks like the Morse key. This key controls an electrical device which perforates dots and dashes on a tape run through the perforator. The tape is wound on a reel, is then set up in the operating room adjoining and run through the transmitting key proper. As the tape is unwound from the reel through the key its perforations produce the dots and dashes of the wireless code.

Meanwhile in the room where the transmitting apparatus is at work the relay system is pounding furiously. The amount of current in the transformer primary circuit is too large to be broken by an ordinary telegraph key, hence the current is controlled in steps by a system of three relays. The main relay, breaking the primary current, just as an operator's key breaks the current when it is stepped-down, causes a brilliant blue spark. Close to the relay is the tone controller, a device for indicating the number of sparks discharged each second.

The roar of the generators and the pounding of the relays is stopped when a message is being received. The receivers are the Telefunken upright type. Fritz Von Der Woude, engineer of the company, describing the receivers yesterday, said:

"The reception of two messages simultaneously is easily accomplished by a simple device which connects first one and then the other receiver to the antenna of high frequency, so that each receiver is in a circuit three or four times during the lapse required for a Morse signal. With the aid of this device and careful tuning we have been able to receive simultaneously three messages, one on a long wave and two on shorter waves. There is no reason why, with the equipment at Sayville, it should not be possible to receive six messages simultaneously."

GERMANY ENTHUSIASTIC.

Press Says Wireless Test Marks Epoch in International Relations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—The messages greeting Ambassador James W. Gerard and First Burgomaster Wermuth sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES in the early hours this morning were the first transmission of regular telegraphic traffic which had ever gone by wireless from Germany to the United States. None of the other messages sent by Berlin newspapers to newspapers in New York were transmitted until the Gerard and Wermuth dispatches to THE TIMES were sent flashing on their way 4,000 miles over land and ocean.

The Germans are very enthusiastic over the complete success attending the establishment of the "wireless link" between America and the Fatherland. The newspapers tonight publish elaborate descriptions of the scenes at the Nauen central station between midnight and dawn, asserting that they mark an epoch in international relations.

The entire press reproduces Ambassador Gerard's message to THE NEW YORK TIMES and First Burgomaster Wermuth's fraternal greeting to Mayor Mitchel. THE TIMES's message to The Vossische Zeitung of Berlin was the second to arrive at Nauen. It came along about 5:30 A. M. German time and was conspicuously clear. Practically all the others which followed were excellent, if not in entirely accurate shape. There was much curiosity in Berlin as to whether messages sent to New York reached Sayville with equal precision.

The Atlantic Communication Company authorities here are delighted over the success of the test. They have been communicating privately with Sayville for some months, but they don't think it feasible to throw open the service for general traffic until still greater improvements are effected. The trials, however, prove conclusively that wireless connection between Germany and the United States is now an assured and practical thing.

Est. 1849
Hazelton
PIANOS
"One of the few really artistic Pianos manufactured to-day."
"Not how many, but how good," has always been our policy.
Call, 'phone or write for Catalogue.
S. Hazelton
HAZELTON BROS. 66 University Place.
(One block west of Broadway at 11th St.)

THE PEASE PIANOS
The Choice of Over 86,000 Homes

The realization that the best article can be bought from the manufacturer direct at a smaller price is being appreciated more each day.

The fact that over 86,000 homes are using Pease Pianos is conclusive proof of the merit of our instrument. When you buy a Pease Piano you are assured of complete satisfaction, not only this year, but for years to come. As makers we stand behind every instrument with practically unlimited guarantee.

Upright Pianos, $225 Up.
Player Pianos, $475 Up.
Used Pianos, $125 Up.

Write for Catalog.

PEASE PIANO CO.,
128 West 42d Street, near Broadway, N. Y.
Brooklyn Branch: 34 Flatbush Av. | Newark Branch: 10 New St.
A full line of Victrolas in stock.

JUSTICES ASK LAW TO CONTROL COURTS

Bill Would Take Power Away from the Appellate Division.

PATRONAGE IN MEASURE

Trial Judges Say They Should Have Sole Jurisdiction of the Parts of the Court.

At the request of a majority of the Justices of the Supreme Court Assemblyman S. Clinton Crane of the Twenty-third District has introduced a bill in the Legislature taking from the Justices of the Appellate Division any control over the parts of the Supreme Court. For several years the Justices have chafed at the interference of the Appellate Division and have threatened many times to take steps in the direction of getting the control into their own hands. They have often said that the Supreme Court is the only court in the State where the power of the Judges is limited. One of the Justices said:

"Only a short time ago the stenographer of Part I was taken away from the part and it was left with no stenographer. When inquiry was made we learned that this was due to an order that came down from the Appellate Division. When we asked for an explanation we were told that the stenographer was needed by one of the official referees. As it is now, the library is under the control of the Appellate Division and so are the court officers. It is time the system was changed. We are weary of having our business upset and interfered with."

The bill provides for an amendment to Section 84 of the judiciary law. It strikes out the entire paragraph giving the Justice of the Appellate Division power of fixing a time and place for holding special and trial terms, assigning Justices, making rules, and regulating the sittings of the Justices. It eliminates from the section the words "Appellate Division" and gives to the Justices of the Supreme Court, "or a majority of them," the right from time to time to "make rules in respect to the new law library, Court House, and courtrooms of the Supreme Court." Among other powers taken from the Appellate Division by the bill and turned over to the Justices of the Supreme Court are these:

The right to appoint a confidential clerk of the appellate term, to appoint special deputy clerks to the County Clerk, and all necessary assistants to each of these special deputies; to designate and revoke at pleasure such designations, and to select one of the special deputies to be Supreme Court jury clerk of the district.

Section 109 is amended by the bill so as to give the Justices the power to appoint a stenographer of each part. Power is also bestowed upon the Justices to appoint four interpreters and to regulate the attendance and duties of the court officials. The bill also says:

"The salaries of the attendants of the Supreme Court in the First Judicial District shall be fixed by the Justices of said district or a majority of them not designated as Justices of the Appellate Division at a sum not exceeding $1,800 per annum."

If the bill is enacted into law the Supreme Court will be entirely removed from any contact with the Appellate Division and will be as independent as all of the other courts of the State. One of the Justices said:

"The Justices of the Appellate Division got control over the parts of the court by a steady pushing and getting a little more control every now and then. It is time it was stopped."

HURT BY AUTO, GETS $5,000.

Piel Motor Car Ran Into a Horse on Which Mrs. Caire Was Riding.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Feb. 12.—A jury in the Supreme Court before Justice Kelby brought in at midnight last night a verdict of $5,000 damages for Mrs. Julia A. Caire of Huntington in her suit for $15,000 against Gotfried Piel, the brewer, of East New York, Brooklyn.

On June 11 at Huntington a horse ridden by Mrs. Caire was thrown by a collision with an automobile belonging to Mr. Piel and driven by his chauffeur. Mrs. Caire suffered a fracture of the skull and other injuries.

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Guaranteed
First Mortgages on N. Y. City Real Estate
No investor ever lost a dollar on any of our mortgages.
Write for Booklet, "The Ideal Investment."
NEW YORK MORTGAGE AND SECURITY COMPANY
Under the Supervision of the New York State Banking Department.
135 Broadway, N. Y.
Capital and Surplus - $2,600,000

VOORHIS DEFENDS ELECTION BUREAU

Honest Ballot Association Has Stolen Credit for His Work, State Superintendent Says.

ILLEGAL VOTERS BLOCKED

9,570 of the 11,911 Names on the Challenge List Were Not Used on Ballots, He Tells Gov. Glynn.

John R. Voorhis, the State Superintendent of Elections, who is 85 years old and whose removal has been demanded by the Honest Ballot Association, filed his answer yesterday with Gov. Glynn at Albany to the charges made against him. Supt. Voorhis called attention to the fact that E. Stagg Within, Managing Director of the association, had said the last election was one of the most peaceable ever held in the City of New York, and that it was freer from fraud than any held before.

Supt. Voorhis asserted that the Honest Ballot Association had appropriated the credit for improving election conditions which belonged rightfully to him and to his deputies. He said that his practice of assigning deputies to districts with which they were familiar and which the Honest Ballot Association attacked was justified by its results, since 9,570 of the 11,911 names on the last challenge list had failed to vote. He asserted also that his deputies had won a high percentage of convictions for election crimes.

Supt. Voorhis admitted that he had declined to give the names of his deputies to the Honest Ballot Association, and defended the refusal on the ground that he wished his men to work unhindered. But he denied that he had refused or had failed to investigate allegations of fraudulent registration.

"I annex hereto a letter from the Honest Ballot Association, containing sixty-three names, which, it states, call for investigation. I call particular attention to the fact that this letter, requesting 'prompt attention' is dated Oct. 31, 1913, and was sent through the mail and was not received by us until Saturday, Nov. 1, 1913, at 6:15 P. M., and also to the fact that the only information supplied by the said letter was that the persons mentioned had apparently made a false or incorrect statement as to the place from which they registered in some prior year and did not furnish any facts as to residence in 1913. In the short time given to us we investigated every name on the list, and in a number of cases consulted with the Attorney General and we took steps to prevent those from voting who had no apparent right to vote, and our records show that of the said sixty-three names we prevented forty-three from voting. Moreover, in at least a dozen of the other cases the Honest Ballot Association was in error."

STERN BROTHERS
42nd and 43rd Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

For a limited period, orders will be accepted for
Afternoon and Evening Gowns, also Tailormade Suits
At the following Specially Reduced Prices:

Tailormade Suits, of the newest fabrics, from $69.50 upwards
Gowns, Copies of Latest Models, and made of the most desirable materials, from $85.00 upwards
Dressmaking Salon — Fourth Floor

To-day, Friday, on the Third Floor,
Final Clearance Sales of
Fur Coats, Muffs and Scarfs
At 33⅓ Less Than Formerly Reduced Prices
Women's Coats, of
Russian Pony, Hudson Seal, French Seal,
Persian Lamb, Scotch Moleskin, Raccoon,
Broadtail, Caracul, Ermine, Chinchilla Squirrel
including a limited number of Foreign Garments, in plain and combination furs, also
Separate Muffs, Scarfs & Matched Sets
in plain and novelty effects, of
Narobia Lynx, Black Wolf, Black Lynx,
Civet Cat, Moufflon, Skunk,
Persian Lamb, Caracul, Ermine,
Scotch Moleskin, Baum Marten, Bisam Seal,
Russian Sable, French Seal, Fitch,
Black, Pointed, Silver, White and Colored Foxes.
Also the remainder of Misses' and Children's Fur Coats and Sets; Men's Fur and Fur-lined Coats; Fur Floor Rugs and Fur Motoring Accessories,
At Corresponding Reductions

GIMBELS
The Sale of the BLUM STOCK BREAKS ALL RECORDS
In Quality, Quantity and Attendance
This statement can better be appreciated by those who remember some of the Big EVENTS we had in
THE SUBWAY STORE
since GIMBELS opened. The wonderful Sale overflowing with fine merchandise of every description at unapproachably low prices—Blum Brothers of Philadelphia had a first-grade stock, and it was kept new by the receivers—up to the last week, when Gimbel Brothers, New York and Philadelphia, bought it.
There's Nearly a Million Dollars Retail
and the goods are still arriving in a continuous stream. Then, again, we bought thousands of dollars' worth more from manufacturers at equally as great savings.
So There Will Be a New Sale Each Morning
There's a new one going on now—this morning.
Great Economies for Men, Women, Children and the Home. Despite the crowds, you may depend upon good service and quick delivery.
Without Reserve!--Mid-Winter Clean-Up

Of Men's Fine Overcoats and Suits At $21.50 Of GIMBEL $35 to $45 Grades.
Winter but half over—and here's a saving of $13.50 to $23.50—on all that are left of the higher grades of Suits and Overcoats in our stock at the above regular prices.
The news is all the better when you stop to figure a moment that GIMBEL prices on clothing of such high character are lower by dollars than prices asked by many other stores for equal quality.
Plenty of heavyweight Suits and Overcoats for now, and lighter weights for later on in the Spring.
Styles, being designed for this season's business, are naturally favored by well-dressed men—with sweeping variety. Every size in each lot, from 33 to 46 chest, though not in every style.
At $21.50 your choice of a Suit or Overcoat will bring fine returns on your investment.
This Is Half-Price Time on All Men's Fur and Fur-Lined Coats
Take your pick of any Coat in the collection, and pay half the price marked on the ticket. You are perfectly safe in every case, for we guarantee every coat we sell as to the truth of our statements as to the furs.
Men's $5 to $6.50 Trousers, $3.50 Pair
This is a clean-up of odd lots in plain or striped worsteds for business or dress wear.
Fourth Floor
ORIENTAL RUGS
A Main Aisle Display and Sale
From one end of the Main Aisle to the other stretches a rich collection of individually selected specimens of Oriental Rugs of great merit, and marked at exceptionally low prices. There are—
Fine Kirmanshahs averaging 4 ft. 2 in. x 6 ft. 4 in., special at $50.
Mosul Rugs averaging 4 ft. 4 in. x 6 ft., special at $17.50.
Cabistan Rugs averaging 3 ft. 6 in. x 5 ft. 6 in., special at $30, $35 and $40.
Beluchistan Rugs averaging 3 x 5 ft., special at $14.75.
Iran Mosul Rugs, averaging 4 ft. 2 in. x 6 ft. 6 in., special at $25 and $35.
Sarouk Rugs, averaging 4 ft. 2 in. x 6 ft. 4 in., special at $45, $55 and $65.
Also a beautiful group of Chinese Carpets and Smaller Rugs—both originals and Turkish or Persian reproductions.
Main Floor
Moderately Priced Dining Room Furniture In the February Sale

Dining Room Suite, 9-Piece (Illustrated) In Quartered Oak, $142, from $178.50
This handsome Suite for a moderate sized apartment consists of sideboard, china closet, 54-in. extension table, two arm chairs and four side chairs, which are upholstered in brown Spanish leather, and the various pieces may be bought separately as follows:
Sideboard, $45 from $60.
China Closet, $27.50 from $35.
Side Chairs, $5.50 each from $6.50.
Arm Chairs, $8.75 each from $10.
Extension Table, $30 from $37.50.
Besides the handsome Suite illustrated at the February Sale savings of 20% we have—
Other styles at February savings ranging from a three-piece Golden Oak Suite at $180 from $245, to a twenty-piece Suite, in Mahogany, at $3,025 from $3,375.
Examples—
Dining Room Suites
Mahogany, three-piece, $125 from $175.
Mahogany, three-piece, $224 from $335.
Colonial Mahogany, four-piece, $350 from $490.
Quartered Oak, three-piece, $180 from $245.
Early English, three-piece, $285 from $450.
Georgian, four-piece, $202.50 from $305.
Adam, 10-piece, mahogany, $255 from $284.
Adam, 10-piece, mahogany, $265 from $340.
Set of six Dining Room Chairs, in green leather, $95 from $114.
Separate Pieces
Mahogany Sideboards, 32 styles, $27.50, regularly $45, to $140, regularly $165.
Mahogany China Closets in 30 styles, at $22, regularly $35, to $85, regularly $125.
Oak Sideboards, 52 styles, at $20, regularly $24, to $95, regularly $150.
Oak China Closets, 48 styles, at $12, regularly $16, to $58, regularly $72.
Sixth Floor
GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

References are not needed from those answering Furnished Room or Boarders Wanted advertisements in The New York Times. Its readers represent intelligence and reliability.

Loeser's
Good Morning!

THE attractions at Loeser's to-day are not unusual *for Loeser's*. But they are enough to make it an excellent reason for any one in New York to come here. They show the spirit that actuates this business—the desire to give merchandise of dependable quality at prices that are economies.

Dinner Sets in the China Sale
Values in Dinner Sets so large, so varied, and so numerous as to be remarkable, are a distinguishing feature of this Loeser February Sale.
The young couple just starting housekeeping or the family in the small apartment will be delighted to get a well decorated Dinner Set for six people for $3.98 instead of $6. It will be equally gratifying to the lover of beautiful table ware to admire a $145 set of fine Limoges China and find that it is priced at only $75.
All along the line among hundreds of sets and scores of decorations the reductions are equally good, and not for another six months will such prices be possible again.

New Section for White Dress Linens
We have arranged a new section, adjoining the Linen Store, which we shall devote to the White Dress Linens that are so large a feature of women's spring and summer apparel.
In connection with this change we announce an important underprice Sale of freshly imported Irish and French Dress Linens for lower prices than have heretofore been possible.
The assortment includes fine White French Linens, French Linen Ramies, French Linen Ratines, Crepe Linens and Irish Dress Linens.
69c. White Ramie Dress Linens, 50c.
46 inches wide. Of good weight and quality for women's and children's wear.
75c. to 98c. White French Ramie Dress Linens, 59c. to 79c.
$1.39 and $1.59 White French Crepe Linens, $1 and $1.25
Smart Linens for attractive Summer dresses for women and misses. They are silk finished and 47 inches wide.
$1.59 and $1.89 French Linen Ratines, $1.35 and $1.69
These are decidedly popular for motor coats, skirts, and the like. They have a short nap finish and are 48 inches wide.

Mme. Irene Corsets Models for Spring
The woman of fashion today is mistress of her Corset, not ruled by it. As a consequence the best new Corsets are planned to "express" her figure, not to mold or restrain it.
The new Mme. Irene models are Greek in their simplicity and beauty. There is a directing of the purely human lines, an expression of graceful, healthy femininity such as Greek sculptors achieved when they made their goddesses into marble.
There is a new model, extremely low bust, the short girdle top of brocade tricot, the long skirt of coutil. This is $5.
Another of coutil, very youthful lines, with free hip and light boning, extremely short, is $5.
One of all-over elastic, a very firm grade, said to have reducing power, is $6.50.

Needlework Sale
Decorative, hand-embroidered, lace-trimmed Linens, a third underprice, are an important feature of our 22d Annual Sale of Art Needlework now in progress.
20-inch round Centerpieces, regularly $2.75, at........$1.75
24-inch round Centerpieces, regularly $3.50, at........$2.25
28-inch round Centerpieces, regularly $4.50, at........$2.75
45-inch Tea Cloths, regularly $10, at........$6.50
54-inch Luncheon Cloths, regularly $10.98, at........$6.98
72-inch Dinner Cloths, regularly $16.50, at........$10.98
30-inch Squares, suitable for shams, regularly $3.50 and $4.98, at.....$2.25 and $2.98
20x36 Chiffonier Scarfs, regularly $4.50, at........$2.75

Frederick Loeser & Co.
Hoyt Street Station of the Subway 47 Minutes from 42nd Street by Express Service.

RIVAL GRAFT HUNT HINTED BY GLYNN

Governor Asks Speaker in Effect if Assembly Would Trade Appropriations with Senate.

WANT MOSS AS COUNSEL

Assembly Leaders to See Whitman About It—Delaney Accuses Carlisle of Letting Wasteful Contract.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—The Republican Assembly and the Democratic Senate are likely to lock horns next week over the Cristman bill appropriating $25,000 to defray the expenses of the Assembly graft investigating committee. Gov. Glynn said several days ago that he would sign any proper bill to provide money for this investigation, but such is the temper of the Democratic Senate leaders, who are piqued over the failure of the Assembly to provide for an investigation by a joint committee and apprehensive that the Assembly committee with its Republican majority will be used merely to collect ammunition to be used against the Democrats in the next campaign, that the outlook is distinctly unfavorable to the passage of the Cristman bill in the upper house.

Speaker Sweet asked Gov. Glynn to-day to send an extraordinary message to the Legislature urging immediate passage of the Appropriation bill. When the Speaker came away after spending half an hour with the Governor he indicated that the conference had not been satisfactory.

"The Governor imposed certain conditions on which he would approve the bill that rather startled me," the Speaker told a friend. "I don't care to say anything further about it, but I do not feel any more certain now than I did before I took the matter up with Gov. Glynn that the appropriation will get through with his approval."

From a Republican source it was learned that the statement that Gov. Glynn had imposed conditions was due to a question the Governor asked Speaker Sweet. This question was whether the Assembly would concur in a bill providing an equal amount for an investigation to be conducted by a committee appointed by the Democratic Senate. The question, it is said, rendered the Speaker speechless. The Governor immediately changed the subject and did a lot of earnest talking about his workmen's compensation law, which the Democratic Senate has re-enacted in order to remove all possible doubts regarding its constitutionality, but which the Republican Assembly is said to be preparing to defeat or amend in some of its essential features, much against the Governor's wishes.

Democrats to Confer.

The question put to the Speaker by the Governor has renewed the talk of a rival investigation of the State departments by the Democratic Senate. While both the Governor and the Senate leaders are reticent, it was learned to-night that the Governor had been approached on the subject and that the Democratic Senators would be called into a conference early next week on the same matter. If an investigation be ordered, it will not be intrusted to the Frawley Committee, which still is in existence with a few thousand dollars of its appropriation unexpended, but to a committee on which the Democratic element in the Senate will be represented by up-State men not suspected of any Tammany affiliation.

In any event, it is reasonably certain that a bill to provide money for such an investigation will be passed by the Senate and sent to the Assembly and that concurrence by the latter body in that measure will be exacted as the price for the Senate's approval of the Assembly appropriation bill. Should both bills reach the Governor he could veto or approve one or both.

Speaker Sweet, with Chairman John Leo Sullivan and Vice Chairman Alvah W. Burlingame, Jr., of the Assembly Committee, went to New York this afternoon to confer with District Attorney Whitman and John A. Hennessy to-morrow. It was said here that, if Mr. Whitman should approve the selection, his former chief assistant, Frank Moss, might be selected as counsel to the committee.

John N. Carlisle, State Highway Commissioner, to-day sent to Assemblyman Sullivan a letter assuring him of his willingness to actively co-operate with the committee in its work.

Delaney Complains of Carlisle.

John H. Delaney, State Commissioner of Efficiency and Economy, has filed with State Controller Sohmer a formal protest against the letting of a contract by Commissioner Carlisle for the paving of a street with brick in Andover, Allegany County, contending that such a pavement in so small a community would be "extravagant and a waste of public funds."

The proposed pavement would be 1.51 miles long and the cost, figured on the lowest bid received, would be $41,875.25. Under the Highway law a village is required to pay the difference between the cost of a standard type of road and the cost of a road of more expensive type, such as brick. In the present case the village is to be assessed only $8,400, whereas the difference between the cost of the standard type of bituminous macadam in that section and the cost of the brick pavement is $24,422.67.

"Consequently," Mr. Delaney says, "there would be a waste of State funds amounting to $16,022.67."

"LADY CLIFFORD," $8,100.

A Gainsborough-Dupont Portrait Fetches Top Price at Sale.

There was a good audience last evening at the sale of ancient and modern paintings from private collections at Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, the returns being $25,287. The top price of the sale was given for a Gainsborough-Dupont, "Portrait of Mary, Lady Clifford," which went to Herman Meyer for $8,100. This showed a slender young woman of aristocratic appearance wearing a gown of blue gauze over a canary colored petticoat with mauve ribbons in her hair. Another portrait, by the Rev. N. W. Peters, a young girl dressed in blue and white, "Miss Patrington," went to the same buyer for $1,400.

A "Portrait of Mlle. Doucet," by Vignee Lebrun, went to Mrs. E. Hughes for $400. J. W. Tarks paid $800 for a "Portrait of Lady Margaret Erskine," a beautiful brunette, wearing a mantel of gauze over her gown; Mr. Meyer paid $950 for a "Canal Scene in Holland," in rich tones, by De Bock, and H. Aaron gave $800 for a characteristic John Constable, "On the Stour."

A picture which was particularly interesting because of its size, was a little mauve hardly larger than a visiting card, "Hauling logs," which went to J. Crawford for $260. A charming Bruce Crane, "Gray Fall Morning," went to J. R. De Witt for $175.

The sale will be concluded this evening.

Budd
New York

SHIRTS

PURE SILKS

English and French, covering a wide range of staple and novel textures.

Prices
$8.50, $10.00, $12.00, etc., to $25.00.

Budd Building
572 Fifth Ave.
(47th St.)
Madison Square, West.

Singer Building
149 Broadway
(Liberty St.)

LITTAUER STILL A REGENT.

Albany Official Holds Conviction Did Not Bar Him from His Place.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—The question whether Lucius N. Littauer has lost his citizenship and consequently his right to sit as a member of the State Board of Regents has excited considerable interest in the State Education Department and the office of the Attorney General. Mr. Littauer and his brother William pleaded guilty in court to a charge of smuggling. They were fined and sentenced to jail, but the jail sentence was suspended.

It was the opinion of an official of the Education Department that Mr. Littauer did not lose his citizenship, owing to the suspension of sentence. It was said that ex-Judge Morgan J. O'Brien and Lewis L. Delafield of New York had written opinions in support of the view that Mr. Littauer's citizenship was undisturbed by his conviction. Attorney General Carmody would not be quoted on the question to-night, but it was learned that the view held in his office supported the contention of O'Brien and Delafield.

It was said that the question of Mr. Littauer's right to continue as a member of the Board of Regents would be brought up at the next meeting. The board is powerless to remove Mr. Littauer, but it is the belief in the Education Department that he will resign after the question of his citizenship is settled, if there is a feeling among the Regents against his continuance in office. The next meeting of the board will be held on Feb. 28.

TO BOND PRIVATE BANKERS.

New Bill in Assembly Puts Them Under State Superintendent.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Assemblyman Greenberg to-day introduced a bill for licensing private bankers and requiring a deposit of $5,000 if the business is solely that of receiving moneys for transmission, or $10,000 if other business is carried on. An additional bond or deposit is required as security for the faithful handling of moneys deposited. The banker is required to make quarterly reports to the Superintendent of Banks who is to have the same powers of supervision and inspection as over other banks.

A bill introduced by Assemblyman Blakely appropriates $50,000 for the acquisition of a site and the erection of an armory for Company G., Tenth Infantry, in Yonkers.

Assemblymen Fuess and Montgomery and Senator Peckham introduced bills providing that boards of election in each county shall sit as a Board of Registration on Mondays and Thursdays during July, August and September to register voters who on account of business may be unable to register on regular registration days.

A bill introduced by Senator Blauvelt provides for the election of a District Attorney of Richmond County for a three-year term, beginning Jan. 1, 1917. The annual salary is fixed at $7,500 a year and the official is to have a power to appoint two assistants, one to be paid $5,000 a year and the other $2,000.

A referendum on the matter of fishing and amateur sports on Sunday is the object of a bill introduced by Assemblyman Dubois. The matter would be decided by votes upon the petition of electors in the proportion of twenty-five to 1,000.

ADVERTISES FOR A DOT.

Wants a House Worth from $50,000 to $150,000 for His Daughter.

This advertisement appeared in the Yonkers newspapers yesterday:

WANTED—As a wedding present, a high-grade residence in the best section of Yonkers, from $50,000 to $150,000, or will purchase suitable lots. Address Jules Nehring, 1,278 St. Nicholas Av.

Mr. Nehring declined to tell the names of the persons for whom the gift was intended. The father of the bride, he said, was a Western man who lived in Yonkers ten years ago, and who wanted his daughter to have a home there.

OFF IN FIRST BOAT, CAPTAIN ADMITS

Johnson, Monroe's Commander, Says He Thus Saved the Lives of 29 Persons.

ONLY WAY TO REACH THEM

No Time to Coax Passengers Across Slanting Deck—Hints of World Maritime Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—At the Government inquiry into the sinking of the steamship Monroe, Capt. E. E. Johnson, who was in command of the vessel, admitted that he entered the first lifeboat that put off from the sinking ship. He said all the passengers who had reached the decks were clinging to the port rail and he took that means of reaching them. He also said his action resulted in the saving of twenty-nine lives.

Capt. Johnson said that immediately after the collision he ran through the saloons calling at the top of his voice that the ship was sinking, and ordering all passengers to make for the upper decks. He hurried to lifeboat No. 5, and, assisted by the boatswain, a wireless operator, and one waiter, got the boat clear. He took aboard a negro woman and a white man and another passenger and rowed around the stern of the ship.

In the meantime, he admitted, he had ignored a big life raft, capable of holding twenty-six persons. This was lashed to the deck within fifteen feet of the boat he was helping to launch.

"All the passengers who had reached the decks were clinging to the port rail, getting as far away from the water as they could," said Capt. Johnson. "I figured that by getting a boat launched and going around to that side I could save a lot of them as the Monroe sank.

"It would have taken too much time to persuade them to come to the low, or starboard, side and get into the boat. As it was I picked up twenty-nine passengers, three more than the life raft I left would have held. Also, you can't navigate a life raft as you can a boat."

Asked if he should not have remained to direct his officers in getting out the boats, Capt. Johnson said:

"If I had not made sure myself of getting that one boat afloat, the list of saved would have been short just twenty-nine passengers. There was not time to do more than I did."

What means Capt. Johnson took to avoid the collision with the steamship Nantucket, what efforts he made to save the lives of passengers and crew, and his conduct from the time the ships struck to the time he went aboard the other vessel were among the things inquired into at to-day's session of the trial of Capt. Osmyn Berry, commander of the Nantucket. It was suggested that the trial might result in an international conference to revise the rules of navigation.

Brooklyn Postmaster Next Week.

Democratic politicians in Brooklyn heard from Washington yesterday afternoon that a successor to Edmund W. Voorhies as Postmaster of Brooklyn would be named early next week. The leading candidates for the place are William E. Kelly, head of the National Association of Letter Carriers, and Henry A. Meyer of Flatbush.

LIGHT ON STEAMSHIP DEAL.

Austrian Immigration Traffic Concerned in Fusion Bargain.

Dispatches from the head offices of the Atlantic steamship lines in Europe made it clear yesterday that the fusion of interests referred to in published cable reports on the rate war between the North German Lloyd and Hamburg-American Lines concerned the Austrian immigration traffic to this country only. Both companies were stockholders in the Austro-American Line, which had certain concessions from the Austrian Government regarding the immigration traffic over the border to America.

When the two German lines withdrew from the Atlantic conference Philipp Heineken, Managing Director of the North German Lloyd, went to Vienna to make an offer to the Minister of Commerce for the entire border immigration concessions. Albert Ballin, head of the Hamburg-American, got wind of the move his rival was making, and he also went to Vienna and made a like offer to the Government.

After hearing their proposals the Minister of Commerce told them that the best way would be for them to agree upon terms and share equally the Austrian immigration traffic over the border. After a good deal of discussion, Mr. Heineken and Mr. Ballin agreed to convey their interests in the Austro-American Line to the Wiener Bank Verein, each company having two representatives on the Board of Directors. In return the Austrian Government will grant concessions for the border traffic to the United States to the two companies. The conditions under which the interests of the two steamship companies in the Austro-American Line were conveyed to the Wiener Bank Verein were not made clear in the cabled reports received in this city.

BALK AT PHONE APPRAISAL.

Two P. S. Commissioners Object to Company Funds—Glynn Aroused.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Differences so acute that Gov. Glynn has taken a hand have arisen in the up-State Public Service Commission over the valuation of the New York Telephone Company property. Commissioners Sague and Hodson refuse to begin the appraisal on funds advanced by the company as favored by the other Commissioners, Chairman Decker and Mr. Douglas.

The Governor has asserted that the appraisal will start soon or he will "know the reason why." His announcement to-day that he would send some nominations to the Senate next Monday night was taken to mean that he would name Public Service Commissioners. There are two vacancies on the commission, and if they be filled with men favorable to starting the appraisal immediately the majority would be with the Governor. Meanwhile Mr. Decker is proceeding with the work on his own responsibility and assuming the risk of the newly appointed members' views coinciding with his.

WHAT WE'VE BUILT.

In our 53 years we have built more than an Insurance Business.

We have built a name, a reputation, a faith among our clients that stands unrivalled in our line.

There is no other institution in the land that offers quite the sort of help and service that we do.

Confidence is not for those who *yearn* it, but for those who *earn* it.

I. TANENBAUM SON & COMPANY
Specialists in Insurance and Installers of Automatic Sprinklers
Singer Building—New York

EFFICIENCY EXPOSITION.

First National Exhibition to be Held in This City in April.

The first National Efficiency Exposition and Conference will be held in the new Grand Central Palace from April 4 to 11 under the auspices of the Efficiency Society, Incorporated. The exhibits will show the increasing application of scientific methods to modern conditions, and there will be assembled displays of appliances, methods, and products in the fields of industrial, mechanical, governmental, educational, and household efficiency. Special invitations to participate in the conferences to be held during the exposition will be issued to scientific organizations, State and municipal officials, and authorities on efficiency.

Among the exhibitors will be the New York Telephone Company, the Public Service Commission of New York, the Bush Terminal Company, the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, the Equitable Building Corporation, the General Acoustic Company, Thomas A. Edison, Inc., the New York Edison Company, the Remington Typewriter Company, the Burroughs Adding Machine Companyl, the Cowan Truck Company, the Edison Storage Battery Company, and the General Vehicle Company.

The advertising rate of The New York Times, 40 cents per agate line, with circulation Sunday and daily exceeding 200,000, makes the cost less than one cent a line for each 5,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, newspaper advertising in the world.—Adv.

Are Our Schools Wrong?

A thundering affirmative answer has come from the parents, teachers, educators and business men of the country. But the time for muck-raking our public school system is passed. The question now is, what are we going to do? ELLA FRANCES LYNCH is ready to tell us what we *should* do—how we should approach this tremendous task of rebuilding our school system. She has the vision, the patience and the experience. In a series of four constructive articles, the first of which appears in the March PICTORIAL REVIEW, Miss Lynch has a message for every parent, teacher and educator in the United States.

$500 for a Letter

Realizing the bigness of the subject, the publishers of PICTORIAL REVIEW invite expression of opinion from parents, educators and particularly the 600,000 public school teachers who, as much as the pupils, are the victims of an outworn and inefficient system of education. For the letter containing the best *constructive* criticism of Miss Lynch's series of articles the Publishers will pay a Cash Prize of $500. The names of these three distinguished judges in this contest will be published in PICTORIAL REVIEW for May, which will be on sale April 15th.

TERMS OF CONTEST.—No letter must exceed 2000 words. Write on one side of paper. Have letter typewritten if possible (this is not necessary). Writers' names will not be published if requested by them. No letters will be returned. No letter received after May 30, 5 o'clock P. M. We reserve right to publish in PICTORIAL REVIEW any of the letters submitted and pay for them at our regular rates. The contest is open to all. Direct letters to Public School Editor, PICTORIAL REVIEW, 222-224-226 West 39th Street, New York.

The first article of the series appears in the March

PICTORIAL REVIEW
Read in Over a Million Homes
ALL NEWSSTANDS—TODAY—15 CENTS

Arnold, Constable & Co.
Mail Orders Promptly Filled

TO-DAY (FRIDAY) AND SATURDAY
Will Continue the Sale of
Brocade and Matelasse Poplins

40 inches wide, choicest and most fashionable designs, wide range of colorings, including Ivory Champagne, Tango, Wistaria, Copper, Cardinal, Wine, Taupe, Brown, Navy, Copen, Helio, Tan, Myrtle and Black.

at 1.45, 1.65 and 1.85 yard
The Regular prices being $2.50, $3.50, $4.50 and $6.00

Special Sale of Fine White Wool Blankets

Made to our special order of fine selected sanitary wool, pink and blue borders; also all white.

SINGLE BED SIZE—*Regularly $9.00, $9.50 pair* 6.50 7.00
DOUBLE BED SIZE—*Regularly $9.00, $9.75 pair* 6.85 7.85
EXTRA SIZE—*Regularly $11.75, $12.50 pair* 9.50 10.00

Linen Sheets—Pillow Cases

Hemstitched heavy round thread Irish linen, of unusual wearing qualities, specially priced.

SINGLE BED SIZE—*Regularly $7.00 & $8.50 pair* 5.50 7.00
DOUBLE BED SIZE—*Regularly $8.00 & $12.00 pair* 6.75 9.50

Hand Scalloped Sheets
SINGLE BED SIZE—*Regularly $12.00 & $16.00 pair* 9.00 12.00
DOUBLE BED SIZE—*Regularly $14.00 & $18.50 pair* 10.50 15.00
PILLOW CASES—Hemstitched. *Regularly $1.60 to $2.50 pair* 1.25 1.80 2.00
PILLOW CASES—Hand embroidered. *Regularly $2.50 & $3.00 pair* 2.00 and 2.50

Waists and Blouses
$3.00 grades at 1.85
Consisting of Flannel waists and blouses, tailored models; Habutai silk blouses; Voile blouses, lace-trimmed; Crepe blouses, hemstitched; Batiste waists, lace and embroidery trimmed.

White Corduroy
Small and medium sized cords, for Suits, separate Skirts or Coats. 28 inches wide.
Regularly 60c yard .45
Regularly $1.00 yard .75

Fur Coats
Unusual Price Reductions
CARACUL COATS—3/4 and full lengths.
Value $80.00 50.00
Value $95.00 60.00
HUDSON SEAL COATS—3/4 and full length. *Value $190.00 to $550.00* 125.00 to 325.00
PLAID CLOTH COATS—Hamster fur lined; fur collars. *Value $50.00* 25.00

Neckwear
For Women and Misses
ASCOTS—Fine quality madras, dotted and striped white. Special .45
YOKE & SLEEVE SETS—Fine net; trimmed small fancy buttons, high neck, elbow sleeves. *Regularly $1.75* 1.50
COAT SETS—Fine ecru batiste, embroidered. *Regularly $2.25* 1.95
PLEATINGS—Fine net and fancy lace. Special .45

Broadway & 19th Street

SPEAK TO-DAY

Better ask your newsdealer to-day to save for you a copy of THE SUNDAY NEW YORK TIMES. There are special features advertised for publication on Sunday which are sure to make the demand exceptionally large; and there are special art features scheduled for early publication which will make it worth your while to place a standing order with your newsdealer to have The Sunday New York Times delivered at your home. One of these art features will be announced on Sunday.

A $700,000 PICTURE

The Cowper Madonna, by Raphael, recently bought by Mr. P. A. B. Widener of Philadelphia, will be reproduced almost full-size in the Pictorial Section of The New York Times on Sunday next. It is the most expensive painting ever brought to America.

Among the pages of beautiful illustrations in this section are photographic reproductions of select pieces of the Morgan Fifty Million Dollar Art Collection, which is to be open to the public in the Metropolitan Museum next week.

Lovers of birds will be interested in the pictures of the three-thousand-acre "bird paradise" created on the Detroit River by Henry Ford.

FEMINISM *Discussion*

This discussion will be opened up again in The Sunday New York Times by the publication of answers to Professor Sedgwick from the pens of Dr. Flexner of the Rockefeller Institute, Dr. Peterson and Dr. Robinson of Columbia, Dr. Howell and Dr. Mall of Johns Hopkins, and Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt. This will be a most enlightening and entertaining symposium.

Mr. Dooley

discusses with his "frind Hinnissy" Colonel Goethals and the New York Police, and contends that a certain amount "iv hoop-la is nicissary f'r a methropolis."

THE PHILIPPINES

By LIEUT. COL. CHARLES E. WOODRUFF, U. S. A., (Retired.)

This paper is a review of a recently published book on the Philippines by Dean C. Worcester. It is also a most intelligent discussion of the entire Philippine question by a man who served upon two expeditions to the islands, and who was for years more or less closely associated with the administrative affairs of the islands. See The New York Times Review of Books Section next Sunday.

GUTZON BORGLUM

Who He Is and What He Said

What he said and when he said it and who he is will be fully discussed in the Magazine Section of The New York Times on Sunday. Among many other things Borglum said that from forty to sixty per cent. of the statuary in the United States was not made by the men whose names are signed, and that most of the monuments of the country are not monuments at all.

These are only a few of the interesting features which will appear on Sunday in

THE NEW YORK TIMES

The best way to meet the "all sold" of your newsdealer is to give him a standing order

Wild's Orientals

The small rug at $15 and the large rug at $1,000 are both investments worth investigating.

Every rug in this stock has been investigated as an individual and its worth, already demonstrated to us, can be demonstrated to you.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Fifth Ave. and 35th St.

Largest Specialty Rug House in America

SHIP IN DISTRESS VANISHES.

Cape Cod Lifesavers Hear Whistle, but Think Vessel Escaped.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., Feb. 12.—The forces of four life-saving stations patrolled the beach on the tip end of Cape Cod for several hours to-day, watching for a steamer that was blowing distress signals. One of the surfmen said he had sighted the vessel on the bar. A thick vapor hung off shore, and until afternoon nothing could be seen.

The distress whistle was heard at Peaked Hill station, Highland Light, and also in this town, two miles across the cape, but when the weather cleared no vessel was in sight either on the bar or off shore. It was thought that she had escaped whatever danger threatened her and had proceeded on her way.

Peck & Peck

HALF YEARLY SALE
STOCKINGS & SOCKS

Silk, Lisle, Cotton, Wool, Plain, Clocked, Fancy.

20% Discount

Deducted from sales slip of every purchase, with special odd lots at

Even Greater Reductions.

39c. Lisle — 79c. Silk or Lisle — $1.35 Silk

All scarfs now 85c. were $1.50. Hand knit and Spitalfields silk scarfs $1.50, were $2.50 and $3.

PECK & PECK
588 Fifth Ave., at 48th St.
481 Fifth Ave., at 41st St.
448 Fifth Ave., at 39th St.
230 Fifth Ave., at 27th St.

Nothing to Get Out of Order

Once a Kewanee Steel Boiler is installed it is good forever.

No sections to give way or packed joints to leak. It is built entirely of steel, firmly riveted together.

Repair costs average less than $1.00 per boiler per year.

KEWANEE BOILER COMPANY
N. Y. Salesroom, 47 West 42d St.

COLD RECEPTION FOR SUFFRAGE TALK

Women's Political Union Had to Abandon Plan for Twelve Hours of Oratory.

TIMES SQUARE SAW START

Ear Muffs on Passers-By and Frost in the Air Soon Discouraged the Speakers.

The Women's Political Union announced yesterday morning that it would hold a "twelve-hour endurance talkfest" on suffrage, from noon to midnight, in front of the Times Building in Times Square. The women said they would compel the men, by voicing woman's message without cease for twelve long hours at the very heart-centre of the city, to heed that message and give women the vote. As one of them expressed it, they would show men what they could do.

Forecaster Scarr, in his weather tower in the top of the Whitehell Building, is a man. He is also, in these days, a cousin of the north wind and a half-brother of mercury downward bound. For which relationship one of the first things the suffragettes may do when they get the ballot will be to remove Forecaster Scarr from office and put some more sympathetic windjammer and warm-air artist in his place.

For Forecaster Scarr yesterday put an end to the Women's Political Union endurance talk.

At noon a taxicab loaded with well-bundled-up and fur-wrapped suffrage oratory bore down upon the Times Building and took its stand in front of the Broadway entrance. From the window of the taxicab drooped a purple-lettered streamer announcing:

"Abraham Lincoln says: 'I go for all people sharing in our Government, not by any means excluding the women.'"

The thermometer in the Times Building doorway was then registering 1 below zero. The three men in the city's most populous centre were hurrying across Forty-second Street puffing out smoky breath as they ran and holding their hands over their frozen ears. The north wind and the east wind were dancing a tango around the Times Building, sweeping Broadway bare.

At 12:15 o'clock, Mrs. Florence Maule Cooley, Executive Secretary of the Women's Political Union, began to preach what she called "the A B C of Suffrage" from the ice-coated taxicab, explaining that Abraham Lincoln was one of the first friends of woman suffrage.

At 12:25 Mrs. Cooley, though warm as to her enthusiasm, was more cold than coolly as to her feet, and sank back into the taxicab to give her feet a chance to warm and one of her sisters-in-suffrage a chance to speak.

Miss Harriett Porritt ran the second lap in the endurance test of suffrage oratory. By the time she had gotten half way into her subject the mercury in the Times Building thermometer had scored seven points and two solar plexuses on suffrage. Some twoscore of persons, hurrying past the taxicab, had now partaken of the frozen chunks of suffrage oratory, munching it as they ran.

The number had grown to fifty when Miss Rose Winslow, the textile worker who recently accompanied the committee of women workers that interviewed President Wilson, began to speak. She warmed to her subject and froze to silence in a very few minutes. Next followed a young woman, Brown as to her name, but blue as to her nose; and thereafter, in rapid succession, Mrs. Nina Wilcox Putnam and Miss Lucy Eastman, while other suffrage workers buttonholed dancing passers-by or momentary loiterers in the frozen crowd in front of the taxicab, and tried to sell copies of their paper, The Woman's Political World.

At about 1 P. M. one of the few men then stationary in front of the taxicab removed his earmuffs and said:

"They're pretty game."

Then he put back his earmuffs and went away. Soon afterward the taxicab went away, too. At the Women's Political Union yesterday afternoon it was explained that the "twelve-hour endurance talk" had been decided upon "merely as something different," but that it had proved different from what had been expected, and that under the frozen circumstances it had not been deemed worth while to continue it. The women hope to endure on some warmer day in the future.

GIVE CUP FOR SCHOLARSHIP.

Fraternities at N. Y. U. Will Strive for Trophy Awarded Annually.

Desiring to foster scholarship, the fraternities at New York University joined yesterday in a plan to honor the society, the members of which show the highest standing throughout the college year. The fraternities decided to offer jointly a silver cup, to be awarded to the fraternity whose members have the highest scholastic standing. The trophy will be held for a year and will be awarded in June of each year.

Although many cups have been offered as prizes before, they always have been for achievements in the field of athletics. This is the first interfraternity scholastic prize.

The active fraternities at New York University are Delta Phi, Pi Kappa Alpha, Delta Upsilon, Psi Upsilon, Zeta Psi, Phi Gamma Delta, Delta Sigma Phi, Kappa Sigma, Zeta Beta Tau, and Pi Lambda Phi.

HARBORS BILL $43,000,000.

East River Improvement Is Provided For.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Rivers and Harbors Appropriation bill, carrying $43,000,000, was made public to-day. Chairman Sparkman will report it to the House in a few days. Last year's bill carried about $48,000,000.

The bill this year provides for many new projects, chiefly the imurovement of New York Harbor, for which $13,400,000 is provided as the maximum cost for developing the East River and removing Hell Gate and other ledges there that threaten navigation; purchase of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal between Chesapeake and Delaware Bays, for $1,300,000, and its development and enlargement to accommodate ocean commerce, and $7,000,000 for improvement of the Mississippi from its mouth to Rock Island, Ill.

Under the bill the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, now used for smaller craft traffic between Baltimore and Philadelphia, is to be enlarged into a sea-level canal of 12 feet depth and 90 feet bottom width. The purchase, the enlargement, and the first year's maintenance are all to come within $8,000,000.

The bill does not provide for the proposed waterway from the Delaware Bay to New York, upon which the War Deparement had adversely reported. The project is part of the ultimate scheme of intracoastal waterway from Boston, Mass., to Beaufort, N. C. Both the Army Engineering Board and the Rivers and Harbors Committee, however, agreed that the time was not yet ripe for an appropriation for the proposed waterway.

Among the immediate additional appropriations to carry on work in the East are:

New York—Hudson River, $750,000; Bay Ridge and Red Hook channels, $300,000, and Hudson River channel, $125,000; Harlem River, $100,000; Bronx River, $100,000; Westchester Creek, $36,500; Newtown Creek, $30,000.

New Jersey—Arthur Kill, or Staten Island Sound, and channel between Staten Island and New Jersey, $500,000; Passaic River and Newark Bay, 20-foot channel, $150,000; Maurice River, $30,000.

Connecticut—New Haven Harbor, $70,000; Greenwich Harbor, $35,000.

MRS. BOND TESTIFIES GORE ATTACKED HER

Denies in Her $50,000 Suit There Was a Plot Against the Blind Senator.

HAD INVITED HIM TO CALL

Other Witnesses Admit They Failed to Get Federal Appointments They Had Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Feb. 12.—Mrs. Minnie Bond, testifying to-day in her suit for $50,000 damages against Senator Thomas P. Gore for alleged assault committed in a hotel at Washington, denied that there had been a conspiracy to destroy the Senator politically.

District Judge Clark had ruled that attacks on character would not be permitted, except as to testimony bearing on the general reputations of the parties involved, but he allowed the attorneys for the defense to draw from the plaintiff's own lips admissions of two marriages to Alvin A. Farrar, formerly of Bryan County. The second marriage was necessitated by the young woman's discovery that Farrar had a wife living at the time of the first ceremony. In 1905 she obtained a divorce from him.

In relating her story of the alleged assault by Senator Gore, Mrs. Bond said that she first met the Senator when he was introduced to her during the second State Legislature in 1909. Again she met the Senator at a banquet just before Gov. Cruce's inauguration. There she broached her husband's candidacy for appointment as Internal Revenue Collector.

On the day of the alleged assault she said she telephoned Senator Gore to come to her hotel to discuss the matter of this appointment, saying she did not like to wait in his office, where there were so many men. Being reluctant to have him call upon her in her own room, however, she accepted the tender of former Democratic National Committeeman James R. Jacobs's apartment, on Mr. Jacobs's promise that he would be a third party to the conference. He failed to join them, however. She met the Senator in the lobby and conducted him to the elevator, and finally to the room.

"When Senator Gore became unduly familiar," the witness continued, "I told him I wasn't the kind of a woman he was seeking to associate with, and that if he had no respect for me he should have for his wife and children. Then he attacked me. In response to my screams Mr. Jacobs entered the room, accompanied by T. E. Robertson of Oklahoma and Kirby Fitzpatrick. Senator Gore then tried to get me to say that there was nothing wrong."

In concluding her direct examination Mrs. Bond testified that she never had encouraged the Senator in any attentions to her. She asserted that her health had been impaired by the alleged attack.

Senator Gore gave no evidence of emotion during the witness's testimony, but he held frequent consultations with his counsel.

All the witnesses heard in support of Mrs. Bond admitted that they failed to accomplish the purpose of their visit to Washington last Spring—appointment to Federal positions. Dr. J. H. Earp said that one of three positions had been promised to him; Fitzpatrick sought appointment as Assistant Attorney General in the Department of the Interior, and Robertson said he was there in expectation of obtaining a place in the Interior Department in the event that Robert A. Rogers was named as Secretary. Robertson also asserted that James R. Jacobs was seeking appointment as United States Marshal for the Eastern District of Oklahoma. Jacobs also was not appointed. He will be called as a witness for the plaintiff to-morrow.

Earp said he acted as an emissary for Gore in an effort to arrange matters with Mrs. Bond and have her leave Washington. He visited the Oklahoma Senator on the morning after the alleged incident to ask concerning his candidacy for a Federal position.

"Doc, they set a trap for me and I walked into it," Earp testified Gore said to him. "I want you to see Mrs. Bond and get her out of town."

He testified that Gore told him to promise Mrs. Bond anything, but not to use his name. Earp said he advised Mrs. Bond to leave Washington, but that she did not do so.

Robertson and Fitzpatrick, as eye-witnesses to the alleged occurrence, corroborated in substance Mrs. Bond's narrative. Fitzpatrick said his room adjoined Jacobs's apartment, which was selected for the conference between Senator Gore and Mrs. Bond, because the hotel parlors were crowded and Mrs. Bond's room had not been put in order. Attracted by the noise, he said, he went into the hall and had a view of the interior of the room through a partly open door.

On cross-examination Fitzpatrick admitted that he told a friend of the Senator that if Robertson were appointed a Deputy United States Attorney the matter would end. He also declared that he had reported the affair to the Attorney General of the United States.

Robertson's testimony, which was not concluded to-day, was much the same as Fitzpatrick's. It was true, he said, that he had expressed himself as aggrieved and had "cussed out" Gore, but he denied having said to a Washington hotel man that he would "get" the Senator, or that he said if Gore would pay $25,000 to "hush the matter up" he would be able to repay a small debt he owed to a man here.

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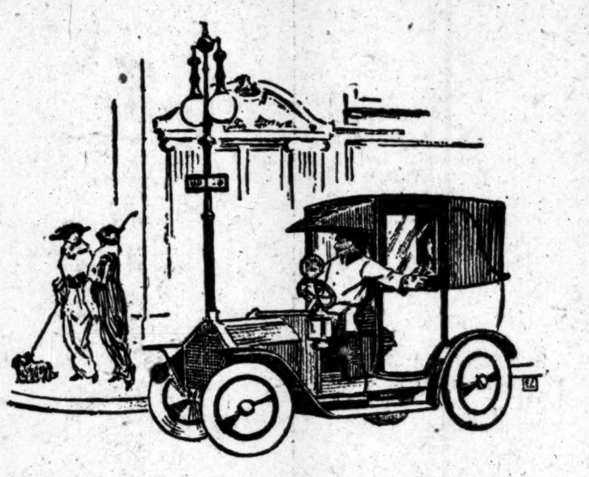

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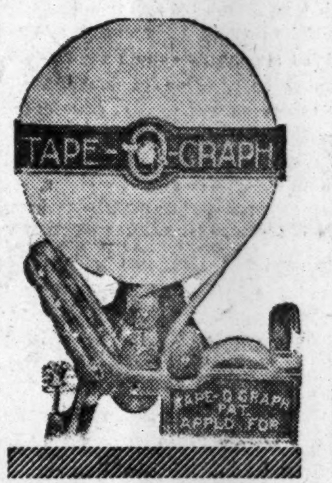

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, FEB. 13, 1914.

THE ANTI-TRUST BILLS.

Undoubtedly, it is well to exhibit more joy over the one sinner who repents than over the ninety and nine who never went wrong. But is it worth while in attempting to bring the hundredth man to repentance to raise such a turmoil, uproar, and disturbance that the other ninety-nine can neither sleep nights nor work daytimes? That is the question presented by the five anti-trust bills, called, seemingly without warrant, the Administration's bills. President WILSON, in his talk with the members of the Senate Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce on Wednesday, said that 90 per cent. of the business of the country needed no governmental attention; legislation was needed only to prevent particular abuses by a minority of the business community. The question that confronts Congress and the Administration, and in a very serious way confronts the country, is whether this legislation shall be wise and sound, adequate only for the proper protection of the public, or whether it shall be radical and destructive, looking beyond the welfare of the people to the political profit of demagogues and agitators.

The third of these measures, that which attempts to add definitions to the anti-trust law, illustrates the point. The four definitions or explanatory amendments added to the bill are not only, each and all of them, vicious and destructive, contrary to public policy, and probably unconstitutional, but they muddle and confuse anew an act that under judicial clarification of its meaning has now come to be accepted as a well-nigh perfect piece of legislation, a Federal weapon amply sufficient to correct all the evils at which it is aimed. The authors of these amendments would make it a crime punishable by fine or imprisonment "to prevent competition in manufacturing, making, transporting, selling, or purchasing of merchandise, produce, or any commodity." They return here to that monstrous vice of the Sherman act as originally drawn, which was struck out when Senator ORVILLE H. PLATT of Connecticut pointed out that to forbid all restraints of competition would put a stop to the business of the country. Prof. VAN HISE, in his address at the Convention of the United States Chamber of Commerce in Washington yesterday, declared that the Sherman law should be supplemented "by an act which would forbid only combinations and contracts in restraint of trade that are detrimental to the welfare of the people." The phrase is a very good one, but that is precisely and beyond all question the meaning and intent of the act as it stands. Prof. VAN HISE should address himself to the courts, not to the National Legislature. The prohibitions of the law are aimed at restraints of trade that are detrimental to the people. They do not forbid those usual and innocent restraints of competition that are everyday incidents of commercial practice and work no harm whatever to the people. It took the courts twenty years to discover and declare the true meaning of the act. All that the rule of reason means as applied by the court is that trade practices not detrimental to the welfare of the people are not forbidden by the act. The dissenting opinions of Justice HARLAN, which reflected a profound misunderstanding of the opinion of the court, must be held responsible for a deal of confusion in the public mind, if they are really the inspiration of these ill-judged amendments. The court read nothing into the law, neither the word reasonable nor the word unreasonable; it simply made late proclamation of the great truth that the law was put upon the statute books by reasonable men, not by ignoramuses and charlatans. The bill embodying these amendments should be dropped altogether. They are not only superfluous, they are impossible.

The bill forbidding interlocking directorates is much too sweeping, it would bring down the cudgel of the law upon the heads of ninety innocents, and it is most doubtful whether it would reach the ten guilty. The dummy directorate affords a way of escape. The Interstate Trade Commission bill is another measure that embodies the potentiality of immense harm to the many for the sake of preventing the unlawful practices of a few. Our neighbor The Outlook, which will not be accused of reactionary tendencies, says that the sweeping inquisitorial power vested in the Commission "is not only unnecessary, but is likely to nullify the value of such a Commission." Fortunately, the attempt to confer the power to search and seize papers and make public records of all information so obtained is in violent conflict with the Federal Constitution. Yet if this bill were put into competent hands it might be redrafted in a way to make it beneficial.

The second anti-trust bill, that which is aimed at unlawful restraints and monopolies, blunders into excesses of the same kind as those which deform the definition bill. This bill itself commits the crime which it forbids, for it would be a more powerful restraint of trade than any trust ever dreamed of. Prof. SEAGER of Columbia, in speaking of this bill at the Chamber of Commerce Convention yesterday, said that its provisions are drawn "in conformity with the narrowest and most dogmatic conviction that every departure on the part of business men from unrestrained competition necessarily results in restraint of trade, and is therefore to be condemned." If enacted, this bill would make every trade union unlawful, it would forbid agreements between employers and unions, it would put under the ban the commonest beneficial business contracts and agreements. The draft of the bill prohibiting holding companies has not yet been made public, but there again there will be need for moderation, for at least a little intelligence, to the end that the doing of much more harm than good may be avoided.

The 90 per cent. of the business interests of the country, who according to the President's statement are in no need of correction, are not opposed to any sane and necessary enactments for the restraint of the other 10 per cent., supposedly made up of transgressors. Sane and necessary legislation is not disturbing. But the holding up of all the business of the country, now after long trials hopefully awaiting the return of prosperous conditions, while ignorant and incompetent legislators fumble with projects of law that are the fruits of their own ignorance and incompetence, would be a needless calamity, and one which the country should not be called upon to bear. Men of experience in business, men who are not malefactors, have given Congress the benefit of their advice, others stand ready to give it. There was much wise counsel given in the addresses made at the Chamber of Commerce Convention yesterday. If Congress goes wrong with these projects, if it adheres to the misshapen measures it has produced in committee, it cannot plead lack of light in excuse. The true cause will be its own blindness. And in that case the greatest sinners of all will not be the President's 10 per cent. of business men, but the Congressmen and Senators. The people will have been betrayed in the two houses of their own Congress. But the President's perceptions are clear, his words indicate that, and his influence over Congress is great.

FOR THE THIRD TIME.

Secretary of State ROOT was of the opinion that the greatest gain from the second Hague conference was the provision it made for calling a third and the reasonable hope it gave that successive conferences would be held at fairly regular intervals. The provision made was not so definite and effectual as it might have been, and there has been some unfortunate delay in carrying it out. But the requisite steps have finally been taken by our Government. Whether they will lead to a conference next year, or the year after, will depend in great degree upon the strength of public sentiment in various countries, and especially in our own.

To arouse this sentiment, to direct it, and give organized expression to it, a citizens' national committee has been formed, which will work with like organizations in other lands. It would be hard to find in the United States a group of more eminent citizens or one enjoying in higher degree the confidence and respect of the public. Mr. ANDREW D. WHITE, Mr. CHOATE, Gen. PORTER, Mr. STRAUS, ex-Secretary FOSTER, Mr. LOW, Admiral MAHAN, President BUTLER, these are all men of international reputation, while the remainder of the committee are of well-known ability and character, whose influence will be valuable.

In his letter to the committee Mr. WHITE called particular attention to the need of international regulation of aerial ships in time of war. It is undoubtedly a grave subject, and the military powers are at present deeply engaged in developing airships as instruments of destruction, and paying little heed to the limitation of their use. It is almost unthinkable that limitations will not ultimately be agreed upon. For that purpose the general conference at The Hague should be rendered certain. It is not only the best but practically the only effective agency for dealing with a matter of such importance.

The greatest utility of the conference, however, is in its gradual promotion of international adjudication of differences. Two facts are of significance in connection with this function. One is that the second conference adopted the principle of international adjudication and took the first steps toward organizing a court to apply it. The other is that the second conference, in its action as to an international prize court with jurisdiction as to captures at sea, actually applied the principle to an important field of international relations, and a very difficult field, in which powerful interests and deeply rooted prejudices were stiffly opposed to the change. Here was a distinct departure from the time-honored maxim that in war the voice of law is hushed, a distinct advance from the old idea that, once war begins, force, and force alone, must determine the issue. It is of the utmost importance that the beginning thus made shall be carried forward. The Hague conferences have acted, in a tentative and somewhat hesitant fashion, but with a degree of real efficiency, as an international legislature. This action points toward the evolution of an international judiciary, and ultimately toward means corresponding to an international executive, in other words toward the reign of law, order, justice, and peace which prevails within the borders of each civilized nation. The path to this end will be difficult, thorny, often obscure, but entrance upon it may be said to have been made, and the next forward movement must be through a third conference.

THE LINCOLN MEMORIAL.

It seems that comparatively little public interest has been manifested, thus far, in the accepted plan for the Lincoln Memorial, ground for which was broken in Washington, with little or no ceremony, yesterday. Nevertheless, the sentiment of the whole country in opposition to the various unsuccessful plans was never in doubt. The combination of architecture and sculpture, suitably placed in the nation's capital, exactly met the popular idea of what a national monument should be. Enough is known, in a general way, of Mr. HENRY BACON'S design of a temple-like structure, surrounded by a colonnade symbolical of the States of the Union, in the preservation of which LINCOLN bore so great a part, to entitle it to popular approval.

One impressive statue of the martyred President, the sculptor of which has not yet been selected, will be the only effigy, we understand, in the memorial. It will occupy the largest room of the building, and the great epochs of his career will be symbolized on monumental tablets. The general design has had the approval of the National Fine Arts Commission, the Memorial Commission, and Congress. Nevertheless, its acceptance was not secured without hard work and much opposition. The late Senator CULLOM of Illinois worked industriously for nearly fourteen years to secure such a memorial to his State's greatest hero, and died happy in the knowledge that the execution of the one plan which seemed to him appropriate was an assured fact. Some of the others had merit, such as the proposed memorial bridge between Washington and Arlington. The idea of a road between Washington and Gettysburg was always preposterous. The accepted plan, however, has all the requirements of dignity and simplicity. It could not be better placed. We shall hear much more about it in the future as it takes shape and the various designs for the seated statue of LINCOLN are made public.

THE RECALL UNCALLED FOR.

When Mayor MITCHEL was discussing his police measures, by which he aims to make the police "responsive and responsible" to the Commissioner and the Commissioner to the Mayor, he advanced the doctrine that the Mayor should be made responsible to "the people" through the recall, to which he professed himself quite ready to submit. The statement seems to us a useless profession of a foolish doctrine and calculated only to confuse the situation. There is at present no provision in law for putting a Mayor out of office during his term by popular vote, and we hope and believe none is likely to be adopted.

There is ample provision for change in the Mayor's office at the close of his term, a change that can be made deliberately, intelligently, and with reasonable hope of advancing the public interests. If made it will be on a review of the Mayor's record during his term, and the voters will have enough information to go on to fix responsibility. In case of a recall, in any form yet adopted, the result is determined hastily and narrowly, largely influenced by the excitement of the moment and generally under the influence of a relatively small but active part of the electorate, stirred by passion or by selfish interest. The conditions of a special election are opposed to calm judgment, or adequate knowledge, or sound action.

The tendency of such a policy is to make a Mayor think more of passing popular sentiment and the chances of an election than of his own duty. It impairs his independence and his sense of responsibility. Particularly is this true in matters connected with the police, as to which excitement is easily aroused. He cannot form a consistent and comprehensive policy to be carried out firmly and steadily if some decisive act of his on this subject may bring upon him the worry and torment of a popular canvass. He must work and think with one eye on his duty and the other on the signs of popular disturbance. In such a mood the dignity and the force of his high post are impaired and his authority is shaken. The recall is a statutory device to divert, distract, and weaken the will of a public officer and to increase the pernicious influence of the demagogue and the professional politician. It undermines the very basis of a sound and conscientious and competent administration. It is a part of the theoretic baggage of Mr. MITCHEL'S salad days in the public service which he could very well allow to lie in the storeroom until he gets through with the exceedingly difficult practical job he has on hand.

THE PILGRIMS' TERCENTENARY.

Massachusetts proposes to devote five whole years to careful preparation for the celebration of the three hundredth anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers. An unsalaried commission will be appointed by the present Legislature to formulate a plan for the ceremonies, and this will be a preliminary labor of huge dimensions. Where in the consciousness of a republic is a fitting plan to be discovered to celebrate fittingly an event of so great importance in our history? We may be sure that the members of the commission will find their job hard and more or less thankless, but, as New Englanders, they will go at it, we hope, in a practical way.

No outcome of their deliberations could be less practical, at this stage of the world's history, than an international exposition of art and manufactures. The final and curt refusal of the British Prime Minister yesterday to give any further consideration, after all the appeals that have been made to him, to official participation in the Panama Fair indicates pretty clearly the attitude of most of the nations of the earth toward world's fairs in general. There have been too many. The San Francisco Exposition will be the last of its kind for many years. It is useless to hope for a change of sentiment before 1920. There will be no official British recognition at San Francisco, though there may be many English exhibitors. It is not unlikely that other countries will not be officially represented. We may confidently hope for great success, nevertheless, for the Panama Fair, but there will be as little disposition in this country as in others to set to work, immediately after it, preparing for another.

What, in the circumstances, can be done to make the great New England celebration splendid and inspiring? In a year's deliberations the Massachusetts Commissioners may be inspired by an idea. There will still be five years to develop it. We must hope for the best. Our lack of capacity for festival-making has seemed a national characteristic, but with music, and the fine arts to call into service, something worth doing may be done. Assuredly the three hundredth anniversary of the coming of the Pilgrims deserves the noblest kind of celebration.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Impressive When Realized.

When Mr. EDISON, in the course of a birthday talk this week, was asked what he considered the most important of recent scientific achievements, without hesitation he answered that it was the production of ammonia by passing nitrogen and hydrogen over red-hot iron.

As this is something of which certainly not one person in ten, perhaps not one in fifty, has even heard, the inventor's reply may excite something like general doubt as to the accuracy with which Mr. EDISON judges relative values. He spoke, however, with knowledge. What he meant to emphasize was the fact that at last there has been made available the vast store of potential plant food which exists in the limitless ocean of air. All animals, including man, are vegetarians, either directly or indirectly, and for plants to live the first and chief requirement is a supply of nitrogen in a shape they can use.

That is what gives value to all fertilizers, "natural" and "artificial." For nitrates and nitrites the world has been searched carefully over, and the exhaustion of the known deposits is a matter of the not-distant future. As it approached, we would all be put on short rations, tending ever to become shorter, if means had not been found to bring the atmospheric nitrogen, practically inexhaustible in quantity but inert and useless as it is, into one of the combinations which plants can assimilate.

It was to the attainment of this end that Mr. EDISON referred as so momentous. He spoke more of the future than of the present, for as yet ammonia from the air forms but a minute fraction of the commercial fertilizers sold. It can profitably be made only where very cheap water power is available for the purpose, and even then its price is not so much less than that of other assimilable nitrates as to make it now a serious rival of them in the markets. Its importance will steadily increase, however, as time goes on, and it is not an exaggeration to say that within a period easily calculable it will be humanity's chief bulwark against starvation.

So Mr. EDISON was right in his reply, though so many other discoveries, including not a few of his own, have made a greater stir in the world than this one.

Evidently They Are Not at Odds.

To put at rest current rumors of a break both marital and histrionic in the relations of E. H. SOTHERN and JULIA MARLOWE, the former has deemed it expedient to make public a telegram and part of a letter from the latter to him. These communications are not only effective for that particular purpose, but they are highly interesting as "human documents," showing the emotionality and expressiveness of the artistic temperament when it happens to be combined with intelligence. There is a good deal to be read between the lines of both, and though each contains references to undetailed occurrences, neither requires the explanatory notes so often needed to render letters comprehensible to others than the recipient or the all-knowing editor of a correspondence.

This is the telegram, which is from New York and dated Feb. 8:

> Dear Partner: Don't mind that you forgot the telegram. Understand only too well how rushed you are on matinee days. Hope you will not feel too much that long ride to Portland. Rest all you can. We have never rested half enough in our lives. We must begin now. Love. JULIA.

Usually, husbands guilty of epistolary sins of omission, have to devise their own excuses, and these, however ingenious, are apt to be received with a certain coolness, sometimes, it is said, verging on distrust. Mr. SOTHERN is more fortunate.

The passage from the letter is in a different and sadder tone, and will be read with sympathy and regret by all of Miss MARLOWE'S admirers:

> I cannot venture to the theatre. I may never do so again. It does not interest me. I like what I have, dear partner, and when I have you I shall want the hills and the skies when we are together and forget all the rest, if we can. My love to you, my darling.
>
> May all prosper with you. We are all right here, and I am your devoted and loving, JULIA.

Deliberate Incitement to Violence.

In Russia as in other countries, of course, deaths that are obviously murders or even open to that suspicion have to be investigated and the persons against whom reasonable accusation has been brought have to be put on trial for their lives. There would have been nothing to criticise, therefore had one PASHKOFF, a Jewish tailor living in a town not far from Kief, merely been arrested on the charge of killing a boy, said to have been a Christian, who had lived in his house. Absurdity and atrocity, however, are combined in the indictment of PASHKOFF for the impossible crime of "ritual" murder. That he certainly did not commit, and the Russian authorities, in permitting another trial of this kind, simply convict themselves of defying the civilized world in order that gross ignorance and brutal prejudice may have excuse for violence and persecution.

Belief in witchcraft still lingers in most lands, including the United States, but in none claiming to be civilized would a charge of witchcraft be seriously considered in the courts. Mrs. EDDY once tried the experiment, with results which were so humiliating that her followers are still vainly trying to make other people forget them. But an even wilder imbecility in Russia becomes a matter for grave consideration. By this a Government as powerful as that of the Czar incurs a heavy responsibility.

As in the case of the man BEILISS, the Government will not dare to permit a conviction, but cruel harm will be done, nevertheless. Every trial for ritual murder is in effect a formal assertion that such murders are committed. That evil consequences should follow is inevitable. Official refusal to dignify the stupid accusation would have, on the contrary, the effect of weakening and in time destroying the hateful notion in the dull minds that harbor it.

THE STAGE SOCIETY

Aims of Organization Which Seeks to Uplift Drama.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Several inaccurate statements have been made in the press with regard to the Stage Society of New York and a tentative scheme to start a repertory theatre in this city. You may be interested to know the actual facts of the case.

The society was started nearly two years ago, with the object of producing plays of merit, both native and foreign, which might not otherwise obtain a hearing. It was modeled more or less along the lines of the Stage Society of London, which has done admirable service to the English stage by producing new plays and introducing new authors with aims a little above the aims of the ordinary commercial theatre.

Such a society can only fulfill its mission by being entirely free from any commercial spirit or from any interested motive. In New York it has enlisted the sympathy of many of the actors and actresses on the stage, with the result that the society is able to give performances which certainly could not be bettered in the matter of casts. The actors and actresses give their services for nothing, because they are interested in the work of the society.

Recently a plan was mapped out for establishing a repertory theatre under the management of William Faversham and for incorporating the Stage Society with this theatre. Incidentally, the Stage Society was to obtain a guarantee fund of $100,000 for this repertory theatre. This plan was presented tentatively to the Executive Committee of the Stage Society. The Executive Committee with two exceptions was strongly opposed to such a plan; first, because it involved the society in backing a repertory theatre, which is certainly foreign to the aims of the society, and, secondly, because it made the society part of a commercial undertaking and thereby cut off directly the support of the majority of actors and actresses who obviously would not be inclined to donate their services to a private money-making enterprise. As a matter of fact, the Executive Committee has never formally acted on the proposed plan, since one at least of the factors essential to the scheme was withdrawn before the plan could even come up for discussion. It is quite certain, however, that the committee will not at any time in the future tie itself up to any commercial theatrical venture. On the other hand, the committee has progressive plans for the future, and can be made a force for progress in the American theatre. It is precisely because it is progressive that the committee cannot saddle itself with the burden of a repertory theatre, which in the present overstocked condition of the New York theatrical world seems a certain road to failure.

I may add that there has never been any dissension in the society, though there is a natural difference of opinion between the two members who supported the Faversham scheme and the rest of the society.

H. WHIGHAM.

New York, Feb. 11, 1914.

FAST MOTION PICTURES

Have Harmful Effect on Eyes and Nerves of Audience.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Owing to penurious greediness and absolute disregard for public comfort and welfare some owners of moving picture places are causing their pictures to be reeled off at a speed that makes the motions of the actors in these pictures appear so disgustingly unnatural, convulsive, and epileptiform in character that the whole show is rendered highly detrimental to the nervous system, particularly of the younger element of their patrons, to say nothing of the decidedly injurious effect upon the eyes of all spectators.

The other evening I paid a visit to one of these movies and happened to get a seat between two youngsters about 12 to 14 years of age. During the entire performance I felt as though I was sitting between two epileptics, for these youngsters were imitating every motion in the performance with complete harmony and precision as to speed and convulsiveness.

Having inherited from our simian ancestors a well-known tendency to imitate, unconsciously, certain motions and gestures made by others, (especially when closely watched and deeply interested,) it may be readily understood how seriously such performances would ultimately reflect upon the health of the frequent visitors to such performances. Unless some control or regulation is established over these abuses, we may soon have on our hands not only the tango, the turkey trot, and hootchi-kootchi dances, but also a real epidemic of the St. Vitus dance, and probably other nervous disturbances too numerous to mention.

B. SCHEINKMAN.

New York, Feb. 10, 1914.

A WOMAN'S REFERENDUM

Would Help Legislature to Decide Suffrage Question Properly.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mrs. Raymond Brown, President of the New York State Suffrage Association, made the statement yesterday that the suffragists would consent to a referendum on the question of woman suffrage, submitted to the women themselves, provided the anti-suffragists would see that such action was made legal. She then added that "unfortunately, woman cannot legally decide for herself whether she shall have the ballot."

The anti-suffragists are not suggesting a woman's referendum as a substitute for the proposed woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution of New York, but merely that the women of this State shall be given an opportunity to say through a referendum vote whether they themselves wish the responsibility of suffrage with all it entails and implies fastened upon them. If a majority of the women in New York State over 21 years old should vote "Yes" on such a proposition, then the anti-suffragists would, of course, withdraw their opposition to the constitutional amendment. But if, on the contrary, only a minority of those over 21 years old expressed a desire to vote, then the men would have a concrete expression of opinion from the women to guide them in voting on the constitutional amendment.

We are frequently told that those to whom suffrage has been extended in the past have never been consulted as to whether they wished it or not, and the extension of the suffrage to the negroes has been used to illustrate this point. Anti-suffragists do not consider that the proposition to enfranchise an enslaved race and this proposition to extend suffrage to women who are citizens, or wives of citizens, are parallel cases. The whole situation is different, for it is a unique fact in history that only in these opening years of the twentieth century has a definite movement been developed and organized among those who are unenfranchised against having suffrage extended to them.

A referendum vote was taken in Massachusetts several years ago. The Legislature of 1895 passed an act providing that there should be submitted at the election in November to all persons qualified to vote for School Committee the question: "Is it expedient that municipal suffrage be granted to women?" It was further provided that a separate count should be made of the votes cast by men and women. There were about 575,000 women in the State of Massachusetts entitled to vote on this proposition. Of that number 22,204 voted in favor of it, 864 against it. The other 550,000 were apparently totally indifferent to the whole question.

We believe that practically the same result would obtain in New York, and we further believe that our Legislature will yet devise some way for taking a woman's referendum on this question.

ALICE HILL CHITTENDEN,
President of the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage.
New York, Feb. 11, 1914.

THOUGHTS ON A BABY.

Bachelor Is Inspired by Childish Face in a Street Car.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To-night I went down town on a Sixth Avenue surface car, and opposite me, on its mother's knee, sat the wisest looking baby I ever saw. It was curtain time at the theatres, and that baby wasn't a day over eight months old—if a perfectly intelligent bachelor knows anything at all about babies—but it wasn't within a thousand miles of being asleep. Not it. Nor was it aggressively awake.

It simply sat and looked at its immediate world with complete composure, in its eyes the queerest mixture of credulity and the thought of ages. Calmly and impartially it surveyed its fellow-passengers, with never a smile and never a frown. And most sweetly it looked down its nose when I winked at it. (That nose, by the way, was as white as milk, and all the grown-up, time-beaten noses roundabout were red from the biting cold.)

And it had a white thing around its head, worn the way a young girl wears such things when she is going to a dance. Personally, I haven't the slightest doubt that that baby is the reincarnation, here in the Western world, of the one that dwells in her mother's arms in the far-off Uffizzi Galleries.

Now, don't you think that the sight of a baby like this in our town—with its nice women trying to look like inmates of the harem, and quite succeeding, and its motor cars knocking one down on corners, and its Charlie Murphys, and its pavement-bred mixture of cacophonies—is an altogether scrumptious and enlivening thing? I do.

G. C.

Sleepy Hollow Farm, Tarrytown, Feb. 11, 1914.

THE DANCING CRAZE.

Time to Call a Halt to Present Excesses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES has done a splendid piece of work in stirring up the supposed guardians of our morals—the dignitaries of the churches—to an expression of opinion as to the present objectionable and dangerous modes of dancing. But it ought not to have included the Methodists in its questionnaire. If a person is wholly opposed to all dancing his opinion in regard to the excesses of dancing is of no consequence. But the Catholics and the Episcopalians have always recognized the importance of the dance, and they are the people whose urgent duty it is first to inform themselves about its present modes—the plea of ignorance is simply silly; and second, to have courage to warn their public as to its unquestionably dangerous tendency.

The immense importance of the dance as a means for the socialization of the human race has been well set forth by Havelock Ellis in the last number of The Atlantic Monthly. The present craze for much dancing may or may not be desirable—that depends very much upon what the same people who now dance were doing before. But that the limits of what is safe in the present manner of dancing have been much overpassed there is no question. It is time for those who have at heart the well-being of the race to protest against them even more vigorously than they have yet done.

New York, Feb. 11, 1914. L. M. N.

"Cures" for Cancer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In chronic troubles radium has been used for ten or twelve years with many claims of cures. Radium's best work in cancer may be in those sad cases too far gone for the old-line surgeons to operate. Arsenic paste used to cure cancers, but the pain was often agonizing, and the paste frequently ate much good flesh while killing the cancer. Again, the arsenic would not eat the cancer, but would destroy healthy tissues. Once the paste was put on a cancer there was no telling where it would stop eating.

When cures of cancer are considered under the present light of science, thinkers are agreed that surgery is by far the safest, and is the only sure treatment, but surgery must be used in time.

THE TIMES prints statistics showing the prevalence of cancer in New Jersey. It seems high time for science to explain these cancer belts.

N. B. JENKINS.

New York, Feb. 11, 1914.

AT THE SIGN OF THE RED BALL.

The year is young, the weather cold,
The keen air has a frosty nip,
And Boreas loosens from his fold
His frigid blasts of arctic grip.

But the Red Ball's up in the parks,
And joyous skaters on the lakes
In swaying crowds play merry larks
As gliding steel cuts icy flakes.

And o'er them in the sky at night
The wintry constellations burn,
And Taurus and Orion bright
Watch gliding skaters wheel and turn.

But brighter than the radiance
Of Sirius or Pleiades,
The sparkle of a maiden's glance
As swift she glides in rhythmic ease.

Let sportive Horace tune his lyre
And sing of Glycera's radiance,
Or sigh with the long lingering fire
Kindled by Lydia's smiles and glance.

But fairer than the fawnlike grace
Of Chloe in the Sabine dance,
The gliding form and flitting face
Of skating maid with starry glance.

H. T. SUDDUTH.

MOTOR CAR ACCIDENTS.

Rising Figures of Highways Society Are Not Exaggerated.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An announcement was recently published that the Manhattan Automobile Club had indorsed a resolution prepared by a large committee of that club "deprecating the activities of the alleged National Highways Protective Society, which apparently does no other work than send to the newspapers so-called statistics with no other object than to attack the automobilists of this city and to prejudice the public of the city against them." Mr. Cordner, President of the Manhattan Automobile Club, is reported to have said:

> Inasmuch as every happening in which an automobile is concerned is put down as an accident, and later on is made to appear either directly or by inference as due to criminal carelessness on the part of the motorist, we do not think these are fair and true statistics.

The National Highways Protective Society recorded that 298 pedestrians were knocked down by automobiles in this city during the year 1913 and were mortally hurt. It would seem that there could be no question that automobiles were more or less responsible for these deaths. A more doubtful class of accidents is that due to collisions between automobiles and other vehicles, to which perhaps Mr. Cordner intended his remarks to apply. There were on our records six fatalities due to this cause last year. In two of them the blame for the accident was put upon the other vehicle involved, leaving four fatalities due to collisions in which we put the blame on the motor car. One of these, according to newspaper accounts, was a joy-riding party. In the second the chauffeur, according to the same source, was guilty of reckless driving, and in the third case the driver of the automobile was arrested and charged with homicide. In the last case he had taken out the car without the owner's consent, an offense which constitutes grand larceny. Perhaps it was unfair in these cases to put the blame on the automobile, as it might arouse the prejudices of the unthinking public.

It may have seemed to the gentlemen of the Manhattan Automobile Club that our figures for fatal accidents are exaggerated. Maybe they are, but if so then the Coroners' figures are grossly exaggerated, as in every year during which this society has kept records our totals have fallen about 5 per cent. below the Coroners' figures, the difference being due, we supposed, to the fact that this society has not counted automobile accidents such as those due to defective equipment, skidding, or joy-riding where the driver alone was the victim. We are sorry if this fact damages the Manhattan Automobile Club's theory that "every happening in which an automobile is concerned is put down as an accident," but facts are famously stubborn things for theories to collide with.

But perhaps Mr. Cordner thought our totals of non-fatal automobile accidents exaggerated. We had record of about 1,200 in this city last year, or a ratio of one fatal accident to 3.9 non-fatal. In the metropolis of London, where records are more carefully kept than we have found it practicable to keep them, the ratio is one fatal accident to 26 non-fatal, in Chicago 1 fatal to 28 non-fatal, and in the German Empire for a period of six years 1 fatal to 14 non-fatal. We make a general practice of excluding all but ambulance cases, which accounts in part for the difference, but we regret that our sources of information for this city have been so inadequate.

If Mr. Cordner now thinks our figures exaggerated and radical we should like to have him explain his definition of conservatism.

One thing more—the gentleman in question says: "As we understand it, a grade-crossing accident resulting in death of passengers in the motor car is a death due to automobiling." He had better said "As we misunderstand it," as although this society does keep a record of persons in automobiles killed at grade crossings, these deaths are not set down to automobiling, but to grade-crossing accidents.

It seems a matter of regret that the publication of facts should arouse the Manhattan Automobile Club's antagonism. It is undoubtedly true that more than twice as many persons were killed by motor vehicles in this city in 1913 as in 1911. If the publication of this fact arouses prejudice against automobilists the remedy would seem to be not in denying that 2 plus 2 equals 4, but in co-operating with all those who recognize that the traffic problem in great cities has become enormously complicated by the development of motor traffic, and that its just solution requires calm judgment based upon a thorough study of the facts.

Lighting engineers have long been seeking a lamp that would dispel darkness without emitting heat. The need of a similar lamp of Truth is equally great.

ERNEST S. CLOWES,
Statistician, the National Highways Protective Society.
New York, Feb. 12, 1914.

TO SAVE HOSPITAL SITES.

Groynes to be Built to Restore Beach Washed out at Rockaway Park.

More than 200 feet of shore front running back for the same distance has been washed away by the storms and high tide from that part of the seaside at Rockaway Park which was assigned by the Board of Estimate as the site for city hospitals. This brings the land for some of the buildings planned by McKim, Mead, & White, the architects employed by the city, up to the water's edge.

To devise means whereby the buildings will not be imperiled, an inspection was made yesterday by Dr. John W. Brennan, of the Bellevue and Allied Hospitals; Nelson P. Lewis, chief engineer of the Board of Estimate; Col. Roessler, Chief of the Engineer Corps of the War Department stationed in this city; Architect Vanderben of McKim, Mead & White, Park Commissioner Walter G. Eliot of Queens and Charles U. Powell, assistant engineer of the Queens Topographical Bureau.

As a temporary expedient it was decided that jetties, which are known technically as groynes, should be constructed so that the ocean would restore the sand taken away.

TO EXTEND ASSAY OFFICE.

Appropriation Bill Likely to Contain an Item for That Purpose.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill when reported probably will contain an item of $607,408 for an extension of the Assay Office in New York City. Representative Cantor of New York to-day introduced a bill providing that all unexpended balances of appropriations made in 1911 and 1912 for enlarging the Wall Street front of the Assay Office be made available for the next extension.

The old facade of the Assay Office is historical. The Cantor bill provides that the Secretary of the Treasury be empowered to dispose of this facade by gift, so it may be preserved.

OLD AND MODERN MASTERS ON VIEW

Birds and Animals the Theme of Many Paintings in N. M. Matthews Collection.

LOTOS CLUB EXHIBITION

Members Show Their Work—Paintings by Foreign Artists at Union League Club.

The Nicholas M. Matthews collection of old and modern masters is now on view at the American Art Galleries. Conspicuous in the collection are pictures in which birds and animals form the theme. There are among others a handsome group of "Birds and Fowl," by Hondecoeter; an amusing group of parrots, peacocks, robin redbreasts, roosters, hens, chickens, and an owl, which is given to Frans Snyders, and was a favorite subject with that artist; a chicken scene by Willem Maris; a barnyard with five horses, black and red pigs, and chickens, by the English painter John T. Herring; monkey pictures by Emanuel Noterman and the more illustrious Teniers; a cruel picture of dogs attacking a stag, one dog tossed bleeding in the air, by Frans Snyders; a hunting scene by Karel van Falens; a "Hawking Party," by Wouwerman; an eagle devouring a bird, by Van Lil; a pathetic old white horse, given to Paul Potter, and painted with much circumspection and genuine feeling, and another horse, still more pathetic and several years older, in a golden landscape with the signature G. Morland. The warmth of color and mellow light in this last makes it one of the most delightful pictures in the collection.

In the upper galleries is Horace Townsend's fine old Wedgwood, portrait medallions in black basalt, superb cameos, with various trial pieces in pottery and semi-porcelain made before Wedgwood had discovered his celebrated jasper medium; the rare "Infant Hercules Strangling the Serpent," executed on private order for the Empress of Russia, and modeled from the painting by Sir Joshua Reynolds; vases by Wedgwood and his contemporaries, exquisite service pieces in different useful forms, and a large number of the oviform bell handles in queensware and jasper, which now will serve a slightly different purpose as bearers of electric push buttons. The collection, which is full of things as charming as they are valuable, is the result of an endeavor to bring together a series of examples which should represent not only the various periods of Wedgwood's activities from the time of his first settlement at Etruria to the year of his death, but also the imitative work of his contemporaries.

In still another gallery are the C. F. Williamson tapestries, Louis XIV. Aubusson verdures, with hunting and forest scenes, one a remarkable and magnificent design of two goats, in a flowery glade among stately trees that are dappled with sunlight; other Aubussons of a later and less distinguished period, and a superb example of Flemish verdure tapestry from the end of the sixteenth century, with a design representing birds and animals, many of them unknown save as they appear in ancient bestiaries, disposed naïvely in a formal garden with a circular balustrade. There is a Royal Aubusson of the middle eighteenth century, with the design taken from a cartoon by Oudry, in the foreground a river with reflective birds pacing its banks, in the background a scene of graduated steps, an avenue of clipped trees, and a gateway with marble statues—St. Cloud or Versailles. In addition to the tapestries is a salon set of furniture in early eighteenth century Aubusson. This set and a Flemish eighteenth century hanging representing the marriage of Psyche are to have an "upset price" placed upon them at the time of the sale to prevent too great a sacrifice of the costly items. The tapestry sale takes place on Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 17; the Wedgwood sale on the afternoons of Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 16 and 17, and the sale of the paintings will take place in the Plaza on the evenings of Feb. 17 and 18.

⁂

At the Lotos Club the artist members are holding an exhibition for invited guests opening Saturday evening. Among the paintings are "The White Oak," by J. Alden Weir; "The Harvest Moon," by Charles Melville Dewey; "Venice," by Lewis Cohen; "Still Life," by William M. Chase; "An Arcadian Huntress," by Elliott Daingerfield; "The Nautilus," by Carroll Beckwith, and Joel Nott Allen's portrait of Dr. Parkhurst.

At the Union League Club is an exhibition of paintings by foreign artists. A "Girl with Parroquets," by Sir John Millais, is lent by William Barbour, and is a striking example of the English painter in his vigorous mood. The child in her heavy brocade with her apple-red cheeks and her handsome bird perched on her hand is in no degree insipid, but a piece of masterly drawing. There is a beautiful little interior showing women cleaning brasses by Joseph Bail, just as good as a seventeenth century Dutch picture of quality, and there is an elaborate ball scene in the Grand Opera House, Paris, by Gaston Latouche, both lent by Messrs. M. Knoedler & Co., who also lend a fine "Landscape in Holland," by Willem Maris, with a beautiful sky saturated with light and soft, damp air. Messrs. Scott and Fowles lend, among other things, a "Sleeping Nymph," by J. J. Henner, which is of the highest quality, with transitions of tone that justify the master's vogue at its full. The color of the hair and the glorious bit of landscape should be profitable matter for study with those who are prone to find Henner where Henner there is none.

Excellent examples of Harpignies and of Adolph Schreyer are lent by Henry Reinhardt, also a "Cavalier" by Roybet.

⁂

The etchings by Auguste Lepère at the Keppel Galleries are refreshingly introduced to the public by David Keppel in the following brisk introduction to the catalogue:

"They are full of beauty, but also full of absurdities. I remember once, in speaking to an old French connoisseur, complaining about something in one of Lepère's plates which struck me as being perfectly ridiculous. The old gentleman shrugged his shoulders and said: 'Ah, Monsieur, s'ils sont des artistes, ils ne sont pas apprivoisés—s'ils sont apprivoisés, ils ne sont pas des artistes!'

"That quality of tameness, of reasonableness, of running in the groove, which my friend expressed by the delightful word 'apprivoisé,' is just the quality which the hack possesses and which the true artist very decidedly does not. No one has ever accused M. Lepère of possessing it."

⁂

At the Carroll Galleries Alan Bement is showing portraits, paintings of landscape and ideal heads, and drawings. "The Mouse-Eyed Girl" is the most engaging of the paintings, having a certain directness and naïveté that escape suggestion of the deliberately primitive. The tight little mouth and angular eyebrow are in a style that is worth cultivating. The idea of drawing portraits of hands is not, of course, original, but this also might be pursued with a finer passion than the artist dedicates to it. One recalls the hands drawn and painted by Albert Dürer and the burden of significance which he laid upon them.

⁂

Hermann Struck's etchings this year are at the Print Gallery of the Brown-Robertson Company and include a number of plates not shown in his exhibition of last year. On the whole the small work gains more by familiarity than the large plates, which are not empty, but leave one with a sense of having looked through a magnifying glass for the sake of detail. The drawings of Jewish types which are on the smaller scale are wonderfully vital and rich in color. The lithographs are less happy, although the large "Head of a Thoughtful Girl," is eloquent of character.

DANCE BETWEEN BREAKFAST COURSES

Dejeuner for Lentilhon Gilford Given by Her Mother, Mrs. J. P. Gilford, at Sherry's.

FIRST OF THE DANCES HERE

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Mott Warner Also Entertain for Miss Gilford at Dinner at Plaza.

Mrs. John Parkin Gilford was the hostess yesterday at a dejeuner dance for her daughter, Miss Lentilhon Gilford. The breakfast, which was served at 12:30 o'clock, took place in the small ballroom at Sherry's, the tables being so arranged that there was plenty of room for dancing between the serving of the courses. Spring flowers and sweet peas were the decorations. This is the first dejeuner dance given in New York, although abroad they are often quite a feature of the season.

After breakfast there was a reception in the tapestry suite, and fifty or more guests came for dancing. There were also music and recitations. Miss Nora Donar recited and Miss Marjorie Tempest of London and Bradford Kirkbride sang, with Ven Rensselaer Shiel at the piano.

Mrs. Gilford had receiving with her besides Miss Gilford the Misses Anne Bassett Moore of Washington, and Rebecca Poultney and Alice M. Preston of Baltimore, the latter the daughter of the Mayor of Baltimore.

The breakfast guests included, besides those already mentioned, Miss Roberta Downing of Philadelphia, Miss Jean Sands of Washington, Miss Dorothy Tracy of Lakewood, and the Misses Louise Herrick, Emilie Ford, Louise Tiffany Frank, Edith Phillips, Doris Bissell, Elizabeth Kirlin, Star Paris, Joy Williams, Louise Lynch, Aday Bryce Gray, Annie Gilbert, Gertrude Munroe Smith, Dorothy Brown, Isabel Cuming, Hope Malcom, Grace Rogers, Penelope Sears, and Mildred Rice.

Also Louis Keller, Arthur Talbot Jones, Reginald Franklin, Edward L. Norton, Jr., C. B. Cattus, Theodore H. Potter, Harold Banks, Nicholas F. Lennson, J. C. Cattus, John B. Marsh, Edmund J. Scheider, Carl Springer, Frederick C. MacDonell, Rhys Carpenter, Robert R. Lawrence, Fairfax Ayres, Robert Ingersoll Brown, Madison Grant, James Duane Livingston, Jr., Dr. Raymond Koonley, Charles P. Requa, Howard Major, Knox Harden, Edward Reikirt, and William Bramwell.

Dinner Dance for Miss Gilford.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Mott Warner also entertained for Miss Gilford in the evening with a dinner followed by dancing, for which additional guests came in. The dinner was one of twenty covers, served in the large dining room of the Plaza, and the dancing was in the ballroom. The table had valentine decorations and Spring flowers. The guests, besides Miss Gilford, included Mr. and Mrs. John Parkin Gilford, the Misses Poultney, Moore, and Preston, and Hélène Moffat, Elizabeth Kirlin, Frances M. Ward, Katharine Fitch, Drayton Burrill, Robert Ingersoll Brown, William Bramwell, Irving Griffin, Reginald Franklin, and Wynne Van W. Schaick.

A few others came in afterward for the dancing.

MISS ROSENFELD A BRIDE.

Married to Alfred Steckler, Jr., Son of ex-Justice Steckler, at St. Regis.

The wedding of Miss Marion Rosenfeld and Alfred Steckler, Jr., son of ex-Justice Alfred Steckler of the Supreme Court, took place at noon yesterday in the ballroom of the St. Regis. The Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman performed the ceremony, which was followed by a large reception.

The bride, whose brother, Paul L. Rosenfeld, gave her in marriage, wore a white satin gown trimmed with old Duchesse lace, worn by her mother and her grandmother at their weddings. A veil of old rose point lace, held in place by sprays of orange blossoms, reached to the end of her court train, and she carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. Her only ornament was a diamond necklace, the gift of the bridegroom.

Mrs. Arnold S. Furst, who wore a pink taffeta gown, topped with a large picture hat, carried a bouquet of pansies and roses, acted as matron of honor. The Misses Violet Cowan and Caroline Mayer were the bridesmaids. They wore frocks of apricot taffeta, large brown hats trimmed with roses, and carried arm bouquets of roses.

J. Charles Seligman, an uncle of the bridegroom, acted as best man. The ushers were J. Leslie Pinks, Charles Heimerdinger, Leon Ottinger, Walter Untermyer, Stanley Eiseman, and Bernard Ottenberg. On their return from a trip through the South, Mr. and Mrs. Steckler will make their home in this city.

Miss Osgood to Wed Dixon R. Fox.

Prof. and Mrs. Herbert L. Osgood of 526 West 150th Street, will formally announce to-morrow the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marian Stickney Osgood, to Dixon Ryan Fox, instructor of history at Columbia University.

Miss Osgood was graduated from Barnard College and from Mount Holyoke College, class of '12. Mr. Fox is an alumnus of Columbia, class of '11, and is a member of the Alpha Chi Rho fraternity.

Miss Charlotte G. Shrady, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald M. Shrady of Van Cortlandt, is to give a luncheon to-morrow at her home for Miss Osgood.

Miss Doane's Supper Dance.

The second of Miss Doane's supper dances was held in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria last night. Among those who engaged tables were Mr. and Mrs. Francis Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley L. Wolff, Mr. and Mrs. Harris Fahnestock, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Coe, Mrs. Henry Meyer Johnson, Mrs. George F. Shrady, Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Myles, Mr. and Mrs. Phelps Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Lockwood, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Conde, Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. McCorkle, Mr. and Mrs. John P. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Frissell, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Ovie, Mrs. William H. Perry, Dr. Charles Lee, Dr. Robert Staunton Adams, and Benjamin F. Smith. During the seated supper Miss Lindley Lenton, in costume, did a group of Spanish dances.

CELESTINS
VICHY
(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
NOTICE
Regarding SPLITS
SPLITS have now been placed on the market and should be asked for at all first-class Bars and Restaurants.
ASK FOR
CELESTINS

DUKE DURAZZO'S WEDDING.

Attendants for His Marriage to Miss Elizabeth F. Hanan Feb. 17.

The Duke Arturo di Majo Durazzo, who is to marry Miss Elizabeth Francis Hanan on Feb. 17, in St. Thomas's Church, will have the Italian Consul General, G. Fara Forni, as his best man. For his ushers he has chosen Col. H. Anthony Dyer, Henry B. Kane, Dr. James Taylor Hanan, Cavalier Carlo Antronoffe of Italy, Dr. Jerome Wagner, and Albert P. Hanan, Jr. Miss Hanan's attendants have already been announced.

The ceremony will take place at noon, and the Rev. Ernest M. Stires will officiate. John Henry Hanan is to give his sister in marriage. A bridal breakfast will follow at the Hanan home, 1,073 Fifth Avenue.

DR. W. P. NORTHRUP WEDS.

Prominent Physician Married at His Home to Miss Julia R. Cowing.

Dr. William Perry Northrup and Miss Julia R. Cowing, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James Cowing of Brooklyn, were married on Wednesday at Dr. Northrup's residence, 57 East Seventy-ninth Street, the Rev. Henry N. Cary of Syracuse officiating. Only relatives and a few intimate friends were present.

Dr. Northrup is visiting physician at the Presbyterian and New York Foundling Hospitals, a member of the Faculty of the University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and a consulting physician of the Health Department. His first wife, who was Miss Antoinette Stebbins of Ithaca, N. Y., died in January, 1913.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Lucien H. Tyng will give a small dance to-night at their residence, 3 East Eighty-fifth Street.

Miss Cornelia Beekman and Gerard Beekman are sailing for the Mediterranean to-morrow on the Prinzess Irene.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Steinbrügge, Jr., of 120 West Fifty-seventh Street are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter yesterday at their home. Mrs. Steinbrügge was Miss Marjorie C. Macdonald of Toronto, Canada, and she was married to Mr. Steinbrügge last March.

The Earl of Kingston of Dublin, Ireland, has just returned from a hunting trip through Northern Canada, and is the guest of B. Beyton F. Miller at the Hotel Manhattan.

Mrs. Howard K. Coolidge of 1 West Seventy-second Street, will give a tea dance to-morrow afternoon at the Winter Garden atop the Hotel Astor.

Mrs. Cecil Barret of 823 Park Avenue, gave last night one of a series of small dinners she has been giving this Winter.

Dr. Harry Mortimer Archer will give a dinner on Saturday evening at his residence, 52 West Eighty-second Street, for his fiancée, Miss Emilie J. Walker, and the bridal party, following the rehearsal of the wedding, which will take place next Tuesday evening at St. Matthew's Church.

Mrs. Lauterbach returned last week from Europe, where she spent nearly a year in travel and in Paris, and is at her apartment, 761 Fifth Avenue. She has taken Grand Tier Box 38 for Mondays at the Opera during the season.

Miss Annie Gilbert, the débutante daughter of Mrs. Riley Miles Gilbert, has returned from Richmond, Va., where her grandmother, Mrs. David Perry Williams, gave a large dance for her. Many other entertainments were given for Miss Gilbert, who spent about six weeks there.

The annual St. Valentine's kettledrum in aid of the Samaritan Home for the Aged will take place from 2 to 6 o'clock this afternoon at Sherry's. There is to be a special room for auction bridge.

Mrs. Philip A. S. Franklin will give a luncheon to-day at her residence, 41 East Sixty-first Street, for Miss Lentilhon Gilford.

Mrs. Frederick Roosevelt entertained yesterday with a large bridge at her residence, 8 East Fifty-second Street.

The first of the Thursday evening dances for young people took place in the Waldorf Apartment last night. The patronesses are Mrs. Edward S. Knapp, Mrs. J. Herbert Johnston, Mrs. Pierre Mali, Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm, and others.

Mrs. George A. Bicknell will give a large luncheon followed by bridge today at the Vanderbilt.

Mrs. Jay Noble Emley of 101 West Eighty-fifth Street will give a dance to-night at the Plaza.

Mrs. Charles Louis Sicard will give another in her series of dances this evening at 329 West Seventy-seventh Street.

Mrs. Wm. B. Shoemaker Entertains.

Mrs. William Brock Shoemaker entertained at dinner last night at the Plaza, attending the dinner dance afterward with her guests. Among her guests were Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Flagg, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Dana, Mr. and Mrs. S. Harold Freeman, Mr. and Mrs. Garret B. Kip, Mr. and Mrs. George R. Schieffelin, Mr. and Mrs. John Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Goelet Gallatin, Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler Schieffelin, Miss Ethel Kingsland, G. Norton Miller, Jr., Roger Sherman, and Frederic Mills.

President Vincent's Daughter to Wed

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 12.—President and Mrs. George E. Vincent of the University of Minnesota to-day announced the engagement of their eldest daughter, Isabel D. Vincent, to Paul V. Harper of Chicago, second son of the late William R. Harper, first President of the University of Chicago. The date of the wedding has not been announced.

Sun Alumni Dinner To-night.

The Sun Alumni Association, whose members are men who used to work on The Sun, will have their tenth annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria this evening. There will be no formal speeches, but under the guidance of Dr. Talcott Williams, President of the association, there will be an informal "experience meeting" of the members.

United Real Estate Owners Dance.

The United Real Estate Owners' Association gave a ball last night at Terrace Garden, Fifty-eighth Street and Lexington Avenue. There was a large attendance, and many prominent guests were present.

Tourists from Bermuda.

Among the tourists arriving yesterday on the Arcadian from Bermuda were:

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Aiken, the Rev. and Mrs. F. B. Blodgett, Miss C. Blodgett, S. S. Bigelow, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Bradley, Chauncey Coles, Mrs. C. B. Gordon, W. J. Galway, Miss G. S. Hatch, C. F. Knowlton, S. A. North, Mrs. H. Smiley, and Miss L. Stevens.

To and From Europe.

Some of the passengers booked to sail to-day for Southampton on the St. Paul are:

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Anderson, B. O. Berry, M. E. Clark, Miss D. M. G. Clark, A. Eames, J. Hobson, G. J. Johnston, G. Richardson, and the Rev. S. D. Whitaker.

Among the arrivals from Naples yesterday on the Prinzess Irene were:

Mrs. M. G. Bradbury, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Fewkes, Mrs. Ella C. Hill, Mrs. M. B. Blakeley, H. M. Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Chapman, H. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Jordan, Miss C. Judson, Mrs. Lucy W. Moore, L. B. Reed, and Mrs. L. H. Wilson.

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"Bromo Quinine"
That is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c.
E. W. Grove

COLUMBIA'S ALUMNI RETURN TO COLLEGE

Their Annual Visit Enlivened by Class "Stunts," Oratory, and Athletics.

1910 WINS FIRST PRIZE

Physicians and Surgeons, '13, Hold a Clinic and Remove Votes for Women Banners.

Graduates of Columbia for many years back laid aside their cares yesterday and renewed their college days on Morningside Heights. Several hundred of them returned for the annual Alumni Day activities, and a long and varied programme kept them on the go from early forenoon until the end of the dance in the gymnasium following the basket ball game between Columbia and Pennsylvania.

The prize class competitions, or "stunts," which were held in the gymnasium in the afternoon gave the alumni the feature entertainment of the day. More than 1,000 of the graduates and their guests filled the stands circling the gymnasium and laughed and cheered as five classes presented the particular "stunt" which they had been busily thinking up for the past few months. The undergraduate band was on hand to cheer up the graduates and the ever-present fife and drum corps of the early eighties was very much in evidence.

The class of 1910, presenting a street scene in New York, carried off the first prize. E. Kepletto as an organ grinder and E. H. McDermott as his monkey ushered in the scene, and they were followed by H. B. Kroeger and E. H. Osterhout as dancing girls, with N. O. Rockwood ever "butting in" as a policeman. The skit was loudly applauded.

The class of 1913, Physicians and Surgeons, won second prize with the portrayal of an operation at the medical school. They removed from the victim's interior a lot of things, ranging from Votes for Women banners to marbles.

The class of 1905 received honorable mention with their wheezy band and wheezier bandmaster, "Chic" Cutthell, assisted admirably with his solos on an instrument which had lost many parts.

More serious matters occupied the attention of the alumni in the early afternoon when a lively discussion took place at the alumni federation meeting on the proposed plan to elect alumni Trustees by the general suffrage of all alumni eligible to membership in the association. It was the general opinion, as summed up by Ambrose D. Henry, President of the Alumni Association of Columbia College that the suffrage must be extended to include a wider participation in alumni affairs than is permissible under the present scheme. He warned the alumni, however, that the suffrage must not be made so broad that it would open the door to electioneering of the personal political sort that almost disrupted the alumni of a sister university some time ago.

John B. Pine, '77, clerk of the Board of Trustees and father of the present scheme of electing alumni members of the board, offered a resolution and an amendment curtailing the suffrage and recommending that the whole matter be referred back to the Board of Directors of the federation for further consideration. Mr. Pine was strongly in favor of the present plan, and urged that if there were a general ballot taken by postcard the voting would be done haphazardly.

Others who spoke were Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Willard V. King, '89, who thought that the university graduates instead of discussing the score of the last football game when they met, should discuss the intellectual advantages of their respective colleges. Dean John Howard Van Amringe, '60, and Albert W. Putnam, '97, also addressed the federation.

The alumni were special guests at a graduates' tea in Furnald Hall after the "stunts." Exhibitions were also arranged for them by the crew, track and swimming teams.

CHINESE STUDENT HONORED.

Golden Phi Beta Kappa Key Voted to Him Before Graduation.

At the alumni meeting of the Phi Beta Kappa Society Clinton M. Pang, a Chinese student from Brooklyn, son of a prominent Chinese merchant and missionary in this city, was elected to membership. Pang stands at the head of his class, and as a mark of special honor he got the right to wear the golden key of membership in Phi Beta Kappa before his class graduates in June.

The Phi Beta Kappa Society at Columbia elects in mid-years only those who have shown exceptionally brilliant scholarship. The only other man elected yesterday was E. Zeydel, an honor student in history, who "made" his key in two years and a half. He graduates with the highest honors in that department, and, like Pang, enters postgraduate work six months before his class.

Pang and Zeydel will be formally initiated into Phi Beta Kappa on March 5.

TO FOUND RADIUM HOSPITAL

Philadelphians Incorporate with $250,000 Capital.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—This city is to have the first exclusive radium hospital in the world, according to Samuel Clement, Jr., attorney for the projectors of the "Radium Institute of Philadelphia," which has been incorporated in Delaware "to build, maintain, and operate hospitals and institutions for the treatment of cancer and other diseases." The capital stock is $250,000.

Mr. Clement declined to divulge the names of the persons back of the movement, but said they were prominent bankers and physicians of this city. He said the site had been selected, and that work on the structure would be started within two months. He said agents were scouring Europe for radium.

McClintic's Widow to Get $5,570.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Two years' salary, $5,570, was voted to-day by the Senate to the widow of Dr. Thomas B. McClintic of the Public Health Service, who died from spotted fever while discovering a successful treatment.

CITY COLLEGE EXERCISES.

Sixty-three Graduates Receive Degrees at Commencement.

The commencement of the College of the City of New York was observed in the great hall of the college in St. Nicholas Terrace yesterday. Thirty-seven graduates of the class of February, 1914, received the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and twenty-six the degree of Bachelor of Science.

The Rev. Dr. Merle St. C. Wright pronounced the invocation. Three senior class addresses were made. They were "Prejudice Against the New," by August Lodato, Jr.; "Lift Up Thine Eyes," by David T. Park, and "A Lesson of the Day," by David Kraus.

Marcus M. Marks, President of the Borough of Manhattan, and a graduate of the College of the City of New York with the class of 1877, addressed the class. President Marks warned the graduates against going into any of the well-filled professions with the expectation of immediate success. Judge Joseph F. Mulqueen, a graduate of the college with the class of 1880, presented the "arms" of the city to the graduates. This was in pursuance of a custom begun several years ago of pinning a copy of the arms of the city on the arm of each graduate.

Dr. John H. Finley, President of the University of the State of New York and formerly President of the College of the City of New York, made the concluding address. He referred to the graduating students as "fellow-exiles." He warned the graduates against misusing their leisure and told them that modern life would demand more from them than formerly.

TANGO FOR COLUMBIA 'PROM'

Modern Dances Will Not Be Barred from Junior Ball.

The junior class of Columbia University will give the annual junior "Prom" at the Hotel Biltmore to-night. None of the new dances will be barred, although informal notices have come to the committee that the Faculty did not care to have the students of the university take up such dances.

The only restriction that the juniors have put upon the evening's fun is that flowers must not be carried by the young women.

COURT CONDEMNS LAWYERS

Advises Clients to Complain to Bar Association of Overcharges.

On the advice of Supreme Court Justice Garretson the attention of the Bar Association is to be called to the attempts of lawyers to collect extortionate fees from landholders in Queens whose property has been sold for taxes and assessments.

The advice was given when a motion came before the Justice to set aside the claim of a lawyer who demanded $95 costs and disbursements in an action to foreclose a tax lien under which the original taxes amounted to only $5.66. Justice Garretson could hand down no decision in the case because when the motion came before him the attorney who made the demand said that the suit had been discontinued. It was then that Justice Garretson advised the attorney for the property holder to present the matter to the Bar Association.

It was stated to Justice Garretson that in a similar case where the amount of the lien was $20.50 a demand was made for $48.72. In another action the amount of the lien was $67.07 and the client had paid the $47.85 which was demanded, but later the lawyer returned $24. In five actions against one party in which the aggregate liens were $74.17 a demand of $86.87 costs in each action was made, or a total of $300.85. In another action where a demand was made for $88.86 costs upon the presentation of the matter to Justice Clark he had reduced the costs to $25.

Thousands of the liens which were created by sales by Daniel Monyhan, Collector of Assessments and Arrears, of Queens property during the past two years, are about coming due, and can be foreclosed, and lawyers interested say that if some action is not taken unsuspecting property holders will be mulcted of thousands of dollars.

WHY MRS. GUINNESS QUIT.

Stage Society Committee Disagree on President's Plan for Theatre.

Members of the Stage Society, the organization for the uplift of the drama in New York from which Mrs. Benjamin Guinness resigned as President last week, deny that her retirement grew out of a question about a school of acting or had anything to do with a division in the society over "progressiveness" or "conservatism," as has been stated.

"Twelve of the members of the Committee of Fourteen," said Miss E. M. Cottenet, Secretary of the Stage Society, last night, "believed that the society should continue to be an independent organization for the production of plays of merit and distinction, after the manner of the London Stage Society. The President wished to have it changed to an organization for building or leasing a theatre to be managed by somebody else—a commercial enterprise, on which the committee found it impossible to agree."

SAVAGE ENTERS THE MOVIES

Joins Famous Players Film Co. in Presentation of His Plays.

Henry W. Savage, the theatrical manager and producer, has entered the moving-picture field, and last night completed arrangements to enter into a combination with the Famous Players Film Company, of which Daniel Frohman is Managing Director. The new organization will be known as the Famous Players-Savage Company, and will present in film form the plays which have been produced by Mr. Savage, including "Madame X," "The College Widow," "Sultan of Sulu," "The Prince of Pilsen," and others.

In making film plays of these pieces Mr. Savage has arranged to put them on with many of the players who appeared in the original casts in the playing before the camera. The productions will be made in New York, London, and Los Angeles.

The deal with Mr. Savage was completed by Adolph Zukor, President of the Famous Players Company.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

F. Ziegfeld, Jr., has arranged with Buck and Stamper to work in conjunction with Ray Hubbell and George Hobart in writing the "Follies of 1914."

Elizabeth Murray, who leaves the cast of "High Jinks" after to-morrow night's performance, will appear in vaudeville next week at the Palace Theatre.

The members of the George Edwardes company, now playing "The Girl on the Film" at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, will sail for England on the Cedric Feb. 26. They are to return to New York next Fall. "The Girl on the Film," which ends its run a week from to-morrow night, is to be succeeded by "The Midnight Girl."

The actors and actresses from the Winter Garden took part in an entertainment at the Folies Marigny last night. Next Monday night Joseph Smith of the "1,000 Years Ago" company will act as host at the same place of amusement.

"Hagar Revelly" is to be produced in play form shortly, contracts having been signed between Joseph L. Plunkett and Daniel Goodman, the author of the much-discussed book, yesterday.

Bertha Kalich, who is at present in Cuba, where moving pictures are being made of her in "Marta of the Lowlands," is to appear in vaudeville in a condensed version of the same drama. She will make her debut at the Palace Theatre on March 2.

"Fremissement Gelatine," which in English is "The Gelatine Shake," is the title of a new dance which will be introduced with the "Ma Cherie" production at Hammerstein's March 2.

William A. Brady has set aside seats at to-day's extra matinee of "The Things That Count" at the Playhouse for the crippled children of Public School 107, at 272 West Tenth Street.

On Monday night, Feb. 23, Henry W. Savage will offer at the Gaiety Theatre a new comedy, "Along Came Ruth." The cast will include Irene Fenwick as Ruth, Joseph Kilgour, Vivian Wessell, James Bradbury, F. J. McCarthy, Frank B. Thomas, Louise Sydmuth, Renee Boucicault, and Arthur Leonard.

The engagement of H. V. Esmond and Eva Moore will end at the Garrick Theatre to-morrow night, and they will go on a tour of the Canadian cities in "The Dear Fool."

MARKS SAYS WOMEN SHOULD JOIN CLUBS

Urges That They Be Admitted to Membership in Men's Political Organizations.

THEN CLUBS WOULD BE ALIVE

Co-operation in Public Affairs Keynote of Speakers at Woman's Republican Club Luncheon.

Borough President Marcus M. Marks, speaking at the Lincoln Birthday luncheon of the Woman's Republican Club at Delmonico's yesterday, interested his hearers when he urged that women should be admitted to membership in so-called men's clubs on an equal footing.

Referring to this proposal J. Van Vechten Olcott, President of the Republican Club, said later: "I have always thought that a club was a place where women cease from troubling and the weary are at rest."

"Women should be admitted to all men's clubs," said Mr. Marks in the course of his speech, "and the City Club is already considering a new clubhouse and admitting women as co-members. The membership of every political club would increase if women were admitted to membership. The clubs would be more popular, they would no longer be the deadly things they are now—places for loafers and loungers. We would have live clubs if our sisters and wives were members and knew what was going on in them. There are exactly as many men as women who are absolutely ignorant of what it means to be a citizen. We want the women to smash—not windows, but prejudices."

President Marks said that the co-operation of every woman in the city was needed.

"The word 'people' takes in women and children," he said, "and they would make the word 'politician' a term of honor and distinction. Until it is considered an honor to be a politician we will not have good government."

Speaking of the need of women in public life, the Borough President continued: "Why, my wife would not trust me to look after our one house, and yet here I am the janitor of all the public buildings of Manhattan. Women are needed in every department of public service, and they will never have a much better chance to get into the public service than now when the members of the Board of Estimate are working together like brothers."

Park Commissioner George Cabot Ward, the next speaker, said:

"I wish the women would help inculcate in the children a sense of their responsibility for the parks, and they could help in another way by demanding more policemen to protect them."

Mrs. Antoinette Funk, who made a "card catalogue" of all the politicians of Illinois when the women were working for the vote, talked of politics in the West.

"Every Alderman in Chicago is a suffragist these days," she said. "Hinkey Dink and Bath House John are both suffragists by birth and training and they have letters to prove it."

There was a large flag over the table occupied by the officers of the club and guests of honor, with Lincoln's portrait in the centre. The tables were decorated with small flags.

At the speakers' table were Mrs. James H. Hickey, Marcus M. Marks, Mrs. Antoinette Funk, Mrs. Florence Howe Hall, Mrs. C. A. Bryan, J. Van Vechten Olcott, Miss Helen Varick Boswell, Ralph Folks, George Cabot Ward, Mrs. Robert Francis Cartwright; and at the guest table Mrs. J. Van Vechten Olcott, Mrs. Ward, Mrs. Charles W. Fiske, Mrs. Marcus M. Marks, Mrs. William Cumming Story, and Miss Mary F. Wood.

Mrs. Florence Howe Hall read the "Lincoln Poem," by her mother, the late Julia Ward Howe.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

Miss Parlow Takes Mr. Thibaud's Place—New Composition by Ropartz

A change had to be made in the programme of the Philharmonic Society's concert last evening in Carnegie Hall on account of the sudden departure from America of Mr. Jacques Thibaud, the French violinist, who was to be the soloist of the evening. It had already been announced in the newspapers, and a slip in the programmes stated that "as a result of grave family matters following his father's death, Mr. Thibaud is compelled to cancel all his engagements and to return immediately to Paris. He is therefore unable to appear at the concerts of the Philharmonic Society scheduled for Thursday evening and Friday afternoon."

The management secured to take his place Miss Kathleen Parlow, who played the same number as announced for Mr. Thiband, Mendelssohn's concerto. Miss Parlow had been heard earlier in the season in New York, and her return under these unexpected circumstances prevented any serious disappointment. She has often been admired in New York concerts, and played the concerto in a manner that aroused enthusiasm and she was much applauded.

The orchestral numbers of the programme began with Handel's concert grosso in C major for orchestra, in Felix Mottl's arrangement for modern performance. The "concertino" consists of two solo violins and solo 'cello. Mottl's part in the new form of the work consisted in filling out the figured bass, originally intended for the harpischord, by parts for wind instruments, with the addition of kettle drums.

A new composition by J. Guy Ropartz was played for the first time in America, "La Chasse du Prince Arthur," styled an "Etude Symphonique," illustrating a poem by Auguste Brizeaux, based on an incident in the Arthurian legend. Ropartz is a pupil of Franck, and one of the active representatives of the modern French movement in music.

This symphonic study is one of the most engaging of the works of this school. It is not profound music, nor does it make pretense of depth. It is picturesque and delicately suggestive programme music, describing the hunt and the forest in ways that have long been the common property of composers, but expressed in terms of modern harmony that are easily recognizable as those of modern French music, and in an orchestral color that is at once rich, clear, and transparent. It was played with much brilliancy and spirit by the orchestra and was conducted evidently with much sympathy by Mr. Stransky.

The symphony was Dvorak's "From the New World," that was first given to the world by the Philharmonic Society in the composer's presence, and has so often appeared upon its programmes since.

Sothern Denies Breach with Wife.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 12.—E. H. Sothern issued a statement here to-day lamenting the publication of reports that there had been a breach between him and his wife, Julia Marlowe, who is now in New York. There was not the slightest foundation for such rumors, he said, Mrs. Sothern having abandoned the tour and returned to New York solely because of ill health. In justice to his company and to theatre managers, Mr. Sothern explained, he was concluding his season alone.

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THE "RING" CYCLE.

"Siegfried" Given at the Metropolitan to a Large Audience.

The third performance in the special cycle of "Der Ring des Nibelungen" was given yesterday afternoon at the Metropolitan Opera House, when another very large audience enjoyed "Siegfried." The drama had been given twice before this season in the regular subscription series; but there were two new impersonations in yesterday's performance that attracted special interest. These were Mr. Jörn's as Siegfried and Mr. Braun's as the Wanderer. Both were presented for the first time in New York; and it was also said that neither of the singers had ever attempted these parts before anywhere.

Both made a striking success. Mr. Jörn has done nothing better in the years he has been a member of the company than this impersonation of Siegfried; in fact, he has scarcely equaled it. His singing was freer, of a more musical quality, and of a more dramatic expressiveness than much that he has done; excellent in declamation and yet not making too many sacrifices for this particular form of excellence. He showed also youthful vigor, humor, passion, and tenderness to a degree that gave his impersonation unusual value, and its significance was enhanced by the fact that it was his first essay at the part.

Praise should also be liberally given to Mr. Braun, who treated the part of the Wanderer with accomplished skill—an imposing presence, repose, dignity, and the touch of malicious humor with which he disconcerts Mime all contributed to a whole that was an admirable representation of the character. His singing was of the power and finish that his hearers have learned to expect of him.

Nothing remains to be said of Mme. Gadski's Brünnhilde or the classic Mime of Mr. Reiss or of Mr. Goritz's effective Alberich. Once more Mme. Ober gave great pleasure by her beautiful singing of Erda's warnings and advice. Mr. Hertz conducted a well-finished, sonorous, and dramatically effective performance of the orchestra.

FAVERSHAM GIVES HIS SIDE.

Actor Asserts That He Does Not Owe $3,000 Alimony.

William Faversham, the actor, has taken exception to the account in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Wednesday of an application made in a suit brought against him for $3,000 in behalf of the estate of Mrs. Marian M. Faversham. The suit is brought as a claim for back alimony. The executor is Clark H. Abbot, and the paragraph to which Mr. Faversham replies read:

"Mr. Abbot says the alimony that was in arrears at the time of Mrs. Faversham's death should be paid to the estate for the benefit of the children. Mr. Faversham was asked to pay but he declined."

"It is quite untrue," Mr. Faversham writes, "that I owed Mrs. Marian Merwin Faversham $3,000. It is also untrue that she has a family of children. (This statement is the principal note of unfairness to me in the publication.) She has a son, whose name I have always understood to be Frank Horace Bloodgood Merwin. I should imagine he is somewhere about the age of 25 or 27. He is not related to me in any manner whatsoever."

CARUSO BUYS OLD BOTTLE.

Tenor Pays $230 for a Beautifully Toned Sidonian at Khayat Sale.

Enrico Caruso, the tenor, is a lover of glass bottles, if they are old enough, and he purchased the gem of the collection at the opening sale of Azeez Khayat's collection of ancient glass and potteries at the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries yesterday afternoon. This was a beautifully toned Sidonian bottle, molded glass with elaborate pressed decorations, which went to the singer for $230. Another Sidonian bottle of the Greek period, pilgrim bottle shape, three inches in height, in deep amethyst tones, with two handles and lotus flower decoration, was bought by Signor Caruso for $115.

An interesting necklace of millefiori beads of the Roman period, strung with Egyptian crystals, went to T. E. H. Curtis for $42, and a necklace of Egyptian iridescent beads with Greek tear jar pendants, went to E. C. Canessa for $41. Other buyers were Mrs. Henry F. Stimson, Mrs. Otto Kahn, A. Norton of Boston, Elliott Dangerfield, and Walter Lang.

The returns for the afternoon were $3,713.

Milton J. Platt.

Milton J. Platt, financial writer for the Brooklyn Daily Eagle, died yesterday at his home, 207 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, after a long illness. Mr. Platt was born in London, England, in 1851, and came to this country thirty years ago. He joined the staff of the Daily Stockholder as financial writer and later became associate editor of that paper. He was the writer of "Wall Street Notes" for The Eagle for ten years and retired a year ago because of ill health. Mr. Platt was a singer of considerable experience and had sung in several Brooklyn churches. He was for a number of years a member of the Apollo Club and also of the Musical Society of New York. He is survived by his widow.

Alcide Picard.

Alcide Picard, a leading educational publisher of Paris, who as an associate of Burdeaux, Ferry, and Paul Bert had taken a leading part in the reorganization of popular education in France after the Franco-Prussian War, is dead at Rennes, where he had been retired for several years. He was a chevalier of the Legion of Honor. He left two sons, Jean Alcide Picard, in charge of the French Department of Charles Scribner's Sons in this city, Gaston Picard of Paris, and a daughter who is soon to be married to Prof. Henri Sée of the University of Rennes.

Obituary Notes.

ARTHUR C. EDMINSTER, member of the Fourteenth Regiment and of the Spanish-American War Veterans' Association, was stricken on the street at St. Nicholas Avenue and 173d Street, Bronx, yesterday morning, and died before an ambulance arrived. He was an engineer for the Brooklyn Warehouse Company, and lived at 348A Gates Avenue, Brooklyn.

JOHN DORAN, retired policeman, is dead at his home, 361 Fifty-third Street, Brooklyn, aged 65 years. He was connected with the Amity Street Police Station for twenty years, and was a member of the James Dunn Democratic Club.

Ex-Recorder EDWARD M. FITZGERALD died yesterday at his home, 403 Second Street, East Newark, N. J. Mr. Fitzgerald served as Recorder of that borough for three years. He represented East Newark for several years in the Hudson County Board of Freeholders and was a member of the Board of Education from 1897 to 1903. He is survived by a widow, a son, and daughter.

JOHN J. FULTON, an old resident of Newark, N. J., died at his home, 167 Mount Prospect Avenue, yesterday from paralysis. Mr. Fulton was 68 years old, and for thirty-five years was Superintendent of J. M. Quinby & Co., carpet manufacturers. He left five daughters.

Mrs. MARY ANNA KIMBALL BLAIR, wife of Dewitt Clinton Blair, the banker, died yesterday at her residence, 6 East Sixty-first Street, in her seventy-seventh year. Mrs. Blair was formerly Miss Mary Anna Kimball, and was married to Mr. Blair in 1864.

JOHN H. MIDDLETON, senior member of Middleton & Maire, bookbinders, in Fulton Street, is dead at his home in Hoboken, in his sixty-first year. He was Postmaster of West Hoboken during President Cleveland's first Administration.

DELMONICO'S
THÉ DANSANT
In the Palm Trellis,
4 to 6:30 o'Clock.
Exhibition Dancing by
MISS DONNA BAIN
—and—
MR. DONALD CRANE.
Admission Including Tea $1.50

BERNARD J. SALOMON DEAD.

Pioneer Leather Merchant and a Founder of Hide and Leather Bank.

Bernard J. Salomon, one of the founders of the old Hide and Leather Bank, which was later merged with the Bank of Commerce, and a pioneer in the wholesale leather business in this city, died yesterday at his residence, 49 East Eighty-third Street. Mr. Salomon was born in Luneburg, Germany, sixty-eight years ago, but came to this country when a boy. In 1866, he entered the leather business, and since that time until his death was a familiar figure in the "Swamp," as the leather district in lower Manhattan is known. He was the founder of the firm of Salomon & Phillips of this city, and several years ago acquired a controlling interest in the Armstrong Leather Company of Peabody, Mass., of which he was the President.

Mr. Salomon enjoyed the distinction of having been the first merchant to introduce colored leather in the United States, having imported the first colored kid leather from St. Petersburg more than thirty years ago. He was as well known in the leather markets of Paris, London, and Vienna as he was in New York. Mr. Salomon was a prominent member of the Harmonie and Freundschaft clubs and well known for his interest in charitable and philanthropic enterprises. He was for many years a patron of the Mount Sinai Hospital and of the Montefiore Home. He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Samuel Liebmann, and a son, Edward M. Salomon.

John Doty, School Principal, Dies.

John Doty, for thirty years a teacher in the public schools of New York, and since 1900 principal of Public School No 21 at 222 Mott Street, died suddenly at his home, 553 West 141st Street, last night. Heart disease was the cause of death. Mr. Doty was taken ill at 10:30 o'clock and died before medical aid reached him. He was a native of New York and left a wife, two sons, and a daughter. Mr. Doty was 60 years old.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

TOBIAS—ADLER.—The reception announced for Sunday, Feb. 15, is postponed, owing to death of Mr. James Frankel.

Married.

GURLITZ—BARAGER.—On Feb. 12, at noon, at St. Luke's Chapel, Hudson St., New York City, by the Rev. David Bowen, Vida Mary, daughter of the late Charles Frederick Barager, to Landon Gurlitz.

Brooklyn.

ALLARD—SEACOLE.—Feb. 11, Helen Seacole to Edward J. Allard.

CLARK—HAIGHT.—Feb. 11, Helen E. Haight to Charles S. Clark.

HAMILTON—BOYLE.—Feb. 11, Anita G. Boyle to Harry W. Hamilton.

MEZZADRI—BACIGALUPO.—Feb. 11, Lucy Bacigalupo to John Mezzadri.

QUINN—RHATIGAN.—Feb. 11, Katherine Rhatigan to Stanley J. Quinn.

Newark.

KAAS—GUSSMAN.—Feb. 7, Ina M. Gussman to Lester G. Kaas.

SCULLY—DUFFY.—Feb. 10, Nora B. Duffy to Michael Scully.

SILLS—LEONARD.—Feb. 10, Carrie B. Leonard to Richard J. Sills.

Died.

BAXTER.—At Washington, Feb. 12, 1914, Florence Tryon, widow of the late J. H. Baxter, Surgeon General, U. S. A. Funeral Saturday, 2 P. M. Interment Arlington.

BLAIR.—On Thursday, Feb. 12, at her residence, 6 East 61st St., Mary Anna, beloved wife of Dewitt Clinton Blair, in her 77th year. Notice of funeral later.

CARPENTER.—Charles Elliott, son of the late Nathaniel O. and T. Louise Carpenter, on Wednesday, Feb. 11, 1914. Funeral will be held at his late residence at Pattenburg, N. J., on Friday, Feb. 13, at 3:30 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving New York, via Lehigh Valley R. R., 23d St. Ferry, at 12:20 P. M.

CARNRICK.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Feb. 8, 1914, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Henry Feuchtwanger, Madison, N. J., Gertrude, wife of the late John Carnrick. Funeral private.

DANIELS.—On Feb. 12, at her residence, 4 West 129th, Helen T., widow of John Stafford Daniels. Funeral Saturday at 10 A. M. to All Saints' Church, 129th St. and Madison Av., where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated for the repose of her soul. Interment St. Raymond Cemetery.

DENNISTON.—Suddenly, at Washingtonville, Orange County, N. Y., on Feb. 12, Caroline M. Denniston, daughter of the late Robert and Mary Denniston. Funeral from her late residence on Monday, Feb. 16, at 1:30 P. M.

EATON.—On Feb. 11, 1914, Ann J. Eaton, widow of the late Darwin D. G. Eaton, in the 87th year of her age. Funeral service will take place at the Spencer Memorial Presbyterian Church, Remsen St., corner of Clinton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Friday afternoon at 2 P. M. Please omit flowers.

EDSON.—On Wednesday, Feb. 11, at Elizabeth, N. J., Col. John Henry Edson, son of the late Alvin and Katharine Soley Edson, aged 84. Funeral services at St. John's Church, Saturday, Feb. 14, at 11 A. M. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. Boston papers please copy.

EDMINSTER.—Arthur C., aged 31, of the Fourteenth Regiment, N. G. N. Y., suddenly, on Feb. 12. Funeral services at his home, 348A Gates Av., Brooklyn, at 8 P. M., Friday, Feb. 13. Friends and Spanish War veterans invited.

FRANKEL.—Suddenly, James, beloved son of Leopold and the late Henrietta Frankel and brother of Charles, Harry, Ferd, Mrs. B. Gomprecht, and Mrs. S. H. Adler. Funeral Friday, Feb. 13, at 10 A. M., from his late residence, 2,493 Broadway. Funeral private.

HALLOWAY.—Suddenly, at Orange, N. J., Feb. 8, 1914, Rev. William Whiteman Halloway, D. D., pastor emeritus of the Hoagland Memorial Presbyterian Church, Dover, N. J., beloved husband of Anna J. Halloway. Funeral services at the church, Dover, N. J., Friday afternoon, Feb. 13, at 2:45 o'clock. Carriages will meet the arrival of trains from Newark and New York.

HAMBLET.—On Feb. 10, at her late residence, Susan Byard, wife of James W. Hamblet. Funeral private.

JEWETT.—In Norwich, Conn., Feb. 11, 1914, Capt. Laban R. Jewett, in the 81st year of his age.

KLOPPENBURG.—On Wednesday, Feb. 11, after a short illness, Frederick Kloppenburg, age 72, son of the late Henry and Meta Kloppenburg. Funeral services Friday evening, Feb. 13, at 8 o'clock, at the residence of his sister, Mrs. J. Henry Miller, 212 Hooper St., Brooklyn. Interment at convenience of family.

LAMB.—Feb. 11, 1914, James B. Lamb, at his late residence, 2,691 Marion Av., Fordham. Funeral services at St. James Church, 190th St., Jerome Av., 2 P. M., Friday, Feb. 13. Interment Woodlawn.

LORD.—Charles, aged 48. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St. Time of funeral hereafter.

MEYER.—On Feb. 11, 1914, after a short illness, in his 49th year, our beloved father, John Henry Meyer. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 18 Beekman Place, corner East 50th St., on Sunday, Feb. 15, 1 P. M.

NORTHROP.—At Ridgefield, Conn., on Thursday, Feb. 12, 1914, Linus C. Northrop, in his 84th year, father of Cora H. and Arrthur W. Northrop of Ridgefield, and Dr. Horace W. Northrop of New York City. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MURDOCK.—In Pasadena, Cal., Feb. 12, Alice S., eldest daughter of the late Uriel A. and Maria Louisa Murdock. Funeral services in Pasadena, Sunday, Feb. 15.

OLIVER.—At 473 Adams St., Dorchester, Mass., Feb. 12, Capt. Edward St. Croix Oliver of Vineyard Haven, in his 81st year. Interment private.

ROBARTS.—At Bogota, N. J., on Feb. 11, 1914, Mary Eleanore, widow of Thomas J. Robarts, aged 75 years. Funeral service at her late residence, 89 Larch Av., Bogota, Friday evening, Feb. 13, at 8 o'clock. Interment Cypress Hills, Saturday morning.

RYAN.—On Feb. 11, Michael J. Ryan, father of Thomas and brother of Ellen Ryan. Funeral from his late residence, 177th St., Riverside Drive, on Saturday, Feb. 14, 9:30 A. M.; thence to Church of Incarnation, 175th St., St. Nicholas Av., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment St. Raymond.

SALOMON.—On Feb. 12, in his 68th year, at his residence, 49 East 83d St., Bernard J., husband of the late Ida Frank Salomon and beloved father of Viola S. Liebmann and Edward M. Salomon. Funeral services on Friday at 2:30 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers. European papers please copy.

SALOMON.—The Board of Directors of the Armstrong Leather Company, at a special meeting held on the 12th day of February, 1914, deem it fitting to pay a tribute of respect and esteem to the memory of Mr. B. J. Salomon, President of the company from its inception. By his tireless efforts in business, his sympathetic nature, and his sterling character he endeared himself to his associates, who keenly feel his loss.

Resolved, That the sympathy of this board be extended to the family of our late President; and it is further

Resolved, That these resolutions be placed on the minutes of the company's record and a copy of same be conveyed to his family. H. J. BANG, Sec'y.

Died.

SCRANTON.—Harry K., only son of Celestine Wood and Alva G. Scranton, deceased. Funeral services at the residence of Mrs. Edward H. Kellogg, 117 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, on Saturday, Feb. 14, at 2:30 P. M.

SIEGEL.—On Thursday, Feb. 12, at her late residence, 700 West 178th St., Mathilda S. Siegel, widow of Christian E. Siegel. Notice of funeral later.

STABLER.—At her residence, 135 Willow St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 12th inst., Louisa M. Stabler, in the 88th year of her age.

SWAIN.—On Feb. 10, 1914, Robert Donald Swain. Funeral service at his late residence, 101 West 83d St., this Friday evening at 8 P. M.

TAYLOR.—At Amityville, L. I., Feb. 10, Mary E., daughter of the late Theodore and Kate B. Taylor. Services at Greenwood Cemetery Chapel Friday at 2 o'clock.

VAN NOSTRAND.—At Bayside, L. I., on Wednesday, Feb. 11, 1914, Sarah L., daughter of the late Jeromus and Ann Mary Van Nostrand, in the 80th year of her age. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at the residence of James W. Cain, Bell Av., Rockey Hill Road, Bayside, L. I., on Sunday, Feb. 15, at 3 P. M.

WALLACE.—At her home, 98 Danforth Av., Jersey City, Feb. 11, Isabella Cartwright, widow of the late James Wallace and daughter of the late Capt. Thomas Cartwright. Funeral services at her late residence Friday, 8 P. M. Interment private.

WANDERS.—Paul G., eldest son of Paul and Elisabeth, Feb. 11, 1914, in his 28th year. Funeral from his late residence, 152 78th St., Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, Saturday, Feb. 14, at 1 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

WATSON.—On Wednesday, Feb. 11, 1914, Helen C., beloved widow of G. Warren Watson and daughter of the late Richard Flanagan. Funeral service at her late residence, 5 West 83d St., Saturday morning, 10 o'clock.

WENDT.—Louise Booth, widow of the late Carsten Wendt, at Larchmont, N. Y., on Tuesday, Feb. 10. Funeral services will be held at the home of the deceased, Friday, Feb. 13, at 3 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Terminal at 2:15 P. M. Interment private.

WILLS.—At Hackensack, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 11, Joseph Wills, in his 78th year. Services at 365 Main St., Hackensack, N. J., Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

ZIMMERMAN.—On Feb. 12, 1914, Hyman, aged 26, son of Anna Zimmerman, 20 East 112th St. Funeral from residence, Friday, Feb. 13, 1914, at 10:30 A. M. Burial at Union Field, Cypress Hills Cemetery.

ADLUNG.—Marie L., 237 East 62d St., Feb. 10.

AMGAROLA.—George, Feb. 11. Funeral 239 Mulberry St., to-day, 10 A. M.

BARNUM.—David W., 162 East 122d St., Feb. 11, aged 47.

BOUSSIER.—Clara, 120 East 102d St., Feb. 11.

COLLINS.—Jeremiah F., 1,063 1st Av., Feb. 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

COOPER.—George, 512 10th Av., Feb. 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DUSCHNES.—Rosa, 411 East 139th St., Feb. 10, aged 82.

EDLER.—Margaret, 1,823 1st Av., Feb. 11, aged 53. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ERB.—Charles S., 135 West 104th St., Feb. 10, aged 47. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

FARRELL.—Bridget, 411 East 159th St., Feb. 10. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

FLYNN.—Ethel, 1,054 1st Av., Feb. 11, aged 20. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HEENAN.—Agnes, 329 East 21st St., Feb. 11. Funeral to-day.

HILL.—George J., 234 East 87th St., Feb. 10. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HOEY.—Mary, 194 Waverley Place, Feb. 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

McKEON.—Mary, 571 Amsterdam Av., Feb. 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

LEBERMAN.—Sophie, 215 West 100th St., Feb. 11, aged 65.

MADDEN.—John, 111 West 94th St., Feb. 10, aged 59.

MARONEY.—Jennie, 324 West 43d St., Feb. 10. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MORRISON.—Samuel, 79 Bayard St., Feb. 11, aged 100.

MURPHY.—Thomas S., Feb. 10, aged 69. Funeral 168 Amsterdam Av., to-day, 9:30 A. M.

NECKER.—Paul, 301 East 94th St., Feb. 10, aged 56. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PRIGGE.—Henry, 200 West 128th St., Feb. 11, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow.

RODDEN.—Rose A., 200 East 116th St., Feb. 11. Funeral to-day.

RYAN.—Kate, 829 3d Av., Feb. 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SCHRAMM.—Hans H., 435 East 134th St., Feb. 11, aged 82. Funeral private.

SMITH.—Mary A., 2,205 Gleason Av., Unionport, Feb. 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

TALLMAN.—Andre, 189 Waverley Place, Feb. 10.

WILSHUSEN.—Joachim, 169 West 99th St., Feb. 11, aged 63. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BARKER.—Ann, 259 Pearl St., Feb. 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BECKER.—Catherine, 1,208 Dean St., Feb. 10, aged 83. Funeral private.

BILLINGS.—Sarah, 15 Greene Av., Feb. 11, aged 58. Funeral service to-morrow.

CAMERON.—Joseph R., 269 57th St., Feb. 11. Funeral to-morrow.

CONWAY.—Thomas, 153 Warren St., Feb. 11. Funeral Feb. 15.

DAYTON.—Mary, 928 Madison Av., Feb. 11. Funeral private.

DORAN.—John, 361 53d St., Feb. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

EIDEN.—Mary, 340 7th Av., Feb. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

EISENHOFER.—Mary G., 889 Cypress Av., Feb. 10, aged 52.

ESPISTO.—Tony, Cumberland Street Hospital, Feb. 11, aged 43.

FELTER.—Warren H., 150 Java St., Feb. 10, aged 18. Funeral private.

FARLEY.—Thomas, 137 South 8th St., Feb. 11.

HALLORAN.—Catherine, 385 11th St., Feb. 10. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

HICKEY.—Elizabeth, 100 Hewes St., Feb. 10. Funeral to-day.

HOEY.—Patrick, 637 Leonard St., Feb. 11.

HUGHES.—Mary E., 560 Grand Av., Feb. 12. Funeral notice later.

LUHAN.—Anna, 1,339 Greene Av., Feb. 11, aged 57. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

McCORMICK.—Maria A., 876 Sterling Place, Feb. 11. Funeral notice later.

McFADZEN.—Rebecca R., 8,755 18th Av., Feb. 11, aged 77. Funeral service to-day.

McGOLDRICK.—Ann, St. Catharine's Hospital, Feb. 11, aged 74.

McGUIRE.—James J., 348 Hicks St., Feb. 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

PETERSON.—Jennie C., 66 East 5th St., Feb. 11. Funeral service to-day.

PLATT.—Milton J., 207 Schermerhorn St., Feb. 12, aged 63.

RYDER.—Catherine, 683 President St., Feb. 10, aged 64.

SCRANTON.—Harry K., 117 Columbia Heights, Feb. 11. Funeral to-morrow.

SEATON.—Olivia B., 948 Bedford Av., Feb. 12.

SHIELDS.—Ermina, 1,438 Bushwick Av., Feb. 11. Funeral to-morrow.

TARZIAN.—Louise, 732 Franklin Av., Feb. 11. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

TULLY.—Elizabeth, 11 Berkeley Place, Feb. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

WILLIAMS.—Iona E. P., 2,110 Fulton St., Feb. 11. Funeral to-morrow.

Hoboken and Jersey City.

BIBBS.—Robert A., 106 Sackett St., Jersey City, Feb. 10, aged 38.

CYTRON.—Samuel, 711 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, Feb. 10.

DONNELLY.—Margaret, 71 Willow Av., Hoboken, Feb. 10, aged 52.

FARRELLY.—Thomas, 259 Provost St., Jersey City, Feb. 10. Funeral to-day, 7 A. M.

MIDDLETON.—John H., West Hoboken, Feb. 10, aged 61. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MILLER.—Herman A., 813 Garden St., Hoboken, Feb. 10, aged 24.

STUMPF.—Caroline, 715 Garden St., Hoboken, Feb. 11, aged 64.

Long Island.

BARNES.—Mary F., Richmond Hill, Feb. 9, aged 67.

BRUND.—Frederick, Corona, Feb. 9, aged 2 months.

CARMAN.—Emily R., South Haven, Feb. 10. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CARTHEUSER.—Emilie O., Corona, Feb. 9, aged 56.

EBERHARDT.—Mary, Bayside, Feb. 11, aged 64.

ELDRIDGE.—Lemuel, Corona, Feb. 11, aged 39. Funeral to-day.

KENNY.—William, Central Islip, Feb. 9, aged 70.

KING.—Edward, 394 Steinway Av., Long Island City, Feb. 11.

LISTORT.—Marie, Corona, Feb. 9, aged 3 months.

O'BRIEN.—John J., 145 7th St., Long Island City, Feb. 10. Funeral to-day.

O'DWYER.—Bridget, Corona, Feb. 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

WANGENHEIM.—Theodore, 256 Radde St., Long Island City, Feb. 10, aged 56.

Westchester County.

CARROLL.—Johanna, 240 South 9th Av., Mount Vernon, Feb. 10. Funeral service to-morrow.

DEACY.—Maria L., Ossining, Feb. 10.

McCREADY.—Mary, New Rochelle, Feb. 10, aged 83.

MACKENZIE.—Jessie M., White Plains, Feb. 11. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

WEBSTER.—William, Jr., 5 Locust Hill, Yonkers, Feb. 11. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

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NATIONAL COMMISSION WARNS BALL PLAYERS--ATHLETES COLLAPSE IN RACE

JUMPING PLAYERS TO BE BLACKLISTED

National Commission Will Not Take Back Any Deserters After Season Opens.

The National Commission yesterday fired the first gun in the impending war with the Federal League when it voted to blacklist from organized ball every player who fails to report to his club on the opening day of the season. After being closeted for some time with the commission, the Players' Fraternity joined hands with the commission in the battle and announced that, when a player was barred by organized ball, he would automatically suspend himself from the players' organization.

Baseball men anticipate that this important action by the commission and Players' Fraternity will have a quieting effect on players' "jumping" to the Federals. The first batch of players who jumped did not doubt that in the event of the Federal League not being able to finish the season, they would be forgiven and taken back into the ranks of organized ball. The latest action of the commission shows that it plans to do nothing of the sort, and when the blacklist is put into operation on the 142 players who are already claimed by the outlaws, the ball players outside of the ranks will be shown that organized baseball men intend to battle to the finish.

Under the present rules of the blacklist, as adopted several years ago, a reserved player who jumps is barred for a period of three years before he can apply for reinstatement, and a player under regular contract will have to wait five years before applying for reinstatement. If the commission chooses, it can bar a player at the end of that time and bar him from playing forever.

At the commission's conference which placed the ban on the "jumping" ball players were Chairman August Herrmann, President Ban Johnson of the American League; Secretary John A. Heydler, representing President Tener of the National League; Secretary John H. Farrell of the National Association of Minor League Baseball Clubs, President Edward Barrow of the International League, President Thomas Chivington of the American Association, President Dave Fultz of the Players' Fraternity, Jake Daubert and Ed Reulbach of Brooklyn, and Jack Miller of Pittsburgh, representing the Players' Fraternity.

The action of the Players' Fraternity in agreeing to suspend from its organization all players who are barred from playing by not reporting at the beginning of the season, is construed by baseball men as a concession on the part of the fraternity, recognizing the reserve clause in the player's contract. The commission's sweeping edict includes reserved players as well as regular contract "jumpers," so the fraternity practically concedes that a player under reserve is under contract.

The Federal League was discussed at some length by the commission, but the members refused to give out any statement on the subject. It is known, however, that Ban Johnson's attitude toward the Federal League is to ignore it entirely. No compromise or concessions may be expected from the commission.

Several minor matters were discussed by the commission and the Fraternity, and some changes in the wording of the agreement were decided upon. The commission and the Fraternity will sign the agreement at a meeting to be held to-day.

President John H. Farrell of the National Association pointed out the sweeping influence of the minor leagues on the national game. He represented 43 leagues, which have clubs playing in 301 cities. He stated that the yearly salary list of these leagues for a season amounted to more than $4,000,000.

KICKING MURPHY OUT.

"That's an Annual Pastime," Says President of the Cubs.

Charles W. Murphy isn't taking much stock in the threats which have been made to oust him from baseball. "I am in the game to stay," he said yesterday, when asked what he had to say about the rumored antagonistic attitude of Ban Johnson and the American League. "It has become an annual pastime to kick me out of baseball at least four times a year, and I am getting used to it. I am master of my mind—the real and only boss of my ball club, and I am going to run it the way I see fit. These knocks are received with a great deal of pleasure, because they help to fill the ball parks with haters of Murphy, who have paid their money to help make Murphy rich.

"As for Evers," he continued, "I did what I thought was best for the club. He is temperamentally unfit to manage a team. Outside of that he is a very valuable man. I feel that I know enough about the executive end of this business to be able to take care of it, and I am not going to let any one manage my business for me. Evers and I could not agree and one of us had to go. I don't care whether he plays with Boston or not. Perdue and Sweeney are going to play with me, and I will bet $5,000 that the Cubs finish first, second or third in the pennant race."

It was rumored about the Waldorf yesterday that Charles P. Taft did not approve of Murphy getting the Chicago Club into constant disfavor, and that an effort would be made to force him out of his holdings in the Cubs. Murphy laughed at the idea.

Tesreau Signs; Wilson Coming Back

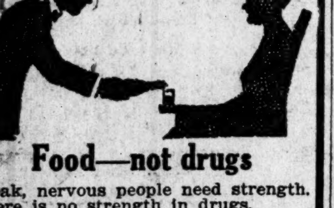
Secretary John B. Foster of the Giants announced yesterday that Jeff Tesreau, the Giants' big pitcher, had signed a contract for three years. Mr. Foster also said that he had received word from Catcher Arthur Wilson that he would report at Marlin. It was reported that Wilson had "jumped" to the Federals.

Curling on St. Andrew's Rink.

Curlers spent a busy day on the St. Andrew's Golf Club rink yesterday, when matches were played in the morning and afternoon. The teams were captained by P. Fletcher and W. E. Hodgman, respectively, the former winning the first match, 16 to 6, and the second, 15 to 8. The ice was keen and the steens rolled true, making it a difficult matter for the curlers to keep the granite blocks within the circle. Skip Fletcher showed to advantage for his team and scored a number of points. The teams follow:

Rink 1—Ralph Miner, Bryden Lamb, Archie Reid, P. Fletcher, skip.

Rink 2—Fred Holbrook, J. C. Ten Eyck, A. B. Halliday, W. E. Hodgman, skip.



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RAIN STOPS GAME IN ROME.

World Tourists Again Visit Famous Buildings—Will Play To-day.

By JOHN J. M'GRAW,
Manager New York Giants.

Copyright, 1914, by John J. McGraw.
By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, Feb. 12.—Lincoln's Birthday was ushered in this morning with a cold rain, which continued throughout the day and caused a postponement of the game between the Giants and White Sox until to-morrow, much to the dissapointment of the natives, who are anxious to see us play our national game.

The postponement of to-day's outdoor programme was particularly disappointing to the students of the American College here, who were allowed the usual American holiday and had been invited to attend the game. Several of our players attended a lunch at the American College, and Callahan, Donlin, and Speaker interceded with the President of the college for the students. Their efforts were crowned with success, and when the announcement was made that the students had received permission to attend to-morrow's game, a great cheer went up, and the students forgot their disappointment.

Several of the players took an automobile trip on the Appian Way, while the others visited the royal palace, National Museum, churches, and other places of interest.

Weather conditions are favorable, and unless another storm breaks over Rome we will be able to play a game to-morrow.

President Comiskey has entirely recovered from his recent attack of indigestion and is in the best of health again.

FEDS QUIET, BUT BUSY.

They Say They Will Spring a Surprise in a Few Days.

The ranks of the Federal League invaders here were increased yesterday by Manager Joe Tinker of Chicago and Manager Otto Knabe of Baltimore, and at a conference during which nobody talked above a whisper and which lasted all day they hurled defiance at organized baseball and announced that in a few days they would make an announcement which would open the eyes of the baseball public.

This announcement, it is said, probably will be that the Federals have decided to invade New York. For several weeks Ned Hanlon of Baltimore has been trying to persuade the Federals to place a team here. Hanlon a few weeks ago went to the site at Corona, L. I., with Stewart Mukenfuss, the former President of the old St. Louis Browns, which resulted in a glowing report to President Gilmore that Corona would be a suitable site to fight organized ball in New York. It is stated that Gilmore and his associates visited the site, and the extensive transportation improvements under construction were fully explained to them. Mr. Gilmore, however, last night refused to admit that the Federals were planning to locate here.

The proposed plan is said to be to transfer the Toronto franchise here. President J. J. McCaffery of the Toronto Club of the International League stated yesterday that although the Federals have claimed to have a park in Toronto, he has assurance that they will not be able to get a lease on Hippodrome Park, where they plan to locate.

After yesterday's meeting of the Federals at the Knickerbocker, Joe Tinker, the Brooklyn "jumper," stated that the Federals plan to sign with a generous salary and liberal bonus every minor league star the major leagues go after.

To strengthen the contention that the Federal League is backing its claims with real capital, Tinker showed a deposit in a Chicago bank for $10,300 which is payable to him on Jan. 1, 1915. Otto Knabe stated that he also had a like deposit in a Baltimore bank.

Knabe said that Baltimore was "baseball crazy," and that his club would be a greater attraction than the International League team. Knabe said that he was willing to bet $500 that the team he had already signed could beat any major league club in a series of games. Tinker followed this boast with the remark that his Chicago club could do the same thing.

The Federals and President Gaffney are in a spirited battle for the services of Johnny Evers, the deposed manager of the Cubs. Evers late last night was still undecided what he would do. Gaffney had a long talk with him at the Waldorf and tried to persuade him to become a part of the Boston trade. He offered him a big bonus if he would consent to the deal, but Evers has decided to wait a while before making a decision.

He had two long conferences with the Federals, and the only reason he did not accept their big offer, it is said, was because Evers is not positive about the legal status of his contracts. Evers's attorney, who lives in Buffalo, is coming here to-day, and will bring Evers's contracts with him. The argument of the Federals in the Evers case is that when Murphy failed to give the player the ten days' notice to quit, as required by the contracts, he violated the contracts, and they are null and void, leaving Evers a free agent. If this is so, there is little doubt but that the former Cub second baseman will go to the Federals. Tinker told his former clubmate yesterday that he would be foolish to turn down the Federals' liberal offer.

"EARLY RISERS" OUT.

Equestrian Club Elects Officers and Holds Its Annual Breakfast.

The Early Risers Riding Club held its annual meeting at McGown's Pass Tavern in Central Park yesterday morning and the following officers were elected: President, Major Lewis M. Thiery; Vice President, Richard E. Sause; Secretary, Louis H. Moos; Treasurer, August V. Lambert. The principal business of the meeting consisted of raising the dues of the club and discussing ways and means to improve and increase the bridle paths of the city's parks. In this particular, Park Commissioner Cabot Ward, who was present at the annual Lincoln Day breakfast following the meeting, said that he would be willing to assist to the extent of his power in any movement looking to better facilities for the horseback riders of the city. Richard E. Sause, who is mainly responsible for the social affairs of the organization, was especially thanked by the club for his work during the last year. Among those present at the breakfast were:

Louis Auerbach, Oscar M. Arnold, F. A. Birch, Henry Brewster, David Bandler, Ambrose R. Clark, Rudolf Cohen, George Crouch, W. J. Dixon, Richard Deeves, William Duffy, Arthur T. Davenport, William J. Daniels, William C. Durland, Fred Davis, E. Campbell Douglas, M. D.; Jack A. Dryfoos, Julius Janowitz, John Kroder, Maxwell C. Katz, Max Kops, S. B. Kraus, Dr. L. J. Ladinski, August Luchow, August V. Lambert, Jacob Lesser, Isadore Levy, Morris May, Charles H. Mattlage, Harry Meehan, E. P. Martin, Louis H. Moos, Max May, William H. McIntyre, August Oppenheimer, Leo A. Price, Samuel I. Davis, Peter C. Esler, Abe Erlanger, Thornton G. Earle, Milton Erlanger, Sydney Erlanger, Abram I. Elkus, M. L. Flank, Oscar J. Gude, Isaac Gimbel, E. I. Goodrich, John Gerken, Percy Holbrook, E. G. Hantsche, J. A. Hartford, Benjamin Heine, Thomas S. Hanson, N. J. Hess, S. K. Jacobs, Morris Joseph, Fred Housman, Selig Rosenbaum, Henry Rubel, Rudolph Recht, Max Richter, Carl Rosenberger, Albert Steiglitz, Richard E. Sause, Fred Strauss, Lincoln Stadler, M. S. Sternberger, Robert Schalkenbach, Henry G. Smith, Louis Sonnenberg, Jefferson Seligman, Lewis M. Thiery, Charles Thorley, Samuel W. Taylor, Gilbert Thorne, Z. Van Raalte, and J. H. Wright.

RUNNERS COLLAPSE IN MARATHON RACE

Extreme Cold in Brooklyn-Sea Gate Event Lays Out Many Athletes.

The Brooklyn-Sea Gate marathon, which was decided yesterday over a twenty-six-mile route, leading from the Thirteenth Regiment Armory to Sea Gate, Coney Island, uncovered a new amateur champion over the historic distance in the person of Harry Parkinson of the Bradhurst Field Club, whose running feat and victory stand out as probably unequaled in the history of foot racing.

First of a field of thirty-six adventurous runners, Parkinson's time for the journey was 2 hours 51 minutes 46 3-5 seconds. He was followed to the tape by Frank Zuna, Irish-American A. C., whose time was 2:52:54, and V. Voteretsas, Greek-American A. C., in 2:53:42.

Following this trio at infrequent intervals were eight more of the original thirty-six, who were the only ones to finish, the others having collapsed at intermediate points, only to be picked up by automobiles which followed the runners. Four of the men were in such a serious condition that they had to be taken to the Coney Island Hospital, where they were treated for exhaustion, which the physicians stated was superinduced by the extreme cold.

Before the start of the race the entire entry dissented from the opinion of the management that the event should either be called off altogether or lessened in distance to fifteen miles. The runners stated that they would not race at all if the distance was reduced. Most outspoken in this regard were the favorites for the event, Willie Rosett, Harry Jensen, Tom Lilley of Boston, and O. S. Weeks of Yonkers, a man of nearly 50 years of age, who ultimately managed to get into the prize division by finishing eighth, nearly thirty-seven minutes after the winner had finished.

The men who found their way back to the armory and were enabled to take part in the final two miles of the race presented pitiable pictures when they started around the eighth of a mile ellipse. With but several exceptions each of the eleven was bordering on collapse, and in every case their locomotion was almost snail-like coming into the comparatively warm atmosphere after the extreme cold of the journey to Sea Gate and return.

Three of the four men, S. D. Richman, J. J. Kennedy, and Thomas Carroll, who collapsed on Ocean Parkway, were sent home from the hospital during the early evening, but Nick Seeney, who was in a more serious condition, was detained for further observation. While he finished in the best condition of any of the men, Parkinson collapsed after getting to the dressing room, but Dr. George Comstock, the regimental physician, who examined the men prior to their participation, stated that Parkinson's trouble had been caused by an overdose of brandy after the finish, to which stimulant he was unaccustomed.

The course of the race led from the armory at Sumner Avenue and Putnam Avenue to Bedford Avenue, to Eastern Parkway, to the Soldiers and Sailors Arch at Flatbush Avenue, to Parkside, to Ocean Avenue, to Boulevard, to Surf Avenue, Sea Gate, and return over the same course.

At various portions of the route enthusiasts huddled together in their endeavors at taking a peep at the Spartanlike contestants. After the men had settled down to a plodding pace W. Brazil of the Irish-Americans assumed command, with Osborne, Long Island, who eventually came into the armory last of those to finish as his closest opponent.

During the progress of the Marathon the crowd in the armory was entertained by a series of handicap and scratch running and walking events, the chief of which at three miles brought together Hannes Kolehmainen, the world's champion, and Willie Kramer, one of America's greatest runners. These men were on the scratch, and, as events proved, they were by far the best of the field. Up to two miles and a half Gaston Strobino of Marathon fame, showed the way form the 175-yard mark, but in the final quarter mile Kolehmainen spurted into the lead. Kramer jumped past the Finn, but the latter eventually went to the front with unbeatable pace, and won in the fast time of 14:22, beating Kramer about eight yards. The summary:

Three-Quarter Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by E. I. Burgdorf, Long Island A. C., (75 yards;) J. E. Ball, Jr., St. Agnes A. C., (90 yards,) second; Ted Eilertsen, Norwegian Turn Society, (70 yards,) third. Time—3:06 1-5.

600-Yard Run, Handicap. (Thirteenth Regiment only.)—Won by I. E. Kaplan, Seventh Company, (20 yards;) T. J. Kelly, Fourth Company, (7 yards,) second; F. L. A. Gardner, Fifth Company, (7 yards,) third. Time—1:16 1-5.

75-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by F. P. McNally, New York A. C., (8 feet;) J. W. Cording, Irish-American A. C., (14 feet,) second; C. Mundt, St. Bartholomew's A. C., (10 feet,) third. Time—0:08.

One-Mile Run, Novice.—Won by F. P. Thomas, Thirteenth Regiment; W. Larrson, unattached, second; W. F. Weise, Bronx Church House, third. Time—4:48.

Three-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by Hannes Kolehmainen, Irish-American A. C., (scratch;) William J. Kramer, Long Island A. C., (scratch,) second; Gaston Strobino, unattached, (175 yards,) third. Time—14.22.

One Mile Walk, Handicap.—Won by Joseph Burkhard, Bronx Church House, (35 seconds;) F. R. Plant, Long Island A. C., (23 seconds,) second; D. M. Smith, Glencoe A. C., (50 seconds,) third. Time—7:02 4-5.

One-and-Three-Quarter Mile Relay, Handicap.—Dead heat between teams of Pastime A. C., made up of D. J. Daly, Myles McHugh, and D. J. Shea, (40 yards,) and Long Island A. C. team, made up of Sid Leslie, J. H. Dennelly, and Joseph Meyer, (38 yards;) Central Congregational S. S. team, made up of H. Beardsley, J. W. Atherton, and W. Selcver, (73 yards,) third. Time—7:19 4-5.

Two-Mile Bicycle Race, Handicap.—Won by J. Nunziata, Empire City Wheelmen, (110 yards;) C. R. White, Empire City Wheelmen, (110 yards,) second; J. A. Van Zandt, Empire City Wheelmen, (150 yards,) third. Time—4:40 4-5.

300-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by G. C. Dahl, Jr., (10 yards;) W. J. Fisher, Irish-American A. C., (5 yards,) second; F. P. McNally, New York A. C., (6 yards,) third. Time—0:33.

MARATHON RACE.

No. Name and Club.	Time.
21—H. Parkinson, Bradhurst F. C.	2:51:46 3-5
12—F. Zuna, Irish-Amer. A. C.	2:52:54
28—V. Voteretsas, Greek-A. A. C.	2:53:42
31—G. E. Crosby, Bronx C. H.	3:00:25 1-5
16—W. Brazil, Irish-Amer. A. C.	3:02:51 4-5
48—H. G. Lucas, unattached	3:10:38 3-5
32—E. H. White, Holy C. Lyceum	3:21:06 3-5
1—O. S. Weeks, Pennant A. C.	3:28:04 2-5
27—J. Anthony, Greek-Amer. A. C.	3:30:01 2-5
11—A. Monteverde, Hudson, N. Y.	3:31:21
37—L. Osborne, L. I. A. C.	No time taken

Columbia Easily Beats Penn.

Columbia vanquished University of Pennsylvania at basket ball in the Morningside Heights gymnasium last night by the score of 23 to 8. Three thousand spectators, made up in a large proportion of the alumni and their friends, who returned to the campus yesterday for the annual reunion festivities, cheered the Blue and White as they took one step nearer to the intercollegiate championship and continued their unbroken line of victories for the season. Classes for many years back, headed by the Early Eighties and their fife and drum corps, marched about the gymnasium following the game and fittingly celebrated the victory. The line-up:

Columbia.	Position.	Pennsylvania.
Meenan	Left forward	Crane
Dwyer	Right forward	Heindl
Wegener	Centre	Bloom
Benson	Left guard	Hardwick
Lee	Right guard	Freed

Goals from field—Meenan, (2,) Wegener, (2,) Benson, Reynolds, Crane. Goals from foul—Bloom, (9,) Lee, (7.) Substitutes—Bullitt for Crane, Williams for Heindl, Reynolds for Dwyer. Referee—S. Shields, Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A. Umpire—E. Fauver, Wesleyan. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

National Amateur League Next.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—An effort to organize a national amateur baseball championship series will be made in this city on Feb. 20 and 21 at a meeting of delegates from Eastern and Middle Western cities. The project, which was launched by the Chicago Association of Amateur Baseball Clubs at a meeting last night, provides for the organization of a national governing body, with strict rules defining amateurs. It was announced that delegates will attend the organization meeting from Cleveland, St. Louis, Columbus, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, New York, Indianapolis, Detroit, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Denver, Omaha, and Kansas City.

UNIVERSITY CLUB LEADS.

Twelfth Regiment Officers Defeated Twice in Interclub League.

The University Club baseball team jumped into first place in the Interclub League race by taking both games of a double header played with the Twelfth Regiment officers' team at the Twelfth Regiment armory. It was the first time in the history of the league that these advocates of Winter baseball allowed themselves to be forced indoors by anything except heavy rain or muddy grounds, but there was no desire by either team yesterday to test the intense cold and strong wind at the Fifth Avenue lot. Both games were due to a recent decision of the league to advance games so as to complete the schedule a month earlier than was intended. May is too warm for these Winter leaguers.

The soldiers gave the 'Varsity boys a real argument in the opening game and were not driven back until the last out was made. The score in this contest was 8 to 6. In the second game the soldiers made a good start by getting a run in the opening inning and then they ceased to be friendly with the plate until two were out in the final inning when a substitute runner stole home while catcher Vander Poel was returning the ball to Simmons. The score was 12 to 2.

Vander Poel led with the stick. He got five hits in seven times at bat and figured in most of the University Club's runs. Wilcox and George Brokaw also took a liking to the offerings of Soldier Holt and treated themselves to four hits each.

The Twelfth Regiment team went through the double header without making any changes in the line-up and the University Club made two changes in each game. Reid and Bigelow divided the work at first base, and Brokaw divided with Green at second base. The line-up and scores:

University Club.—S. Oakley Vander Poel, catcher; H. Wilcox, pitcher and shortstop; L. S. Bigelow and John Reid, Jr., first base; Douglas Green and George T. Brokaw, second base; Frank Simmons, shortstop and pitcher, and J. D. Pell, third base.

Twelfth Regiment.—C. S. Brown, Jr., third base; Harry S. Hildreth, shortstop; Harry T. Ashmore, second base; H. E. Holt, pitcher; Frank J. McCoy, catcher, and E. H. Janes, first base.

FIRST GAME.

								R.	H.	E.
University Club	0	4	0	0	3	1	..	8	12	1
Twelfth Regiment	2	0	0	0	1	1	2	6	14	3

Batteries—Wilcox, Simmons, and Vander Poel; Holt and McCay. Umpires—Hamilton Fish Benjamin, Union Club, and Carl Rudolph Schultz, Calumet Club. Time of game—Forty-five minutes.

SECOND GAME.

								R.	H.	E.
University Club	0	2	0	0	1	5	4	12	20	1
Twelfth Regiment	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	8	3

Batteries—Simmons and Vander Poel; Holt and McCoy. Umpires—Hamilton Fish Benjamin, Union Club, and Carl Rudolph Schultz, Calumet Club. Time of game—One hour and two minutes.

NOT TOO COLD FOR CURLERS

Play for Utica Cup Brings Out Bumper Entry at Van Cortlandt Park.

With the thermometer near zero yesterday New York curlers had their best day's sport of the Winter on the pond at Van Cortlandt Park in competition for the Utica Cup, donated by the Utica Curling Club for the encouragement of the pastime in the vicinity of New York, and the event drew a bumper entry. When darkness came the tournament was still undecided, the last rink being contested under the rays of four arc lights.

The second round was reached, but was postponed until to-day. Four rinks with eight men occupying each one were kept busy throughout the day, and although the teams are not of the first rank, the sport produced good competition.

In the preliminary round the Terrace City team of Yonkers drew a bye and were relieved of any competition until the best of the four competing rinks had completed their stay on the ice. The elimination of the first round brought together the Caledonian's first team and Dunwoodie first team and the St. Andrews four against the Terrace City quartet. The latter did not profit much by its good fortune in the preliminary and was ousted by the St. Andrews team, 16 to 15, in the closest match of the day. The Caledonian first were victorious over the Dunwoodie four, 18 to 15. The Caledonion second team drew the bye of this round, and the two winners and the last-named team will fight it out for the prize today. The line-ups and scores:

Rink No. 1.—Caledonian First Team versus D. McKaskill, skip, 18; Caledonian First—ond—T. R. Archibald, T. Wigley, J. Strong, D. McKaskill, skip., 18; Caledonian First—W. S. Gereig, J. Engles, H. Archibald, T. T. Archibald, skip, 16.

Rink No. 2.—Thistles versus St. Andrews Second.—Thistles—A. Frazer, C. Mackenzie, R. Lauder, F. Watt, skip, 18.; St. Andrews Second—A. Gillies, J. Rennie, R. Boyd, J. Leslie, skip, 15.

Rink No. 3.—St. Andrews First versus Caledonian Third.—St. Andrews First—F. McNee, R. McGregor, F. Dykes, T. Nicholson, skip, 26; Caledonian Third—J. Templeton, V. Fenley, W. Moncur, W. Culbertson, skip, 6.

Rink No. 4.—Dunwoodie First versus Dunwoodie Second.—Dunwoodie First—R. Boettger, W. R. Moon, W. A. Milligan, W. A. Macfarlane, skip, 17. Dunwoodie Second—L. A. McKinley, G. McLean, W. Bracy, C. H. McLoughlin, skip, 9.

Terrace City team, composed of J. McCorkey, R. W. Anderson, J. Maskay, and J. A. Peene, skip, drew a bye.

Second Round.—Caledonian First versus Dunwoodie First—Caledonian First, 18; Dunwoodie First, 15. St. Andrews versus Terrace City—St. Andrews, 16; Terrace City, 15. Caledonian Second drew a bye.

GUNNERS BRAVE COLD.

Dr. De Wolfe Captures Chief Prize at New York A. C. Traps.

Notwithstanding the intense cold of yesterday nineteen gunners reported at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club and had the best holiday shooting of the season. A high wind made the shooting exceedingly difficult. The most important prize fell to Dr. E. R. De Wolfe. It was the Variety Cup, which he captured with a score of 17 out of a possible 25 targets. The trophy has been up for competition since the start of the season, and its conditions called for the first three wins. The victory yesterday gave Dr. De Wolfe his third leg and the prize.

The weather conditions were of decided advantage to the handicap gunners, and as a result the prizes all went to the long-distance men. C. W. Berner started the afternoon by annexing the Monthly Cup with a 23 out of a possible 25 targets, shooting with a handicap of 5. He then took the Travers Island Trohpy after a shoot-off in which G. J. Corbett and A. J. McManus also competed. Mr. Berner completed the day by capturing the Distance Handicap with a total of 21 out of a possible 25 targets, shooting from the 16-yard mark.

Arthur J. McManus also won a goodly share of the prizes. He first took the Club Trophy with a card of 23 out of 25, and then captured the High Handicap Prize. A special handicap Holiday Cup also fell to his steady eye. Mr. McManus tied in the High Scratch Shoot and the High Scratch Holiday Shoot with D. F. McMahon. The latter, however, won the shoot-off for both prizes.

Munn Wins South Orange Shoot.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 12.—O. D. Munn was the winner of the best score prize in the holiday shoot of the Orange Gun Club this afternoon which included five twenty-target events. Munn finished first with a total score of 94 breaks from scratch. He was the winner of two of the events, at one time turning in a perfect score and the second time a 19. Ernest Von Lengerke, former State amateur champion, won an event with 19 from scratch. The other winners were F. D. Perkins, who had 20 from scratch, and Dr. George Wakeley, who also got a 20 with the aid of two targets handicap.

Gunners Divide Honors.

The Robin Hood Gun Club of Staten Island held a holiday shoot of four events at its traps yesterday, and Edward Rowson and George Connolly each won two events. Rowson won the Take Home and Hercules trophies, with scores of 22 and 23 respectively. Connolly captured the leather medal with a score of 22, and the Dupont trophy with 24. A strong wind made high scoring impossible.

TENNIS CHAMPIONS IN HARD MATCHES

Indoor Tournament Attracts International Players to Seventh Regiment Armory Courts.

The annual indoor national lawn tennis championship tournament in singles and doubles opened yesterday on the floor courts at the Seventh Regiment Armory, Sixty-sixth Street and Park Avenue, when fifty-four matches in singles were decided. The playing was marked by several reversals of form, which showed the defeated men to be out of practice. For the first time in the history of the competition an additional flavor was injected into the tournament with representatives from England, Austria and France. Of the six European contestants two were eliminated, leaving three to play in the third round.

Playing was of an exceptionally brilliant character and the matches were closely watched by an enthusiastic gallery. The armory was chilly for the spectators, but the atmosphere made the players exert themselves to keep warm, and as a result many lively tussles marked the early rounds of the tournament.

The best form of the foreign entrants was shown by George Aranji of France, who won from Theodore R. Pell in the first round by default. He was opposed by Charles Chambers in the second round, and after each player had secured a set, Chambers retired from the contest with the score 1—0 in favor of the Frenchman in the third set. E. H. Doeg of England was drawn against G. A. C. Dionne, the West Side Tennis Club crack. The latter proved to be in splendid form and won in straight sets. In his second match of the day Dionne defeated Preston Cumming with ease and qualified for the fourth round. The summary:

National Indoor Men's Singles Championship.—First Round—C. C. Edwards defeated C. L. Childs, by default; H. A. Throckmorton defeated H. S. Parker, 6—2, 8—10, 6—4; B. S. Prentice defeated Harold B. Caldwell, 6—1, 6—1; G. G. Moore, Jr., defeated George S. Groesbeck, 2—6, 7—5, 6—4; Gardner H. Miller defeated Dr. John Minkus, 6—2, 5—7, 6—2; Howard A. Plummer defeated A. E. Peterson, 6—0, 6—0; Dr. John W. Travell defeated W. M. Washburn, by default; J. M. Steinacher defeated Walter Roberts, by default; E. F. Leo defeated C. L. Johnson, Jr., by default; R. K. Tomlin, Jr., defeated J. F. Patterson, 6—3, 11—9; Gustav G. Grenz defeated Edmund W. Peasley, 6—1, 3—6, 6—3; Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated C. M. Amerman, 6—3, 6—2; A. C. Postley defeated Robert F. Putnam, by default; Charles Garland defeated Dimon E. Roberts, by default; Charles Chambers defeated Paul P. Gould, 7—5, 6—0; George Anranyi defeated Theodore R. Pell, by default; Julian S. Myrick defeated Baron E. Wullerstoff, 6—1, 6—1; F. Hardcastle defeated George S. Hauck, by default; Harold Swain defeated C. E. Bacon, by default.

Second Round—Gustave F. Touchard defeated Walter Hazard, 6—2, 6—2; G. J. Steinacher defeated Dr. J. G. Simmons by default; Count Ales Salm defeated Herbert L. Bowman, 6—3, 6—3; Dr. Harold R. Missell defeated Marshall S. Hagar, 6—3, 6—2; Karl H. Behr defeated S. N. Merrihew, 6—2, 6—4; Harry Steinkamp defeated H. S. Willick, 7—5, 1—6, 6—4; Count Otto Salm defeated H. A. Williams, 6—2, 6—2; G. C. Shafer defeated Merle Johnson, 6—2, 6—1; John C. McKay defeated Livingston Platt, 4—6, 6—3, 8—6; C. J. Post defeated Calhoun Cragin by default; B. M. Phillips defeated H. W. Robinson, 6—4, 6—4; H. A. Throckmorton defeated C. C. Edwards, 6—4, 3—6, 6—4; H. A. Plummer defeated Gardner H. Miller, 6—0, 6—2; J. M. Steinacher defeated Dr. John W. Travell, 6—0, 6—5; R. K. Tomlin, Jr., defeated E. F. Leo by default; Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated Gustav G. Grenz, 6—4, 8—6; A. C. Postley defeated Charles Garland by default; George Aranyi defeated Charles Chambers, 5—7, 6—4, 1—0, default; F. Hardcastle defeated Julian S. Myrick, 6—3, 6—1; H. F. Guggenheim defeated Harold Swain, 6—3, 6—4; James S. Cushman defeated L. V. Robinson, 6—3, 7—5; B. W. Stair defeated W. D. Bourne, 4—6, 6—1, 6—2; S. Howard Voshell defeated M. S. Clark by default; Lincoln Barker defeated C. A. Sparks, 6—3, 6—3; Arthur S. Cragin defeated Walter Merrill Hall by default; William B. Cragin, Jr., defeated E. O. Dorman by default; W. C. Grant defeated John N. Thurlow, 3—6, 6—2, 6—0; G. A. L. Dionne defeated E. H. Doeg, 6—2, 6—3; Preston Cumming defeated Harry Seymour, 6—0, 6—1; A. M. Loribond defeated Harry Parker, 6—4, 4—6, 6—2; J. G. K. Lawrence defeated King Smith, 6—3, 3—6, 6—4.

Third Round—Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated A. C. Postley, 6—2, 6—3; Arthur S. Cragin defeated Lincoln Barker, 6—3, 6—4; W. C. Graul defeated William B. Cragin, Jr., 6—3, 6—3; G. A. L. Dionne defeated Preston Cumming, 6—3, 6—1.

Amateurs Box at Crescent A. C.

Many new amateur boxers were seen last night in the preliminary rounds of the open boxing tournament at the Crescent A. C., Brooklyn. The 150-pound class was unusually well contested, and the four bouts in the class furnished the most interesting sessions of the programme. The finals are to be contested to-morrow evening. The summary:

110-Pound Class—J. Keller, unattached, defeated J. Ravner, unattached, three rounds; judges' decision; H. Rips, New Polo A. A., defeated P. F. Stamules, Greek-American A. C., three rounds; judges' decision; W. Aste, Parsons S. C., defeated P. F. Sheridan, Puritan A. C., three rounds; judges' decision; F. Devlin, unattached, won by default from G. Burns, unattached.

130-Pound Class—W. Rexel, unattached, defeated R. McPartland, unattached, three rounds; judges' decision; C. Pracht, Christ Church House, defeated M. B. Tracer, Educational Alliance A. A., three rounds; judges' decision; J. Delahanty, Long Island A. C., defeated L. Alpen, Hamilton Lyceum, one round; referee's decision.

120-Pound Class—J. Hogan, Lafayette A. C., defeated E. Dooley, New Polo A. A., three rounds; judges' decision; J. Burns, Puritan A. C., drew a bye; J. Hogan, Lafayette A. C., defeated J. Burns, Puritan A. C., three rounds; judges' decision; G. Mass, Glencoe A. C., defeated W. Stam, Y. M. H. A., three rounds; judges' decision; F. J. Gerrity, Union Settlement A. C., defeated G. Wall, Trinity Club, two rounds; referee's decision.

130-Pound Class—First Round, Semi-Final.—W. Rexel, unattached, defeated J. W. Delehanty, Long Island A. C., three rounds; judges' decision; J. Swift, New Polo A. A., defeated W. T. Cleary, Glencoe A. C., one round; referee's decision.

150-Pound Class—D. Marcione, unattached, defeated W. Graf, unattached, three rounds; judges' decision; J. C. Cassidy, unattached, defeated R. J. Sullivan, unattached, three rounds; judges' decision; A. Ratner, Y. M. H. A., defeated J. Tepletz, Educational Alliance A. A., three rounds; judges' decision.

Engle Signs with Boston Again.

Clyde Engle, first baseman of the Boston American League team, who was reported as a possible recruit for the Federal Leaguers, signed a contract with his old club yesterday. President Joseph J. Lannin of the Red Sox secured Engle's signature to the document here.

Newman School Beats St. Peter's.

Newman School hockey team defeated the St. Peters School at Hackensack, N. J., yesterday afternoon by the score of 6 goals to 0. Farrelly played a good game. He also tallied two goals. Mulcahy played well for St. Peter's School at goal.

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Broken Sizes, but $3 and $4 value.

ROPE-CLIMBING RECORD.

Lindenbaum Clips One Second from 15-Year-Old World's Figures.

A new world's record for rope climbing was established yesterday in the gymnasium of the Young Men's Hebrew Association, Ninety-second Street and Lexington Avenue, when Edward Lindenbaum of the Ninety-second Street Branch, climbed a twenty-one-foot rope in 5 3-5 seconds. This is one second faster than the best previous record made by Edward Kunath, Auchor Athletic Club, New York, on March 17, 1899. Fred Seebert, Grace Athletic Club, was second in 6 seconds, which was also inside of the record. The other competitors were W. Liebold, St. George's Club, and W. Katechenstein, Mount Vernon Y. M. C. A.

The event, which was sanctioned by the Amateur Athletic Union, was arranged to give the contentants an opportunity to break the record, which had stood for nearly fifteen years. Lindenbaum had been climbing inside of the record in practice and the following A. A. U. timers certified to the performance: Capt. Charles J. Dieges, John J. Dolan, Samuel Cramer, and Herman Obertubessing.

After the rope-climbing competition a basket ball game was played between the Young Men's Hebrew Association and Tarrytown Y. M. C. A., which was won by the former team by the score of 30 to 22.

WHITNEY LOSES TITLE.

Dr. Stillman Wins National Squash Tennis Championship, 3 Games to 2.

In a brilliantly played, long drawn out contest, Dr. Alfred Stillman 2d of the Harvard Club yesterday defeated George Whitney, his clubmate and titleholder in the final round of the National Amateur Squash tennis championship three games to 2 by the score of 15-12, 9-15, 12-15, 15-12, 15-10. The match which was played on the courts of the Brooklyn Heights Casino reversed the order of finish in the 1913 championship when Whitney won from Stillman.

During the first four games the players appeared to be evenly matched, but with the beginning of the fifth the turning point came when Stillman ran five aces in the second hand, which added to one point in the first hand gave him a commanding lead. Whitney appeared to tire badly at this stage of the contest and was unable to keep up with the fast pace set by the challenger. The latter seeing the champion slow up forced the games and, playing the front wall, carried his score to 13-4 in eleven hands. Whitney then started a rally and added six aces before Stillman could get his returns working satisfactorily, but the rally was too late as the challenger ran out with single aces and captured the title.

CRESCENTS BEAT ST. NICKS.

First Defeat of the Season for the Leaders in Amateur Hockey League.

The Crescent A. C. hockey team defeated the St. Nicholas Skating Club last night at St. Nicholas Rink by a score of 3 to 2, and went into second place in the Amateur League race. It was the first defeat of the season for the St. Nicks. The game was entirely of individual play, with no attempt at team work or passing. Scrimmaging for the free puck kept the game lively and the players warm. Under the new six-man team style of play the skaters do not try to play their positions, but play the puck all the time.

The teams were tied at 1 to 1 at the end of the first half. Turrell scored first for the St. Nicks in 3:57, after racing down the ice alone with the disk. Hallock scored for the Crescents on a lucky drive from the side of the rink. Both goal keepers, Mills and Pierson, were kept busy deflecting random shots at the net.

The scrimmaging became spirited and rough in the second half. Morgan went in at centre and put the Santa Claus team in the lead, smashing in a rebound by Ellis. Brown, the tall Crescent skater, then made the most brilliant run of the game, dodging down the ice right to the mouth of the net, where he smashed the rubber past Pierson. This goal tied the score.

With but a few minutes to play, Cox scored the winning tally for the Crescents. After a face-off in front of the St. Nicholas net, Brown shot the puck back to Cox, who scored on a hard, straight drive. The line-up and summary:

Crescents.	Position.	St. Nicholas.
Mills	Goal	Pierson
Ballin	Point	Trimble
Brown	Cover point	Hill
Shirreff	Centre	Ellis
Hallock	Left wing	Turrell
Cox	Right wing	Peabody

Goals—First half: First goal for St. Nicholas by Turrell in 3:57; second goal for Crescents by Hallock in 14:56. Second half: Third goal for St. Nicholas by Morgan in 1:37; fourth goal for Crescents by Brown in 15:10; fifth goal for Crescents by Cox in 17:42.

Penalties—Brown, 2 minutes for tripping; Brown, 2 minutes for slashing; Ballin, 2 minutes for tripping.

Substitutions—Morgan for Ellis; Ellis for Turrell; Martin for Hallock. Referee—William Russell. Umpire—C. Aumond. Goal Umpires—Frank Ellison and Joseph Berry. Timer—W. J. Croker. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Squadron A Loses at Hockey.

South Orange Field Club's hockey seven defeated the Squadron A team of New York this afternoon at the local club's pond by the score of 7 to 1. The cold weather made it necessary for the spectators to remain in the clubhouse, but the players did not suffer in the zero atmosphere. Louis Loutrell, the former Yale Captain, appeared in the Field Club's team as rover, and he played a startling game in the second half, when he scored three goals practically unaided. Van Vechten and Freeman, former St. Nicholas hockey men, did fine defensive work and kept the New Yorkers clear of the goal during the first half. Haight made the only score for the squadron team near the close of the contest. The line-up:

Squadron A.	Position.	So. Orange F. C.
Williams	Goal	Leeb
Smith	Point	Woodbury
Davis	Cover point	F. Winter
Chew	Rover	Loutrell
Shiland	Centre	Van Vechten
Haight	Right wing	Pierson
Murray	Left wing	Freeman

Goals—Haight, Freeman, Loutrell (3,) Van Vechten, (3.) Referee—Percy McCoy. Goal umpires—Messrs. F. Winter and J. Elmslie Miles. Time of halves—30 and 20 minutes.

Dartmouth Defeats Columbia 12 to 2

HANOVER, N. H., Feb. 12.—Dartmouth's hockey team defeated Columbia University to-day, 12 to 2, at the opening of the fourth annual Winter carnival of the Dartmouth Outing Club.

SEASON'S BIG BOUT STILL IN THE AIR

McFarland Has Not Yet Come to Terms with Gibbons and the Garden.

Packey McFarland of Chicago has been here for several days, and Ed Reddy, manager for Mike Gibbons, is here, and the bout between McFarland and Gibbons is still in the air. It will stay there for a day or two at least unless McFarland shows more eagerness to go into the match than he has shown thus far.

The quiet little Chicago boxer of his own volition journeyed from his home to this city at a critical stage of the controversy which has been going on for some time, and by this act alone established himself as the arbiter of the affair.

Gibbons from the first has agreed to the vital points of the proposition, even to the one requiring him to weigh 145 pounds on the day of the bout, and while McFarland in the beginning showed a disposition to make the match, his attitude recently has given rise to the belief that he would forego the questionable pleasure of encountering the St. Paul expert if he could glimpse any graceful way of doing so.

This phase of the proposed match, which New Yorkers once thought was on and now regard with serious doubts as to it ever taking place, was the main subject of discussion last night among the small crowd which gathered at Madison Square Garden. The same idea seemed to prevail with all that the bout is entirely up to Packey, as Gibbons has been anxious for it from the start. The rumor has gained circulation, and it is founded to a great extent on fact, that the management of the club is now angling for a substitute to oppose Gibbons on the night set for the match with McFarland. George Chip of Pittsburgh, the recognized leader of the middleweight division since his two knockout victories over Frank Klaus, has been asked to name his terms for a bout with Gibbons here, but no definite answer will be made to his terms by the Garden A. C. until McFarland has made his decision.

A close follower of boxing in discussing the match last night, said:

"If Packey is detected putting any obstacles in the way of the match now that it has gone so far the hitherto highly respected Patrick will lose much that he has gained in his creditable and remarkable ring career. That little run in with the authorities of Wisconsin recently would naturally be exaggerated in its motive in the minds of many, and these individuals while quick to condemn a man for even a slight deviation from the 'straight and narrow,' are the ones after all who make or mar the financial side of the game."

If the match is made the mutual agreement will be done with a flourish and a lot of noise. It will take place at Madison Square Garden on March 9, and the men will weigh not more than 145 pounds at 4 P. M. on that day. This will be accompanied with more flourish and noise, but it is entirely up to Packey.

BURNS DEFEATS FOX.

American Boy's Punches to Stomach Wears Down British Lad.

Frankie Burns of Jersey City outpointed Young Joe Fox of England in the feature event of last night's show at Madison Square Garden. The experience of the American and his ability as an infighter showed strongly all through the bout and it was by his hard-hitting punches to the Briton's stomach that he won the bout. Fox occasionally jolted the Jerseyite with hard right swings to the head and was effective at times with a left jab, but the greater part of the time found him busy trying to ward off the attack Burns was making on his stomach. The bout was marred by too much wrestling and and clinching.

In the ten-round semi-final Johnny Howard of Bayonne, N. J., who substituted for Tom Gibbons, was outpointed by Charley Weinert of Orange, N. J. In the second round Howard made a rally that almost swept Weinert off his feet, but in the other rounds Weinert was able to outbox Howard. Weinert was taller than Howard and showed much more cleverness, but his punches lacked steam.

In the opening ten-round bout Mike Mazie outpointed Young Otto.

Clabby Outpoints Petroskey In Ring.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 12.—Jimmy Clabby, the Hammond (Ind.) middleweight, received the decision over "Sailor" Petroskey of San Francisco at the conclusion of their twenty-round bout at Vernon to-day.

It was Clabby's second victory over the former "bluejacket," and he went into the ring a big favorite, but his chances were no more than even by the time the twelfth round had been reached. He could not stop the sailor and Petroskey landed an occasional smash or swing, badly damaging his mouth and eyes.

Gold Racquet Play at Tuxedo.

Special to The New York Times.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Feb. 12.—Five matches were decided to-day in the opening of the gold racquet championship matches at the Tuxedo Club. Harold F. McCormick of Chicago, Clarence C. Pell of Tuxedo, G. Maurice Heckscher of New York, and C. G. Osborne of Chicago are the survivors in the semi-finals, which will be played to-morrow. The summary:

Preliminary Round.—C. C. Pell, Tuxedo, defeated C. P. Pike, Chicago, by default.

First Round.—H. F. McCormick, Chicago, defeated G. A. Thorne, Chicago, 15—11, 15—12, 13—15, 18—14; C. C. Pell, Tuxedo, defeated S. G. Mortimer, Tuxedo, 2—15, 4—15, 15—11, 15—3, 15—7; G. M. Heckscher, New York, defeated William P. Buden, New York, by default; C. G. Osborne, Chicago, defeated G. C. Clark, Jr., New York, 15—8, 18—15, 15—10.

Favorites Win In Palm Beach Golf.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 12.—All the favorites came through the first round of match play in the South Florida golf championship to-day. Several close matches occurred in the first flight. James R. Hyde, the South Florida title holder, and Walter Fairbanks, the State champion, came through with easy wins, as both played the first nine holes exceptionally well, and had such a lead on their opponents that it was only a question of how far the contests would go before conclusion.

A long-distance contest in the third division was won by D. L. Luke, who defeated H. J. Sachs on the twenty-first hole after an exciting match.

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LOGAN WINS THREE RACES.

National Speed Skating Championships Decided at Newburg.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Feb. 12.—Robert J. Logan, wearing the colors of the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association, took three of the national speed championship races this afternoon at Brookside Lake. Sixty American and Canadian skaters competed on a hard, smooth, six-lap track in zero weather. Second honors went to Archie Rogers, a promising young skater from Arlington, Dutchess County.

The elimination race, open to high point winners in the championship events, was won by Archie Rogers of Arlington. On the ninth lap Taylor, N. Y. A. C., fell, and Logan of Montreal dropped out on the second lap.

Charles Smith, a New Jersey lad, won the mile novice in 3:14 3-5; Douglass Drew, Montreal, second; F. O. Wheeler, New York, third; R. C. Case, Guilderland, N. Y., fourth. The summaries:

Quarter-Mile.—Robert J. Logan, Montreal, first; Joe Miller, N. Y. A. C., second; Walter Kuehne, N. Y. A. C., third; Archie Rogers, Arlington, N. Y., fourth. Time—0:42 2-5.

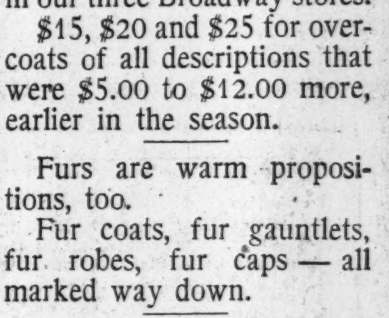
Half-Mile.—Robert J. Logan, Montreal, first; Walter Kuehne, N. Y. A. C., second; Joe Miller, N. Y. A. C., third; William Taylor, N. Y. A. C., fourth. Time—1:31 1-5.

One Mile.—Robert J. Logan, Montreal, first; Archie Rogers, Arlington, N. Y., second; Joe Miller, N. Y. A. C., third; William Taylor, N. Y. A. C., fourth. Time—3:15.

Five-Mile Handicap.—Archie Rogers, Arlington, (50 yards,) first; William Taylor, N. Y. A. C., (scratch,) second; Leslie Helms, R. S. C., (100 yards,) third. Time—17:48 4-5.

Germans Win Soccer Match.

The Germans defeated the Lenox Rangers in soccer at Lenox Oval yesterday by the score of 2 goals to 1. The Germans tallied first through a fumble of the opposing goalkeeper, but before the turn Martin equalized with a dazzling shot. In the second period M. Van de Weghe shot the goal that decided the game in favor of the Germans.



From the Sun, Feb. 12, 1914.

The man who bought a new overcoat last Fall has had little show for his money.—*Macon Telegraph.*

Don't whistle till you're out of the drifts and the March slip is torn off your calendar.

Don't need to whistle for your overcoat either. Not so many bargains in our three Broadway stores. $15, $20 and $25 for overcoats of all descriptions that were $5.00 to $12.00 more, earlier in the season.

Furs are warm propositions, too. Fur coats, fur gauntlets, fur robes, fur caps — all marked way down.

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THE BUSINESS WORLD

Time an Element in Sales.

When one person buys a business of another and seeks later to have the sale set aside on the ground of fraud, the courts will consider the length of time between the discovery of the alleged fraud and the attempt to set the sale aside. If the purchaser continues in possession without protest for six months after the discovery, until business reversals lead to dispossess proceedings for non-payment of rent, the contract will not be set aside, according to the opinion of Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum in dismissing the complaint in the suit of Ingraham against Hughes. The removal of chattels from the premises after the sale will also not be taken as a ground to set the sale aside, though if it is shown that the intention was to deliver them, a recovery may be had by the vendee in a civil action for damages for their conversion.

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Far Western Travelers Dine.

The first annual dinner of the Far Western Travelers' Association was given last evening at the Hotel Astor. About 440 members and their friends were present and listened to short addresses by Hugh Gordon Miller, who spoke on the life of Abraham Lincoln, and Charles Purdy, whose narration was a parody on "Casey at the Bat." Assistant District Attorney Colligan spoke also, as did Louis B. Epstein. After the speeches the diners were entertained by vaudeville talent.

A feature of the dinner was the menus. These were placed at each plate rolled up and tied with what appeared to be an excess baggage check. When unrolled there was contained within each menu a salesman's miniature sample case, which in turn, contained an application blank for membership in the association. The menu proper was got up in the form of a "confirmed order," and the different items were satires on the various phases of life on the road.

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Free from Process Service.

Public policy and comity toward the Federal courts charged with the administration of the bankruptcy law, the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, Second Department, ruled this week, require that parties litigant as well as witnesses who come to participate in bankruptcy meetings and hearings before referees should be free from service of process in the State courts. The court set aside service of a complaint in a suit brought by A. Judson Powell and Sadie M. Smith against Thomas W. and John C. Pangborn. The ordinary bankruptcy proceeding is a judicial proceeding, the court ruled, and the fact that parties come into New York State jurisdiction in response to the order of the referee does not put them in the purview of decisions governing persons in constructive custody of the law. The Pangborns were residents of Maryland who came to this State to attend bankruptcy proceedings against a corporation of which they were respectively President and Vice President.

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Red Tape in the Customs Service.

An idea of the proverbial red tape of the Treasury Department is had in the delay of the officials at Washington in acting on a requisition for conditioning machinery asked for by Appraiser Higgins soon after the enactment of the new Tariff early in October. Provisions appearing in the law for the first time require a more minute examination of cotton and other fabrics than heretofore, and as a consequence, the experts attached to the Appraiser's office recommended to Mr. Higgins that certain machines be added to the epuipment of the Public Stores in order to determine more accurately the classification of goods as a basis for arriving at the proper duties. The Appraiser wrote immediately to the department asking for the machines, but up to yesterday no response had been received to indicate whether the apparatus desired was approved by the department, or ordered. Meanwhile, the appraising officers are under the necessity of passing fabrics for duty without the aid of the testing machinery.

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Attar of Roses Is Higher.

The recent Balkan war has left its mark in this country, for American society is indirectly contributing to the funds required to repair the damage wrought. Smokers and users of snuff are also contributing liberally to the same cause. The Balkan provinces furnish nearly 80 per cent. of the roses used in the manufacture of attar of roses, which is one of the most expensive of perfumes. The war made it difficult for the peasants to collect the roses, and as a result the price of this perfume has been advanced from $5.25 an ounce to $19. Discussing this phase of the perfume industry yesterday H. D. Goring said that a still higher price for this perfume would come if matters in the Balkans are not straightened out soon and the supply of roses increased. It is not generally known, he said, that manufacturers of tobacco and snuff used quantities of this commodity. Should the Bulgarian peasants be unable to do their work the crops will continue to die, and it will be necessary for the manufacturers to find a substitute, as the price will shortly be prohibitive.

***

Raw Silk Markets Firm.

Cables from Italy report the Milan raw silk market decidedly better in tone, and prices advancing. The light supply of cocoons is making it difficult for the buyers to get silks. The Yokohama market continues firm, according to H. L. Gwalter & Co., and many contracts for forward delivery are being placed. Sales of ready silk for the week amounted to 4,000 bales. Buying, both on the part of American and European manufacturers, continues active in Canton, and prices are becoming firmer. At Shanghai the market is advancing on several numbers. Holders are not anxious to sell in view of the small supply of stocks on hand, and present prospects of better prices. The demand in the local market is active, and prices are advancing all along the line as a result of the upward tendency in the primary markets. Both the silk and ribbon manufacturers have shown added interest in the market in the last week, which is taken as an indication that prices on the raw material have for a time at least reached a level that makes buying advisable.

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Why Cans Are Opened.

While customs officials at this port said yesterday that they did not care to make a formal statement in reply to writers of several letters appearing in THE TIMES, complaining of the loss through opening of canned goods, they nevertheless pointed out that under the rules of the Treasury Department governing the importation of merchandise, appraising officers are required to satisfy themselves regarding the actual contents of tins, bottles, and other containers, by opening the coverings. Where large importations of similarly invoiced goods are received, the rule is to open and examine at least one package out of ten in order to ascertain whether the invoices adequately describe the goods. In the case of small importations, such as those referred to in the complaints to THE TIMES, it was said that some of the containers were not even labeled, and, as invoice statements cannot be accepted, one container following the general rule, was opened for examination. Large importers of perishable goods, it was added, are familiar with the practice followed by the appraising officials, and accept the loss of a single container as a matter of Custom House routine. It was denied that there is any careless or wanton destruction of perishable merchandise while under examination.

JEWELERS IN SESSION.

Suggestions Made for Improvement in Business Methods.

Papers dealing with suggestions for improving the trade in various parts of the country took up the greater part of the second day of the convention of the National Jewelers' Board of Trade at the Hotel Astor yesterday. The requirements of the wholesaler of the Middle West were commented on by A. W. Sproehnle of Chicago at the afternoon session. Mr. Sproehnle's principal suggestion was that the question of credit clearing be gone into more fully, saying that it seemed to him that something in that direction could be worked out in connection with the board.

The requirements of the Pacific Coast from the viewpoint of the wholesaler was the subject of a paper by A. Eisenberg, Jr., of San Francisco. Mr. Eisenberg told, in part, of the results that had been accomplished by the formation of a local board in his city, and said that the board had satisfactorily adjusted 107 cases of financial embarrassment. Mr. Eisenberg also made the suggestion that the far Western wholesalers be given the preference in the matter of deliveries because of the distance the goods had to come to the purchaser. He said that, as a result of the present system of deliveries, the Eastern jobbers got their new designs and goods first, which fact worked to the detriment of the Westerner. He made the further point that, in the event of his request being granted, the Eastern jobber would not be hurt, but that matters would merely be equalized.

One of the most interesting papers of all was read by P. J. Coffey of Newark, N. J., whose subject was "The Requirements of the Manufacturer of Newark." Mr. Coffey vigorously attacked the present system of credits, the promiscuous exchanging and crediting of goods, and the cutting of prices on staple articles. Mr. Coffey condemned these practices on the ground that they were detrimental to the trade as a whole, and did not tend to increase the actual consumption of jewelry. He added that crediting or exchanging merchandise did not help the retailers, as it made them careless and not anxious to push their goods to a finish because it was too easy for them to turn them back to the wholesaler at the end of a season and get new goods or credit in their place.

There will be a session of the convention this morning, and a general business meeting will be held in the afternoon. The convention will come to an end tonight with a banquet, the hour for which has been set at 6:30.

IT GOES AS "JELLY."

A Duty Fixed Despite the Name Under the Pure Food Law.

According to a decision of the Board of United States General Appraisers, the commercial designation of a commodity stands for dutiable purposes, even though the Department of Agriculture, in enforcing the pure food law, prohibits the sale of the product under a name of many years' standing in the trade.

The board's ruling resulted from a protest filed by several importers at Chicago, who complained that the customs officials at that port had changed the classification of Bar le duc jelly in such a manner as to call for the payment of higher duties. It appears that for many years, by reason of its commercial designation, to be jelly, although recognized as not a true jelly, Bar le duc jelly, was classified as "jelly" under the Tariff acts of 1897 and 1909, with duty at the rate of 35 per cent. ad valorem.

Recently, the authorities at Chicago began imposing duty at the rate of 1 cent a pound and 35 per cent. ad valorem on the product in question, as being "preserved fruit." As this classification is considered by importers almost prohibitive, an appeal was taken to the board. At the hearing, the merchants contented themselves with identifying the merchandise under protest with similar importations held dutiable in the past at the lower rate of duty.

Custom Examiner Riley, in his testimony for the Government, justified the higher classification in this way:

"Previous to the enactment of the pure food law, though not a jelly, this commodity, under protest, was labeled as a jelly and allowed to be sold that way. Since June, 1908, the United States Department of Agriculture has refused to allow this to go on the market labeled as a jelly, consequently it is no longer a jelly." The gist of the customs officer's contention was that the former classification and the rule of commercial designation heretofore established do not longer control.

Judge Waite, in his decision for the board, dissents from the view of the Treasury Department as enunciated by the examiner, and holds that, regardless of the action taken under the pure food law, the commodity in question may continue to enter at the lower rate as jelly. He says:

"We do not think we are authorized in presuming, because of the order of the Department of Agriculture that it shall not be labeled or sold as a jelly, that it is no longer so known commercially in the trade of the United States. We think that under the circumstances of this case we are warranted in presuming, it not clearly appearing to the contrary, that commercial designation having been previously shown and acted upon by the courts, it would be presumed to continue. We sustain the protests and hold the commodity to be jelly."

AN OUTSIDER'S VIEW.

A Buyer from Hudson on Conditions There and Here.

S. B. Marsh, General Manager of the Marsh & Bachman Company store in Hudson, N. Y., who has been in this city with several buyers since Monday to purchase women's clothing and furnishing and fancy goods, had this to say yesterday regarding business in his locality:

"Conditions in and around Hudson are excellent, and we are expecting a good Spring trade. The New York merchants view the business prospects with entirely too much pessimism, and I have come in contact with a number of business men who have had nothing to expound but poor business. As a result many of the buyers who have come here recently intending to purchase complete Spring stocks have been scared off and have left for home without placing much more than half of their intended orders. In my opinion if the New York merchants had met them with the same optimistic feeling which the buyers themselves had, the volume of business placed for Spring would have been larger than has been the case. So far as I am concerned, I have not curtailed my ordering nor allowed my associates to do so, and I believe that this attitude in the matter will be proved the common-sense one in the end.

"The tariff revision," continued Mr. Marsh, "has not had any appreciable effect in my locality so far as hurting business is concerned. The knitting mills in Hudson are running overtime and are developing an export business, and two of the iron foundries are running nights to keep up with the demand. Although crops last year in the surrounding rural districts were not quite up to the average, the farmers are spending their money and, almost without an exception, are looking to the future with no small degree of optimism.

"The parcel post has done much toward reducing our freight and express expenses, and has brought with it an increased business from the outlying districts. We were worried at first about the parcel post taking away considerable of our town business, but this has not been the case so far. It is perfectly true that the New York houses are getting some of our business through the parcel post's medium, but it is also true that our trade is not suffering from it."

TO MAKE COCOANUT OIL.

An American Plant to be Put Up in the Philippines.

David Fox of New York, Vice President and Construction Engineer of the American-Philippine Company, sailed yesterday from San Francisco on the Manchuria to superintend the erection of the plant of the Visayan Refining Company on the Island of Cebu.

The Visayan Refining Company was organized by the American-Philippine Company to engage in the production of cocoanut oil. Only one concern of this kind exists in the Philippines, the greater proportion of the copra produced in the islands being sent to Marseilles. The demand for cocoanut oil in this country has increased to such an extent that it exceeds the supply, although one concern in England, the Maypole Dairy, takes more than the whole of the United States, using over 300 tons a day in the manufacture of biscuits and crackers.

The plant of the Visayan Refining Company will be located on a site already selected, near the town of Cebu, and will be in a favorable position with respect to receiving the copra output of the middle and southern islands of the Philippines. All the copra used will be bought in the islands. The capacity of the plant will be 75 tons of oil per day. It is intended that it shall be in operation early in the Spring of next year. The capital of the Visayan Refining Company, $500,000, was subscribed before Mr. Fox left New York. The Superintendent of the plant, Edward B. Thompson, is an American of long experience in the manufacture of cocoanut oil.

While cocoanut oil up to ten years ago was used solely in the manufacture of soaps, products made from it are now used as substitutes for lard and butter. At the recent banquet to ex-Governor General Forbes, given at the Plaza Hotel, cocoanut oil butter was served.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Wire Cloth, Hatpins, and Thymol Duties Determined.

Phosphor bronze cable wire cloth imported by Norey & Co., Boston, has been denied lower duty by the Board of United States General Appraisers. Duty was taken at 45 per cent. ad valorem, plus 1 cent a pound under Paragraphs 199 and 135 of the Tariff act of 1909. The sole claim of the importers was that the cloth was properly dutiable at 40 per cent. ad valorem under that part of Paragraph 135 providing for articles made from wire. Judge Fischer intimated, in his decision for the board, that if the protestants had claimed a rate of 45 per cent. under Paragraph 199, as manufactures of bronze, the ruling might have been in their favor. A claim by Neumeyer & Dimond, Boston, covering merchandise similar to that imported by Norey & Co. was sustained. Neumeyer & Dimond claimed a rate of 45 per cent.

The H. B. Claflin Company was sustained in a contention for lower duty on hatpins with tops of jet and metal stems. Duty was exacted under the old tariff at 60 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for jewelry. The importers claimed 50 per cent. as manufactures in chief value of jet.

The board decided that thymol is a medicinal preparation properly dutiable under the old law, at the rate of 25 per cent. ad valorem. The product was asserted to be exempt from duty as a crude drug, or dutiable at one-fourth of 1 cent a pound and 10 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 20, as a drug advanced in condition. The importers included Fritzsche Brothers and George Lueders & Co. of this city.

Full duty on lace collars imported by Glazer & Co., St. Louis, was affirmed. The firm contended that the collars were samples of no commercial value. Judge Somerville held that it was possible to dispose of them by sale in the usual way.

GARY STEEL MILLS BUSY.

Seven Out of Eight Blast Furnaces Now in Operation.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—An additional blast furnace, making a total of seven out of eight in operation, was "blown in" to-day, increasing the capacity of the United States Steel mills at Gary, Ind., to about 85 per cent. of capacity.

The "blowing in" of the furnace was occasioned by an increasing demand for pig iron caused by the resumption of five merchant mills and the railmill. Steel officials said to-day that if conditions improved as they have in the past two weeks the mills would be operating at normal capacity by March 1.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Archie E. Foise, who represents the Alfred Benjamin-Washington Company, clothing manufacturers, in the South and Southwest, will leave to-morrow afternoon for Lakewood, where he will spend a week.

The offices of the Far Western Travelers' Association, now at 13 Astor Place, will be moved to-morrow to larger quarters in the Longacre Building, Broadway and Forty-second Street.

Leon Meyer, Western representative for Cohn, Brown & Co., makers of men's clothing, is confined to his bed with an attack of tonsilitis. Mr. Meyer is expected to return to business on Monday, however.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch offices, 315 Custom House, by giving the number referred to:

12,492. OFFICE FURNITURE.—A business firm in a European country wants to be put in touch with Am. mfgrs of office furniture. Knocked-down furniture is preferred.

12,493. BOY SCOUT UNIFORMS AND SUPPLIES.—Boy Scouts have been organized in a European city. Dealers in scout uniforms and supplies should communicate with local dealers in sporting goods.

12,494. WATERPROOF PAPER BAGGING.—A foreign business man is desirous of purchasing waterproof paper bagging suitable to contain cement plaster, fertilizer, and sugar.

12,495. THEATRE FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT.—A new theatre is to be built in a foreign city. Building materials will be purchased locally, but sellers of theatre furniture and equipment should communicate.

12,496. WINDMILLS.—A business organization in a European country desires to be put in touch with Am. mfgrs of windmills.

12,497. STEEL AND IRON CASTERS.—A British firm desires quotations on ball-bearing steel casters and roller-bearing iron casters delivered in gross lots of a dozen sets, c. i. f. port of entry.

12,498. DRY AND FANCY GOODS.—An Australia trade agency desires to act as representative for Am. mfgrs of dry and fancy goods.

12,499. WOOL.—A wool broker in Australia would like to get in touch with Am. firms dealing in or using wool which they are not buying first hand.

12,500. PUSH-BUTTON DOOR BELLS.—A British firm desires quotations on push-button door bells, delivered in gross lots, c. i. f. port of entry.

12,501. FREIGHT TRUCKS.—A commission house in the Levant desires to purchase four Am. trucks, worked preferably by petroleum. A trial order for one will be given first.

12,502. FAT, LARD, AND COTTONSEED OIL, WHEAT AND HIDES AND SKINS.—A member of a firm in a European country is desirous of being put in touch with Am. exporters of fat, lard, and cottonseed oil. It would be able to import approximately $100,000 worth of these products. The firm is also interested in the importation of wheat, and could handle $200,000 worth of hides and skins.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Forecast:

N. Car.—[illegible] turning into rain, F.; Sa. fair; colder [illegible]; mod. e. to s. e. winds.

S. Car.—[illegible]; Sa. fair; increasing s. e. winds.

Ga.—Rain F.; Sa. fair, colder; increasing s. e. winds, bec. n. e.

Fla.—Rain F., prob. Sa.; fair, colder Sa. in n. w.; mod. e. winds, bec. n. w.

Ala.—Rain F.; Sa. fair, colder; mod. s. winds, bec. n. w.

Miss.—Rain F.; colder in w.; Sa. fair, colder; brisk n. w. winds.

La.—Rain, colder F.; Sa. fair; brisk n. w. winds.

E. Tex.—Fair F.; rain in s. e.; colder; Sa. fair; brisk n. w. to n. winds.

W. Tex.—Fair F., Sa.; colder.

Utah—Fair F., Sa.

Okla.—Fair, colder F.; Sa. fair, warmer.

Ark.—Rain F.; colder by night; Sa. fair, cold.

Tenn.—Rain F.; Sa. fair, colder.

Ky.—Snow F.; Sa. fair in w., rain or snow in e.; colder.

Ohio—Snow F.; Sa. unsettled, prob. snow, colder; mod. n. e. winds, bec. n. w.

Ind.—Snow F.; Sa. fair, colder.

Ill.—Snow F.; Sa. fair; brisk n. e. winds.

Lower Mich.—Snow F.; Sa. unsettled, prob. snow along Lake Mich.; increasing n. e. winds, bec. n. w.

Upper Mich.—Snow F., Sa.

Wis.—Snow F.; Sa. fair; increasing e. to n. e. winds.

Minn.—Cloudy, warmer F., possibly snow in n. e.; Sa. fair, colder.

Iowa—Snow F., warmer; Sa. fair, colder.

Mo.—Snow F., colder in s.; Sa. fair.

N. Dak.—Fair, warmer F.; Sa. fair, colder.

South Dak.—Fair F.; Sa. fair, colder.

Neb.—Fair in w., snow in e. F.; Sa. fair, colder.

Kan.—Fair in w., snow in e. F.; Sa. fair.

STATE'S RIGHT TO NIAGARA.

Carmody Contests Federal Claim of Water Diversion Control.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The right of New York State to control the diversion of water from Niagara River is emphasized by Attorney General Carmody in his annual report to the Legislature. Under a treaty entered into between the United States and Canada, the diversion of such water is limited to 20,000 cubic feet per second.

Gov. Glynn, Attorney General Carmody and representatives of the New York State Legislative Committee, which is investigating this subject, and members of the New York State Conservation Commission, appeared this week before the Foreign Relations Committee of the House of Representatives at Washington and opposed the Cline bill, which seeks to give the Federal Government the right to control the diversion of these waters.

Mr. Carmody in his report contends that the measure is "an assertion of Federal ownership and control of the waters of Niagara River."

"The same right," says Mr. Carmody, "would extend to the St. Lawrence River, and, if the principle be correct, namely: that the Federal Government has power to control the diversion of water from navigable streams, it would also extend to the Hudson, Mohawk and other navigable rivers within the State."

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—1st Lts. J. T. Hereford, M. R. C., to Ft. Baker, Cal., and E. S. Tenney, M. R. C., to Ft. Dade, Fla.

1st Lt. R. F. Patterson, to Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo.

2d Lt. R. S. Dodson, C. A. C., promoted 1st Lt.

To Ft. Leavenworth Prison for duty with Disciplinary Batl.; Capt. D. W. Ryther, Inf.; 1st Lt. J. J. Fulmer, 7 Inf.; 1st Lt. M. E. Spalding, 17 Inf.

Maj. W. F. Truby, Med. Corps, as member Retiring Board at San Francisco, vice Lt. Col. E. B. Frick, relieved.

Navy Orders.

Lt. Com. J V Klemann, N. Dak., to com. the Celtic; Lt. Com. L. N. Overstreet, Bu. of Ord., to the fitting out of the New York and as 1st Lt. when she is com'isd.

Lt. Com. W. T. Cluverius, N. Y., March 5, to N. Dak. as 1st Lt.; Lt. Com. G. E. Helm, Celtic, March 9, to Navy Dept.; Lt. F. C. Martin, the Mich., and Lt. W. E. Lytle, to Bu. of Ord., D. C., March 12.

Gun. C. Keene, to Key West.

P. M. Clerks M. J. Dambacher, to the Neb., and A. Morrow, to Proving Ground, Ind. Head, Md.

Marine Corps Orders.

Capt. R. R. Wallace, Jr., Mare Isl., to the Philip'n's, and Capt. E. H. Ellis, headquarters of corps, to Guam.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Caesar at N. Orleans, Denver at Corinto, Reid at Mayport, Fla.; Calif. at San Diego, Orion and Eagle at Port au Prince, Wheeling at Guantanamo.

Sailed: Vesuvius, Newport for Boston; Buffalo, Corinto for Mazatlan and San Diego; Des Moines, Vera Cruz for Tampico; Paulding, Ambrose, Patterson, and Trippe, Guacanayabo Bay for Guantanamo; San Fran., Guantanamo for Cape Haytien; Arethusa, Guacanayabo Bay for Guantanamo.

Vulcan ordered in full service at Portsmouth on Feb. 25, and the Proteus in reserve at Norfolk after the arrival of the former there.

Revenue Cutter Service.

First Lt. R. V. Cutter, 6 mos. ext of leave.

Capt. C. E. Johnston to Wash., D. C.; 1st Lt. of Eng. E. W. Davis to Bear.

Second Lt of Eng. J. W. Glover to McCulloch.

First Lt. of Eng. H. L. Boyd to northern div.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The mental examination for patrolman will be held at 10 A. M. on April 1.

Eligible lists for the following positions soon will be made public: Bookkeeper, second grade; pathologist-bacteriologist, Inspector of repairs and supplies, gardener, Inspector of iron and steel construction, promotion to General Superintendent, Department of Street Cleaning; topographical draughtsman, promotion to foreman, Bureau of Water Supply; Deputy Medical Superintendent, assistant alienist, nurse, Inspector of plumbing, and Assistant Clerk of the City Court.

On the recently promulgated eligible list are the names of seventy-seven successful candidates. The list is headed by Matthew F. Carney, with a rating of 93.60. Eleven of these names have been certified to the Health Department.

On the recently promulgated list of typewriter accountant, there are sixty successful candidates. Joseph H. Metz, with a rating of 99.40, heads one list, and Ernest R. Busch, with a rating of 97.30, is first on another.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces for March 2 an open competitive examination for Assistant Chief, Bureau of Chemistry, for men only, to fill a vacancy in the Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, at $4,000 a year. Applicants will not be assembled for examination, but their relative qualifications will be rated upon the evidence adduced as to their education and training, practical experience and fitness, and their publications. Applicants must give in their applications a complete statement of their educational training, practical experience, and a list of their publications.

An educational training including an M. D. degree from a medical school of recognized standing and special training in analytical and physiological chemistry other than that included in the medical course, and not less than three years' experience as a medico-legal expert, and some experience as an administrative officer, are prerequisites. Applicants must have reached their thirtieth, but not their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—L. G. Federman, waists, coats, suits, dressing sacques, kimonos; 15 E. 26th.
ALLENTOWN—Hess Bros.; Miss F. Wieand, laces, hdkfs.; Miss M. Burke, embroideries; 315 4th Av.; Victoria.
ANNISTON, Ala.—Ullman Bros.; L. Ullman, dry goods; Wallick's.
ATLANTA—Dawson-Paxon-Stokes Co.; Miss E. Agricola, laces; Mrs. A. Richards, gloves, hosiery; 71 W. 23d; Gregorian.
AUGUSTA—J. B. White Co.; G. G. Hampton, notions, laces, ribbons; L. M. Freedland, housefurnishing goods; 214 Church; Marlborough.
BALTIMORE—Siegel, Rothschild & Co.; D. A. Weinberg, umbrellas; 396 Broadway; Victoria.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; S. Trautman, millinery; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart Co.; Miss M. E. McLaughlin, laces; 214 Church.
BEAUMONT—Rosenthal D. G. Co.; J. Rosenthal, notions, cloaks; 39 W. 32d.
BLUEFIELD—S. Turk, dry goods; Wallick's.
BOONVILLE, Ind.—G. A. Roth & Co.; G. G. Roth, general merchandise; G. A. Roth, dry goods; Miss L. Cody, ladies' wear; Grand.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. Clarke, millinery; C. A. Biederman, ladies' suits; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; T. O'Donnell, tailored suits; 31 Union Square.
BOSTON—Grimes Hat Co.; J. J. Donovan, F. A. Winch, hats; Prince George.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; S. Vorenberg, dry goods; 55 White.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss K. Desmond, general mdse.; 15 E. 26th.
BOSTON—F. P. O'Connor, ready-to-wear; Great Northern.
BRISTOL, Tenn.—H. P. King Co.; C. H. King, dry goods; S. C. Grant, furn. goods; Miss M. E. Williams, ladies' wear; Flanders.
BRISTOL, Tenn.—Dosser Bros.; J. H. Dosser, dry goods; Flanders.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; J. J. Cronin, silks; 320 Church.
BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; Miss F. Morrison, ladies' wear; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; R. Wilson, millinery; 214 Church; Hermitage.
BUTLER, Penn.—J. S. Cohen, coats, suits, dress; McAlpin.
CHICAGO—Blum Bros.; S. J. Blum, furn. goods; Somerset.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; C. J. Snell, blankets; 6th Av. and 19th; Grand.
CHICAGO—The Fair; H. Greve, pictures, frames, trunks, valises, wooden, willow ware, toys, musical instruments; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; O. J. Lowenberg, notions, ladies' neckwear, gloves, veilings, umbrellas, ribbons, hdkfs., leather goods, dress trimmings; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Lloyd's Cloak and Suit Co.; M. Lebowsky, jobs ladies' garments, Spring; 132 W. 21st.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. R. Wilson, millinery; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; J. H. Hawkins, hosiery, underwear, corsets, infants' wear; Mr. Pierson, sweaters, underwear; 43 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; Miss E. Livingston, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Siegel Cooper & Co.; A. J. Kahnweiler, clothing, hats, caps; 6th Av. & 20th; Latham.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. F. O'Neill, ladies' hats; 104 Worth.
CINCINNATI—L. Stix & Co.; E. F. Paddock, upholstery goods, linens, white goods, h'dk'fs, laces; H. Stix, cloaks, suits; 377 B'way.
CINCINNATI—G. W. McAlpin Co.; Miss I. Zinn, corsets; Miss E. Gilsey, notions, ribbons; H. A. Redfield, upholstery goods, rugs, carpets; 214 Church.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; Miss E. I. Kenny, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 37 W. 26th.
COLORADO SPRINGS—Kaufmann & Co.; G. Monroe, housefurn. goods; Claridge.
COLUMBIA, S. C.—James L. Tapp Co.; J. L. Tapp, notions, furnishing goods; Navarre.
COLUMBUS—Dunn-Taft Co.; D. H. Taft, dry goods; J. A. Hartley, furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.
COLUMBUS—Columbus D. G. Co.; Miss S. A. Boner, art goods, notions; Breslin.
COLUMBUS—J. M. Hartley Sons; J. A. Hartley, dry goods; 320 Church; Latham.
COLUMBUS, Miss.—Kaufman Bros.; J. M. Kaufman, gen'l mdse., ready-to-wear, millinery; 1,133 Broadway.
DAYTON—Elder & Johnston Co.; J. W. Scott, laces, h'dk'fs, umbrellas, gloves, ribbons, neckwear; 2 Walker.
DETROIT—Goldberg Bros.; E. W. Hammel, silks, dress goods; Grand.
DULUTH—George A. Gray Co.; F. G. Callan, dress goods, silks; Hoffman House.
DURANGO, Col.—Graden Mercantile Co.; J. J. Musler, carpets; Hermitage.
GLOVERSVILLE—Martin & Naylor Co.; Mr. Strong, dry goods; 320 Church.
GRAND RAPIDS—Spring D. G. Co.; H. A. Schwartz, dress goods, linings, silks, velvets; 214 Church.
GRAND RAPIDS—Charles Trankla Co.; Miss A. Tully, millinery; 55 White.
HAZELTON, Penn.—J. Gerhardt, dry goods; Claridge.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; J. Miller, dress goods, silks; 71 W. 23d.
INDIANAPOLIS—Star Millinery Co.; S. H. Strickland, millinery, silks; Navarre.
JOHNSON CITY, Tenn.—Dosser Brothers; R. L. Dosser, dry goods; Flanders.
KNOXVILLE—M. M. Newcomber Co.; M. M. Newcomber, dry goods; 45 W. 34th; Wallick's.
KNOXVILLE—Daniel Briscoe Co.; F. F. Dosser, silks, ribbons, cloaks, laces, waists, ladies', infants' wear; 214 Church; Flanders.
LAKE CHARLES, La.—Specialty Store; J. J. Utitz, ready-to-wear, fancy goods; Miss E. Turner, millinery; 15 W. 26th.
LINCOLN—Miller & Paine; E. C. Miller, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
LINCOLN—F. Rasmussen, cloaks, suits; Hoffman House.
LITTLE ROCK—Gus Blass Co.; J. N. Battle, silks; 148 W. 23d.
LOUISVILLE—Stewart D. G. Co.; Miss M. Hartel, jewelry; Miss H. Marsh, Miss M. Kelly, representing; 214 Church.
LITTLE ROCK—Foy's; Miss M. A. Foy, millinery; Herald Square.
MERIDIAN—L. Schwartz & Co.; L. Schwartz, ladies' garments; 38 West 32d.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; D. D. Dayton, dry goods; J. Henderson, dress goods, linings; 79 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Minneapolis D. G. Co.; W. C. Whitney, rep.; 432 4th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—A. C. Hislop, dry goods; Hermitage.
MOBILE—C. J. Gayfer & Co.; C. J. Gayfer, domestics; Collingwood.
MONTGOMERY—Montgomery Fair; F. C. Day, housefurn. goods, china; 214 Church.
NASHVILLE—L. Rosenheim Co.; Miss J. Cowan, silks, ribbons; Woodward.
Newcastle—J. N. Euwer's Sons; H. Euwer, dry goods; Victoria.
NEW HAVEN—Gamble-Desmond Co.; S. J. Nealis, housefurn. goods; 129 W. 27th.
NEWPORT, R. I.—King-McLeod Co.; J. H. Barrett, notions, ribbons, leather goods; Collingwood.
NORFOLK—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; H. L. Linnell, upholstery goods; 320 Church; York.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss M. Osborne, dresses; Miss Kerr, suits; 116 West 32d.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; Miss A. G. Dewar, laces, dress trimmings; Miss F. B. Old, rep.; 320 Church; Victoria.
PITTSFIELD—England Bros.; Mr. Marshall, dry goods; 320 Church.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; E. L. Merrill, rugs; 214 Church.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann-Baer Co.; L. L. Kaufmann, cloaks, suits, dresses; 200 5th Av.
PORT ARTHUR, Texas—A. Goldberg, dry goods; Flanders.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; J. A. Burkey, upholstery goods; 2 Walker; Herald Square.
RICHMOND—Fourgurean-Temple Co.; J. W. Savage, domestics; W. S. Ahearn, carpets, rugs, cloaks, ladies', infants' wear; Grand.
RICHMOND—Miller & Rhoads; A. S. Minter, hosiery, gloves, embroideries; 55 White.
RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufmann & Co.; W. B. Nelson, silks, ribbons; 621 B'way.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; G. Kemp, gloves; 432 4th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY—Kent-O'Brien Co.; C. H. Raybould, notions, jewelry; 220 5th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY—E. H. Robinson Co.; E. H. Robinson, furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; Great Northern.
SHERMAN, Texas—Bass, Parrish & Taylor; F. C. Bass, notions; Latham.
SPOKANE—Culbertson-Grote-Rankin Co.; Miss M. Ellingson, millinery; Miss Copeland, millinery; 60 W. 33d; Cumberland.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—W. D. Kinsonan Co.; J. C. Poole, gloves, corsets, underwear; M. R. Muller, domestics; Miss G. Kemp, trimmings, buttons; 116 W. 32d; Wallick's.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—Edward Wren Co.; M. F. Tucker, cloaks, suits, waists; 60 W. 33d.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Mrs. H. Black, muslin underwear, kimonas; 37 West 26th.
ST. LOUIS—J. J. Ryan, millinery; Flanders.
ST. PAUL—Schuneman & Evans; P. J. Reilly, toys, pictures; W. C. Hoffman, housfurn. goods; W. T. Daly, furn. goods; 220 5th Av.
ST. PAUL—Mannheimer Bros.; J. Ritt, silks; J. Vebon, furn. goods, ladies' hosiery, knit underwear; 60 W. 33d.
ST. PAUL—T. C. O'Bryan Co.; T. C. O'Bryan, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.
ST. PAUL—Kennedy-McLeod-McArthur Co.; W. J. Stuart, crockery; 17 E. 22d.
TAMPA—M. Britwetz; L. Britwetz, millinery, infants', children's wear; 352 4th Av.
TOLEDO—Thompson-Hudson Co.; Miss M. A. Murray, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 50 Union Square.
TOLEDO—Newhausel Bros.; C. A. Neuhausel, notions, h'dk'fs; Longacre.
TROY—Emigh & Straub; M. J. Straub, collars; 15 E. 26th.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; L. I. Reese, art goods; Grand.
WATERBURY—Reid & Hughes D. G. Co.; O. K. Burnham, notions, jewelry; H. B. Hill, dry goods; 75 Spring.
WILKES-BARRE—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; Miss R. Keeley, infants' wear; 214 Church.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; J. S. Marsden, notions, furn. goods, ladies' hosiery, underwear, gloves; 2 Walker.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—G. M. McKelvey & Co.; O. D. Sheets, cloaks, suits; 60 West 33d.

Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

CONTRACTOR of ladies' suits and coats, with large plant, would like to work for few good manufacturers and jobbers; best workmanship at the lowest prices. Box X 310 Times.

Our full line of infants' bath robes, wrappers, sacks, and carriage covers is ready for inspection; jobbing only; will call at request. Lesser & Levin, 121 Prince St.

We are ready for infants', children's, and ladies' Pile Fabric coats. Call, with samples, 9 to 12 A. M., this week. D. Harris, 91 East Broadway, City.

SMALL JOBS in sample dresses; crepe meteor, crepe de chine, chiffon, taffeta, at $18. Maurice Asinof, 844 6th Av.

ESTABLISHED RESIDENT BUYER wants partner with some capital; great opportunity. Box X 304 Times.

Men's Neckwear for special sales. Standard Neckwear Company, 41 Union Square.

SALESMEN, two experienced, with city office, who have been connected with largest cloak house for 18 years, are open for a line of coats, suits, skirts on commission basis. Call with samples, Room 916, 1,133 Broadway.

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
ZUCKER & JOSEPHY,
715-717-719 BROADWAY.

SMITH GRAY & Co.
Receiver's Sale
BY ORDER OF
OSCAR A. LEWIS As Receiver In Bankruptcy

THE prices of the Smith Gray & Co. high-class merchandise have been *reduced* by the *Receiver* to *so low a figure* as will arouse the INSTANT ATTENTION of the purchasing public and *insure* IMMEDIATE SALE.

Absolutely Unprecedented Bargains

Not only can you secure the finest type of New York ready-to-wear clothes but you can buy them at less money than you ever before paid for goods of equal worth.

The unparalleled attendance at this sale proves that the Receiver has won both the instant attention and the sincere appreciation of the public.

Smith Gray's Misfortune---Your Gain

Need we say more to convince you that you cannot afford to pass by this sale?

$9.98 to $28.50

These are the prices ordered by the Receiver on
SUITS regularly $15 to $50—OVERCOATS regularly $15 to $60—Entire Stocks must go at once
Winter Suits and Overcoats, Advance Style Medium-Weight Suits and Overcoats, Next Spring Suits and Light-Weight Overcoats, Hats, Caps and Gentlemen's Furnishings.

Smith Gray & Co.
NEW YORK
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST
5TH AVENUE ABOVE 27TH ST
4 STORES
BROOKLYN
FULTON ST AT FLATBUSH AV.
BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.
All Stores Open Until 6:30 P. M. today
Saturday: B'klyn Stores OPEN Until 9:30 P. M.

THE SALVAGE STOCK OF THE WELL-KNOWN BRAND OF
ADLER'S GLOVES
valued at $150,000
WILL BE ON SALE SATURDAY, FEB. 14.
This stock consists of Full Lines of Staple GLOVES for MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN. The portion of the stock which will be offered is in first-class condition, and will be sold as perfect, at unusual prices.
Entire stock will be sold at wholesale only.
S. Steinfeld & Co.
600-602 Broadway.

VISITING BUYERS SAY:—
"REGINA KOBLER'S Bridal Outfit is the sensation of the market season; especially suitable for the Spring Opening Display.
She has not even overlooked the MOTHER-IN-LAWS' GOWNS."
Come in and see them.
REGINA KOBLER
(IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF COSTUMES AND DRESSES)
22-24-26 West 32nd St., N. Y.

EXCLUSIVE STYLES AND COLORINGS IN RIBBONS
THE H. B. CLAFLIN COMPANY
WORTH & CHURCH STS. NEW YORK
WHOLESALE ONLY

IMPORTANT!
All Commercial Travelers, members and non-members, are cordially invited to attend The First General Meeting of the
ASSOCIATED COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS OF AMERICA,
to be held MONDAY, FEBRUARY 16th, at 8 P. M.,
HOTEL McALPIN, 24th Floor.
Business, election of permanent officers.

CONVENT Hand Machine Embroideries.
WE SPECIALIZE IN THEM.
BUY HERE. SAVE MONEY.
GREENSTEIN & PELZ,
16-20 W. 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 69.
Laces and Embroideries.

Phil Gill Says:—
My Spring line of Dress Values will turn a losing department into a money-maker. Quick sales—*sure* sales—make a noise like profits that's music to the buyer's ears. Come round to my showrooms and hear it.
PHIL S. GILL, 38 WEST 32D ST.

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FLOWERS & FEATHERS
25 WEST 45TH ST.
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33-39 West 34th St.
PEGGY FROM PARIS COAT.

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LACES, VEILINGS, NETTINGS, NECKWEAR.
New York, 418 5th Av. Phone Greeley 1030.

APRONS Dean's Lockstitched
All kinds
Retail 25c to $3.
W. H. Dean Co., 45 East 17th St.

SELLING OUT
IMPORTED IRISH LACES—Half Price.
JOHN GUAGLIARDO, Importer,
640 Madison Avenue.

NOVELTY DRESSES
POPULAR PRICES
Sigmund Katz, 133 West 23d St.

L. & L. CHAUSER
DRESSES
SMART STYLES AND NEWEST MATERIALS.
17-19 WEST 17TH ST., NEW YORK.

Petticoats M. BROOK & CO. are showing line of silk and cotton petticoats; cotton, $3.25 doz. up; silk, $1.12 up, at their new quarters, 136 W. 29th St.

Mirrors Nickel, gold, wood, plush, and leather; magnifying, diminishing, duplicate, triplicate; stand and shaving mirrors of every description. Ashenfarb, 380 W. B'way, near Grand St.

FIRE AND OTHER INSURANCE.
JAEGER & CO., 50 PINE ST.
Ask us to call.
N. Y. Tel. 1047 John. Tel. B'klyn. 6052-J Flatbush.

ART LINENS
REIS-TEX
NEW STAMPED LINE SHOWN FOR FIRST TIME. ALSO THE NEW INITIALS WITH CLOTH COVERING AND GUMMED BACK. PATENT JUST GRANTED
G. Reis & Brother, 640 Broadway, N. Y.

AUCTION SALES.
MERCHANDISE.
David W. Biow & Co.
Tel. 2436-2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St.
To-day, Friday, Feb. 13th, 10:30 A. M.,
Special Peremptory Auction Sales
DRY GOODS
COTTON and DRESS GOODS,
LACES, EMBROIDERIES,
Men's and Ladies'
FURNISHINGS
Sweaters, Gloves,
LADIES', MISSES', and CHILDREN'S
CLOAKS and SUITS,
SKIRTS, DRESSES,
SHIRT WAISTS,
FANCY FURS,
FUR and FUR-LINED COATS.
Also 300 Doz. Children's Hose.

PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE
The Entire High-Grade Stock of
CLOTHING
Formerly of A. L. Schiller,
111 Penn Av., Scranton, Pa., consisting of
Men's and Youths' Suits and Overcoats
Coats and Vests and Single Coats.
Also a large stock of
MEN'S PANTS
and Single Vests,
all made by the best-known houses in Baltimore, Rochester, and New York, will be sold without reserve
TO-DAY, Friday, Feb'y 13, 10:30 A. M.,
at Salesrooms, 8 Greene St., Near Canal St.,
By D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.
For information telephone Spring 4299.

PEREMPTORY SALE
Fine Millinery, Piece Goods, Silks, &c.,
Furs and Skins, to Settle Estate.
136 BALES COTTONS,
Sheetings, Prints, Stripes, Oilcloths, Blankets, Shirts, Dry Goods, &c.,
For Account Underwriters or Concern.
58 packages Sheetings and Drills.
This day, Friday, at 10:15 o'clock.
Burling & Dole, Auct'rs, 7 & 9 Greene St., N. Y.

$7,500 High-Grade Stock of High-Priced
CLOAKS AND SUITS
Dresses, Skirts, Tea Gowns, and Kimonos.
ELEGANT FIXTURES.
P. WALDMAN, Auctioneer,
By ORDOVER & SINGER,
sells to-day, Friday, February 13, 1914,
11 A. M., at Salesroom,
45-47 Lispenard Street, near Broadway.

The advertising rate of The New York Times, 40c per agate line, with circulation Sunday and daily exceeding 200,000, makes the cost less than one cent a line for each 5,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, newspaper advertising in the world.

TRADE-MARK MERCHANDISE

ARTICLE.	TRADE MARK.	SOLD BY
Boys' Wash Suits	'Gotham Hydegrade'	M'f'd by Gotham Novelty Co., 133 Mercer St., N. Y.
MEN'S POCKET-BOOKS	Masterpiece TRADE MARK	Dept. Stores & Dealers. Manufactured by A. L. Steinweg & Co., 491 Broadway, N. Y.
TRADE MARKS	We undertake the registration of Trade Marks in the United States Patent Office.	MUNN & CO. Solicitors of PATENTS 361 Broadway, New York.
WAISTS	Geisha	Frankenthal Bros. Co. Makers, 16-18 W. 22nd St., N. Y.
English Mesh Underwear	THE CELLULAR CLOTHING CO. LTD. AERTEX LONDON	A. Kuehnert & Co. Wholesale Distributors. 315 4 Av., N. Y. C.
House Dresses, Kimonos, Sacques	[illegible] BRAND LABEL REGISTERED	Hamburger Bros., 142-144 W. 26 St. New York City.
BRUSHES	"Zel"	Holton & Adams DISTRIBUTORS. 29-31 East 22d St. NEW YORK.
KIDDIES' DRESSES	Amifrench	French Lingerie Co. 320 Fifth Ave. at 32d St.

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Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
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Exempt From Federal Income Tax
State and Municipal Bonds
Yielding from
4.15% to 4.70%

A list of these bonds, including those legal for Savings Banks and Trust Funds, will be mailed to investors on request.

Estabrook & Co.
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Strong Security and Dependable Income

The same motive which prompts a man to conserve his resources should likewise influence him to always discriminate in favor of conservative investments.

If you would be interested in investments of this character, ask us to send you *Circular No. 1416*, describing Railroad, Public Utility, Equipment, and Terminal Bonds.

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43 Exchange Place, New York

Do you wish to keep posted during 1914?

THE coming year will undoubtedly bring many interesting developments in the financial world.

Investors who want an intelligent and unbiased review of these events may secure it by asking Dep't 1 for our monthly circular "The Investment Situation." There is no charge for this service.

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To Yield
5—5½%
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42 Broadway, New York
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Issued at 50% of Cost
Equipments
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Netting 6%

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115 Broadway. Tel. Rector 9372

SEES STATE CONTROL OF STOCK MARKETS

Untermyer Tells Senators Pujo Measure Places Exchanges Directly Under Legislatures.

CONFIRMS BROKERS' VIEWS

Incorporation Bill's Chances Not Improved by Lawyer's Testimony —Committee Hearings Close.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The consideration by the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency of the Pujo bill incorporating Stock Exchanges and barring from interstate commerce quotations from unincorporated and illegal Exchanges took a new turn to-day when Samuel Untermyer of New York, formerly counsel for the Pujo committee, said flatly that the real purpose of the bill was to place Exchanges more directly under supervision by the State Legislatures. Members of the committee had assumed that the proposed incorporation of Stock Exchanges was simply a device for indirectly effecting Federal supervision of corporate securities, and Mr. Untermyer's statement came as a surprise.

According to Mr. Untermyer, the New York Stock Exchange, though he did not mention it by name, would be much more susceptible of control by the Legislature at Albany. Members of the Exchange have bitterly fought incorporation on the ground that movements would be continually on foot at Albany to amend the Exchange's charter. Members of the committee friendly to the bill seemed to think that this alarm was exaggerated, but Mr. Untermyer's statement tended to confirm the arguments of the members of the Exchange, and it was plain that the bill's chances before the committee were not improved by the day's developments.

Mr. Untermyer was subjected to severe questioning by Senator Nelson of Minnesota, the ranking Republican of the committee; Senator Bristow of Kansas, a radical Republican, and Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, one of the prominent Democrats. These Senators, each representing a different faction of the committee's membership, put forward the suggestion that the reforms aimed at by the Pujo bill could be realized better by ignoring Stock Exchanges and instituting direct Federal supervision of all issues of interstate corporations.

"I don't see that anything can be made of the argument of Mr. Milburn and others," said Mr. Untermyer, "that the provisions of this bill, through incorporation, would tend to impair a member's property right in his seat on 'Change. The fact is that under the police powers of the State, even now, the Legislature of the State could abolish Exchanges, just as some States have already abolished breweries. It must also be remembered that the actual value of a seat would fall and fall if the limit on membership were removed.

Thinks Restriction Wise.

"But I am opposed to unlimited membership, because restriction adds an element of responsibility. I believe the officers of the Exchange fear incorporation because they are afraid that through it they would lose the uniform commission rate, the limited membership, and the Exchange's power of discipline."

"Could not Congress bar the mails to a voluntary association as well as to a corporation?" asked Mr. Hitchcock.

Mr. Untermyer admitted that it could.

"Then," said Mr. Hitchcock, "there is no reason for incorporation."

"Congress," replied Mr. Untermyer, "should say that no Stock Exchange shall send its list through the mails unless it is under the regulation of the State as a corporation chartered by the State. There should be that guarantee of State supervision attached to all quotations through the mails. It is State regulation that is provided here."

"But we are superseding the State," said Mr. Hitchcock.

"Not at all," said Mr. Untermyer. "We are not saying what a State shall do. We are simply saying that the mails shall not be used for quotations of an Exchange in the charter of which there are not such and such stipulations."

"What you are trying to do," said Mr. Hitchcock, "is to prevent the circulation of fraudulent corporate securities. Why not say to the corporation direct that quotations of its securities shall not pass through the mails until it has filed with the Postmaster General correct statements of the values behind its securities? That would leave out all this indirect dealing with the Exchange and the unjust burdens imposed upon innocent stocks listed on the Exchange."

Mr. Untermyer said that the bill sought constructive legislation. It sought not to check quotations of stocks but to require that the quotations be true. Mr. Hitchcock replied, however, that all of that could be accomplished if the corporation in question were required to deal directly with the Postmaster General in regard to its securities.

Senator Nelson insisted, against Mr. Untermyer's protest, that the bill was really intended to coerce the States into conformity, through their Legislatures, to certain requirements set up in Washington.

"Why can't we hit at the corporations directly?" asked Senator Bristow. "Why can't we make regulations for them about stock issues instead of for Stock Exchanges about the listing of their stocks?"

"But the corporations are not selling the stock," replied Mr. Untermyer. "It is very rare that a corporation sells its own securities on the Exchange. The corporations market the securities before they reach the Exchange. The deception against which we are fighting in this bill lies in the manipulation of the securities on the Exchange."

For Ending Short Sale Abuses.

Mr. Untermyer went at length into what he considered the abuse of short sales. The Pujo bill forbids a broker to lend the stocks of a customer without the customer's consent, and Mr. Untermyer thought the prohibition would restrict short selling. He said it was manifestly unfair for a broker holding stock on which a customer had put up a margin to continue charging that customer interest on the balance, crediting him with no interest on the margin, while the broker meanwhile had realized the full value of the stock by lending it to some short seller.

Mr. Milburn to reply to this criticism said that the broker was not receiving double profits on the transaction, but was compelled to pay out to his second customer the interest he received from the first.

"And if a dividend should be paid on this stock," asked Mr. Untermyer, "who would get it?"

"The original customer owning the stock, who you say was being defrauded," was the reply.

Mr. Untermyer admitted the truth of that.

James F. Jackson, for the Chamber of Commerce, thought Congress should define what was fraud and keep fraudulent stock quotations out of the mails. He sugested that the proposed interstate trade commission might exercise supervision over the issue of stocks, instead of giving so much power to the Postmaster General as proposed by the bill.

George A. Rich, President of the Stock Exchange, regarded the provisions of the pending bill as unworkable.

SEE FLAW IN CURRENCY ACT.

Bankers Say Entire Regional Independence Is Impossible.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 12.—Nearly all of the bankers who have appeared before the regional bank organization committee have expressed the view that it would be impossible to make each regional reserve district independent of other districts. Secretary McAdoo and Secretary Houston, composing the committee, have constantly heard the argument that this would be out of the question during the crop-moving season.

The bankers say 80 per cent. of the crops of the country are moved about the same time, and during that period any district, with the possible exception of the one embracing New York, must be a "borrowing" district.

NEBRASKA RATE LAWS HOLD

Test Cases Against Railroads Dismissed by Federal Court.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 12.—Judge T. C. Munger of the Federal District Court dismissed to-day the six cases pending against as many Nebraska railroads to test the constitutionality of the Nebraska 2-cent fare law and the maximum freight rate law passed in 1907 by the Nebraska Legislature. The motion to dismiss was made by the State and assented to by the railroads.

The roads affected are the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Union Pacific, the Missouri Pacific, the Chicago & Northwestern, the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, and the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	75	11-16	..	—7-16
Consols, acct	75	¾	..	—7-16
Amalgamated	78½	76½	76½	..
Atchison	101	98⅛	98⅛	..
Balt. & Ohio	95	91¼	92½	— 1¼
Canadian Pac	222⅝	216⅛	216	+ ⅛
Ches. & Ohio	67	65⅛	65¼	— ⅛
Chi. Gt. West	14	13⅝	13⅛	+ ⅛
St. Paul	106	103¼	103⅛	+ ⅛
Denver	15½	15⅛	14⅛	+ 1
Erie	31⅝	30⅜	30⅞	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf	49	47⅝	48	— ⅜
Illinois Central	114½	111⅝	111½	+ ⅛
Louis. & Nash	141	137¼	137½	— ¼
Kan. & Texas	22⅛	21½	21¼	+ ¼
N. Y. Central	92½	89⅝	89⅛	+ ¼
Norf. & West	107	104	104	..
Ont. & West	30½	29⅝	29⅝	..
Pennsylvania	58	112¾	112⅜	..
Reading	86½	168⅛	167⅞	+ ⅜
Southern Ry	27⅜	26⅝	26⅜	— ⅛
Southern Pac	99¼	96⅝	96½	— ⅛
Union Pacific	167¼	162⅝	162¼	+ ⅜
U. S. Steel	67⅝	65⅝	65¾	— ⅛
Wabash	3¼	3⅛	2⅞	+ ¼

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	23,521,000
Silver in hand decreased	940,000
Notes in circultion decreased	183,750,000
Treasury deposits increased	66,475,000
General deposits decreased	17,250,000
Bills discounted decreased	42,975,000
Advances decreased	19,300,000

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Day.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$839,891	$6,811,814	$188,816,738
Int. rev., ord.	742,545	7,752,046	196,278,732
Corp. tax	20,216	143,462	3,460,076
Miscellaneous	81,443	1,602,521	33,401,465
Total	1,684,097	16,309,845	421,957,012
Expenditures	2,376,741	20,285,022	443,799,799
Deficit	692,644	3,975,177	21,842,786

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Consols Again Rise in London—Prices Firm in Paris and Higher in Berlin.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Feb. 13.—The London Times in its City article says:

"Daily advances for short fixtures were unaltered yesterday. Discount quotations were steady. One hundred thousand pounds was withdrawn from the Bank for South America and £125,000 for India. The Bank return showed an increase of £129,000 in the reserve and a decrease of £1,598,000 in private deposits.

"Yesterday being pay day, the Stock Exchange was occupied with the completion of the settlement, which was heavier than it had been for a long time past. Except in consols, market business was not very active, but the tone was generally cheerful, without any great change in prices. The chief feature was an advance in consols and Irish land guaranteed stock.

"There was very little business in American shares, owing to the holiday in New York. Brazilian scrip hardened, on the contradiction of loan rumors, and the Continental Bourses were quite cheerful."

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 87f. 15c. for the account.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—Prices were firm and higher on the Boerse to-day.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£129,000
Circulation decreased	329,000
Bullion decreased	200,844
Other securities increased	3,000
Other deposits decreased	1,598,000
Public deposits increased	1,724,000
Notes reserve increased	44,000

Government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability this week is 53.46 per cent.; last week it was 53.36 per cent.

Rate of discount, 3 per cent.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

INCOME TAX DEPARTMENT

WE are prepared to assist our depositors and others in filling out the certificates required by the Treasury Department regulations in connection with the collection of coupons and registered interest, and in preparing their annual returns of income, which must be filed with the Collector of Internal Revenue on or before March 1st.

We should be glad to talk with you in regard to this matter.

Franklin Trust Company
BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN, CITY OF NEW YORK
Main Office, 166 Montague Street
Fulton Street Office, 569 Fulton Street

STANDARD OIL
Booklet on request.

WILL BUY
100 Borden's Milk Com.
50 Illinois Traction Com.
100 International Nickel Pfd.
100 N. W. Power Com. & Pfd.
100 Pacific Gas & Elec. Com.
100 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.

WILL SELL
100 Am. Dist. Tel. of N. J.
50 Light & Traction
50 H. B. Claflin 1st Pfd.
100 Otis Elev. Pfd.
50 Rem. Typewriter 1st Pfd.
75 Royal Baking Powder Pfd.

JENKS, GWYNNE & Co
15 BROAD ST
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MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE

High Grade Underlying R. R. Bonds a Specialty. List on request.

MEGARGEL & Co.
BANKERS
35 Pine Street New York

Indiana Lighting 4s
Twin City Light and Traction 6s
A. E. FITKIN & CO.
115 Broadway. New York
Telephone Rector 1420.

Hudson County, N.J. 4s
Maturing Nov. 1, 1954
Price and particulars upon application.
R. M. GRANT & CO.
NEW YORK Bankers CHICAGO
31 Nassau St. 111 W. Monroe St.

High Grade Bonds
Booklet "A" on request
Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St., New York

Outside Securities Department.
Central States Electric Corporation
Electric Properties Corporation
Federal Utilities
Mutual Film Corporation
New York Motion Picture
Southwestern Utilities
CHAS. H. JONES & CO.
20 Broad St. New York
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds.
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

West. Penn. Trac. & Wat. Pow. Com.
Utah Securities Corp. Stock
Amer. Wat. Wks. & Guar. Com. & Pf.
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111 Broadway, N. Y. [illegible]

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and
"RIGHTS"
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MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
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Common & Preferred
THOMPSON, TOWLE & CO.
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$1,282,000
PHILADELPHIA & ERIE RAILROAD
(PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD)
General (now first) Mortgage Gold 6% Bonds
Dated July 1, 1869 Due July 1, 1920
Authorized $20,000,000 Outstanding $19,823,000
FREE OF PENNSYLVANIA STATE TAX

Secured by a first mortgage on 307.28 miles of main line, underlying the Pennsylvania Railroad Consolidated Mortgage 3½s, 4s and 5s.

Legal investment for Savings Banks in New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey, etc.

Price to Yield 4.15 Per Cent.
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Income Tax
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Bought—Sold—Quoted
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Amer. Light & Traction Stocks
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United Light & R'way Co. Stocks
Federal Light & Trac. Co. Pfd.
Pacific Gas & Elec. Co. Stocks
Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 3669 Broad
25 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK

Your Safest Investment
Is a properly protected bond.
Your most satisfactory investment is a safe bond paying you 5%.
Send for Circular T-46.
Colgate, Parker & Co
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WANTED
Hudson County Gas 5s
Newark Consolidated Gas 5s
United Electric Co., N. J., 4s
No. Jersey St. Ry. 4s
Jersey City, Hoboken & Paterson St. Ry. 4s
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Members New York Stock Exchange
'Phone 6037 Broad. 10-12 Broadway, N. Y.

DOMINICK BROS. & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
INVESTMENTS
49 WALL STREET
New York

Southern Cal. Edison Pfd.
Electric Bond & Share Pfd.
E. W. Bliss Common.
Tri-City Ry. & Lt. 5s, 1930.
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Hanson & Didrichsen
Tel. John 3626. 34 Pine St.

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Bought—Sold—Quoted
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60 Wall St. Phone 495 John, N. Y.

WE SPECIALIZE IN
Remington Typewriter
American Drug Syndicate
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A. D. T. of New Jersey
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Atlantic Fruit Stock
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Union Typewriter Company Notes
Due January, 1916.
Swartwout & Appenzeller
Members New York Stock Exchange
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FOR SALE
12 Bank of Manhattan Co.
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FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
30 Broad St., New York.
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

W. N. COLER & CO., BANKERS.
Established 1870.
43 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
NEW YORK CITY and other high grade municipal bonds.
Special circulars on request.

6% for 9½ Years.
Tax Exempt in New York.
No deduction for Income Tax.

The security is the First Mortgage bond of a Public Utility Company in this State, earning twice its interest charges, with its product sold for 10 to 20 years beyond the maturity of its bonds. This investment is worth asking about.

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Wanted
100 Guantanamo & West. R.R. Stock
100 Maxwell Motor 1st. Pfd. Stock
For Sale
100 Federal Sugar Pfd. Stock
100 Tidewater Oil Stock
Gilbert Eliott & Co
Miscellaneous Securities.
37 Wall St., N.Y. Tel. Hanover 6110

John H. Watkins
Investment Bonds
7 Wall Street.

INVESTMENTS
$10.....5% Bonds
$100.....6% Bonds
$200.....7% Bond Shares
ARE ISSUED BY
New York Realty Owners
Resources - - - - $3,945,652.65
PROPORTION OF LIABILITIES:
Real Estate, Bonds, Etc....28%
Capital, Surplus & Reserve..72%
An Unbroken Dividend Record of Eighteen Years
WRITE FOR CIRCULAR T.
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Legal investments for Trust Funds and Trust Estates. Tax exempt in New York State. We are under the supervision of the State Banking Department.
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FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.,
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Invites Enquiries in Regard to Every Description of Banking Business in
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London, Eng., Branch, 2 Bank Building, Princess St., E. C.
NEW YORK AGENCY, Cor. William and Cedar Sts.
Total assets......$178,700,000.00

The Preferred Stock of the
American Public Utilities Co.
Will net nearly 8%
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Dividends Paid Quarterly.
Write for Earnings Statement.
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COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL $2,000,000
SURPLUS $7,000,000

CHARTERED 1864
UNION TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK
80 BROADWAY.
5th Ave. & 38th St. Fifth Ave. & 60th St.
Capital & Surplus $8,300,000.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

The Franklin Society
26th year. Banking Department supervision. Savings share accounts of $10 or more opened on or before February 28th earn from March 1st. Begin now or write for booklet A. 38 Park Row, New York City.
4½%

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION
OF
HALE AND KILBURN COMPANY,
A CORPORATION EXISTING UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE.

To the First Preferred, Second Preferred, and Common Stockholders and to the Voting Trust Certificate holders:

You will please take notice of the following preambles and resolutions adopted at a Special Meeting of the Board of Directors of the HALE AND KILBURN COMPANY, held at 30 Church Street, New York City, New York, on February 2, 1914, at eleven o'clock A. M. WM. B. GIVEN, Jr., Secretary.

CERTIFIED COPY PREAMBLES AND RESOLUTIONS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS HALE AND KILBURN COMPANY.

Upon motion duly made and seconded, and by the unanimous vote of all present, the following preambles and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, Article Fourth of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company provides that:

"If on Dec. 31, 1913, or at any time thereafter, the net earnings of the corporation for the last twelve months of said period shall have aggregated Four Hundred and Twenty Thousand Dollars, ($420,000,) or if said net earnings for the last twenty-four months of said period shall have aggregated Eighty Hundred and Forty Thousand Dollars, ($840,000,) the priority of the first preferred stock to the second preferred stock shall cease, and thereafter there shall be no distinction between the two classes of preferred stock, either as to dividends or as to distribution upon liquidation or dissolution, or as to retirement"; and,

Whereas, The net earnings of the Company for the period of twenty-four months preceding December 31st, 1913, as shown by the duly certified report of Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Company, certified accountants, have exceeded the amount of net earnings, namely, Eight Hundred and Forty Thousand Dollars ($840,000) required by said Article Fourth of its Certificate of Incorporation to be earned by the Company during such period in order to eliminate the priority of the first preferred stock of the Company over its second preferred stock and to make each such class of stock of a parity with the other; and,

Whereas, The Board of Directors, after a careful examination of the report of said accountants, is fully satisfied that the net earnings of the Company during the said period of twenty-four months preceding December 31st, 1913, have exceeded the said sum of Eight Hundred and Forty Thousand Dollars, ($840,000,) and that the said report is in all respects true and correct;

Resolved, That the said report of the certified accountants, Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Company, be and the same hereby is accepted in all respects, and that it be and hereby is ordered filed and made a part of the minutes of this meeting;

Further Resolved, That this Board hold a special meeting on February 24th, 1914, which meeting is hereby directed to be called, for the purpose of declaring the said first and second preferred classes of stock of the Company to be of a parity in all respects as of February 23rd, 1914, and thereafter, and for the purpose of further adopting a resolution amending said Article Fourth of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company so as to provide for a single issue of new preferred stock for which the present first and second preferred classes of stock may be exchanged;

Further Resolved, That meanwhile the proper officers of the Company be and they hereby are directed to cause a duly certified copy of these preambles and resolutions, addressed to the stockholders and voting trust certificate holders of the Company, to be published in two newspapers of general circulation, one in Wilmington, Delaware, and one in New York City, New York, twice a week for three successive weeks, the last publication in each newspaper to be on the 23rd day of February, 1914; and,

Further Resolved, That the proper officers of the Company cause a duly certified copy of these preambles and resolutions to be printed and mailed to each stockholder and voting trust certificate holder at his last known address.

We, the undersigned, CHARLES H. SCHLACKS, President, and WM. B. GIVEN, Jr., Secretary, respectively, of the HALE AND KILBURN COMPANY, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and accurate copy of certain preambles and resolutions taken from the minutes of a special meeting of the Board of Directors of HALE AND KILBURN COMPANY, held in the office of the Company, 30 Church Street, New York City, New York, on the 2nd day of February, 1914, and recorded on Pages 109 and 110 of the Minute Book of said Company; and we further certify that the above preambles and resolutions were adopted by the affirmative vote of more than a majority of all the Directors of the Company.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto affixed our official signatures and the corporate seal of the Company in the City of New York, on this 2nd day of February, 1914.

C. H. SCHLACKS, President.
WM. B. GIVEN, Jr., Secretary.

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.

REFUNDING MORTGAGE FIFTY YEAR GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Trustee, dated September 1, 1911, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $10,000, in the year 1913, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, subject to the provisions of the mortgage in respect thereof, to the amount of $10,282.43, in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the twenty-eighth day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Pacific Electric Railway Company's Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Los Angeles, Cal., February 1, 1914.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, District of Columbia, February 5, 1914.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 509, District Building, until 2 o'clock P. M., March 2, 1914, for EXCAVATING AND GRADING on the site and athletic field of the New Central High School Building No. 173, located between Eleventh Street, Thirteenth Street, Florida Avenue, and Clifton Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C. Blank forms of proposal, specifications, and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required to insure return of plans and specifications. Oliver P. Newman, Frederick L. Siddons, Chester Harding, Commissioners, D. C.

MILITARY SUPPLIES, MARINE CORPS, Quartermaster's Department, Washington, D. C., February 4, 1914.—SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, to be publicly opened in this office at 11 A. M. February 25, 1914, are hereby invited for furnishing the Marine Corps woolen blankets, khaki suiting, nainsook, sewing cotton, gilt and bronze ornaments, buttons, saucers, spoons, mattresses, barracks chairs, and door mats. Proposal blanks may be obtained and standard samples examined in this office and at Depot of Supplies, 1100 S. Broad Street, Philadelphia. This office reserves the right to reject any or all bids or parts thereof and to waive informalities therein. C. L. McCAWLEY, Colonel, Quartermaster.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, NORFOLK, VA., Dec. 16, 1913.—Congress having authorized the erection of a monument to the late President Tyler, in Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond, Va., the Secretary of War is about to receive competitive designs for said monument. Persons desiring to submit designs, or wishing other information on the subject, should apply to this office.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 9, 1914.—Sealed proposals for dredging in harbors at Hyannis and Nantucket, Mass., will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, March 12, 1914, and then publicly opened. Information on application. JOHN MILLIS, Col. Engrs.

DIVIDENDS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

Extra Dividend on Common Stock

To Holders of Common Capital Stock of Union Pacific Railroad Company:

Supplementing the announcement heretofore made of the declaration on January 8, 1914, of an extra dividend upon the common stock of this Company, notice is hereby given that litigation has been instituted in behalf of preferred stockholders to enjoin the payment of said dividend, and that, in view of the possibility that such litigation may cause a postponement of the payment of the extra dividend to some date later than April 1, 1914, Dividend Checks and Warrants will not be mailed April 1, 1914, as heretofore announced, but that, instead, the Company will mail to each registered holder of its common stock entitled to the dividend, promptly after the closing of the books on March 2, 1914, Dividend Warrants evidencing the entire extra dividend, both cash and stock of The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, applicable to the number of shares of common stock registered in the name of such stockholder. Said Warrants will be exchangeable, when, as and if said extra dividend shall be payable as stated therein, for checks representing the part of the dividend payable in cash, and for stock certificates of The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and fractional warrants representing the part of the dividend payable in stock of that Company. By the terms of the Warrants the date of payment of said dividend will be subject to such postponements as the Board of Directors or Executive Committee of this Company shall deem necessary or advisable by reason of litigation. In case the payment shall be postponed beyond April 1, 1914, any dividends, applicable to shares of stock of The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company represented by said Warrants, declared and payable by The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company after April 1, 1914, which shall be collected by the undersigned Company, will be set apart and held for the benefit of the holders of Warrants ultimately entitled to said extra dividend. The Warrants will not be transferable prior to the date of actual payment of the dividend except upon a corresponding transfer of the shares to which the dividend evidenced by the Warrants appertains. Unless otherwise instructed, all Warrants will be mailed in conformity with dividend mailing instructions on file with the undersigned Company.

Whether or not the date of payment of the dividend shall be postponed, **the record date remains March 2, 1914**, and only holders of common stock registered as such at 3 o'clock P. M. on March 2, 1914, will be entitled to the dividend.

For the purposes of this extra dividend the common stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on March 2, 1914, and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on March 23, 1914.

By order of the Board of Directors.
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.
By FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.,
February 11, 1914.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

The regular Semi-Annual Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Preferred Stock and the regular Quarterly Dividend of $2.50 per share on the Common Stock of this Company have this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on **Wednesday, April 1, 1914,** to stockholders of record at 3 P. M., on Monday, March 2, 1914.

Stockholders who have not already done so are urgently requested to file dividend mailing orders with the undersigned, from whom blank forms may be had upon application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., February 11, 1914.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

64th PREFERRED DIVIDEND

THE Board of Directors have declared the sixty-fourth consecutive quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable February 28th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business, February 14th, 1914. Transfer books will not be closed. F. E. BUGBEE, Treasurer.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Treasurer's Office, Grand Central Terminal,
New York, February 13th, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the four and one-half per cent. (4½%) Three-Year Gold Notes of this Company maturing March 2d, 1914, will be paid at this office on and after that date. Coupons should be detached and presented separately.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

American Sugar Refining Company
Jersey City, N. J., February 10, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the following dividends, payable April 2d, 1914, to the stockholders of record March 2d, 1914:

On the Preferred Stock a dividend of 1¾ per cent. On the Common Stock a dividend of 1¾ per cent.

The Transfer Books will not be closed.

JOSEPH E. FREEMAN, Secretary.

MEIKLEHAM & DINSMORE,
FISCAL AGENTS.
The Atlantic Gas & Electric Company.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1½% has been declared upon the Preferred Capital stock of The Atlantic Gas & Electric Company, payable Feb. 15, 1914, to stockholders of record Feb. 1, 1914.

F. V. SHANNON, Treasurer.

NEW YORK MOTION PICTURE CORPORATION.
MONTHLY DIVIDEND NO. 9.

A dividend of two per cent. (2%) upon the capital stock of this corporation has been declared payable on February 16, 1914, to stockholders of record at the opening of business on that day.

New York, February 10, 1914.
CHARLES J. HITE, Treasurer.

MUTUAL FILM CORPORATION.

The tenth monthly dividend of 1½% upon the common capital stock of this corporation and an extra dividend of ½% on the common stock have been declared payable on February 16, 1914, to stockholders of record February 10, 1914.

Dated February 10, 1914.
CHARLES J. HITE, Treasurer.

The J. G. White Engineering Corporation.
Engineers-Contractors,
43 Exchange Place, New York.

The regular quarterly dividend (4th quarter) of 1¾% has been declared on the preferred stock of this Corporation, payable March 1, 1914, to stockholders of record February 20, 1914. H. S. COLLETTE, Secretary.

MUTUAL FILM CORPORATION.

The tenth monthly dividend of ½% upon the common capital stock of this corporation and an extra dividend of ½% on the common stock have been declared payable on February 16, 1914, to stockholders of record February 10, 1914.

Dated February 10, 1914.
CHARLES J. HITE, Treasurer.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 71 Broadway, New York, Feb. 11, 1914.

The Transfer Books of this Company will be closed from 3 o'clock P. M. February 17th to the morning of March 2d, 1914.

CALEB S. SPENCER, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

General Chemical Company of California.
NOTICE OF MEETING TO DECREASE NUMBER OF DIRECTORS.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the General Chemical Company of California will be held at the office of the Company, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, County of New York, and State of New York, at ten o'clock A. M. on the 16th day of February, 1914, to vote upon a proposition to decrease the number of Directors of said corporation from twelve to eight.

THOS. F. BURGESS, Secretary.
New York City, January 31, 1914.

General Chemical Company of California.
25 Broad Street, New York.
January 31, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders will be held at the Company's chief office, at 25 Broad Street, New York City, on Monday, the 16th day of February, 1914 at 10:30 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all the acts of the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee, and the officers of the Company since the last meeting of the stockholders.

The stock and transfer books will be closed against the transfer of stock on Thursday, February 5th, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Tuesday, February 17th, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS F. BURGESS, Secretary.

New York, January 23rd, 1914.
ELECTION NOTICE.
The Missouri Pacific Railway Co.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Missouri Pacific Railway Company will be held at the general office of the company, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, March 10th, 1914, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before said meeting. The annual meeting of the Directors will be held at the same office on the same day at twelve o'clock noon. The transfer books will be closed on Monday, February 2nd, 1914, at three o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Wednesday, March 11th, 1914, at ten o'clock A. M.

The Missouri Pacific Railway Company.
By B. F. BUSH, President.
A. H. CALEF, Secretary.

New York, Feb. 6, 1914.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of The Garvin Machine Co. will be held at the company's office, Spring and Varick Sts., New York, Wednesday, Feb. 25, 1914, at 3 P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it. Transfer books close Feb. 24th, 1914, and reopen March 2d, 1914.

FRANK W. GARVIN, Secretary.

The advertising rate of The New York Times, 40 cents per agate line, with circulation Sunday and daily exceeding 200,000, makes the cost less than one cent a line for each 5,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, newspaper advertising in the world.—Adv.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:58|Sun sets..5:31|Moon rises..9:28

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:35	10:03	3:25	3:50
Governors Island	9:46	10:16	3:50	4:16
Hell Gate	11:36	12:06	5:30	5:56

Arrived—Thursday, Feb. 12.

SS Prinzess Irene, Messina, Jan. 29.
SS Cristobal, Colon, Feb. 5.
SS Wimer, Bermuda, Feb. 7.
SS Eskasonia, Caibarien, Feb. 5.
SS Vahimnia, Norfolk, Feb. 10.
SS Antilles, New Orleans, Feb. 7.
SS Tordenskjold, Sagua, Jan. 30.
SS Arcadian, Bermuda, Feb. 10.
SS City of Naples, Boston, Feb. 11.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, Feb. 9.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, Feb. 9.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Oceanic	Southampton	Feb. 4
Regina d'Italia	Palermo	Jan. 28
Venezia	Palermo	Jan. 29
Europa	Naples	Jan. 29
Benedict	Para	Jan. 31
Santa Marta	Kingston	Feb. 7
Patris	Patras	Jan. 28
Maracaibo	La Guayra	Jan. 28
Monterey	Vera Cruz	Feb. 7
Argentina	Palermo	Jan. 27
Satilla	Galveston	Feb. 6
City of Savannah	Savannah	Feb. 10
El Dia	Galveston	Feb. 7

DUE TO-MORROW.

Savoie	Havre	Feb. 7
Pennsylvania	Hamburg	Jan. 31
Ferndene	Lisbon	Jan. 31
Matura	Trinidad	Feb. 7
Stephano	Halifax	Feb. 12
Prinz Fred. Hendrik	Haiti	Feb. 9
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Feb. 11
Colorado	Galveston	Feb. 7

DUE SUNDAY.

Campania	Liverpool	Feb. 7
St. Louis	Southampton	Feb. 7
Oosterdyk	Pottedam	Jan. 31
Columbia	Glasgow	Feb. 7
Roma	Lisbon	Feb. 3
Samland	Antwerp	Jan. 31
Cestrian	Liverpool	Feb. 4
Maryland	London	Feb. 5
Hatizones	Barbados	Feb. 2
Byron	Rio Janeiro	Jan. 28
Dalmore	Fayal	Jan. 28
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Feb. 12

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Paul, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Hermonides, Argentina	7:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Allemania, Inagua	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Maracas, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Commewijne, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Cameronia, Glasgow	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Guantanamo, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
City of Sydney, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Pastores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
America, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Minneapolis, London	———	10:00 A.M.
Prinzess Irene, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
President Grant, Hamburg	———	12:00 M.
Italia, Naples	———	2:00 P.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Borinquen, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
Trent, Jamaica	———	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Oriente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Hamilton, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Oceanic, Southampton to New York, was 408 miles E. at 4 P. M. Due 13th, late, or early 14th. White Star.

SS Oosterdyk, Rotterdam to New York, was 700 miles E. at 7 A. M.

SS Samland, Antwerp to New York, was 615 miles east at 8 A. M.

SS Amerika, Hamburg to New York, was 1,426 miles E. at 6 P. M. Due 16th, forenoon. Hamburg-American Line.

SS Adriatic, Alexandria to New York, was 1,298 miles E. at 7:40 P. M. Due 16th, forenoon. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Vesta, Sabine to New York, was 195 miles W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS El Occidente, Galveston to New York, was 120 miles W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was 145 miles N. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Maracaibo, San Juan to New York, was 669 miles S. at 6 P. M., 11th.

SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 296 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Matura, Port of Spain to New York, was 487 miles S. at noon.

SS Santa Marta, Santa Marta to New York, was 169 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Monterey, Vera Cruz to New York, was 14 miles N. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at 7 P. M.

SS El Dia, Galveston to New York, was 153 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS El Sol, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 4:40 P. M.

SS Perfection, Sabine to New York, was 235 miles S. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at noon.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, passed Martin's Industry Lightship at 5 P. M.

SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 175 miles S. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at 7 P. M.

SS Colon, Cristobal to New York, was 281 miles N. of Colon at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Celtic, at Alexandria, Feb. 12.
SS Caribbean, at Bermuda, Feb. 12.
SS Lundy, at Bremen, Feb. 11.
SS Excelsior, at Copenhagen, Feb. 6.
SS Sieglinde, at Rio Janeiro, Feb. 8.
SS Costante, at Barcelona, Feb. 8.
SS West Prince, at Rio Janeiro, Feb. 10.
SS Afghan Prince, at Port Said, Feb. 12.
SS Tascalusa, at Port Said, Feb. 12.

Sailed.

SS New York, from Queenstown, Feb. 12.
SS Minnewaska, from London, Feb. 12.
SS City of Norwich, from Oran, Feb. 11.
SS Dorothy, from St. Lucia, Feb. 10.
SS Lord Dufferin, from Santos, Feb. 6.
SS Indrakuala, from Suez, Feb. 12.
SS Eastlands, from St Lucia, Feb. 9.
SS Grantley, from Oran, Feb. 10.
SS Cuthbert, from Pernambuco, Feb. 10.
SS Cedric, from Liverpool, Feb. 12.
SS Pannonia, from Fiume, Feb. 12.
SS President Lincoln from Southampton, Feb. 12.

Passed.

SS Potomac, New York for London, passed Scilly.

SS Chicago City, New York for Bristol, passed Brow Head.

SS Lichtenfels, New York for Calcutta, passed Gibraltar.

SS Baron Jedburgh, New York for Shanghai, passed Perim.

SS Kroonland, New York for Antwerp, passed Brow Head.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 16, SS Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm.

Austria—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 18, SS Argentina.

Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Feb. 19, SS Ultonia.

Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 25, SS Frederik VIII.

Norway—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 25, SS Frederik VIII.

Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 13, SS Prinzess Irene.

Transpacific Mails.

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Teucer	Feb. 13
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Niagara	Feb. 13
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Monteagle	Feb. 14
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Tenyo Maru	Feb. 16

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hong Kong, Jan. 15; Shanghai, Jan. 17; Kobe, Jan. 24; Yokohama, Jan. 25—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Monteagle, were dispatched east at 11:25 P. M., Feb. 8, and are due in New York on the morning of Friday, Feb. 13.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MORITZ SAFRAN, ISIDOR SAFRAN, and LEO SAFRAN, individually and as copartners, engaged in business under the firm name and style of M. SAFRAN AND SONS, Bankrupts.

Take notice that, pursuant to an order of this court dated the 28th day of January, 1914, Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell at public auction on the 18th day of February, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at the premises formerly occupied by the bankrupts, at No. 257 Fourth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, the following described property:

Parcel No. 1.—All the right, title, and interest of the bankrupts and of the receiver in and to the unexpired term of a certain lease of the basement in premises known as No. 257 Fourth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, subject to all arrears now due or which may become due under the terms of this lease, including the charges for the period during which said premises were occupied by the receiver, and also subject to all incumbrances and liens of every kind, nature, and description.

Parcel No. 2.—All the right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to all the portable furniture, fixtures, and equipment, including tables, chairs, linen, glassware, crockery, kitchen utensils, and chattels of every kind, nature, and description, except as hereinafter set forth, and excluding the food supplies contained in the premises above mentioned and excluding the cash registers.

Parcel No. 3.—All the right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to the stock of wines, liquors, food supplies, groceries, cigars, cigarettes, and tobacco contained in said premises.

The following property located in the premises above described, formerly occupied by the bankrupts in the conduct of their business, is not included in the above sale:

All partitions, stationary fixtures, bar, mirrors, counters, plumbing, ventilating apparatus, electric light fixtures, and one sixteen-foot range, four fire and four ovens, with plate shelf; two broilers, one gas and one charcoal; one steam table, with Bain Marie, and kitchen table; one saucepan rack, one hood to cover range, broilers, and boilers; one set of coffee urns, one dish-washing machine, two dish heaters, one silver buffing machine, one cutlery renovator, one steam table outfit for lunch counter, one lot of service counters, with wire inclosure extending to ceiling; one meat refrigerator, one fish refrigerator, one fruit refrigerator, one milk and butter refrigerator, one beer refrigerator, one bar refrigerator, one lot of kitchen and service sinks, one six-ton refrigerating machine with brine piping, and coils for all refrigerators; one vegetable refrigerator. Said property may be inspected on any day before said sale between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. at said premises.

Dated New York, February 8th, 1914.

OTTO M. STERNFELD, Receiver,
31 Nassau Street, New York City.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, N. Y. City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of READING HAT MFG. COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Please take notice that the undersigned, the ancillary receiver in bankruptcy of the above-named bankrupt, will sell to the highest bidder at private sale on written competitive sealed bids, all the assets of the above-named bankrupt, now located in the City of New York, said assets being now stored at the premises of J. E. Bates of No. 739-41 Broadway, City of New York, consisting of fur hats and caps. All bids must be submitted to the receiver's attorney, George W. Olvany, at his office, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before Wednesday, February 18th, at 10:30 o'clock in the morning, and should be marked "Bids in the matter of Reading Hat Mfg. Company," at which time and place said bids will be opened. All bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check for at least 10% of the amount of the bid. The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Should the receiver accept said bid, the successful bidder will be called upon to pay the balance of the purchase price within twenty-four hours after acceptance. Should the receiver fail to accept any of the bids so made, the property will then be offered up for sale at public auction on February 24th, at 10:30 A. M., at the office of Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 539 Broadway, New York City.

BERNARD A. ILLOWAY,
Ancillary Receiver.
GEORGE W. OLVANY, Attorney for Ancillary Receiver, No. 165 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ISIDOR COHEN, who was doing business under the name and style of COLLAPSIBLE PAPER BOX COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order of this court, bearing date December 24th, 1913, the undersigned, Willis S. Whittlesey, Esq., temporary receiver of the above-named bankrupt, offers for sale the property, assets, and effects of the said estate, consisting of paper box making machines, tools, fixtures, raw stock consisting of paper board, made-up material consisting of paper boxes, &c., now located at 430 West 14th Street, City of New York, Borough of Manhattan. The said property may be inspected on said premises any day up to and including February 13, 1914, upon request of the receiver. Said property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, on said premises, on the 13th day of February, 1914, at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon of that day. The receiver reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.

Dated New York City, Feb. 6, 1914.

WILLIS S. WHITTLESEY, Receiver,
7 East 42d St., New York City.
ADOLPH M. SCHWARZ, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York City.

The above sale is adjourned to Feb. 20th, at 10:30 A. M., at the same place.

WILLIS S. WHITTLESEY, Receiver.

NOTICE OF SALE.
CAFÉ DE PARIS, INC., BANKRUPT.

By virtue of two certain chattel mortgages executed by Louis Martin's (a corporation, now Café de Paris, Inc.), dated May 19, 1913, respectively to David Thomas Moore and Egbert Mills, as mortgagees, and filed in the office of the Register of New York County on May 19, 1913, and thereafter assigned to Ernest Schofield by assignment dated May 22, 1913, and filed in said Register's office on January 27, 1914, and pursuant to an order of the U. S. District Court for the Southern District of New York duly entered on February 5, 1914, in the matter of Cafe de Paris, Inc., Bankrupt, I shall sell at public auction, by Harry M. Moses, Auctioneer, at Nos. 1,457-1,461 Broadway, on February 14, 1914, at 10 o'clock A. M., all goods and chattels and other personal property covered by said chattel mortgages and in my possession as mortgagee, including furniture, pictures, ornaments, rugs, carpets, curtains, linen, tableware, kitchenware, and other equipment and furnishings of the restaurant.

ERNEST SCHOFIELD.

To B. W. B. BROWN and WALTER A. HIRSCH, as Receivers of Cafe de Paris, Inc., Bankrupt, and all others whom it may concern.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEW YORK COMMERICAL CO., bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Feb. 13th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 280 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of typewriter desks, chairs, tables, letter press stand, sectional bookcases, letter files, typewriters, roll top desks, telephone booths, electric fixtures, wardrobe cabinets, time clock stamp, safes, fixtures, &c.

WILLIAM A. DE LONG,
JOHN Z. LOWE, Jr.,
and JOSEPH W. HARRIMAN,
Trustees.
JOSEPH W. HARTFIELD and JOHN W. INGRAM, Attorneys for Trustees, 290 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITed States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENJAMIN ACKERMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Feb. 13, 1914, by order of the court, at 10 A. M., at 2,745 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of delicatessens, groceries, canned goods and other breadstuffs, and merchandise, including fixtures, showcases, utensils, &c.

JAMES O. TRYON, Receiver.
MORRIS KAMBER, Attorney for Receiver, 99 Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITed States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ELIAS GOLDBERG, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Feb. 13th, 1914, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 12 Wooster Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of embroideries, three large embroidering machines, &c. Also lease of said premises.

MEYER D. SIEGEL, Receiver.
HERMAN H. OPPENHEIMER, Attorney for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of F. D. HOHMAN, Inc., Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday Feb. 13, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 289 West 56th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of automobiles, auto bodies, landaulet, limousines, touring bodies, chassis, tires, parts, motors, magnetos, office furniture, desks, safe, &c.

IRVING M. DITTENHOEFER, Receiver.
WILLIAMS & HAMBURGER, Attorneys for Receiver, Flatiron Bldg., New York.

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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy, on an order dated June 4, 1913.—In the matter of MURIEL V. SPENCER STADLER, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, March 26th, 1914, by order of the court, at 11 o'clock, at Hollywood, New Jersey, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of property known as Hollywood Hotel, cottages, and lots. All the real and personal property consisting of all the furniture and household effects and all the land, tracts of lands free and clear of all encumbrance, described as follows:

DESCRIPTION OF HOLLYWOOD TRACTS.

All those tracts or parcels of land and premises, hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying, and being in the City of Long Branch, in the County of Monmouth, and State of New Jersey.

First Tract.—Beginning at the southwest corner of Cedar Avenue and Hoey Avenue, formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Hoey Avenue with the northerly side of Cedar Avenue, it being also the northeast corner of the tract hereby described, and the lot upon which the Hollywood Hotel now stands, and running thence (1) westerly along the southerly line of Cedar Avenue twelve hundred and forty feet more or less to the northeast corner of lands of now or formerly R. M. Schell and the northwest corner of the lot herein described, thence (2) southerly along the easterly line of lands of said R. M. Schell nine hundred and seventy feet more or less to the southeast corner of said R. M. Schell tract, thence (3) westerly along the southerly line of said R. M. Schell tract one hundred and thirty-two feet more or less to the easterly line of lands of the estate of Herman Unger, thence (4) southerly along the easterly line of lands of the estate of Herman Unger six hundred and ten feet more or less to a point in the middle of the westerly line of Hollywood Lake, thence (5) easterly along the middle or centre line of said Hollywood Lake, eleven hundred and fifty-five feet more or less to the westerly line of Hoey Avenue, thence (6) northerly along the westerly line of Hoey Avenue, thirteen hundred and ten feet more or less to the point or place of beginning. Said tract containing the Hollywood Hotel and eight cottages.

Being the same premises described on a certain map entitled "Map of Hollywood Hotel, Cottages, and Lots, West End, Long Branch, New Jersey, made by D. Greer, November 19th, 1912, and filed in the office of the clerk of the County of Monmouth."

Second Tract.—Known and designated as Lot Number Eighty-seven on the map of lots of John Hoey estate, filed in the Clerk's Office of said county. Beginning at a point in the rear line of Lot Number Sixty-six fronting on the north side of Cedar Avenue, distant one hundred and fifty feet easterly along said rear line from the easterly side of Woodgate Avenue, said rear line being distant at right angles three hundred and fifty feet northerly from the said northerly side of Cedar Avenue, thence (1) easterly along the rear line of Lots Numbers Sixty-six, Sixty-seven, and Sixty-eight on the north side of Cedar Avenue and distant three hundred and fifty feet therefrom and parallel with said Cedar Avenue three hundred and fifty-four feet to Lot No. 86 as marked on said map, thence (2) northerly at right angles to Cedar Avenue three hundred and five feet to the southerly side or line of Lenox Avenue, thence (3) westerly along the southerly line or side of Lenox Avenue three hundred and sixty-one and ten-tenths feet to Lot No. 88, thence (4) southerly and parallel with the second mentioned line or nearly so three hundred and seventy-eight feet to the point or place of beginning, known as the Hoey Homestead.

Being the same premises described on a certain map entitled "Diagram B of the Hoey Mansion House Plots, The Hollywood Garage, Laundry, and Stable, The Hollywood Baths."

Third Tract.—Beginning in the centre of the road leading from Long Branch to Deal, known as Ocean Avenue, at a point midway between two cedar hedges bounding a strip of land running from said road to the sea, formerly intended for a road to be known as Cedar Avenue, thence running (1) north eighty-nine degrees and fifteen minutes east along the northerly line of land lately conveyed to E. Boudinot Colt by James Brown to low water mark in the Atlantic Ocean twelve chains and sixty links more or less, thence (2) northerly along said low water mark, but measured in a straight line about thirty feet, be the same more or less, to the southerly line of premises conveyed to Charles F. Woerishoffer by Herman Unger and wife, by deed dated on or about November eleventh, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, thence (3) south eighty-nine degrees fifteen minutes west along said southerly line of premises conveyed as aforesaid to said Woerishoffer and parallel to said Colt's northerly line twelve chains and sixty links more or less to the centre of said avenue, thence along the centre of the said avenue, south thirteen degrees thirty minutes west, thirty feet to the place of beginning, subject to all the rights of the said road first mentioned. Known as the Bathing Grounds of the Hollywood Hotel. The premises above described intended to be the southerly portion of the land and premises conveyed by the said John Hoey and wife to said Herman Unger, by deeds dated March 31st, 1870, and April 9th, and recorded in the Monmouth County Clerk's Office at Freehold in Book 224 of Deeds, Page 349, and Book 301 of Deeds, Page 265, respectively. And also the same premises reconveyed by the said Herman Unger and wife to the said John Hoey by deed dated April 9th, 1890, and recorded in said office in Book 326 of Deeds, Page 110.

Being the same premises described on a certain map entitled "Diagram B of The Hoey Mansion House Plots, The Hollywood Garage, Laundry, and Stable, The Hollywood Baths."

Fourth Tract.—Beginning at a point in the northerly side of Brighton Avenue distant one hundred and eighty-five feet and two inches westerly from a point on the said northerly side of Brighton Avenue in the westerly line of a tract of land conveyed to Fannie W. Lazar by John Hoey and wife by deed dated January 29, A. D. 1870, and recorded in the Monmouth County Clerk's Office in Book 218 of Deeds, on Pages 393, &c., thence (1) running north forty-two degrees and five minutes east two hundred and forty-seven feet and seven inches to the southwesterly corner of the lot of land first described in deed Flint executors to Daniel Ferns, dated September 6th, 1887, and recorded in Book 422 of Deeds, Page 385, in said Clerk's Office, thence north fifty-five degrees eighteen minutes west one hundred and forty-one feet, thence (3) south forty-seven degrees twenty minutes west three hundred and eight feet eight inches to the northerly side of Brighton Avenue and thence easterly along the northerly side of Brighton Avenue one hundred and eighty-five feet to the point or place of beginning. And also all the right, title, and interest of the said party of the first part in and to the road or avenue called Brighton Avenue in front of the last above-described premises to the centre thereof.

Containing an automobile, garage, laundry, and carriage house and stable.

Being the same premises described on a certain map entitled "Diagram B of the Hoey Mansion House Plots, The Hollywood Garage, Laundry, and Stable, The Hollywood Baths."

Order of CARL E. TRULOCK, Trustee.

For further particulars apply to FREDERICK KLEIN and S. C. SUGARMAN, Attorneys for Trustee, 277 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS FANTEL, MOE WEINSTEIN, and MORRIS FANTEL, copartners doing business as L. FANTEL & CO., bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Feb. 18, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 15 West 29th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of furs, scarfs, muffs, trimmings, shelving, hangers, safe, trunks, tables, machines, desks, chairs, fixtures, &c. Inspection Feb. 16th and 17th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

WALTER H. GILPATRIC, Receiver.
NATHANIEL FISHMAN, Attorney for Receiver, 277 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITed States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EZRA KISSELL and JOSEPH L. KIRSCHENBAUM, copartners doing business as KISSELL & KIRSCHENBAUM, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Feb. 19, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 92 Rivington St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of general notions, soaps, matches, safe, shelving, counters, fixtures, &c.

SAMUEL J. WAGSTAFF, Receiver.
I. GAINSBURG, Attorney for Receiver, 271 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of E. HELEN O'BRIAN, Bankrupt.—No. 19,446.

To the creditors of E. Helen O'Brian of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3rd day of February, A. D. 1914, the said E. Helen O'Brian was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 21st day of February, 1914, at twelve o'clock noon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 5th, 1914.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL GINSBERG, Bankrupt.—No. 19,030.

To the creditors of Samuel Ginsberg of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1913, the said Samuel Ginsberg was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated February 11th, 1914.

[illegible]

LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN

Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm	Feb. 17
*Kronprinzessin Cecilie	Feb. 21
(one cabin II.)	FEBRUARY 26
*Kaiser Wilhelm II	Mch. 10
SCHARNHORST Bremen direct (one cabin II.)	MARCH 12
BREMEN Bremen direct	MARCH 19

*SAILS AT 1 A. M.

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*Prinzess Irene	Feb. 14
†Koenig Albert	Feb. 28

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*La Lorraine	Feb. 25	*La Lorraine	Mar. 18
*La Provence	Mar. 4	*La Touraine	Mar. 25

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SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY B. HOLLINS, BRITON N. BUSCH, WALTER KUTZLEB, ANTHONY H. WALBURG, and JOHN A. AULL, individually and as members of the firm of H. B. HOLLINS & CO., Alleged Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 18,935.

Take notice that all persons making any claim to any certificates of stock, bonds, or other property that were pledged to the Kings County Trust Company by H. B. Hollins & Co., or to the proceeds thereof, or any part thereof, are directed by order of the Hon. Julius M. Mayer, one of the Judges of this Court, bearing date the 10th day of January, 1914, to file their claim to said stocks, bonds, or other property, or the proceeds thereof, in the office of the Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, as Special Master, at 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 26th day of February, 1914, and they are hereby further notified that a hearing pursuant to the aforesaid order of January 10th, 1914, will be had before said Hon. Stanley W. Dexter as Special Master at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and that all persons making such claims are hereby summoned to attend such hearing and to present proof in support of their claims.

Dated New York, January 12th, 1914.

A. LEO EVERETT, Receiver,
37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
LEXOW, MACKELLAR & WELLS, Attorneys for Receiver, 43 Cedar Street, New York City

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY B. HOLLINS, BRITON N. BUSCH, WALTER KUTZLEB, ANTHONY H. WALBURG, and JOHN A. AULL, individually and as members of the firm of H. B. Hollins & Co., Alleged Bankrupts. In Bankruptcy, No. 18935.

Take notice that all persons making any claim to any certificates of stock, bonds or other property that were pledged to the Metropolitan Trust Company by H. B. Hollins & Co., or to the proceeds thereof, or any part thereof, are directed by order of the Hon. Julius M. Mayer, one of the Judges of this Court, bearing date the 22d day of January, 1914, to file their claims to said stock, bonds, or other property, or the proceeds thereof, in the office of the Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankrptcy, as Special Master, at 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 4th day of March, 1914, and they are hereby further notified that a hearing pursuant to the aforesaid order of January 22d, 1914, will be had before said Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, as Special Master, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and that all persons making such claims are hereby summoned to attend such hearing and to present proof in support of their claims.

A. LEO EVERETT, Receiver,
37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
LEXOW, MACKELLAR & WELLS,
Attorneys for Receiver, 43 Cedar Street, New York City.
Dated, New York, January 22d, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY B. HOLLINS, BRITON N. BUSCH, WALTER KUTZLEB, ANTHONY H. WALBURG, and JOHN A. AULL, individually and as members of the firm of H. B. HOLLINS & CO., Alleged Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 18,935.

Take notice that all persons making any claim to any certificates of stocks, or other property that were pledged to the Corn Exchange Bank by H. B. Hollins & Co., or to the proceeds thereof, or any part thereof, are directed by order of the Hon. Julius M. Mayer, one of the Judges of this court, bearing date the 30th day of January, 1914, to file their claim to said stocks, or other property, or to the proceeds thereof, in the office of the Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, as Special Master, at 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 5TH DAY OF MARCH, 1914, and they are hereby further notified that a hearing pursuant to the aforesaid order of January 30th, 1914, will be had before said Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, as Special Master, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, and that all persons making such claims are hereby SUMMONED to attend such hearing and to present proof in support of their claims.

Dated New York, January 30, 1914.

A. LEO EVERETT, Receiver,
37 Wall Street,
Borough of Manhattan,
New York City.
LEXOW, MACKELLAR & WELLS, Attorneys for Receiver, 43 Cedar Street, New York City.

NO. 19,173.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of DANIEL DAVIS and SANDOR FRIEDMAN, surviving members of the firm of DAVIS, BROWN & FRIEDMAN, Alleged Bankrupts.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that Daniel Davis and Sandor Friedman, surviving partners of the firm of Davis, Brown & Friedman, Alleged Bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated February 10th, 1914, praying that the composition heretofore offered by them to their creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors whose claims have been allowed and filed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court at the hearing upon said petition before the United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, February 25, A. D. 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupts thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, February 11, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of M. ROSENBLAT & SON, Alleged Bankrupts.—No. 19,351.

To the creditors of M. Rosenblat & Son, alleged bankrupts:

That pursuant to an order of Hon. Learned Hand, Judge, dated February 4th, 1914, the above entitled matter was referred to me as Referee, for the purpose of composition before adjudication.

You are hereby notified that a meeting of creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupts will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupts, pass upon the composition offered by the alleged bankrupts herein, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 6th, 1914.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEUBERGER JEWELRY COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 19,271.

To the creditors of Neuberger Jewelry Company of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1914, the said Neuberger Jewelry Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 21st day of February, 1914, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 5th, 1914.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALBERT LEE, Bankrupt.—No. 19,426.

To the creditors of Albert Lee of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1914, the said Albert Lee was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 21st day of February, 1914, at 11:45 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 5th, 1914.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BERG CAFE AND HOTEL COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 19,299.

To the creditors of Berg Cafe and Hotel Company of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of January, A. D. 1914, the said Berg Cafe and Hotel Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 21st day of February, 1914, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 5th, 1914.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 19,316.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID SEGLIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of David Seglin of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of January, A. D. 1914, the said David Seglin was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room No. 1,305, Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
February 11, 1914. Referee in Bankruptcy

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARON GREENBERG, Bankrupt.—No. 19,488.

To the creditors of Aron Greenberg of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1914, the said Aron Greenberg was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 21st day of February, 1914, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 5th, 1914.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

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*"HAMBURG"........April 4, 3 P. M.
*"MOLTKE"........April 16, 3 P. M.
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To Rotterdam, $50 and up, 1st Cabin; $45, 2d.
To Libau, $70 & up, 1st Cabin; $50, 2d
Birma..Feb. 21, 2 PM | Russia..Mar. 10, 2 PM
Dwinsk..Feb. 28, 2 PM | Kursk..Mar. 21, 2 PM
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OTHER SAILINGS:
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OCEANIC..Feb. 18, noon | *ST. PAUL...Mar. 13
*American Line Steamer, Pier 62.
New York, Queenstown, Liverpool, (Noon.)
CEDRIC.......Feb. 28 | CEDRIC.......Mar. 26
BALTIC.......Mar. 12 | ADRIATIC.....April 21
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*Noordam...Mar. 3 | †Potsdam...Mar. 24
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Pres. Grant.....Feb. 14, 12 Noon
Amerika.........Feb. 19, 12 Noon
*†‡Pennsylvania..Feb. 21, 3 P. M.
Pres. Lincoln....Feb. 28, 12 Noon
Kais'n Aug. Vic..Mar. 12, 10 A. M.
*Will leave from Brooklyn Pier. ‡2d cabin only. †Hamburg direct.
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Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
*S. S. Hamburg..Feb. 17, 3 P. M.
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*S. S. Moltke..April 16, 3 P. M.
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From BOSTON to London, Paris, Hamburg
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MAURETANIA - Mar. 17, 6:00 P. M.
QUICKEST ROUTE via FISHGUARD for LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
*Campania.Feb.18,1am | Mauretania Apr. 7 6 P. M.
*Carmania.Feb.28,10am | *Campania.Apr.14,6pm
*Campania.Mar.24,6pm | Lusitania Apr. 21 6 P. M.
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EDUCATION NOTES.

The salary of William C. McGregor, a clerk in Secretary Palmer's office, has been increased from $2,250 to $2,500 a year.

Dorothy Cohen has been transferred from the office of District Supt. Lyon to the Division of Reference and Research.

Margaret Hanley has received an emergency appointment as a stenographer and typewriter in the Bureau of Lectures.

The opposing forces in the Board of Education are now known as the Churchillites and the Flexnerites.

Jacob Geiger and Thomas J. L. Graves have been appointed as first-grade clerks in City Supt. Maxwell's office.

The Board of Education has decided to keep open the social and recreation centres conducted in Public Schools 66 and 95, Manhattan, on four and three evenings a week, respectively.

Appropriate resolutions relative to the recent death of John C. Kelley of Brooklyn, a former member of the Brooklyn and New York Boards of Education, were adopted by the Board of Education at Wednesday's meeting.

The resignations of Alexander Lowenthal and John A. Dunn as clerks in the Department of Education have been accepted.

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Capacity 400. Rooms with running water; sea water in baths. Mrs. Gerson L. Kahn.

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COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.

In re Samuels.
N Ger Lloyd<USA.
Nashville Int Ry<Burman.
McKinnon<West Dev.
Penn Steel Co<CNY.
Same<Same.
Manning<Int Merc M.
In re Julius Bros.
In re Brown.
Erie RR<Burke.
US<Atlantic Fruit Co.
In re Jerolemon O Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Ward, J.—Motion calendar.

Sundh Elec Co<Cutler-Hammer.
Am Car, &c, Co<Bettendorf.
In re McKinnon.
Powers<Taft-Pierce.
US<Ziegfeld.
Lovell-McConnell<Ranney.
De Francesco<Italian Imp Co.
Kaufman<P RR.
Sykes<Walter.
Pavlowa<Atwell.
Streitwolf<Andrews.
De Lorde<Man P Co.
Dutch W I Mail<Merritt & Chapman.
Crown C & S Co<Gutmann.
Morrow<St Tug Catherine T.
Lovell-McConnell<Miller.
Same<Nat Auto Sup.
Same<Zeister.
Same<NY Auto Sup.
Same<35% Auto Sup.
Same<Crane & Wagner.
Same<Am Auto Sup.
Male<A, T & S F Ry.
Schoffert<Erie RR.
Cinquegrana<P RR.
Harris<Straus.
Wallenstein<Wyatt.
Sanbern<McAllister.
Borg<Synd Pub Co.
Ore<B & O RR.
Bassett<Dommerich.
Texas Oil Co<Stan Oil.
Gaynor<US F & G.
Solar Light Co<Schlossberg.
Kelly<Mason & Hangar.
Thompson<N Y, N H & H RR.
Cantalupo<Lacorozza.
Siegel Stores Corp<Siegel.
Schwartz<Harper.
Parker<Soc Francaise.
Burke<Ocean SS Co.
Hartford<Hoyt & De Mallie.
Boland<L I RR.
Irving<Neal.
In re Steiner.
In re Waskowitz.
Ball<Imp Prop Hold.
Otis Elev Co<W 82d St Realty.
Same<Same.
Baldwin<Abercrombie & Fitch.

DISTRICT COURT.—Mayer, J.—(Jury.)

Keller<Loyless.
In re Junct Rlty.

DISTRICT COURT.—Hough, J. Equity calendar.

Asbestos P Metal<Johns-Manville.
Gen Elec Co<Ind El S.
Garrison<Eagle Wag.
Cook<Auto Fire Pro.
United Fruit<Atlantic Fruit.
Anatomik Footwear<Coward.
Morris<Int RT.
Hill<Whalen & Mart.
Nye<Pathe Freres.
Palisade Mfg<Johnston.
B V D Co<Freund.
Landon<Clark.
Cauchois<Conron.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Schoellkopf<Ballow.
Potter<Eugert.
Francis<Gaffey.

Court will take a recess to-morrow until Feb. 23.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Laughlin, Scott, and Hotchkiss, JJ. Enumerated motions.

Gibbons<N.Y. C RR.
Berguist<Oregon Apt.
Same<McManus Bldg, &c.
Varnum<Barrett.
Ohman<Morris P Est.
Faber<CNY.
Lubinger<Vogel.
Preston<Hobbs.
Ring<Main Paper Stk.
Messiah Home<Rogers.
Emmet<Sanit'y Water.
Reif<Meyer.
Morris Park Ests<Fabricant.
Same<same.
Letsche<Schelsman.
Gough<Press Pub.
McClure Pub<Purdy.
Treeger<Mason Seaman Trans.
Lotiner<Wonderland Amus.
Jones<Woodin.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I., Bijur, J.—Litigated motions.

Burridge<C'wealth T.
Same<same.
C'wealth Tr<Mer Tr.
In re Gibbons, (Sondheim.)
In re Thibaut.
Deutsch<Kaminsky.
In re Miller.
Audit Co<Palmer & S.
Stabile<An Homes.
D'Andrea<Baker Vehicle.
Keller<Keller.
Friedeberg<Gitchell.
Brothers V Coal<Lanpher.
Skalnik<NY & Q Co R.
Ienna<Towbin.
Serges<Weldon.
Berman<Altman.
McKnight<Stanley H.
Maldonado & Co<Alaska Cod.
Briastre<Un Dime Sav.
Smith<Thal Rlty Co.
Gianfrisco<Runkel Bros.
Shea<Spencer.
Lawyers Mtg Co<Hayes.
Kips Bay Br<De Bellis.
People ex rel Casey<Moskowitz.
Gerr<Gerr.
Montague<McLean.
Same<same.
Holly<Newman.
Markowski<Cent Un G.
Hes Bldg<Cons Gas.
Harris<O. Daniels.
Pierrepont<West Elec.
McDonald<Stern.
Greenberg<Levy.
Harrison<Singer.
People<Adler.
Globe R Bread<Adel.
Bianchine<Cicerale.
Ginsburg<New Eng Enam.
Rosenthal<Kramer C.
Same<same.
Same<same.
Same<same.
Kahaly<Gennaro.
In re Zehnder, &c.
Meyer<Cullo & Co.
In re Amarandos.
Mathesius<Walsh.
Glass<Glass.
Leigh<Mut'l Bank.
Orlando<Orlando.
Rosenthal<Birnstein.
Macheca<Macheca.
Copeland<Copeland.
Irwin<Warren.
People ex rel Breen<Moskowitz.
Tax Lien<Appleby.
Mine & Smelter Sup<Herrmann.
Dawse<Yacht, L, &c.
Smith<Ziegfeld.
In re Koch, (Bronx Boulevard.)
CNY<Howell.
Menser<Van Order.
Same<same.
Lindholm<Adams Land, &c.
Miller Lum<Towner.
In re U S Trust.
In re Farley, (Ibach.)
Vanderveer<Bamman.
Schweppenhauser<Gleed.
Hayes<McGinnis.
J. Stern & Sons<Egner.
Caldwell<Levine & Atlas.
Same<same.
Jonas<Jonas.
Wrightsville H'ware<Assets Real.
Same<same.
Faversham<Faversham.
Schmidt<Schmidt.
Zeller<Kaden.
Lichterman<Lichterman.
J. Stern & Sons<Dekofsky.
Rafalo<Edelstein.
Mordecai<Midwest R.
CNY<Beall.
Mendez<Mendez.
De Cicco<Greco.
Beer<Wagner.
Warburg<Bijur R E.
Gallagher<Scheer.
Same<A O H.
In re Bond, (21 E 60.)
Leigh<Mutual Bank.
Everall<Stevens.
R. S. Denham<Salt.
Wolfsky<Stallos.
Martinson<Jarmulowsky.
In re Brenning, (66 St)
Glaser<Morrison Co.
Donlan Con<CNY.
Roth<Robertson.
Easley<Easley.
People<Monaton Rlty.
Brandt Con<G Centers Realty.
Market<CNY.
Poole<Nat Biscuit.
Brown<Daly.
Ryan<CNY.
Olnick<Johnson.
People ex rel Burke<Prendergast.
People ex rel Culkin<same.
People ex rel Duffy<same.
People ex rel Donohue<same.
People ex rel Hines<same.
People ex rel Kerrigan<same.
People ex rel Robinson<same.
People ex rel Smith<same.
People ex rel Shevlin<same.
Poole<Nat Biscuit.
Same<same.
Vingut<Sire.
Feldman<Halem.
Gumpertz<Talbot.
Hamilton<same.
Melcer<Yellow Taxi.
In re Armstrong, (Brinckerhoff.)
Van Troy<Harding.
Hearst<Assoc Press.
In re Kettelberger.
Rutland Fire Clay Co<Ames.
Epstein<Epstein.
Brown<N Y Life.
In re Conti, (Conklin)
Mendez<Mendez.
Lanzetti<Lanzetti.
Mullins<Mullins.
Perillo<Atlas Taxi.
Brisker Verein<Weinstein.
Kahn<Alexander.
Martin<Martin.

PART II.—Giegerich, J.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Page, J.—Motions.

Demurrer:
Undefended divorces:
Widmer<Widmer.
De Posch<De Posch.
Finn<Finn.
Pachtman<Pachtman.
Preferred causes:
Farley<Raftery.
Trial calendar:
Price<Alexander.
Shelford Est<Marten.
Kline<Kline.
Bost Col Fr Ex<Porter.
Cypress<U Stores Rlty.
Levins'n Wreck<Brand.
Hoffman<Wunnenberg.
Karmel<Karmel.
Pilcher<Pilcher.
Bernstein<Bernstein.
Stark<Crerand & Co.
Ulmer<Westm'er Hts.
Batson<Batson.
Jacobs<Jacobs.
Smith<Hasbrouck.
Blume<Moller.
Illonis Surety Co<Blanck.
Norman<Norman.
Alford<Slutz.
Strauss<Dunn.
Meiser<Goldfarb.
Maskin<Jacobs.
Gutfleisch<Seelinger.
Smith<Doll.
Weizenhoffer<Greenfield.
Harris<Gt E Casualty.
Wieszt<Wieszt.
Hoffman<Manhoff Rlty.
Lifschitz<Campbell.
Meier<Jentes.
Goldstein<Bonomo.
Penfield<Mt Vern Tr.
Lasker<Block.
Andrea<Doorley.
Corn<S B Const Co.
Farley<Schultz.
Central Const, &c,<Cronin.
Millard<Harper.
Skolnik<Skolnik.
Ahearn<Bowery S Bk.
Himowich<Moore.
Levy<Levy.
Damms<Damms.
Gotham Co<Shapherd.
Thomas Co<CNY.
Monti<Monti.
McCarthy<Lyons.
Pfeiffenschneider<Y M H A.
Crandall<Sartorius.
Ockelman<Clark.
Whalen<Whalen.
Taurus Rlty Co<I R T.
Goldman<Friedman.
Gray<Gray.
Van Buren<NY Billpost<C J Sullivan.
Hodorowski<Czelada.
Westwood<Westwood.
Canavan Bros<Domain Rlty Co.
Spadaccini<Simbar Rlty.
Delehanty<Dunne.
Hellman<Thompson Av Rlty.
Higgins<Kruse.
Travers<Travers.
Szemko & Gaydica<Coles Const.
Keeley<Fach.
Hall<Hall.
Wilds<Merritt.
Willner<Willner.
Mulinos<Mulinos.
Clear.

PART IV., case on; V., case on; VI., case on; VII., clear; VIII., clear.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Davis, J.—Criminal Term—Trial calendar:
Joseph A. Sheridan.
Clear.
Fred W Whitney.

PART II.—Whitaker, J.
Byrne<Cole.
Hungerford Brass, &c, Co<J. T. Brady.
Stevens<Radin.
Stevens<Minsker Rlty Co.
Evans<Smylie.
Brick<Clarke.
Mondshain<Rubino.
Holstein<Horton.
Case on.

PART III.—Platzek, J.
Case on—Fisk<Haff.
No day calendar.

PART IV.—Lehman, J.
Gallagher<CNY.
Coglio<Bradley Con.
Thomas<Gimbel Bros.
Rosenberger<Caro.
Geoghegan<N. Y. & Q. Co. Ry.
McDowell<Int. R. T.
Case on.
Murphy<Wash Sq Tax.
O'Connor<N Y Rys.
Haas<Hoffman Brew.
Romolo<Traitet Mar.
Langandorf<Reischman & Sons.
Waters<Hay Fdy Wks.

PART V.—Benton, J.
O'Donnell<Cauldwell, Wingate Co.
Coffyn<CNY.
Hatton<Cook.
Becker<CNY.
Leone<NY Rys.
Accia<T J Steen Co.
Case on.
Loghman<Brown Bros.
Peyton<NY Rys.
C Moran<Same.
F Moran<Same.
Karamanian<Westcott Express.
Hennessy<Armour&Co.

PART VI.—Weeks, J.
Case on—Gottlieb<CNY. No day calendar.

PART VII.—Dugro, J.
[illegible]
No day calendar.
Case on—[illegible]

PART IX.—Donnelly, J.
Krusjewski<Hirsch.
Gugig<Frolich.
McCarran<Maas.
Vanderhoop<Thompson, Jr.
Moskowitz<Betelman.
Dunn<McMullen, Snare & Triest Co.
Schonwald<Harms.
Same<Same.
Schkapp<Cohen.
Mason<Shapiro.
Robinson<NY, NH, &c.
Jagoda<Trenbig.
Mulligan<Mulligan.
Gentile<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
Saroka<U M Bed.
Wadsworth<Piercy.
Riccombien<Nathan H Realties.
Kennedy<HudsonNav.
Benderman<Glassberg.
Brown<Imp Prop H'ld.
Clear.

PART X.—Hasbrouck, J.
No day calendar.

PART XI.—Philbin, J.
Case on—Mecum<Mooyer. No day calendar.

PART XII.—Pendleton, J.
Case on—Williams<NY Herald.
No day calendar.

PART XIII.—Van Kirk, J.
Spagniolo<Bradl'y Con.
Ruddy<Radin.
Isaacs<Strumpf.
Slatzak<Krevitzky.
Slaviz<O'Brien Con.
Smercki<Mason & H.
E Edelson<Gimbel Bros.
R. Edelson<same.
Reutler<Starr.
Balke<Otis Elev.
Carraro<Fleischman.
Deacon<Carved M'ld'g.
Wolf<Hungarian C.
Elkus<Hennessy Rlty.
Kugelman<Hyman.
Gross<Simonowitz.
Murtha<Deimel.
Clear.

PART XIV.—Erlanger, J.
Miller<Sobelson.
White<Strohmenger.
Simpson<Ont Knitting.
Clear.

PART XV.—Ford, J.
Case on—Cohen<Bean.
No day calendar.

PART XVII.—Newburger, J.
Alexander<C'bridge T.
Alexander<O. Bridge & Co.
Same<C'bridge Tile.
Conway<MacRae.
Heiferberth<Duckett.
Pragner<Smith.
Moore<N. Am. Accident.
Hutchinson<Smith.
Margolies<Ariz. Turq.
Rothereson<Rosenberg.
Eckenroth<Parshelsky Bros.
Morgan<Bon Bon Co.
Ringler<Weiss.
Minzesheimer<Walker.
N. Y. Assets Realty<Demarest.
Boedicker<Sackett Wilhelms.
Curtin<Ringler & Co.
Nat. City B'k of N. Y.<Hartman.
Thomas<Thomson & Thomson.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Greenbaum, J.
Schlottman<Rodgers.
Fairfax<Kline Rlty. & Imp. Co.
Lenox Const<NY Tel.
Weinstein<Stern.
Rosenberg<Hamilton Rlty & B Co.
Bristor<Rosenberg.
Audit Co<Palmer & Singer Mfg.
Bluemmer<Barton.
Richter<Kimmerle.
E Enke<C I & B RR.
H Enke<same.
Sajgo<same.
Estate A Coe<Becker.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S. Motion calendar:
Anthasius Kostevitch.
Sarah T Carpenter.
Eugene Weiss.
Charles F Myers.
Karl Beran.
Jacob J Brush.
Henrietta Slezak.
Irving S Charig.
Spiegelberg, infants.
Margaret McNeil.
Henry A Schroeder.
Charles F Pope.
Albert F Mando.
Mary Ward, &c.
Michael J Downing.
Patrick Shaw.
Peter Masterson.
Concetta Scarano.
Rosetta Greenwald.
Simon P Carmichael.
Julius Friedlander.
Frank Sippelius.
Joseph Leiterer.
Wills for probate:
Henry Ossman.
Rosy Bloom.
Catherine Peyton.
Lillie G Morrison.
Ida Marovinsky.
Henry Ossman.
Laura de Maesner.
Sigmund Pollak, &c.
Thomas L Hamilton.
Mary J Buchanan.
Elizabeth Binnenger.
Christina C Masten.
James E Ferris.
Louise M Benson.
Richard Wynkoop.
Johanna McCauley.
Fredericka Lambert.
Yetta Friedman.
Michael C Cooney.
Gerson Hyman.
Benjamin S Sugarman.
John C Haug.
Hugh Coll.
Abraham Simon.
Gertrude Weber.
Joseph P Payten.
Anna M Hynes.
John Becker.
Ezra H Lenley.
Silas C Hay.
Samuel A Fiske.
Louis Graef.
Henrietta Lenz.
Sarah E Bolston.
Rosy Bloom.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—Contested wills.
Case on—Magdalena Hermann.
Emma Meier.

CITY COURT.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J.
McKelvey<Kearney.
Brown<Kemmelman.
Freilich<Whitridge.
Bernstein<Rosensweig.
Schirmer<Rosenbaum.
Boehm<R T Subway, &c, Co.
Birr<Estz.
Kaempfer<Stiner.
Astor<5th Av Coach.
Savouret<Con Gas.
Quinn<Dalland.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—O'Dwyer, C. J.
Audubon Imp Co<Martin.
Norton<Glucksman.
E. 46th St. Millinery Co<Anderson Auct.
Poretz<Zwiebach.
Gerrard<Producers' Feather Co.
McKinley Sq Th Bldg<Cunningham.
No. Beach L, &c, Co<Simon.
Knight<Miller.
Scheuerman<Senior.
Tanensoph<Levy.
Haber<same.
Arcuri<Miller Read.
Oliver<Carvel.
Goldstein<Studebaker Bros Co.
Willmott<East Side F.
Elliott<Elec Prod.
Rehman<McVickar, Gaillard, &c.
Apfel<Harris.
Gensler<Jeamley.
Young<Sterling Bldg.
Riverside Mansions<Van Frankenberg.
Ruderman<Bloch.
Donoger<Senior.
Wilson<Bitter.
Liebreich<Cowens.
Manheimer<Hammerstein.
No S Hoisting<Wendover.
Cohen<Sandberg.
De Benedette<Kickson.
Baerenklan<Efron.

PART III., case on; IV., case on; V., case on; VI., case on; VII., clear; VIII., clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Giegerich, J. Russell v. McKiernan—James A. Lynch. Matter of Turney—Charles L. Hoffman. Bijur, J.—Schwartz v. Garfinkel—William Goldsticker. Clapp v. Colburn—George H. Engelhard. Phraner v. Schaffer—Meyer M. Friend. Stiess v. Earley—John Boyle, Jr.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Giegerich, J.—Julia Bachrach v. Jacob Furman—Milton Hirshfeld.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; II., Van Siclen, J.; III., Clark, J.; IV., Kelly, J.; V., Manning, J; VI., Aspinall, J.; VII., Crane, J

Wilson<Nassau RR.
Abati<K'bocker Ice.
Young<Nassau RR.
O'Meara<Rich L & P.
Appley<C I & B RR.
Bierds<NY Rys.
Kolkebeck<Nassau RR.
McSherry<B H RR et al.
Tanty<Tanty.
Buono<Bradley Con Co et al.
Hults<Jennings.
Mashak<B H RR.
Nelson & Luhr<Connor.
Workman<CNY.
Nathanson<B Un El.
Todaro<Jamison et al.
Clark<De Lorenzo.
Lambert<Richardson.
Verbeck & Koorbusch<Quinn et al.
Hyman<MacFarlane.
Honchar<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins.
Dolan<Bush Term.
Olson<C I & B RR.
Klinger<Edison E Ill.
Schorr<Weisfeld et al.
Ratz<B H RR.
Schmitz<Weitkus.
Thompson<Williams.
Boyne<Nassau RR.
Schumacher<Munger.
Pfluger<Int R T.
Trow<Simon.
Congress Bwg Co<Feldmann.
Sea Cliff Bank<Willmann.
Sullivan<CNY.
Dooley<Roesler, Jr.
Berkowitz<B H RR.
Gavigan<NY Rys Co.
Selig<Wirsum.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Savino<Goldstein.
Reilly<Dahl.
Graham<Petrol I Wks.
Kotzyza<Taylor I Fdy.
McCann<Connolly.
Kelly<Dept. Health.
Powers<Lawyers Ins.
Harned<Atl Marconi.
Hoehn<Com Delivery.
Fordin<Blue Taxi.
Clegg<Lewis Co.
Chereshka<L I RR.
Schaffer<Baylies.
Wallace<NY Flex W Floor Co.
Steindorf<Johns et al.
Nelson<Ruppert.
Griffin<Lynch.
Dr. Charles Flesh F Co<Carnot.
Zenower<Harding.
Katz<B,QC & Sub RR.
Mirsky<Masch et al.
Swenson<Lee.
Kahn<Menthrop.
Polansky<NY Rys.
Brown<Nassau RR.
Struller<C I & B RR.
Vuccolo<Nassau RR.
Iorio<CNY.
Eichner<Rosencranz.
Von Bargen<Nas RR.
Barron<Same.
Munyer<Same.
Kennedy<Same.
Rogers<Seeman et al.
Eagle Column Co<Levine.
Nichols<Assets Realz.
Farrel<C I & B RR.
Neal<NY,NH & HRR.
Jamison et al<Hentz et al.
Weismann<Ams.
Steinberg Steam Cut Stone Co<Tripler.
Weber<Capici.
Smidt<Steiner.
Freytag<Losee.
Seigel<B H RR.
Stevens<Mangels Co.
O'Brien<B H RR.
Finkelstein<Same.
Edelstein<Same.

Highest number reached, 2673.

SPECIAL TERM—PART I.—Blackmar, J.—Litigated Motions.
Kaufman<Wilbur et al.
Levy<Astor.
Gillen<Morse Dry D.
In re Van Siclen Av, (Hendrix Realty Co)
Flude<Flude.
Law<N Y Mach Exch.
Schachner<Dunaif et al.
Belford, M<Horton's Ice Cream.
Belford, G<same.
Bruggner<Bruggner.
Malloy<Formosa et al.
Akerstrom<Morse Dry Dock.
Fischer<N Y Univ.
Friedman<Kronheimer & Oddenbush.
Remzuzzi<Louden.
Clarke<Miller et al.
Henson<Krueger.
In re 1st Av Waterfront.
Loewy<Gordon.
Blossom<De Selding et al.
People ex rel Rudd<Cropsey.
Lambertson<Palisades Realty.
Marinette Knitting Mills<Schwartz.
Juchnowecky<Juchnowecky.
Blazinski<Atl Hyg Ice.
In re Uzzo.
Bossert<Katz et al.
Same<Hershkowitz.
Davison<Lamb et al.
Schaufele<Newman.
Berger<Zibuloff.
In re Mfrs Assn.

SPECIAL TERM—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business.

CRIMINAL CAL.—Part VII.—Crane, J.
Isadore Shakin.
Joseph Fortgang.
Frederick Horton.
John Cronin.
John Hasbrouck.
John Rogers.
William Jacoby.
Benjamin Silver.

Surrogate's Court.

WILLS—Ketcham, S. No day calendar.

County Court.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR—Part I.—Dike, J.
George Stahl, Jr.
Alfred Leady.
Alfredo Lettiere.
Leroy Dennon.
John McVeigh.
George Barbire.
Harry Smith.
Joseph Messina.

PART II.—Nye, J.
Lars Anderson.
Herman Mintz.
Louis Ruffano.
Salvatore Marino.
Francesco Luparello.
James Mangin.

PART III.—Tiernan, J.
William Nolan.
William Dolan.
William Gombarky.
T F Policaster.
Michael Bresco.
Tony Rosa.
Luciano Abruzzi.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV.—Southard, J. Actions triable without jury:
Congress Brew<Olsen.
Federgreen<Epstein.
Provident As<Homesborough Rlty Co.
Arnold<Marino.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Nieman, J., at 2 P. M. [illegible]

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REALTY FIELD

Old Greenwich Village Dwellings Sold—Buyers for Harlem Flats—Bronx and Suburban Deals.

Only a few scattering sales were reported in the realty market yesterday, the holiday being generally observed by brokers and operators. In the old Greenwich Village section two structures on the line of the Seventh Avenue extension were disposed of. One of these properties, an old three-story structure, 21 by 40 feet, known as 9 Commerce Street, was sold by John J. Bogart to M. Van Valen for investment. The extension of Seventh Avenue will require the taking of a foot from the northeast corner of the dwelling.

For this foot the city experts, it is said, will allow the owner $10, and to repair the damage done the building in carrying away the foot the city will pay the owner $300, which is a third of the value of the building on the tax books. The entire property is assessed at $3,000.

The second deal involved 53 Charles Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 16.8 by 74 feet, which was sold by Mrs. Margaret Trail to Julius Lavanaux.

Mrs. Trail bought the dwelling in January, 1912, for $11,000, from Mrs. Mary Aiker, who forty-two years before had bought it from the builder for $14,000.

The present seller is said to have realized a substantial profit. The property will be within seventy-five feet of the Seventh Avenue Subway and is taken by the new owner as a speculation.

Investor Buys Harlem Tenements.

In the East Harlem section, where tenement property has been in good demand by small investors, Louis Levy sold the six-story tenement, occupying a plot 40 by 80 feet, on the northwest corner of 119th Street and Second Avenue, and a similar structure adjoining, known as 2,321 Second Avenue, on a plot 38.4 by 100.11.

East Bronx Corner Sold.

John F. Meehan has sold to Lewina & Kempner, operators, the two-story taxpayer on the southwest corner of the Southern Boulevard and Longwood Avenue. The structure was recently completed and occupies a plot 75 by 100 feet.

Brooklyn.

Henry Pierson & Co. have sold the three-story and basement private dwelling at 212 St. John's Place, for John B. Byrne, Clerk of Appellate Court, to Anna Nelson for occupancy; also 497 First Street, near Eighth Avenue, a three-story dwelling, for Rufus I. Shea, to a client for investment.

Long Island.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Floral Park to C. McCoffrey and M. Nash, each a plot, 40 by 100, on Aspen Street; to M. Egan a plot, 40 by 100, on Belmont Street; to C. Bloser, a plot 40 by 100, on Chestnut Street; to F. Mancusco, a plot 40 by 100, on Oak Street; to S. Tennebaum, a plot 40 by 123, on Carnation Avenue. The same company sold at Roseda[illegible] to M O'Brien, a plot 60 by 90, on Rosedale Avenue. The same company sold at Rockville Centre to E. McCue, a plot 40 by 100, on Langdon Boulevard.

William Golds Realty Company has sold to the Windsor Realty Company, of which H. B. Newins is President, for development, a farm of eighty acres at Meliville, in the town of Huntington, Long Island, with a frontage of 1,800 feet on the Cross-Island Boulevard and the Huntington Railroad. The same company bought the Heasley farm of seventy acres at Smithtown Branch, east side of Church Road, south of the Long Island Railroad Station.

$330,000 For Brooklyn Flats.

Plans recently filed with the Brooklyn Building Bureau indicate that the small dwelling will enter prominently into the early Spring activity of the real estate market. Fifty-six structures for which plans were filed during the past week, are estimated to cost more than $330,000. In two instances, separate rows of ten each will occupy plots covering whole block fronts.

The most important of these operations will be the development of the block on the north side of Seventh Avenue, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets. Ten buildings to be erected here will cover a plot 200 by 80 feet and cost $150,000. They will be three-story brick business buildings.

On either of the side streets adjoining the rear of the corner buildings in the row, two four-story tenements are to be built at a cost $50,000, each on a plot 40 by 100 feet. The other block front, on the north side of Chester Avenue, between Twelfth Avenue and Tehama Street, will be improved with nine two-story, two-family frame dwellings, each on a lot 21 by 100 feet, at a cost of $65,000.

Ten two-story, one-family brick dwellings, to cost $45,500, will be erected on Webster Avenue, south side, beginning at the corner of East Third Street. The houses will cover a plot 180 by 100 feet, each with a frontage of 18 feet.

Six two-story, two-family brick dwellings, to cost $15,000, will be built on the east side of Berriman Street, 100 feet south of Glenmore Avenue.

Besides the small dwellings, four four-story tenements, each costing $25,000 and occupying a plot 50 by 100 feet, will be built on Hinsdale Street, 100 feet south of Blake Avenue. The four houses will accommodate ninety-two families. Two other four-story brick tenements, each on a plot 40 by 100 feet, will be built at the southeast corner of Park Place and Howard Avenue, at a cost of $53,000. These buildings will house thirty-six families. A strictly high-class apartment house, to cost $125,000, will be erected on the southeast corner of Eighth Avenue and Third Street, on a plot 95 by 147 feet.

Will Sell Church Property.

As a result of the consolidation of the Lenox and Central Churches of the Disciples of Christ their present properties will be sold and a new edifice erected on the west side, probably in the vicinity of 110th Street.

The Lenox Church has a small edifice at 74 West 126th Street, near Lenox Avenue, and the Central (or First) Church of the Disciples of Christ a rather substantial structure at 140 to 144 West Eighty-first Street, on a plot 62.9 by 100, about midway between Columbus and Amsterdam Avenues.

The Central Church bought its property about two years ago from the Church of the Eternal Hope.

Recent Buyers.

Solon Berrick, connected with the Corporation Counsel's office, is the buyer of the six-story apartment house on the northwest corner of 125th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, sold Wednesday by John O'Brien.

In part payment the buyer gave a six-story flat on a plot 40 by 100 on the northeast corner of Third Avenue and St. Paul's Place in the Bronx. The Manhattan parcel, which occupies a plot 100 by 99.11, was held at $265,000 and the Bronx parcel at $70,000.

Edward G. Schoeder is the buyer of the apartment house at 503 and 505 West 124th Street, sold recently.

Private Dwellings Leased.

H. C. Senior & Co. have leased for Norma H. Barrett the four-story dwelling 153 West Sixty-fourth Street for a term of three years to Edna Arnold for occupancy.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for the Lawyers Realty Company 174 East Seventy-second Street, a four-story high-stoop house on a lot 16.8 by 102.2 for a term of years to Albert Stickney.

Commercial Leases.

Benjamin M. Menke has leased from Mrs. Clara G. Moore the northwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street for a term of twenty-one years with the privilege of renewing the lease for a similar term. The site is known as 100 to 106 Amsterdam Avenue, and comprises a frontage of 100 feet on each thoroughfare. It will be improved with a business building.

Huberth & Huberth, in conjunction with Horace S. Ely & Co., have leased the five-story building at 28 West Thirtieth Street, on a lot 25 by 100, for Albert J. Middlebrook to August Janssen proprietor of the Hofbrau Haus which adjoins, for a long term of years. After extensive alterations the above building will be used by Mr. Janssen in conjunction with his present business.

James Kyle & Sons have rented the basement, store, and second floor of building 1,028 Third Avenue, southwest corner of Sixty-first Street, for Robert and August V. Lambert to Harry Chessler for a term of years.

Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., has leased the store at 1,995 Broadway to the Fellson Tire Company.

Realty Notes.

There will be a meeting of the West Side Taxpayers' Association this evening at 267 West Thirty-fourth Street.

William H. Falconer denies the recently reported sale of his property at 12 and 14 Charles Street.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
Mortgage Loans
Quick Action—Low Charges
62 CEDAR ST.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
1:03—200 3 Av.; — Epstein. . . . . . Not given
1:34—119 Wooster St.; E. Schneirson. . Not given
2:30—372 10 Av.; Wm. Kobla. . . . . Slight
2:40—85 Warren St.; E. T. Campo. . . . Not given
3:20—1,652 Wash'n Av.; F. Gasagano. .$1,000
7:45—664 Lenox Av.; Max Weiss. . . . . . Slight
7:55—2,165 2 Av.; Mrs. Bernhauer. . . . . Slight
7:58—252 Monroe St.; David Bundles. . Slight
8:20—248 3 Av.; Isaac Heller. . . . . Slight
9:10—68 Essex St.; Mary Barry. . . . . . Slight
10:45—2,428 Southern Bvd.; L. Waxman. . Slight
11:00—26 Pitt St.; not given. . . . . Slight
11:05—10 Commerce St.; not given. . . . . . None
11:30—Stanton St. and E. Riv.; Roger Towing Co. . . . . None
P. M.
12:10—105 Columbia St.; not given. . Not given
12:45—2,231 5 Av.; J. M. Royal. . . . . . . Slight
2:00—84 Eldridge St.; not given. . . . . . Slight
2:40—1,719 Wash'n Av.; N. Yorcher. . . . $100
2:40—173 E. 119 St.; Frank Lorio. . . . Slight
2:45—14 E. 114 St.; D. Friederzeith. . Slight
2:55—216 Lafayette St.; Rouselle Bros. . Slight
3:00—373 Lex. Av.; Sarah Jones. $100
3:30—541 W. 43 St.; Elk Laundry. . . . . Slight
3:45—Amst'm Av. & 89 St.; not given. . Slight
4:10—Charles & West Sts.; not given. . Slight
5:25—431 W. 47 St.; L. Flanagan. . . . . Slight
5:30—167 W. 226 St.; Dan O'Neill. $100
6:10—50 King St.; Eliz. McGinniss. . . Slight
6:25—2,148 Lex. Av.; P. Sullivan. . . . . Slight
6:45—179 St., at Belmont Av.; H. Krupper, Slight
6:45—215 W. 12 St.; G. Wagner. . . . . . Slight
7:00—614 E. 11 St.; Benj. Gross. . . . . . Slight
7:10—236 E. 109th St.; Rosa Enconita. . Slight
7:40—Scow at ft. W. 30 St.; D. Avins. Slight
8:15—Wagon, front of 305 Cherry St.; I August $50
8:40—Scow at ft. Stanton St.; D. S. C. None
9:10—423 Lenox Av.; Marcus Marx. . . . $100
9:15—18 Orchard St.; Goldstein Bros. .$2,500
9:15—65 3d Av.; T. Marino. $10
9:20—313 W. 54 St.; Thos. Hartley. $100
9:30—108 E. 111 St.; N. Gorgoitz. . . . . . Slight
10:00—1,612 1 Av.; Edw. McHugh. $25
10:00—169 Greenwich St.; not given. $300
10:20—6 Chatham Sq.; not given. . . . . None
10:30—28-30 13 Av. and 64-66 Bloomfield St.; Henry Baedecker and Sam'l Werner $1,000

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Area of high pressure over the Lake region in connection with the development of a barometric minimum over Western Texas has caused widespread rain in the Lower Mississippi Valley and Texas and snow in the Lower Missouri, the Middle Mississippi, and the Lower Ohio Valleys.

Unusually low temperatures have been experienced in New England and New York: in the former the lowest temperatures since the beginning of Weather Bureau observations was recorded at a number of places, the temperature falling to 4 degrees below zero at Nantucket.

The depression now central over East Texas will advance into the Ohio Valley Friday and to New England Saturday. It will be attended by snow in the Ohio Valley, the Middle Atlantic States, and New England, and rain in the Gulf and South Atlantic States.

Lower temperatures will overspread the South Atlantic and East Gulf States by Saturday.

Elsewhere the temperature will moderate somewhat, especially in the extreme Northwest, where temperatures have already begun to rise.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast, increasing; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast, becoming southeast; South Atlantic Coast, moderate east to southeast.

FORECASTS: TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York—Snow and not so cold Friday; Saturday probably snow; light to moderate north to northeast winds.

Southern New England—Fair Friday, followed by snow in the afternoon, not so cold; Saturday snow, moderate northeast winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Increasing cloudiness Friday, followed by snow and not so cold; Saturday clearing, with moderate temperatures, light to moderate northeast winds, becoming southeast.

Western New York—Snow Friday and Saturday, not so cold; light northeast to east winds.

Northern New England—Fair Friday, except snow in west; Saturday snow and not so cold, variable winds, becoming moderate northeast.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	26	3	4 P. M.	20	10
6 A. M.	21	1	6 P. M.	17	8
9 A. M.	21	0	9 P. M.	14	5
12 M.	24	3	11 P. M.	12	2

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 4; for the corresponding date last year it was 24; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was zero; at 8 P. M. it was 6. Maximum temperature, 10 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, minus 2 degrees at 8:30 A. M. Humidity, 44 per cent. at 8 A. M., 38 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.61 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.64 inches.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Garretson, J.; II., Benedict, J.
Part I.—Case on.
Part II.—Case on. No day calendar.
Remainder of calendar passed to Feb. 16
Highest number reached, 358.

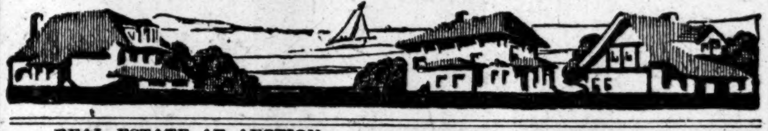
County Court.

TRIAL OF EQUITY CAUSES—Humphrey, J.
United Assets Corp<Currie R'lty Co.
Ronteltap<Hasselberg.
VanVleck<Edson.
Crabbe<Tracy.
Called to fix a day for trial only.
Polito<Alferri.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR.—Part I.—Mills, J. Part II.—Tompkins, J.
Tronto<West St Ry.
Speczuski<Johnson & Co.
Fried<Yonkers RR.
Tolaw<Davey.
The remainder of the calendar over until Monday.



NEPONSIT

Neponsit From a New Angle

An apartment in Winter and a shore hotel in Summer are poor substitutes for a home.

And various reasons prevent many people from even summering in the same place each year.

But here's an idea. Each Summer we receive offers to rent houses at Neponsit.

Recently the owner of a Neponsit home rented it for the Summer at a price sufficient for a European trip—profited going and coming.

BEACH RIGHTS TO ALL PROPERTY OWNERS

Why don't you own a real home at Neponsit for the time you are home and rent it, if you wish, for a good price when you are away?

Neponsit is 40 minutes by L. I. electric trains from Penn. Station, New York, or Flatbush Ave Station, Brooklyn.

Probably the price of your Summer outing would secure title to a Neponsit home. Let us explain. Write or telephone Greeley 2741.

Neponsit Realty Co.

No. 1-T West 34th St. Brooklyn Office—162-T Remsen St.
Lots Sold on Easy Payment Plan, Free and Clear of Mortgages or Other Encumbrances.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Joseph P. Day
REAL ESTATE
31 Nassau Street

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Geo. R. Read & Co.
have for thirty years made a specialty of the care and management of property, its sale and rental, and the procuring of money on bond and mortgage.
20 Nassau Street
3 East 35th Street
(12205)

BROOKLYN FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Lovely Home
Semi-detached brick, 7 rooms and bath; steam heat, parquet floors, hardwood trim; elegantly decorated; electric lights; sewer; $5,500 and up; small payments; 20 years' time; FEW FOR RENT, $25 to $35; everything desirable; photos and details mailed upon request. MANAGER, 60A Liberty St., New York. Phone Cortlandt 5528.

THE • SPOT
for you is right here in one of our Old English homes at Sta. of New Sea Beach Subway. Only $300 down; $24 month pays all carrying expense. Souvenir booklet upon request. OTTO SINGER, 248 Kings Highway, Brooklyn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GARDEN AND CHICKEN FARM,
18 minutes from Pennsylvania station; 5c. fare by trolley to city; new 6-room house, outbuildings; good boating and fishing near by; fine, dark loam soil; $150 cash; balance $15 monthly. Address GARDEN, 138 Times.

BUNGALOWS
7 rooms, bath; high elevation; gas, electric light; all street improvements made; waterfront privileges; 20 minutes from Penn. Station; $200 cash, balance $20 monthly. BUNGALOW, 188 Times.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES
FOR SALE OR RENT
Westchester County—Hudson River to Sound.
KENNETH IVES & CO.,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
7 E. 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 6037.

Mt. Vernon, The Pelhams, Bronxville
Homes for Sale and Rent.
ANDERSON REALTY CO.
At New Haven Station, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Book lovers and collectors are often at their wits' end to find volumes missing from a set, a particularly rare print or pamphlet. The market for such things is the Book Exchange of THE NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS. Every Sunday.—Adv.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CHICKEN FARM.
$100 Cash Will Start You.
Balance $3 weekly, will buy a poultry farm, with well-built house, six rooms, range and stationary tubs in kitchen; large, dry concrete cellar; in greatest poultry country; population, 7,000; trolley and railroad; one hour from city; few minutes from station and beautiful harbor; healthy climate; good markets right in town; at all kinds of factories; plenty of work all year; soil just suited for poultry and farming. Address Poultry, Box 56 Times Downtown.

PLOT-ON-THE-OPEN-SOUND
with all improvements; 20 miles out. Fine beach. Reasonable price and easy terms.
S. Osgood Pell & Co.,
Tel. 5610 Bryant. 542 5th Av., New York.

ARTISTIC MODERN HOUSE, 3 baths
Garage; Beautiful Views; Private bathing beach; Pier; 22 miles out; accessible. Exceptional surroundings and neighborhood.
RIGHT PRICE AND TERMS.
S. Osgood Pell & Co.,
Tel. 5610 Bryant. 542 5th Av., N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

400 Feet Above Sea Level
Modern 10 Room Residence
With Garage,
For $7,500.
APPRAISED AT $9,000.
West Summit, N. J.
45 minutes on Lackawanna R. R., near station; schools, stores, churches. Restricted section. Plot 100x200.
P. S. BROWER,
Essex Building, Newark, N. J.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

A Rare Opportunity.
Owner will trade $50,000 cash equity in 4 walk-up apartment houses in choice section Washington Heights for suburban or city property. Must raise some cash at once.
JAMES E. BARRY & CO.,
1,126 St. Nicholas Avenue.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

3 Rooms and Bath
$2.00 PER DAY or 66c per Room
at
61-65 E. 59th St.
Same locality as the Plaza, Savoy and Netherlands.
Hotel Service
THE MANHANSET
Apply to Superintendent on premises.

HAVE A NUMBER
of high-class furnished apartments at very reasonable rentals. Long, short leases.
CLARK & DE FLOREZ,
[illegible]

OFFICES TO LET

COLUMBIA BUILDING
29 Broadway Cor. Morris St.
Fronting on Three Streets.
Attractive Small Offices and Suites.
River Outlook.

The West St. Building
90 West St.
Offices
Single or in suites.
Excellent Light. River View.
ALSO SMALL STORE.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN BUILDING
45 Broadway
Choice offices and suites.

CHATHAM & PHENIX NAT'L BANK B'LD'G
192 Broadway, Cor. John St.
At Attractive Rentals.
Desirable suites and single offices.

UNION TRUST COMPANY BUILDING
80 Broadway 3-7 New St.
New St. entrance opposite Stock Exchange.

DUN BUILDING
290 Broadway
N. E. Cor. Reade St.
A few choice single offices and suites.
Attractive Rentals.

MANHATTAN LIFE BUILDING
64-70 Broadway 15-19 New St.
Opposite Stock Exchange
Large Banking Office on Ground Floor.
Subway entrance in basement.

TOWNSEND BUILDING
1123 Broadway, Cor. 25th St.
Overlooking Madison Square
Offices
Single or in suites.

Cruikshank Company
141 Broadway

Be Where Visitors Find You Easily

In The Times Building a firm dealing with customers from out of town has the best location. Within a few minutes' walk are the hotels which house most of New York's visitors, to all of whom Times Square is as familiar as their own main street. To receive them in one of the well-equipped suites now to let in The Times Building, high above traffic noise and the roofs of neighboring structures, gives you a distinct advantage.

TIMES BUILDING
Times Square
Rental Agent, Room 406. Phone Bryant 1000.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Barclay Building
299 Broadway
Corner Duane Street.
Modern 18-Story Strictly High Class Fireproof Building, with Highest Standard Service.
Very Desirable Offices
For Rent, Singly & En Suite.
Also Entire Floor
Specially Arranged for Corporation.
Consult our revised method of Renting before leasing elsewhere.
Wm. C. Walker's Sons } Agents
Wright Barclay }
On premises. Phone Worth 3364.

Will sublet lease at great sacrifice.
2,278 SQUARE FEET
in
Fine Business Location.
Lease expires October 1st, 1915, with privilege of renewal.
Call or write.
TUNGSTOLIER WORKS,
Rooms 307-12, No. 105 West 40th St. Bryant 6543.

RETAILERS.
Attractive Corner Store,
30x78; new fireproof building, high ceiling, 40 feet show window; business section Mount Vernon; live city, 35,000. Reasonable rent (including heat) to responsible tenant. Fine opening branch store or new business. See McCLELLAN & Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

32 NORTH MOORE ST.
Entire seven-story-and-basement warehouse to let, 25x87; electric elevator; good strong building; extra high ceilings; rent very reasonable; possession May 1. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Greenwich, Conn.
A Beautiful Country Place with 2 Acres.
Most exclusive aristocratic improved section. House—New, unique in architecture, design and construction. Perfection in all artistic detailed appointments & improvements.
PRICE AND TERMS ATTRACTIVE.
Call or telephone for appointment to inspect.
D. A. Calhoun, 17 Madison Av. Tel. 1559 Madison Square.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof
43-47 EAST 58TH STREET
7 ROOMS & BATH, $1400-$1550
Standard all night service. Resident Manager.
Broadway REMCO 93th Street

THE LORINGTON,
1 West 70th St., cor. Central Park West. Overlooking the natural beauty reserve of Manhattan; modern, exclusive apartments, 10, 11, 12 rooms, 3 baths. Resident Supt., Phone 1930 Columbus.

BRONX.

Kemp-Jones Apartments,
952-972 Anderson Av., nr. Jerome Av. HIGH CLASS. EVERY IMPROVEMENT. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 large rooms; $27-$65. Also 6, 7 rooms, 2-fam. houses. [illegible]

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

SCOTT & BOWNE BUILDING
409 PEARL ST., Cor. New Chambers St.
Also Half Floors

Light
LOFTS
8,000 Sq. ft.
Each
Floor

Building is fireproof and of extra heavy construction. Modern in every respect. Equipped with Sprinkler System, New Electric Elevators and steam heat; especially adapted for Heavy Manufacturing, Printing Trades. LOW INSURANCE RATES; electric light and power furnished separately at low rates. Apply A. P. Coburn, Agt., 11 W. 81st. 'Phone 9833 Schuyler. OR SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

LOOK AT IT
Modern Fireproof Building.
4-story and basement, 25x90.
Steam Heat and Elevator.
57 MAIDEN LANE
(Near William St.)
Will divide to suit.
Wm. A. White & Sons
62 Cedar Street.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park. OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high, 3 sides open on 3 streets. Modern Building. Continuous Service. Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

54 EAST 59TH ST.
Entire Second Floor,
Approximately 24x80.
Office or Physical Culture Gymnasium.
RENT $800.
Apply on premises.

BROOKLYN.

8 Modern Lofts, With Power
Complying with all factory laws.
Sprinkled, Ample Fire Escapes.
Light 3 sides; elevator; steam heat.
About 36,000 Sq. Feet in all; would divide.
Help Easily Obtainable.
Convenient to shipping terminals.
Lowest Fire Ins. Rate.
Owner, 270 Willoughby Av., cor. Classon Av. BROOKLYN.

NEW JERSEY.

6 Richly decorated rooms and bathroom, steam, hot water, electric lights, janitor service, &c. **$28 up**
20 minutes from Times Square and Downtown by Cortlandt St. and Weehawken Ferries.
12 4TH ST., WEEHAWKEN, N. J.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Following Page.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

Private residence for sale. 684 West End Av. Thomas Read, 2 Wall St.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Katonah Av., 4,323.—Beautiful two-family house, open, near 238th St.; $6,000, $250 down. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich St.

Mount Vernon.

ALL DESIRABLE HOUSES
for sale or rent in Mount Vernon are listed at the busy corner.
ANDERSON REALTY CO.
Telephone, 585 Mount Vernon.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y., 406 South Third Av.—Comfortable home, 12 rooms, hardwood trim, attractive surroundings, for sale cheap. Inquire on premises or 'phone 250-M Mt. Vernon.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

$4,750 on easy terms buys substantial home; large plot, all improvements; newly decorated; seven large rooms, good neighborhood; hot water heat; oak floors and trim; no assessments; 33 minutes out; near station; no brokers. Box No. B 87 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

In ideal Ridgewood, N. J., 30 minutes from New York, we offer a remodeled homestead; also two new modern houses, with good-size garden ground; fruit and shade trees, hedges, &c.; Ridegood is known as the healthiest spot in the East. Saddle River Valley Construction Co., Walthery Av., Ridgewood. N. Y. office, 80 B'way. Tel. Ridgewood—889 & 528-W. Tel. Rector—4794-5.

Fanwood.—Fine home, 6 rooms, modern house, big plot, with trees; steam heat; oak floors, &c.; too many improvements to mention. Send for full particulars and pictures. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

RIDGEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.
1,000 satisfied commuters; 80 daily trains; homes for rent and for sale; ask for booklet. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Bungalows and cottages, artistic and complete, 6 to 10 rooms, large plots, near station; best section of New Jersey; photographs on request. Smith-Singer Company, Ridgewood, N. J.

Summit, N. J.—Fine old place, beautifully situated; large residence, modernized; barn, garden, fruit; fine grounds. Owner, 666 Springfield, Summit, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or to Let.

WATER FRONT, BLACK ROCK.
Four acres; new hollow tile house, garage, stable, and tenant; cost $75,000. Box 242, Short Hills, N. J.

For Sale.—One house, 1 barn, outbuilding, 5 acres land, near a town. Apply to Mrs. S. E. Bennett, West side, Woodbury, Conn.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Will sell my two 3-story buildings on Hancock St., Brooklyn, each containing 6 families, or will consider a small house or farm land in part payment; act quick. Address "Woman," Box 168 Times, Harlem.

Real Estate Wanted.

North Shore of Long Island Sound.
Wanted—Cottage of moderate rent for Summer; family of six and three servants; require harbor for yacht drawing three feet; please give full particulars. X 297 Times Annex.

Owners.—We have clients for leasing your houses; send particulars. Jacobson, 63 Delancey St.

Would be interested in leasing property. Address Grexler, 282 East Broadway, city.

Mortgage Loans.

Wanted, $3,000, on 2d mortgage improved Manhattan property; safe investment. H 82 Times.

Abundance of estates money for liberal mortgage loans. Equity, 33 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

133 EAST 104TH ST.
A three and two story extension dwelling to let; near Lexington Av.; eight rooms and bath; rent only $500; possession now. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Furnished Houses Wanted.

Wanted.—Furnished house for excellent tenant; moderate rent. Reynolds Estate, 81 Nasau.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

Have two modern lofts, 50x100, 56 West 22d St.; paying $250 month; will sublet for $125 (just half) to responsible tenant. Address Lofts, Box No. 176, Madison Square Station, New York.

Part of loft to let; best location; very light; large skylight; elevators; space to suit; low rent. A. Himmel, 152 West 34th.

43d St., 13-15 East.—Parlor floor; will divide; business or studio; reasonable.

Mail privilege. Address Jennings, Room 822, 66 West 34th St., New York City.

Desk room for rent, Astor Theatre Building; Room 505.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
200 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2 AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway, references; special rates on lease.

101st, 205 West, (2 doors from Broadway.)—The Ludington; newly furnished suites, 1 and 2 rooms, with kitchen if desired; maid service, elevator, and electric light; convenient to all cars; 2 blocks to Subway; $3.50 to $14 weekly.

221 and 351 71st St., 103 West 70th St., 635 West 115th St., two doors from Broadway; newly furnished throughout; large, warm rooms, with kitchenette, gas, linen, and maid service; telephone and laundry included; $3.50 to $12 weekly.

329 West 82d St.—Attractive 7-room apt.; near Drive; furnished, unfurnished; sublet until Oct. 1; privilege of renewal; possession March 1 or sooner. Tel. 7082 Schuyler.

Nicely furnished 7-room apartment, 2 baths, conveniently located, available Feb. 15. Apply Yorkshire, 562 West 113th St., corner of Broadway, apartment 4 C.

Elaborately furnished front suite; elevator, steam heat; telephone; Turkish rugs; luxurious draperies; also single room. 236 West 44th St. Apartment 6.

89TH, 52 WEST.—Suite 2 rooms; furnished, unfurnished; electric light, telephone extension; suitable studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

Five delightful rooms; high-class home; comfortable quarters for refined people; immediate possession. Mayhew, 219 West 80th.

Exceptionally desirable furnished apartment on West 139th; sublet at bargain. Further particulars, apply Leland Co., 4 West 33d.

456 Riverside Drive, 116th St.—Delightful small apartment; $85 month. Supt.

Four rooms and bath; high class elevator house. Apply Supt., 430 West 119th St.

East Side.

TO SUBLET FOR ONE MONTH OR LONGER AT THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St., an apartment of parlor, bedroom, and bath; beautifully furnished; at liberal reduction.

15 East 35th; an unusual opportunity; bachelor studio apartment, 2 rooms and bath; electric light; maid service.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

Wanted, small furnished apartment, housekeeping or kitchenette, below 59th; $70. Appleton. 942 Murray Hill.

Apartments Wanted—Unfurnished

Thirty cents a line.

Wanted—Five-room unfurnished apartment on the west side between 96th and 110th Sts., west of 8th Av.; steam heat and hot water supply; around $25 per month rental. Address X 307 Times Annex.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2067 Bryant.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Lost

Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST.—Between West 23d St. Ferry and 6th Av. surface car, black material silk purse lined with brown silk monograms "L. B. D." gold letters, containing 50 trip ticket from Plainfield to New York, gold vanity box, monogrammed "L. O."; reward will be offered for return to T. R. Van Baskerck, Produce Exchange, New York; no questions asked; reward given.

LOST—Lady's handbag and purse, green leather, small sum of money, three railroad passes, and three lady's pins; reward will be gladly paid for the pins because of their sentimental value, and for the passes, which have no value to any one but the owner. Mrs. H. B. Fullerton, Medford, Long Island, N. Y.

LOST—Sunday, Feb. 8, in Cathedral of St. John the Divine, beaded handbag, gun metal chain, containing small gold watch; monogram "M. C. R."; reward. G 173 Times.

LOST.—Wednesday, between Manhattan Hotel and Altman's, lady's ring; three diamonds, two rubies, set as cross. Return to Box X 309 Times; liberal reward.

LOST—In city, Sunday, Feb. 8, old-fashioned gold bar pin set with turquoises and pearls; reward. Address S. C. Crampton, No. 1,561 Beacon St., Brookline, Mass.

LOST.—Friday, gentleman's thin gold watch chain, pencil attached, initials R. N. C.; also old-fashioned watch key; liberal reward. L 49 Times.

LOST.—Jan. 24, brooch, bird shape, with pearls and diamonds; reward. Return after 7 P. M., Apartment 17, 209 West 13th St.

LOST—Gold bar pin with two diamonds, emerald, and topaz; reward. Fanny N. Lawson, 136 West 11th St.

LOST.—Small silver chain purse in New York; reward. 86 Marlborough Road, B'klyn.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe pin; liberal reward. McBride, 1,226 Intervale Av., Bronx.

$500, no questions asked, for return of 3-stone diamond ring, platinum setting, left in washroom Oppenheim, Collins & Co., 34th St., Monday afternoon. Miss MacGinnis, Hotel Gramatan, Bronxville, N. Y.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Fordham Heights, my truest friend, "Patsy, Irish Terrier"; dog lovers understand; liberal reward for return or information. Sam Ellis, 2,280 Sedgwick Av., Bronx.

LOST.—Sunday morning, white bull pup; split lip, black ear; reward. Kennedy, 1,155 Boston Road

LOST.—White bull terrier, male; brass collar; Plainfield license. Pach, 609 West 191st St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Public Notices

Forty cents a line.

DEPENDABLE multigraph typewritten letters; 800, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10, delivered. Telephone Cortlandt 1332. Wm. Gray, 93 Nassau.

Business Opportunities

Forty cents a line.

Detective, authorized by State, with established business of about $10,000 a year and cash balance, highest of clientage and references, desires to communicate with young college man in view of partnership; man with literary or scientific attainments preferred; must be willing to invest, furnish bond to people of State, and stand rigid investigation as to character in order to qualify according to requirements of State law. S 292 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Reputable party who can command $100,000 to take an active interest in corporation to be formed for the purpose of producing and marketing a commodity for which there is an unlimited demand; the company will have the prestige of government favor and backing and will bear the fullest investigation. S 293 Times Downtown.

Manufacturers and importers selling through merchandise brokers, do you wish a representative at Davenport, Iowa, who will conscientiously take care of your interest? Give full particulars; bank references furnished. National Brokerage Co., Dept. 27, Davenport, Iowa.

Delicatessen and Grocery Store.—Liebman Brewery section; good German trade; also fine lunch trade; terms arranged. Address 1,534 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn. Tel. 4978 Flatbush.

I want to get in touch with capitalists who would be interested in purchasing or developing large timber limits in British Columbia. A. A. Wright, 104 Reade St.

Partner wanted in old established wholesale druggists' sundries business; must have capital, about $10,000. Reply by letter to Adams, 149 Chestnut St., Brooklyn. Give telephone.

Am looking for business with which to consolidate; have established trade in staple I handle exclusively; am manufacturing and marketing attractive novelty. G 124 Times.

A good business man with experience and $1,000 to invest in an attractive business proposition should write to Box 155 Times for complete information.

Picture theatre to lease; 10c house; excellent location; if you are looking for a theatre investigate this opportunity. Zahn & Kerr, 206 Broadway.

A good opportunity for partner; capital, $5,000; established business; ladies' plush coats; excellent possibilities. G 169 Times.

Exceptional chance for young man with keen, honest business instincts; good education and $10,000. G 167 Times.

Chewing gum route for sale. Stiveland, 1,270 Stebbins Av., near 169th, Bronx.

Business Notices

Forty cents a line.

BETTER LETTERS.—Multigraphing, 200. $1; 500, $1.35; get our prices on printing. Telephone John 1047. Neil, 50 Pine.

Multigraph letters; 800, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,018.

Rejected life insurance risks placed; principals only; out-of-town correspondence solicited; cash for names friends. B 26 Times.

TYPEWRITING.—Person with leisure moments wants typewriting work; terms reasonable. Dunlop, 529 West 135th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Public stenographer wishes to take out work; reasonable. 33 Union Sq. W.

Business Loans.

Outstanding accounts financed for merchants needing cash. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway.

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

Patent Attorneys.

Patents worked out, secured, disposed of. Patents purchased. We speak all languages. ALEXANDER DENES, 125 E. 23D ST.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

THE ANITA AND THE KATHRYN,
non-elevator apartments,
75-83 NORTHERN AV.,
BETWEEN 180TH AND 181ST STS.,
3 blocks west of Broadway;
3, 4, and 5 rooms, modern improvements, overlooking the Hudson; $25 to $40; lowest rents on Washington Heights.

THE BRADFORD APARTMENTS,
Corner 101st St. and West End Av.
7 rooms and bath; $75 per month; southern exposure; sun all day. Slawson & Hobbs, agents, 162 West 72d St.

A.—605 West 111th.—Four rooms and bath to sublet; rent $50 per month. Leroy Coventry, 156 West 72d. 4989 Columbus.

Elevator apartments, $35-$53; 4, 5, 6, 7, rooms; facing Highbridge Park; concessions. Corner 178th St., Amsterdam Av.

25th, 254 West.—4, 5, 6 sunny rooms; high-class elevator apartments; moderate rent; abundant steam heat; concessions.

47th St., 16 West.—Charming kitchenette apartment; bath, hot water; conveniences; moderate rental.

38-40 West 98th.—4 rooms, bath; low rent; improvements; newly decorated. Janitor.

98th St., 220 West.—Sublet at big reduction; $50; possession immediately; 6 rooms.

169 West 80th.—8 rooms and bath; low rent; newly decorated. Janitor.

East Side.

335 East 24th St.—4 nice rooms, improvements; cheap rent. See janitor.

Brooklyn.

942 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT 942. 6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. [illegible]

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

11TH, 29 EAST.—Rooms, single or en suite; heated; running water; excellent table.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Sunny rooms; steam; excellent table; references; phone.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets, hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

76TH, 32 EAST.—Single room; board optional; ideal location. Phone 6613 Lenox.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Large, small front rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

7TH AV, 2,053, (123d.)—Sunny rooms; steam; substantial board; clean, well-kept house.

39TH STREET, 49 WEST.
One room and bath; excellent board.

54TH STREET, 54 WEST.
Large, small rooms; first-class references.

57TH ST., 359 WEST.—French board; large and small rooms; French cooking; telephone.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; excellent table; reasonable.

68TH ST., 15 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; board optional; references.

68TH, 67 WEST.—Large, small rooms; hot, cold water; near subway; elevated.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Exceptional board; double, single rooms; private baths; steam; electricity.

71ST, 135 WEST.—Exceptional board; large room; private bath; laboratory; steam, electricity.

72D, 266 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; refined home, excellent table; few guests accommodated.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Refined home; handsomely furnished rooms; all improvements; references exchanged.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—19th year; double, sunny room; excellent table; reference.

78TH, 301 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; single or en suite; excellent table; home cooking; steam heat; electricity; references.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Attractive, single room, heated; bath adjoining; gentleman; private family.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Large and small rooms with board; high grade.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST.
The House Richards.—A satisfactory home for permanent, refined people; all new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; parlor dining room; table guests.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Large room; private bath; smaller room, $7; telephone; references.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, singly; steam, electricity; excellent meals; table guests; references.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Pleasant, large room; reasonable; parlor dining; private house; references.

91ST ST., 149 WEST.—Handsome second floor, single; en suite; scrupulously clean; private family

93D, 128-130 WEST.—High-class boarding house; table guests accommodated; parlor dining.

95TH ST., 171 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, single, en suite; excellent meals; reasonable. Fick.

102D ST., 253 WEST, (La Grange.)—Accommodations unsurpassed; suite, private bath, (board two,) $25; single rooms, $10; electric lights; telephone.

103D, (cor. West End Av., 879.)—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped new private dwelling, overlooking Hudson; clean and airy; all rooms have running water; 6 beautiful bathrooms.

106TH ST., 76 WEST.—Thirty of our present guests have been our guests from one to six years; that means satisfied guests; references; reasonable; Southerners.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Elegant rooms; southern exposure; suitable one, two; excellent cuisine

121ST ST., 132 WEST.—Handsome, large rooms; separate, en suite; private bath; steam; parlor dining room; American table; reasonable.

122D ST., 520 WEST.—Two single rooms; select location; all conveniences; good table. Kerker.

123D ST., 111 WEST.—Very desirable room for two; convenient to bathroom; excellent table; well-kept house.

183D ST., 555 WEST.—Beautifully furnished single and double room in refined American family; excellent board; private house.

Charming Winter Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter;
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents.
71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

COSTA HOUSE, 144 WEST 80TH.
Handsome rooms; private baths; French cuisine.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Refined family adults will accommodate gentleman; room, with private bath; excellent table. Morningside 6645. Apartment 41.

THE WOODBURY, 855 Riverside Drive.—Two blocks north 157th Subway; country house. Audubon 4412.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.—Clean and good home; reasonable terms. 849 West 145th St. Margaret Scott.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

A REFINED MAN desires room and board in neat family, comfortably situated for himself and his healthy, well-bred little daughter, four years old; prefer place where there is a young girl who can bathe and dress the little girl and give her a mother's care; give full particulars and price, and state how to reach your home. H 38 Times.

YOUNG married couple wish room and board with private family; no one with children or other boarders need answer; give rate and telephone number; references. X 206 Times.

Country Board.

Thirty cents a line.

New Jersey.

Lenox Manor, 76 Lenox Av., East Orange, N. J., is just ready with every convenience, fresh and new; unusual attention has been given to detail in the effort to offer tasteful, homelike furnishings, and exceptional table; the house is one-quarter mile from station and reached via Hudson tunnels and Lackawanna R. R. in forty-five minutes from Cortlandt St. or 33d St.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

11TH ST., 15-19 EAST.—Rooms with private bath and meals, $14 per week; rooms without bath and meals, $12 per week; hotel service.

17TH ST., 108 EAST.—Large front room; private bath; also other rooms $4 up.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) Suite, two rooms and bath.

34TH ST. AND 4TH AV., 13 PARK AV.—Handsomely furnished single rooms; $4-$5.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome rooms, with private bath single room; breakfast optional; references.

60TH ST., 110 EAST.—Very large second story front room; modern conveniences; references; reasonable.

60TH, 143 EAST.—LARGE, COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS. 8354 PLAZA.

72D ST., 178 EAST.—Large, small steam-heated rooms, baths, $2.50 to $7.

76TH, 43 EAST.—Desirable, sunny rooms; ideal location; every convenience; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 1,280, (Near 89th St.)—Small and large front rooms; steam heat; telephone; all conveniences.

West Side.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private residence, charming suite; room for gentlemen; electricity, telephone; references.

9TH ST., 23 WEST.—Fine, large room; bath connected; suitable two; reference; telephone.

13TH ST., 104, (West of 6th Av.)—Desirable square and hall, adjoining bathrooms; gentlemen.

22D, 307 WEST.—Two connecting rooms, housekeeping, $3.50, worth $6; others $2.50.

30TH ST., 131 WEST.—Sunny, large, small rooms, $4, $5; conveniences. Mad. Sq. 3624.

43D, 113 WEST.—DESIRABLY FURNISHED LARGE, SMALL ROOMS; TELEPHONE.

47TH ST., 1 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; private bath electricity, steam; gentleman preferred.

52D ST., 233 WEST, (Off Broadway.)—Small and large rooms; running water, bath. Walter.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Large, newly decorated room; southern exposure; all modern conveniences.

[illegible]

How to Obtain Employment

Brooklyn, Feb. 11th, 1914.

The New York Times:

As a result of my Situation Wanted advertisement in The Times, I received a number of very good offers, one of which I shall accept. I am very much pleased, and congratulate The Times upon its successful want advertisements. Thanking you,

KATE M. COSGROVE,
4 S. Portland Avenue.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

58TH ST., 120 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED LARGE, SMALL ROOMS; TELEPHONE.

58TH ST., 128 WEST.—Nice, large, sunny room; modern conveniences; one or two gentlemen.

63D, 143 WEST.—Elegant large, small, warm, sunny rooms; conveniences, bath; light housekeeping.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Single and medium rooms; also handsome parlor suite; telephone; references.

71ST ST., 221 and 351 WEST, 103 West 70th St., 635 West 115th St., two doors from Broadway; newly furnished throughout; large, warm rooms, with kitchenette, gas, linen, and maid service; telephone and laundry included; $3.50 to $12 weekly.

71ST, 280 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished double, single rooms; conveniences; central; telephone; references.

71ST, 308 WEST.—Neat, cozy room, adjoining bath; $3. Telephone 9987 Columbus.

72D ST., 268 WEST.—Front parlor, suitable light business; also medium room; telephone.

73D ST., 115 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished rooms; single or en suite; in newly furnished and decorated house; homelike; references.

73D, 108 WEST.
Large, comfortably furnished rooms; homelike; references.

73D ST., 255 WEST.—Large room; private bath; telephone; Subway express; exclusive home.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Best rooms and location in the city. Telephone.

75TH, 253 WEST.
Large front room; private bath; gentlemen.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.
Desirable rooms, kitchenette; $5-$10; references.

76TH ST., 56 WEST.—Desirable room, bath; telephone, electric light; private residence.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Large, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; excellent service; phone.

78TH ST., 217 WEST.—Newly decorated, elegantly furnished light rooms; all conveniences.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful small room; near Subway; home comfort; reasonable; references.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Gentlemen; handsome rooms, modern conveniences, select private house; references

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Light, well furnished room, running water; two closets; gentleman or business woman; references.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms; large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; reference.

83D, 11 WEST.—Warm, comfortable furnished rooms; quiet, refined, homelike; board optional.

84TH, 149 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, heated room; bath; abundance hot water. Bell.

84TH, 47 WEST.—Magnificent second-story warm room; private bath; attractive house.

85TH ST., 120 WEST.—Elegantly furnished front and back parlor; private bath; private.

86TH ST., 341 WEST.—Well-furnished double room, adjoining bath; unusually desirable; reasonable, for two men.

91ST, 126 WEST.—Front suite; every convenience; private family; board optional. Wheelock.

92D ST., 204 WEST.—Large front room, well heated, three windows. Possons.

49 WEST 93D ST.
Large rooms; private house; references.

94TH, 84 WEST.—Large, desirable rooms; private bath; quiet surroundings; owner; references.

95TH, 19 WEST.—Parlor floor, furnished, unfurnished; doctor, musicales after business; also large light room; private bath; telephone.

97TH, 209 WEST.—Large, sunny outside rooms, southern exposure, lavatory connecting; high class apartment house; excellent meals; Subway one block. Apartment 7E.

101ST, 205 WEST, (2 doors from Broadway.)—The Ludington; newly furnished suites of 1 and 2 rooms, with kitchen if desired; maid service, elevator, telephone, and electric light; convenient to all cars; 2 blocks to Subway; $3.50 to $14 weekly.

103D, 145 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private house; convenient neighborhood; telephone; references.

105TH, 163 WEST.—High class rooms; select neighborhood; subway, "L," cars; must be highly recommended; gentlemen only. Robison.

105TH ST., 69 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room; steam heat; private family; bath; gentlemen.

107TH, (2,783 Broadway).—Unusually cheerful homelike front room; elevator; telephone. Apt. 6A.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—Large front room, elevator apartment; electric light; telephone. Judson.

111TH ST., 605 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished, sunny front room, overlooking Hudson. Apt. 15.

111TH ST., 255 WEST.—PARLOR AND ALCOVE, PIANO ELEVATOR. SNYDER.

112TH ST., 601 WEST.—Large, beautiful room; one, two persons; home comforts; telephone. Mathison.

113TH ST., 523 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; private house; telephone, electricity.

118TH ST., 419 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Light, attractive rooms; single, double. Apt. 52.

118TH ST., 430 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room, overlooking Columbia Campus; bath, electricity, telephone, elevator; good service. Herbert.

120TH ST., 434 WEST.—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS; CONVENIENCES. APARTMENT 3H.

121ST ST., 501 AND 519 WEST, (Opposite Columbia University.)—Beautifully furnished sunny rooms; elevator; telephone; electricity; gas; steam; hot water; shower; parlor for callers; exclusive or part use of kitchen; also kitchenette; double, $6, $7 week; single, $3.50 to $6; meals if desired, at cost; co-operative dining room; Broadway Subway. Mrs. M. S. Young.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Front room; two southern wondows; all improvements; breakfast optional. Park.

122D, 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone Morningside 4880. Apartment 51.

122D, 523 WEST.—Choice two rooms; kitchen, bath; also single, $3.50. Sherman.

124TH ST., 510 WEST.—Front suite rooms, modern apartment; kitchen privileges. Apt. 52. Worrell.

135TH ST., 635 WEST.—Single, connecting rooms, overlooking Hudson; hotel service. Apt. 34.

157TH ST., 544 WEST.—Private American family; large, light, outside rooms, adjoining bath; suitable for two gentlemen or couple; elevator house. Apt. 2.

164TH ST., 548 WEST.—LADY; KITCHEN, PIANO, ELEVATOR; $4. O'GRADY.

178TH ST., 656 WEST.—Elegant front parlor, suitable one, two gentlemen; electricity, 'phone; Subway; breakfast optional; references; smaller rooms. De Grath.

A.—Attractive rooms; running water; elevator apartment; fine location. 207 West 85th St.

BUSINESS WOMAN would like another to join her high-class apartment, (No. 4;) reasonable; by appointment; 1,061 St. Nicholas Av., (168th St.)

CLAREMONT AV., 101.—Apartment 54, two newly furnished rooms in business woman's attractive elevator apartment; privilege kitchen.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 46.—Large furnished room in high-class apartment, suitable for couple; breakfast if desired; near 157th St., Broadway Subway. Apartment 24.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 415.—Attractive outside room; private family; gentleman. Apartment 53.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near Grant's Tomb.—Attractive outside rooms, suitable two; small room, with bath. Phone 9576W Morningside.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (96th St. Subway.)—Lovely large room, suitable for two; everything first class. 'Phone Riverside—2567.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244.—Connecting parlor and bedroom, facing drive; express Subway. Meek.

SELECT ROOM, private house, scrupulously clean, Lexington Av., 50's. Leland, 4 W. 33d.

Brooklyn.

QUINCY ST., 98, (near Franklin Av.)—Large front room for two; all improvements; private house; references; sunny; separate beds.

Help Wanted Female

Fifteen cents a line.

CAPABLE WOMAN to care for paralytic mother; patience, tact, energy, experience in simple home nursing; desirable pleasant surroundings; appreciation of agreeable personality. E. L. Hurley, Armour Villa Park, Bronxville, N. Y.

COOK.—Wanted, competent cook, willing to do small wash; references essential. Call 1-2, 6-6:30, 681 Madison Av.

GIRLS, over 16 years old, for light factory work; experience not necessary. Apply National Biscuit Co., 16th St. factory, 448 West 16th St.

NURSE, practical, to live in institution and take care of boys 6 years of age. Apply Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Ralph Av. and Pacific St., Brooklyn.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,
34TH STREET, NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED DESIGNERS AND TRIMMERS FOR THEIR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

SECRETARY — STENOGRAPHER. — MUST BE COMPETENT, REFINED, VERY NEAT, EXPERIENCED IN ADVERTISING WORK, NOT OVER 22, AND HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE; NO OTHERS WILL BE CONSIDERED; POSITION OFFERS ADVANCEMENT TO DESERVING PERSON. WRITE, FULLY STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY. H 43 TIMES.

WANTED—A thoroughly experienced, high-class stenographer for permanent position with manufacturing corporation in Bronx. Applicants must give fully their experience, state their age, the salary they have earned, and give references. X 300 Times Annex.

WILL have vacancy for two and probably three bright, educated ladies Feb. 16. Educational Society, 225 5th Av.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Secretarial courses only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities. V. M. Wheat, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents a line.

ACCOUNTANT CLERKS.—Experienced in railroad accounting methods; state age, qualifications, and salary expected. E 244 Times Downtown.

AN energetic man may earn $100 monthly profits in the mail order business; spare time at first; send for particulars. Dept. E, Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

ASSISTANT.—Young man as assistant in import dept. of Pittsburgh importing house; must be able to correspond in German and English; state experience and salary wanted. Reply to Z 359 Times.

BOY wanted, 15 years, for office; $5 to start. Apply J. Grossman, 32 Walker St.

BRIGHT BOY.—Wanted by New York Stock Exchange house bright boy; one just graduated from school preferred. S 316 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, WHO CAN MEASURE AND DETAIL WORK FROM BUILDING FOR TRIM CONCERN; ONE WHO CAN FIGURE PLANS PREFERRED; STATE EXPERIENCE AND TERMS. H 33 TIMES.

ELECTRICAL HOUSE, &c.—Young man of good address and experience wanted in office of electrical house to handle orders, talk with customers at telephone, file papers, &c.; state qualifications and salary. H 40 Times.

ESTIMATOR, SALESMAN, THOROUGHLY ACQUAINTED WITH BUILDERS; ONE PREVIOUSLY CONNECTED WITH TRIM CONCERN PREFERRED; EXCELLENT PROPOSITION FOR RIGHT MAN; REPLY STATING EXPERIENCE, TERMS. H 34 TIMES.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED SALESMEN
FOR THEIR
MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED TAILORS
FOR THEIR
MEN'S ALTERATION ROOM.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. Side.

MEN over 25, intelligent, with selling ability and references, to solicit business; good paying, steady position, 217 West 125th St., Room 120

MIDDLE-AGED MAN wanted; good prospects; canvassing paper and twine. Answer by mail, 78 Norfolk St. (Cohen.)

PRIVATE SECRETARY and companion wanted; very highest references required. G 162 Times.

SALES MANAGER.—Wanted, by large manufacturing confectioners in New York; man familiar with large buyers in the East, to work inside and outside; good opportunity for right man; middle-aged gentlemen only need apply. X 305 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—HIGH-CLASS MEN'S COLLAR AND SHIRT SALESMAN FOR NEW YORK CITY TRADE WANTED; ONLY THOSE EXPERIENCED AND ACQUAINTED WITH TRADE NEED APPLY. GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, REFERENCES, AND SALARY. CONFIDENTIAL. H 44 TIMES.

SALESMEN wanted; experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay. Write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1,001-C, Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

SALESMAN.—Experienced on children's dresses; one with established trade for city and vicinity; commission basis. Call Saturday, Panco Dress Co., 33 West 17th St.

SOLICITORS—Several young men to solicit classified advertisements; those with experience preferred; commission basis. Address, stating age and experience. L 56 Times Annex.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Secretarial courses only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities. V. M. Wheat, Director.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

Thirty cents a line.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 3409
356 Broadway, at 23d St. Franklin
60 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

A Big Sale—Desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, hat trees, telephone booths, wardrobes, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 3 Reade St.

SIXTY typewriters visible and others, costing $100 each new, [illegible]

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; trial balance, controlling accounts; modern methods; typist; $15. Q 419 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, bill clerk, &c.; knowledge stenography; references; $10. S 308 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, experienced, requires good position. J. R., 643 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.

CAPABLE woman desires literary position; editorial work, manuscripts revised, books reviewed, or work in any similar department. Address B 28 Times Annex.

COMPANION, &c.—A young woman, refined and educated, desires any of following positions: Companion, home dietetician, mother's helper, or entertainment secretary; earnest and capable; references exchanged. Address J. W., 538 5th Av., City.

HOUSEWORKER.—Refined elderly woman; cook, serve; no laundry, no windows; adults' apartment; references. Murphy, 242 E. 74th.

LAUNDRESS wants family hamper, home, children's, ladies' wear specialty; first-class worker; prompt delivery. 469 Amity St., Flushing.

MASSEUSE, graduate, wishes lady patients at residences. Miss Larson. 'Phone 7320 Audubon.

NURSE.—Reliable settled Scotch woman as infant's or baby's nurse; highest city references; may be seen Thursday or Friday before 1 at former employer's home, 25 Claremont Av., Apt. 2 A.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Refined, educated young lady wishes position; typewriter, stenographer. H 31 Times.

SECRETARY or STENOGRAPHER.—A young woman of exceptional ability seeks position with established firm or individual. H 10 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; 8 months' good experience; rapid, accurate; office assistant; neat; American; plain penman; $8. S 267 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, correspondent; five years' experience; high school graduate; excellent mathematician, grammarian; $14. Ida Bochow, 413 West 128th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly efficient, experienced stenographer, with executive ability, desires position as secretary; best references; minimum salary $20. G 75 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position where ability and hard work bring advancement. Fannie Steiner, 605 Madison Av., Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER.—5 years' experience; highest references; executive ability; can fill secretarial position; $15. Box 10, 1,418 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, bookkeeping; several years' experience manufacturing concerns; references. S 313 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, TYPEWRITER.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' general office experience; refined; $10. L., 81 West 112th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience; refined girl wishes position; excellent reference. S 306 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, excellent grammarian, desires secretarial position. S 278 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; accustomed difficult dictation; references; $12. S 311 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; bright, ambitious girl; beginner; neat appearance; $6. S 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typist.—Take difficult dictation; American; 5 years one position; $12. Miss Mac, 947 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; no clock watcher; accurate transcriber; interested in work; $8-$10. Q 421 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; good speller; conscientious; quick worker; obliging; $6-$8. Q 423 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; neat, accurate typist; business school graduate; $10. S 303 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' experience; rapid typist; familiar office routine. S 309 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Exceptionally bright beginner; high school education; $6. S 301 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Expert; any standard machine; A1 references; $15. S 298 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience file, bill, &c.; $12. S 310 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Simplified systems installed, books opened, closed, audited, written up; special examinations and investigations conducted; financial statements and income tax returns rendered; personal service, work confidential; rates moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St., N. Y. Phone Beekman 2730.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT. — Installs simplified systems that give you exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 35 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1830.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Telephone 4376 Gramercy.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Certified; auditing, investigations, accounting systems; superior service, moderate charges. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Telephone 6970 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced and reliable; periodical auditing and special investigations; cost and accounting systems; charges moderate. Stevens, 10 Wall St. Phone Rector 928.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR will consider new connection with established publication; experienced; large acquaintance; fine record; well recommended. S 315 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE SUPERINTENDENT.
Practical man in all branches of Automobile Body Construction; has excellent record with several automobile companies; can superintend body, metal, blacksmith, upholstery, and painting departments; has good executive ability, and well-known in the trade. H 8 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, capable correspondent; competent credit man, or can adapt himself to be varuable man; testimonials. S 216 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, 4 years' experience, assistant to bookkeeper and credit man, seeks position. Meyer Nirenberg, 235 East 5th St.

BOY, (16,) public school graduate, desires position where good and conscientious work will be appreciated; honest; good references. Morris Rothstein, 190 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

COOK—BUTLER.—Reliable, sober; middle aged; speaks Italian, French, English; in private or small family hotel; respectable house preferred to high wages. H 9 Times.

COOK.—All round, willing young man; private family; anywhere; reference. H 18 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—Gentleman wishes position where Spanish correspondence may be of use; salary no object; references furnished. S 302 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, American, desires position country; useful butler; wife good cook, baker, or entire work small family; can handle horse, steam, dry heat, &c.; have girl, aged 13; references. G 112 Times.

DRUG CLERK.—Young man employed, registered apprentice in pharmacy, wishes position in drug store evenings from 6:30 P. M. H 39 Times.

FURS.—12 years in skin department and factory; wishes position. G 175 Times.

GERMAN, married, 31, wishes position at anything. B 438 Times, 304 Washington St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—28, some experience in notions, dry goods, seeks connection with reliable house appreciating intelligence, loyalty, and application; can invest up to $10,000; best references. Integrity, G 63 Times.

SECRETARY.—A position as private secretary or companion; absolutely satisfactory references. H 85 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; young man; good education; three years' experience; highly recommended; salary $12. S 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, crackerjack typist, capable secretary and confidential assistant, ten years' experience, desires position. S. Kroese, 2,460 7th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, (25,) position offering plenty work and advancement; experienced; competent. H 24 Times.

YOUNG MAN from the West wishes connection with a reliable firm, where he can advance according to ability, integrity and honesty; has had the benefit of several years' office training; best of references furnished; moderate salary to start. B 80 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 19, industrious, anxious to succeed; high school education; well recommended. Jerome Newmark, 283 6th Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, trained in journalism, law, finance, seeks change from present position on daily newspaper. R 368 Times Downtown.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Employment Bureaus.

Thirty cents a line.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

CALL RIVERSIDE 4375 for efficient colored servants. Domestic Service Agency, 203 W. 98th.

BEST Hungarian, German, and Polish cooks, laundresses, and waiters, male and female; also laborers for factories, mines, and contractors. American Employment Agency, Louis Waraday, Proprietor, 88 Avenue A.

Berta Carlson's Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d St.; first-class servants. 9527 Riverside.

COOK—WAITRESS.—Together, separate; city or country; excellent reference; $30-$25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1890.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 1588 Riverside.

HOUSEWORKER. — Neat, young Irish girl; willing and obliging; excellent reference; $25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORKER, chambermaids, waitresses, white and colored girls wanted. Call or phone, Agency, 458 West 57th St. Phone 6617 Columbus. Good places.

HOUSEWORKER.—Neat, willing girl; good cook; excellent laundress; finest references; colored; city, country. Pearson's Agency, Phone 5049 Harlem.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls; references. Harlem Employment Exchange, 2,149 5th Av. Harlem 251.

Schools.

Thirty cents a line.

Musical.

PIANO INSTRUCTION.
Expert instruction in piano in theory, music; terms moderate. Dunlop, 529 West 135th.

Dancing.

F. CLARENZ RIVERS,
THE ST. HELENE, 2,128 BROADWAY,
NEAR 74TH ST. TEL. 1050 COL.
Private and class instruction; society and stage dancing; salon available for dancing, &c.

Modern Dances quickly and thoroughly taught; private and class; moderate terms. The Misses Newman, 2,875 Broadway, corner 112th St. 'Phone 1984 Morningside.

DANCING.—Society's latest dances taught privately; one step, hesitation, tango, etc. Frances Morgan, 102 West 71st. Col. 2507

DANCING.—Miss Arthur and Mr. Margraff, 180 Madison Av., one block west Vanderbilt Hotel. Telephone Murray Hill 3493.

Modern dances taught, private or class. Miss Hilton, 268 West 72d St.; 3016 Col.

Pianos and Organs.

Thirty cents a line.

Steinway upright piano in excelent condition, will sell $115. Anguera, 316 West 42d St.

LEINS PIANO in good condition; price $250. Address Z 368 Times Annex.

Machinery.

Thirty cents a line.

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos, bought, sold; also rented. GEO. BENDER, 122 Centre St., N. Y. City.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—SUSIE E. FITCHETT, Plaintiff, against EMILY E. BURNS and THE DE CAMP LAND COMPANY, Defendants.—County Clerk's Index No. 2492-1912.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale duly made on the 28th day of January, 1914, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 31st day of January, 1914, in the above entitled action, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said interlocutory judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3rd day of March, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, in one parcel the premises directed by said interlocutory judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

FIRST PARCEL: All that certain lot of land with the buildings thereon, situate in the City of New York, known and designated on the map of the estate of Medcef Eden, made by George B. Smith, City Surveyor, filed in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York as lot number one hundred and twenty-four (124) and bounded and containing as follows, to wit:

BEGINNING at a point on the westerly side of Sixth Avenue distant seventy-five (75) feet six (6) inches northerly from the northwesterly corner of Sixth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street and running thence westerly along the northerly side of lot number one hundred and twenty-five (125) on said map one hundred (100) feet to the easterly side of lot number one hundred and twenty-eight (128) on said map; thence northerly along the easterly side of lot one hundred and twenty-eight (128) on said map twenty-five (25) feet to the southerly side of lot number one hundred and twenty-three (123) on said map; thence easterly along the southerly side of lot number one hundred and twenty-three (123) on said map one hundred (100) feet to the westerly side of Sixth Avenue; and thence southerly along Sixth Avenue twenty-five feet to the place of beginning. Being premises conveyed by Alexander Rich and wife by deed dated October 1, 1869, and recorded in Liber 1120 of Conveyances, at page 267, and known as No. 783 Sixth Avenue.

SECOND PARCEL: BEGINNING at a point on the westerly line of Sixth Avenue distant seventy-five (75) feet and five (5) inches southerly from the southwesterly corner of Forty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue; running thence westerly on a line parallel with Forty-fifth Street and partly through a party wall one hundred (100) feet; thence southerly parallel with Sixth Avenue twenty-five (25) feet; thence easterly again parallel with Forty-fifth Street one hundred (100) feet to the westerly side of Sixth Avenue; thence northerly along said side of Sixth Avenue twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning, known as No. 785 Sixth Avenue.

THIRD PARCEL: BEGINNING at a point on the southerly side of Forty-fifth Street distant sixty (60) feet westerly from the southwesterly corner of Forty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue, running thence westwardly along the southerly side of Forty-fifth Street twenty-one (21) feet and six (6) inches; thence southwardly and parallel with Sixth Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall seventy-five (75) feet five (5) inches; thence eastwardly and parallel with Forty-fifth Street twenty-one (21) feet six (6) inches, and thence northwardly and parallel with Sixth Avenue seventy-five (75) feet and five (5) inches to the point of beginning.

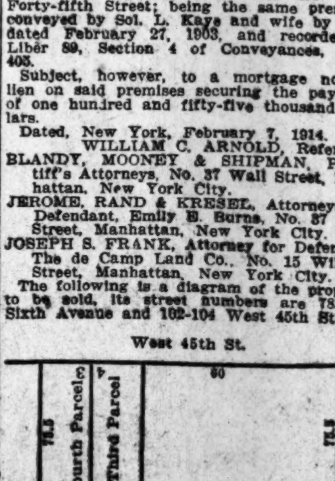
Being the same premises conveyed to Hannah Virginia Deshler by deed dated May 2, 1892, recorded in Liber 15, Section 4 of Conveyances, page 60.

FOURTH PARCEL: BEGINNING at a point on the southerly side of Forty-fifth Street distant eighty-one (81) feet six (6) inches westerly from the intersection of the southerly side of Forty-fifth Street and the westerly side of Sixth Avenue, which said point is opposite the centre of a party wall, and running thence southerly parallel with Sixth Avenue and part of the way through the centre of a party wall seventy-five (75) feet five (5) inches; thence westerly parallel with Forty-fifth Street twenty-one (21) feet six inches; thence northerly again parallel with Sixth Avenue and part of the way through another party wall seventy-five (75) feet five (5) inches to the southerly side of Forty-fifth Street and thence easterly along the southerly side of Forty-fifth Street twenty-one (21) feet six (6) inches to the point of beginning. Said premises being known as No. 104 West Forty-fifth Street; being the same premises conveyed by Sol. L. Kaye and wife by deed dated February 27, 1903, and recorded in Liber 89, Section 4 of Conveyances, page 403.

Subject, however, to a mortgage now a lien on said premises securing the payment of one hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars.

Dated, New York, February 7, 1914.
WILLIAM C. ARNOLD, Referee.
BLANDY, MOONEY & SHIPMAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 37 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City.
JEROME, RAND & KRESEL, Attorneys for Defendant, Emily E. Burns, No. 37 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City.
JOSEPH S. FRANK, Attorney for Defendant The de Camp Land Co., No. 15 William Street, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, its street numbers are 783-785 Sixth Avenue and 102-104 West 45th Street:



Dated, New York, February 7, 1914.
WILLIAM C. ARNOLD, Referee.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY.
FINAL CLEARANCE SALE
New and Used Cars.
THEY MUST BE SOLD.
We have retired from the automobile business.
2 New "1913" Alco Limousines—Never run; two of the most beautiful cars in town.
1 "1912" Limousine—second hand; bargain.
The above is all we have left in cars, trucks, bodies, new or used, and they must be sold this week.
AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY,
M. J. Beggins, Manager Used Car Dept.,
1888 Broadway, New York City.

A LIGHT SIX TOURING, $650.
Late model; five passenger, fully equipped; used six months; cost $2,000; rare chance. Phone 4058—Schuyler.
LORILLARD, 605 WEST 79TH.

1912 Locomobile, 48 H. P.; rebuilt and guaranteed; a beautiful car and a bargain at $1,800. Arthur S. Taylor, 1,926 Broadway.

Circumstances compel me to dispose of new 1914 Stevens-Duryea model C-Six touring at a reduction in the price; this car has not been used. X 283 Times Annex.

Lozier, 1909, in good mechanical condition, with landaulet body; owner will dispose of same for $450. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 Broadway New York.

Renault, 1911 cabriolet, newly painted, in first-class condition; owner will sacrifice. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 B'way.

Palmer-Singer "Brighton Six" roadster, practically new, sell for owner at once; $700. Charles E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Hupmobile 6-passenger 1913; good as new; will sacrifice. Charles E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Packard, 1911-13 Imperial town car. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 Broadway, New York.

Automobiles for Rent.

1911 Peerless; beautiful 7-passenger landaulette, by day, week, month; reasonable price. Charles Takacs, 417 East 9th St. Orchard 4750.

Elegant Packard limousine for rent, hourly, monthly. Verlangiere, 532 West 122d; 7670 Morningside.

Packards, beautiful limousines, $3.50 hour; theatre calls, $5 up. Murray Hill 114.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted.—To buy, 5 or 7 passenger touring car in first-class condition; also 2 express trucks, 1 or 2 ton. Apply Van Dyke Express, 160 West 15th St. Chelsea 5348 telephone.

Wanted—A used electric runabout; must be standard make and bargain. H 42 Times.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE ACADEMY, 233 W. 54th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Purchase and Exchange.

Thirty cents a line.

Pawn tickets bought. Gold.
Diamonds, Oriental pearls. Silver.
Estates appraised and purchased. Platinum.
Benjamin Feingold, 469 6th Av.,
between 28th and 29th Sts.
Established 18 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Sq.

Full value paid for pawn tickets, diamonds, old gold, silver, and platinum; we make a specialty of purchasing Provident Loan tickets, paying from 25 to 75 per cent., whether expired or not; we save your pledges for you. H. Feingold, 645 6th Av., New York City.

CONSUMERS' SERVICE.
Eggs, poultry, garden products, direct from farm to your table via Parcel Post. Free service. Producers and Consumers' Exchange. Interstate Poultry Club, Asbury Park, New Jersey.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST.
Highest prices paid for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; 25 to 75 per cent. for Provident tickets.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Diamonds, jewelry, silver, antiques, purchased. Robert Ensko, 598 Madison Av. Est. 1878.

SURROGATE CITATION.

DANZIGER, MAX.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God, free and independent, to Virginia Danziger, Moses J. Sneudaira, Casper Danziger, Arnold Danziger, Adolph Danziger, Ernst Moritz Schneider, Georg Schneider, Hugo Schneider, Alfred Schneider, Greta Gottschalk, Edith Susskind, Gerhard Danziger, Lilli (or Elizabeth) Danziger, Eva Danziger, Agnes Danziger, Kurt Danziger, Ella Danziger, Gertrude Simon, Seaman Danziger, Doris Bade, Malwine Schneider, Johanna Frankel, Cacilie Cohn, Moss (or Moritz) Danziger, Salli Danziger, Greta Munter, Johannes Jakob Danziger, Hugo Danziger, Selma Sprinz, Bruno Danziger, Alfred Danziger, Lydia Becker, Elsa Danziger, Gunther Schneider, Mary Gottschalk, Mally Schneider, Margot Susskind, Irene Susskind, Hannah Rosenthal, David Rosenthal, Moses Rosenthal, Ruth Helen Davis, Maybelle Davis, Gilbert Samuels, Minnie Meirowitz, Lillie Stockman, and to all persons interested in the estate of MAX DANZIGER, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, legatees, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said County, held at the Hall of Records, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the County of New York, on the 27th day of March, 1914, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Virginia Danziger and Moses J. Sneudaira, as executors of and trustees under the last will and testament of Max Danziger, deceased; and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County, at the County of New York, the 29th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

[Seal.]

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the Voluntary Dissolution of BISCHOFF'S BANKING HOUSE, under Section 99 of the Banking Law of the State of New York.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order made and entered in the above entitled proceeding on the 28th day of January, 1914, as amended on January 29, 1914, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, Bischoff's Banking House, an incorporated State bank, at 287 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City, has closed its business for the purpose of liquidating its effects, paying its debts, distributing its assets among its stockholders, and winding up its affairs, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, according to Section 99 of the Banking Law of the State of New York.

All depositors and creditors of the Bank and all persons whatsoever having claims against it are hereby notified to present their claims at the office of Albert P. Massey, Esq., the attorney for said Bank, 55 Liberty Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on or before the 14th day of March, 1914, to receive payment of all deposits, moneys, securities, and property whatsoever which may be due them.

Notice is hereby further given that said order provides that all deposits, moneys, securities, and property whatsoever remaining unclaimed, as shown by the books and records of the Bank, on or after the 14th day of March, 1914, by any depositor, creditor or claimant shall be paid over to and deposited by Bischoff's Banking House with the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, to be held by said Superintendent in trust for such depositors, creditors, or claimants.

Dated New York, N. Y., January 29th, 1914.
BISCHOFF'S BANKING HOUSE.
By CARL WITTMANN, President.
H. ADOLPH WINKOPP, Secretary.
ALBERT P. MASSEY, Attorney for Bischoff's Banking House, 55 Liberty Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

MANSBACH, EMANUEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMANUEL MANSBACH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at its place of transacting business, No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 10th day of August next.

Dated New York, January 30, 1914.
UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Executor.
MILLER, KING, LANE & TRAFFORD, Attorneys for Executor, 80 Broadway, New York City.

300 EX-DRUNKARDS FEAST IN COMPANY

Guests of the Salvation Army, They Praise and Thank It for Reforming Them.

FLASK OF LIQUOR FOR EACH

But It Was Only Imitation Whisky and Contained a Moral as Well as a Welcome.

Three hundred reformed drunkards—many of whom now hold responsible places in their several communities—held a dinner last night in the Salvation Army headquarters at Memorial Hall, 122 West Fourteenth Street. Before the coffee had been served most of them told in detail just how many fathoms deep they had sunk and how they were finally rescued by the Salvation Army.

Beside every plate was a small, flat, flask filled with a liquid that looked like whisky. Each flask contained "a good drink" of "about three fingers" of what one ex-toper described as the "red badge of courage," because of the bow of red ribbon which adorned it. A printed label was pasted on each side of the bottle. On one side the label read:

SALVATION ARMY.

Souvenir of the First Banquet of the United Order of ex-Boozers.

New York City, Feb 12, 1914.

176 of the number have lived a total of 7,470 years, 3,238 years of which have been spent in drunkenness.

Have spent in drink approximately $1,291,500.

Estimated unearned wages because of inability through drink, $645,750.

Total loss to the community and the nation of nearly $2,000,000.

Only 1,072 years have been spent in Christian life.

On the other side of the bottle was this message:

> Well, old pal, are you glad to see me? You ought to be, you know. You're a man and I'm a bottle, but we're mightily like each other. When we're full of booze we're useless. There isn't room in us for anything worth while. After we've been full awhile we get pretty dusty. Folks don't even try to read the original label. Then we go on the shelf. We like it there at first. No one bothers us. Our warmest hope is that we may be forgotten—and never be empty. But by and by no one will fill us with liquor. Then we're thrown on the dump. It takes imagination to see that either of us is worth saving. But some one with imagination comes along—and somehow we're clean again. Some of the old scratches still show. We aren't pretty any more. The tinfoil and gold enamel of youth have gone. But, Mister Man, we're on the job. THE BOTTLE.

The flasks did not contain whisky, but an imitation of it concocted of burnt sugar and water.

One song that was received with great enthusiasm by the 300 ex-boozers was sung by Sergt. Major George Paff, and was entitled "Dick Mott." Here are two of the stanzas and the chorus:

Did you ever hear tell of Dick Mott?
He was once such a low, drunken sot.
He was always so frisky
When full of bad whisky,
Of which he could drink quite a lot.
'Twas something he never refused,
His feelings you could not abuse;
You could call him a loafer,
A rum soak and toper,
As long as you gave him the booze.

Hoorah! Hoorah! He drinks it no more;
He's quit it forever
To drink it—no, never!
Hoorah! Hoorah! He's the pride of our corps,
Good-bye to bad whiskey, he drinks it no more!

He is now quite a soldier complete,
In the barracks as well as the street;
His head is now level,
He hates the old Devil,
Who now has to take a back seat.
He follows the dear old bass drum,
He says it's far better than rum,
He's soundly converted,
Old Nick is deserted,
No longer he calls him his chum.

This song was written about thirty years ago, it was said last night, by a drunken poet who was reformed and forgot how to rhyme. Still, the way they joined in the chorus last night certainly showed the diners were glad that he—and they—no longer drank rum.

Sergt. Major Pertain, who is known among his fellows as the "Dean of the Drunks," addressed the assemblage on "Thirty-three Years of Keeping Power." He was followed by Jacob Stiles, who said he had consumed barrels of whisky in his thirty years' friendship with John Barleycorn, but was reformed by the Salvation Army, and now is a banker in Asbury Park. Jarvis Atkinson, a lawyer of Jersey City, told how he tried to make the breweries work overtime until his reformation, while Reynolds White, a former Captain in the United States Army, and now connected with a railroad, spoke on the "Necessity of Activity on the Part of the ex-Drunkard."

Col. W. A. McIntyre presided and his wife told of "Some of the Things the ex-Drunkard Should Avoid." Another man who was prevented by the Salvation Army from committing suicide and subsequently converted told his life's history to constant interruptions of "Hallelujah!" and "Hear, hear!" Because of illness, Commander Booth was unable to attend the dinner.

Staff Captain Magee presented a constitution for the United Order of ex-Boozers, which will be adopted in a short time. The constitution in part is as follows:

> Object—By mutual effort to promote the moral, material, and spiritual welfare of the members; to seek out in every community those who are known to be addicted to the use of alcoholic liquor and try to win them back.
>
> Obligations for Membership—No man can become a member of the organization unless he willingly obligates himself to aid in the reclamation of men who are still drunkards and the restoration of any brother who should fall by the wayside; and that each member obligates himself to aid the drunkards in the neighborhood in which he lives.

Col. Parker told of "The Best Means by Which the ex-Drunkard Can Pull Himself Together and Get on His Feet," while Major Winchell spoke of "The Necessity of Definite Conversion." Some of the reformed drunkards who "testified" last night asked that their names and present positions be withheld from publication, as it might hurt them with their employers.

POLICEMAN STOPS HOLD-UP.

Walks by Cafe as It Takes Place and Captures Both Bandits.

As Patrolman Welland of the Morrisania Station was passing the Royal Café, a saloon at 152d Street and Bergen Avenue, the Bronx, at 1 o'clock this morning, he chanced to glance through the window, and at what he saw he suddenly came to a halt, for inside was the proprietor, August Feick, standing behind the bar with both hands high in the air, while in front of him a man stood at ease, covering him with a revolver.

Welland quickly summoned two other policemen and they made for the side door on Bergen Avenue. It was unlocked, but held by a chain. Welland's great weight smashed the chain, and as he tumbled in the man with the gun turned that weapon toward him. In another instant they were both rolling together on the floor, and when the tussle was over Welland was on top—beaming.

Meanwhile the vastly relieved Feick was directing the other patrolmen into the washroom, where they found one of his customers lying on the floor, submitting while a second hold-up man went through his pockets—submitting because a revolver was pressed against his stomach. This thief fought, too, but vainly. After both were subdued, Feick said they had taken $27 from the cash drawer.

The two prisoners said they were William Smith of Texas and Jimmy Kelly of [illegible], N. Y.

STRIKE MAY STOP LINERS.

Board of Mediation Seeks to Head Off Move by Longshoremen.

Representatives of the State Board of Mediation and Arbitration will to-day make another effort to induce the Berwind-White Company to compromise with its striking coal barge Captains and so head off a sympathetic strike that is set for Monday. They are not sanguine of success, however. Col. Michael J. Regan, chief mediator, said that in a talk with a representative of the Berwind-White Company he was informed that the company would not pay the barge Captains more than $50 a month, and would not deal with their union. The Captains demand $60. A sympathetic strike of the longshoremen might result in tying up the transatlantic liners sailing from this port.

John Hamilton, business agent of the union of coal barge Captains, said that the strike of the Captains had resulted in the signing of 175 company contracts embodying the wages and conditions demanded by the men. The Berwind-White Company, which has contracts for furnishing coal for most of the transatlantic steamship companies, he said, had absolutely refused to consider the demands, and the sympathetic strike of 28,000 longshoremen would surely go into effect Monday if the firm did not capitulate meantime.

Officers of the union of coal barge Captains said last night that the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company, the New York, Ontario & Western, the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, and the Erie Railroad Companies were standing behind the Berwind-White Company.

TO RAZE 'FELLOWES' FOLLY.'

Magnificent House That Cost $100,000 Is Sold for $500.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Feb. 12.—"Fellowes' Folly," the big brownstone mansion which the late Col. William Fellowes built for his home on South Fullerton Avenue at a cost of over $100,000, will be torn down by housewreckers who purchased the handsome building for $500. The work of razing the structure will be begun in a few days, and on the site will be erected two four-story fireproof apartment houses.

"Fellowes' Folly," as the house was called, was erected twenty-five years ago by Col. Fellowes, but before it was completed his fortune was swept away in Wall Street, and a few years later he died. The construction of the house was on such a magnificent scale that no person cared to acquire it and push the work to completion along the same lines. The stone of which it was built had been quarried in Scotland, each piece being numbered before it was brought to this country and assembled. The red tile of the roof was specially made in Spain, and is said to have cost five times as much as was paid for the entire house by the wreckers.

BOY GETS 3 YEARS IN JAIL.

Only 17, Dillon Has Been Thirteen Times Arraigned as a Prisoner.

Elmer Dillon was sent to Blackwell's Island for three years yesterday by Magistrate Marsh in the Tombs Court on a charge of assault. It was the thirteenth time in the seventeen years of Dillon's life that he had been arraigned as a prisoner in court.

Dillon, who is a newsboy, and says he lives at 3 Liberty Street, Brooklyn, was arrested on Feb. 9 after he had lured another boy into a hallway and was beating him. When he was arraigned Magistrate Marsh hardly could believe the stories told by the detectives and instructed Probation Officer Mackey to make an investigation.

Mackey reported that Dillon first was arrested at the age of 13. Several times he had been acquitted or released on suspended sentence on charges of robbery, larceny, receiving stolen goods, and other offenses.

Cufic Seeks Halifax for Coal.

Special to The New York Times.

HALIFAX, Feb. 12.—Capt. Roberts of the White Star liner Cufic sent a wireless message to Halifax to-night stating that his fuel supply was low and that he was bearing for this port to replenish his bunkers. The steamer is expected to reach Halifax Saturday. The Cufic, which is a freighter, sailed from Liverpool on Jan. 27 for New York.

CANNON DOLEFUL OVER WILSON'S ACTS

President's Smashing of Precedents Fills Ex-Speaker with Dire Foreboding.

NON-EMPLOYMENT A MENACE

Gallows Higher Than Haman's That Was Fashioned for the Trusts Transformed Into a Maypole.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 12.—President Wilson's breaking of precedents—his addresses in person to Congress, his abandonment of the New Year's Day White House reception—and the progress of the Democratic Administration in general came in for adverse criticism at the hands of former Speaker Joseph G. Cannon at a Lincoln anniversary dinner here to-night. The former Republican Speaker of the House of Representatives coupled his eulogy of Lincoln and the Republican Party with dire predictions for the country's welfare under Democratic rule.

"President Wilson is engaged in smashing precedents," said he. "Some one has said that 'a precedent embodies a principle,' and the human race has been living under precedents since the days of Moses. The devil was the first smasher of precedents, and he has been busy through several thousand years trying to smash good precedents.

"The President has delivered his messages from the rostrum of the Speaker of the House. In that he has smashed a precedent of a hundred years and followed one of a thousand years in autocratic government before the days of Washington and Jefferson.

"President Wilson smashed another old precedent in abolishing the New New Year's reception to begin. Then This abandonment of an old social custom is not of importance, but it reminds me of an incident in the Administration of Lincoln.

"On the morning of Jan. 1, 1863, the President copied the Emancipation Proclamation with his own hand, working at his desk until the hour for the New Year's reception to begin. Then he went to the Blue Room and for four hours shook hands with thousands of citizens. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon Lincoln returned to his desk with his right hand so swollen that he could scarcely hold a pen, but after manipulating and massaging the fingers for a few minutes he took the pen and wrote 'Abraham Lincoln' to the most significant document ever issued from the White House.

"A year ago, before he had taken up the full responsibilities of the Presidency, Mr. Wilson was engaged in building a gallows higher than Haman's for the trusts, but in the latest message from the White House we find that the gallows has been transformed into a Maypole, and the trusts are invited to join the President in a Mayday dance to celebrate the new Constitution of Peace. The new diplomacy that was to convert our battleships into international social centres has brought only refusal from the great nations of Europe to participate in the Panama Exposition; the nations of the East are irritated, South America suspicious, and Mexico in anarchy.

"The great menace of to-day is not the trusts—however desirable it may be to have wise legislation to regulate them—so much as non-employment. We have domestic depression and foreign irritation, and there must be some cause. To my mind it is the reversal of old and tried policies. Experiments with the Democratic policy have not been successful. They have been repeatedly tried, but only to react on our domestic tranquillity."

Elephant Throws a Lighted Stove.

The two performing elephants on exhibition in Hackensack yesterday afternoon came near causing the destruction of the stables of the Mansion House just before the matinée performance when one of them, in a fit of anger, broke away from the attendant and threw an oil stove into the hayloft. Flames soon surrounded the elephants, but they were rescued and showed no signs of nervousness in their act in the afternoon.

RAINE PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

Says He Will Expose Others in Memphis Bank Case.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 12.—Having unexpectedly pleaded not guilty after saying when he was first arrested that he alone was culpable in the million-dollar shortage and collapse of the Mercantile Bank, C. Hunter Raine will stand trial and, according to his lawyers, will lay bare a sensational story of negligence and breach of trust which will include in its ramifications financiers hitherto regarded of unimpeachable character.

That a huge sum was lost in Memphis in a recent effort to bull the cotton market is admitted on all sides, and it is said that others besides Raine were in it and have lost heavily, but are keeping their mouths closed. The exposure of this clique, as well as of others implicated in the wrecking of the Mercantile Bank, is expected when Raine is put on trial.

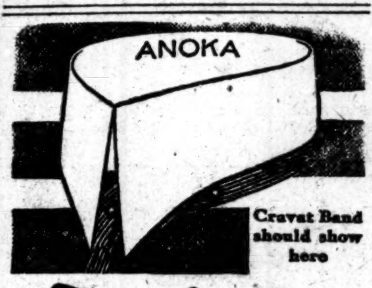
It has not been announced when the trial will be called. Raine was returned to jail this afternoon after entering his plea of not guilty. His bond was fixed at $250,000. Although he could easily have obtained surety, it is said that he preferred to remain in jail, in view of the many threats made by irate depositors since the failure. It is thought that when the storm has in a measure blown over he will quietly furnish bail and slip away unnoticed to some retreat outside of Memphis.

Meanwhile plans are going forward and exhibits are being arranged for the resumption of the Grand Jury investigation on Friday. Positive evidence is known to be in the possession of the inquisitors that reports of the bank were irregularly made to the Clearing House Association, and that others in the bank besides Raine were at least woefully negligent, which fact itself could be made the basis for indictments.

J. L. Hutton, State Superintendent of Banks and receiver for the Mercantile, will face the Grand Jury when it reconvenes. On his report largely hangs the question of further action by the inquisitorial body.

Two more indictments charging larceny and embezzlement will be returned against Raine, it is said, in addition to the general indictment of fraudulent breach of trust to which he pleaded not guilty to-day.

ANOKA



Cravat Band should show here

"Anoka," an ARROW Notch COLLAR
2 for 25 cents
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., INC., TROY, N. Y.
Makers of ARROW SHIRTS

HURTIG & SEAMON'S NEW THEATRE
West 125th St. Mat. Daily. Smoking Permitted.
Burlesque de Luxe, Ed Lee Wrothe & Ginger Girls.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day
BROADWAY GIRLS

UNION SQ. B'way, 14 St. Beginning SUN., 5 TIMES DAILY, 1, 3, 5, 7 & 9.
GEORGE KLEINE'S "QUO VADIS" PRICES 15 & 25c

REPUBLIC 42d St. W. of B'way Daily 2-4-7-9 P. M. ADM. 25c
Universal Film Co. presents TRAFFIC IN SOULS

Academy—14th St. & Irving Place. Mat. Daily 10-20-30. "A DESPERATE CHANCE."

Finest Men's Furnishings at Cost and Less

The final closing out and closing up of the seven William G. White Stores is in sight. To close all stores as quickly as possible all stocks have been marked at prices unknown before for merchandise of the quality.

We Close
Nassau Street Store Saturday
and the Wall Street Store
February 28th

The others will close just as soon as the merchandise can be sold. The White "going out of business" sale is a real opportunity for the man who knows real value and wants real, new, fresh, up-to-date furnishings. Go to the nearest White store today.

Everything Goes—Nothing Reserved

If there is anything you need in the following list you can save from 35% to 50% if you act quickly.

Shirts
Underwear
Hosiery
Neckwear
Collars

Umbrellas
Canes
Pajamas
Bath Robes
Sweaters

Jewelry
Gloves
Rain Coats
Overcoats
Smoking Jackets

Vests
Garters
Belts
Handkerchiefs
Bathing Suits

We would suggest that you act quickly, as the good things are going fast. Go to the nearest White store today.

William G. White
25 Cortlandt Street
345 Broadway
Broadway & 26th Street
3 West 42nd Street
847 Broad Street, Newark
2 Wall Street
49 Nassau St.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
Important to Theatre-Goers!
These Theatres and attractions have no dealings whatever with THE TYSON CO. and NO TICKETS will be found on sale at any of their agencies or hotel stands. The best seats for all performances at these theatres can be obtained at the Box Offices at regular box office prices.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Wed., 2:20.
MAUDE ADAMS
IN J. M. BARRIE'S FANTASTIC COMEDY.
THE LEGEND OF LEONORA
By the author of "PETER PAN."

LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Thurs., 2:30.
"Miss Burke has never captured a New York audience more thoroughly."—Sun.
MISS BILLIE BURKE
in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success,
THE LAND OF PROMISE

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8. Matinees To-morrow and Wed. at 2.
THE MUSICAL COMEDY WITH A PUNCH. The Laughing Husband "A Tango Mania."—Alan Dale.

GARRICK 35 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-morrow, 2:20.
EVA MOORE & H. V. ESMOND
with the London Criterion Co. in THE DEAR FOOL

HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:20. Matinees To-morrow & Wed. 2:20.
"BIG LAUGHING SUCCESS"—EVE. WORLD. WM COLLIER
in a three-hour laugh-a-minute comedy.
A LITTLE WATER on the SIDE

HUDSON THEATRE. This Aft. at 3:30.
Frank Speaight
DAVID COPPERFIELD DICKENS' VERSION
Tickets 50, 75, $1.00, $1.50, at Box Office.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed.
Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy,
The Little Cafe
By Ivan Caryll and C. M. S. McLellan.

LIBERTY 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-morrow & Wed., 2:20.
SARI THE INTERNATIONAL OPERETTA SENSATION

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed., 2:20.
MABEL AND EDITH
TALIAFERRO
in RACHEL CROTHERS' New Comedy,
YOUNG WISDOM

FULTON 46 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats To-mor'w & Wed., 2:20.
THE MISLEADING LADY
Special: DARTMOUTH COLLEGE STUDENTS will give two special matinee performances of "The Misleading Lady" Mon. & Tues. next at 2:30.

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:25. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs., 2:20.
Frances Starr
in Bernstein's "THE SECRET."

GLOBE B'WAY, at 46 St. Evs. 8:20, Mats. To-mor'w & Wed., 2:20.
THE QUEEN OF THE MOVIES
Best Dancing and Singing Chorus in Town.

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. LAST MAT. TO-MORROW, 2:20.
LAST 2 NIGHTS BIGGEST and BEST OF ALL MUSICAL HITS. ADELE
MON., FEB. 16—SEATS NOW.
"THE RULE OF 3"
New Farcical Comedy by GUY BOLTON.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. T'm'w & Wed., 2:20.
CYRIL MAUDE the famous English actor
in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY"

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed., 2:15.
POTASH & PERLMUTTER

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 23 St., 8 Ave. 25c to $1 Mats. Tom'w & Wed.
CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in "Shameen Dhu."

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-night at 8:15. La Traviata. Hempel; Cristalli, Amato, Bada, Begue. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. Mat. at 1:45. Tristan und Isolde. Fremstad, Ober, Berger, Weil, Braun. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. at 8. Pop. Prices. Faust. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Rothier, Gilly. Cond., Hageman.
Sun. at 8:30, CONCERT. 50c. to $1.50. Jean Gerardy, Violoncellist. Mabel Garrison, Braslau; Jorn. Entire Orchestra. Cond., Rothmeyer.
Next Mon. at 8. Ballo in Maschera. Destinn, Hempel, Duchene; Caruso, Amato, Rothier, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
Tues. at 8. Phila.-Ch'go Opera Co. (1 Time.) Monna Vanna. Garden, Muratore, (debut,) Marcoux; Huberdeaux, Nicolay. Cond., Campanini.
Wed. at 8:15. Tosca. Farrar; Martin, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, Rossi. Cond., Polacco.
Thurs. at 1:30. Goetterdaemmerung. Fremstad, Ober, Fornia; Berger, Braun, Weil, Goritz. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8:15. Amore dei Tre Re. Bori; Ferrari-Fontana, Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. at 8. Manon Lescaut. Bori; Caruso, Scotti, Segurola, Reiss. Cond., Polacco.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tues. Feb. 17, at 8. Aida. Gadski, Ober; Martin, Gilly, Rothier. Cond., Polacco.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor.
This Afternoon at 2:30. Carnegie Hall.
Soloist, KATHLEEN PARLOW Violinist.
Handel, Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Ropartz, Dvorak.
Tickets at Box Office, Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Next Sunday Afternoon at 3:15.
Soloist, MME. TERESA
CARRENO

SUNDAY EVENING CONCERTS
THE DELLA ROBBIA ROOM
The VANDERBILT Hotel
MISS GRETA TORTADIE,
Swedish Coloratura Soprano.
Dinner-de-Luxe seven to nine o'clock
Two dollars and fifty cents

French Drama Society
moves to the GARRICK, 35th St., near B'way.
Monday Matinee Feb. 16th.
YORSKA
in LE RUISSEAU (in French.)

Carnegie Hall, To-morrow Aft., at 2:30.
2nd Violin Recital—MISCHA
ELMAN
Tickets 75c to $2.00, now at Box Office.
Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, TO-NIGHT, 8:15.
MODERN MUSIC SOCIETY Maggie Teyte
in American Program, (Foster Anniversary.)
CHORUS OF 100. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
BENJAMIN LAMBORD.........Conductor
Seats $2, $1.50, $1, & 50 cts., at Box Office.

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE | CENTRAL PARK WEST 62D ST.
Nights at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2.
This week and Next Mon. Night, "HANSEL and GRETEL," INTERNATIONAL BALLET and "CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA." Week beginning next Tues., "MANON."
Popular Concert Every Sunday Night.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues. Aft., Feb. 24, at 3.
JULIA CULP
COENRAAD V. BOS at the Piano (Knabe.)
Seats on Sale. Mgt. Antonia Sawyer.

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Aft., Feb. 16, at 3.
Song Recital—CARRIE
BRIDEWELL
Tickets 50c. to $2.00 at Hall. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

LITTLE THEA., TUES. AFT. Feb. 17, at 3.
SONG RECITAL. PAUL REIMERS
Seats $2 at Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, 1425 B'way.

VITAGRAPH
THEATRE, B'WAY & 44TH ST.
11 A. M., 2:30, 5:30, & 8:30 P. M.
MOTION PICTURE CLASSICS
"A MILLION BID," BUNNY (himself) and "GOODNESS GRACIOUS."

BIJOU B'WAY, 30TH ST. At 11, 12:30, 2, 3:30, 5, 6:30, 8, 9:30. ADM. 10-15-25c.
LAST WEEK HOUSE of BONDAGE Photo Drama Sensation.
Next Week—The Laughing Burlesque Scream, "TRAFFICKERS ON SOLES."

IRVING PLACE THEATRE.
Fri. Eve., Sat. Mat. & Eve., Prof. BERNHARDI;
[illegible]

Tyson Company's Announcement
WE RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE THAT WE HAVE AN AMPLE SUPPLY OF EXCELLENT SEATS FOR ALL NEW YORK FIRST-CLASS THEATRES, ALL STATEMENTS TO THE CONTRARY NOTWITHSTANDING. WE CAN ASSURE OUR CUSTOMERS SATISFACTORY AND PROMPT SERVICE.
TYSON COMPANY, 1482 BROADWAY.
Tickets at all Leading Hotels.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8.
Biggest spectacle on the world's largest stage.
A—M—E—R—I—C—A
amplified by the cleverest, most sensational circus acts of two hemispheres.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8 sharp.
Matinee To-morrow at 2.
GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS. THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA KYASHT
Sunday Night Concert—Best Bill in New York.

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, nr. B'y. Ev. 8:30. Mat. To-m'w, 2:30.
A New Play. HELP WANTED

LYRIC TO-NIGHT AT 8 SHARP. MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM
ALL-STAR CAST in
OTHELLO

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. of B'WAY. Lew Fields......Proprietor. Evs. 8
Matinees Wednesday & Saturday at 2.
London Gaiety Theatre Co. and Production
THE GIRL ON THE FILM
LAST 2 WEEKS—LAST 2 WEEKS

Folies Marigny ATOP 44TH ST. THEA. Phone Bryant 7292.
11 to closing time. Adm. $1. | Variete-Dancing Restaurant | DOROTHY TOYE
Oy-Ra & Dorma Leigh | Next Monday—JOSEPH SMITH'S TANGO NIGHT.
THURSDAY, FEB. 19.
ARABIAN NIGHTS BALL
Get Tickets Now. Ten Dollars a Person incl. Supper

SHUBERT THE. 44, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed., 2:15.
A THOUSAND YEARS AGO

Little 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
The Unique Theatre of America
Housing Plays by Authors of International Reputation
BERNARD SHAW'S
Amazing Comedy,
"The Philanderer"
All Seats for All Performances. $2.00.

BOOTH THEA., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Thurs., 2:15.
GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'y. Ev. 8:30. Mts. T'day & T'm'w, 2:30.
SPECIAL MATINEE TO-DAY.
The Things That Count
A Laugh, a Thrill, an unbidden tear every minute to every part of the crowded house, and—NO SMUT.

COMEDY Thea., 41st. nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow at 2:15.
KITTY MACKAY
THE LOVE-LAUGH OF THE YEAR!!

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed., 2:15.
HIGH JINKS
Souvenir High Jinks Perfume given to Every Lady at Wednesday & Sat. Matinees.

48TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs., Sat.
SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS. TO-DAY Matinee To-morrow, 2:20.

39TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-morrow & Wed., 2:20.
BLANCHE RING in "WHEN CLAUDIA SMILES."
Supported by HARRY CONOR.

PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS
39th, nr. B'way. To-night, 8:30. Sat. Mat. 2:30.
The Limit of Laughter, Surprise, Sensation. 5 GREAT PLAYS in New York's Smartest Playhouse.

MANHATTAN O. H. Evs. 8:15. Mat. T'm'w, 2:15.
Last Week, WITHIN THE LAW with JANE COWL.
Beginning Next Monday, THE WHIP Seats on Sale.

WEST END. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow, 2:15.
EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON in THE DEADLOCK
Next Wk.—MAY ROBSON in 'The Clever Woman'

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. To-mor'w & Wed. at 2:20.
Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

Royal 1 blk. from 149 St. & 3 Av. Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. Evgs. 25c$1.
NAT. C. GOODWIN "Never Say Die."
NEXT WEEK ....WITHIN THE LAW

GRAND THEATRE
Grand and Chrystie Streets.
Now Playing $150,000 Production.
6 Reels Photo-Play.
LIFE IN THE HOLY LAND.

EDEN MUSEE. WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. Dunninger, Magic. CINEMATOGRAPH. The Bomb Throwers. People Talked of.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

Mr. G. Hepburn Wilson
The Recognized Master of the
Modern Dances
ANNOUNCES
the opening of the most charming of all dance studios in the beautiful
Riverside Theatre Bldg.
Northwest corner 96th St. and Broadway.
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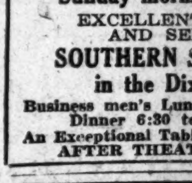

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